

Technical Appendix A

**Listing of All Toxicity Weights for TRI Chemicals
and Chemical Categories**

Table of Contents

| | | |
|------|---|-----|
| 1. | Introduction | A-1 |
| 2. | Parameters | A-2 |
| 2.1 | Reference Dose (RfD) or Reference Concentration (RfC) | A-2 |
| 2.2 | Oral Slope Factor (Q*) | A-2 |
| 2.3 | Inhalation Unit Risk | A-2 |
| 2.4 | Weight of Evidence (WOE) | A-2 |
| 3. | Chemical Categories and other Special Cases | A-4 |
| 3.1 | Asbestos | A-4 |
| 3.2 | Bromacil and Bromacil lithium salt | A-4 |
| 3.3 | Butoxyethyl ester, 2,4-D. | A-4 |
| 3.4 | Butyl alcohol, tert- and sec- | A-4 |
| 3.5 | Chlorophenols | A-4 |
| 3.6 | Chromium and Chromium Compounds | A-5 |
| 3.7 | Cyanide Compounds | A-5 |
| 3.8 | Dazomet and Dazomet, Sodium salt | A-5 |
| 3.9 | Diisocyanates | A-5 |
| 3.10 | Ethylenebisdithiocarbamic (EBDC) acid, salts and esters | A-5 |
| 3.11 | Ethylhexyl ester, 2,4-D, 2- | A-5 |
| 3.12 | Glycol ethers | A-5 |
| 3.13 | Hydrazine sulfate | A-6 |
| 3.14 | Lead and Lead Compounds | A-6 |
| 3.15 | Maneb | A-6 |
| 3.16 | Mercury and Mercury Compounds | A-6 |
| 3.17 | Nitrate Compounds | A-6 |
| 3.18 | Polycyclic Aromatic Compounds | A-7 |
| 3.19 | Sodium dicamba | A-7 |
| 3.20 | Sodium nitrite | A-7 |
| 3.21 | Strychnine and salts | A-7 |
| 3.22 | Thallium and Thallium Compounds | A-7 |
| 3.23 | Thorium dioxide | A-7 |
| 3.24 | Warfarin and salts | A-7 |

| | | |
|-----|-----------------------|-----|
| 4. | Sources of Data | A-8 |
| 4.1 | IRIS | A-8 |
| 4.2 | OPP | A-8 |
| 4.3 | ATSDR | A-8 |
| 4.4 | CalEPA | A-9 |
| 4.5 | HEAST | A-9 |
| 4.6 | Derived Values | A-9 |

| | | |
|------------|---|------|
| Table A-1. | Toxicity Weights for All Scored TRI Chemicals and Chemical Categories, in Alphabetical Order | A-11 |
|------------|---|------|

1. Introduction

The RSEI model relies on chemical toxicity data from EPA and other published sources. All of the toxicity data used in the model can be found in the 'Chemical' table in the model data browser. The calculation of the toxicity weight for each chemical can be found in the spreadsheet on the installation CD. This appendix briefly describes the main parameters used, the sources from which the information is obtained, and decisions made regarding special cases. At the end of this appendix is a table summarizing the toxicity data for all of the chemicals that currently have toxicity weights in the model.

2. Parameters

2.1 Reference Dose (RfD) or Reference Concentration (RfC)

The RfD and RfC are defined as “an estimate (with uncertainty spanning perhaps an order of magnitude) of a daily exposure [or continuous inhalation exposure for the RfC] to the human population (including sensitive subgroups) that is likely to be without an appreciable risk of deleterious [noncancer] effects during a lifetime” (EPA, 1988a; EPA, 1990g). The units of the Reference Dose are mg/kg-day, while the units of the Inhalation Reference Concentration are mg/m³. A chemical’s Reference Dose or Reference Concentration is based on a No Observable Adverse Effect Level (NOAEL) or Lowest Observable Adverse Effect Level (LOAEL), combined with appropriate uncertainty factors to account for intraspecies variability in sensitivity, interspecies extrapolation, extrapolation from LOAELs to NOAELs, and extrapolation from subchronic to chronic data. In addition, a modifying factor can be applied to reflect EPA’s best professional judgment on the quality of the entire toxicity database for the chemical. By definition, exposures below the RfD are unlikely to produce an adverse effect; above this value, an exposed individual may be at risk for the effect. Empirical evidence generally shows that as the dosage of a toxicant increases, the severity and/or incidence of effect increases (EPA, 1988a), but for a given dose above the RfD, the specific probability of an effect is not known, nor is its severity. For purposes of the Risk-Screening Environmental Indicators method, we assume that noncancer risk varies as the ratio of the estimated dose to the RfD.

2.2 Oral Slope Factor (Q*)

The oral cancer slope factor is a measure of the incremental lifetime risk of cancer by oral intake of the chemical. It represents the upper-bound estimate of the slope of the dose-response curve in the low-dose region for carcinogens. The units of the slope factor are usually expressed as risk per mg/kg-day. The oral slope factor is also referred to as the Q Star value.

2.3 Inhalation Unit Risk

The unit inhalation risk is the upper-bound excess lifetime cancer risk estimated to result from continuous exposure to an agent at a concentration of 1 ug/m³ in air.

2.4 Weight of Evidence (WOE)

Weight of evidence categories indicate how likely a chemical is to be a human carcinogen, based on considerations of the quality and adequacy of data and the type of responses induced by the suspected carcinogen.

For **cancer** effects, the WOE system used in the RSEI model relies on categorical definitions from the EPA Guidelines for Carcinogenic Risk Assessment (EPA, 1986a), which designate the potential for a chemical to be carcinogenic to humans. The Cancer Guidelines define six WOE categories (A, B1, B2, C, D and E) based on the amount of evidence of carcinogenicity available from human epidemiology studies and animal data. In the Indicators model, weight-of-evidence categories A, B1, and B2 (known and probable carcinogens) are combined. Class C chemicals (possible carcinogens) are assigned weights by dividing the calculated toxicity weights by a factor of 10, because evidence that they cause cancer in humans is less certain. The choice of applying a factor of 10 is based on the advice of peer review; an order of magnitude is an arbitrary uncertainty factor. Categories D and E are not considered in this weighting scheme.

In the absence of an EPA consensus WOE, WOE's are obtained from the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC). Due to the differences in WOE definition, it is not always possible to translate IARC WOE's into EPA WOE's without examining the toxicity data. WOE's are matched in the following way:

- IARC Group 1 = EPA Group A (Human Carcinogen)
- IARC Group 2A = EPA Group B (Probable Human Carcinogen)
- IARC Group 2B = EPA Group B or EPA Group C (Possible Carcinogen)
- IARC Group 3 = EPA Group D (Not Classifiable as to Human Carcinogenicity)
- IARC Group 4 = EPA Group E (Evidence of Non-Carcinogenicity)

The IARC 2B designation is not easily translated to the EPA designation, because it's definition spans EPA Groups B and C. For the chemicals with IARC 2B designations, summaries of the toxicity data used to generate the oral slope factor or inhalation unit risk were evaluated to derive WOE's. Since these are primarily chemicals with data from CalEPA, the CalEPA "Technical Support Document for Describing Available Cancer Potency Factors" was used for the background information.

For **noncancer** effects, weight-of-evidence is considered qualitatively in the hazard identification step of determining an RfD or an RfC. The WOE evaluation for noncancer effects is different from that for carcinogenic effects. The WOE judgment for noncancer effects focuses on the dose where chemical exposure would be relevant to humans (Dourson, 1993). That is, the focus of the WOE evaluation and the expression of the level of confidence in the RfD is a judgment of the accuracy with which the dose relevant to humans has been estimated. The WOE evaluation is included qualitatively in the RfD, but does not affect its numerical calculation. Since weight of evidence has been considered in developing RfDs, the Risk-Screening Environmental Indicators method does not consider WOE separately for noncancer effects.

3. Chemical Categories and other Special Cases

EPA's annual 'Reporting Form R and Instructions' describes the reporting requirements for several categories that combine similar chemicals into one release report. For these categories, facilities are not required to report the pounds released of each individual chemical in the category, but only the total pounds released for the entire category. Because the proportions of individual chemicals released within each category are not known, professional judgement was used to assign surrogate values for the various toxicity parameters to each category. In most cases, the most toxic chemical of each category, based on the calculated toxicity weight, was selected, and the toxicity data for the chemical were assigned to the entire chemical category. In these cases, the actual risk for the chemical category would be less than or equal to the modeled risk.

This section describes the surrogate toxicity data decisions made for each chemical category. Other "special case" chemicals, where surrogate information was used or anomalous characteristics were noted, are also described below.

3.1 Asbestos

Due to this chemical's fibrous structure, toxicity information is expressed in different units (i.e., risk per fibers/ml) and its toxicity weight is assigned qualitatively.

3.2 Bromacil and Bromacil lithium salt

The toxicity information for the lithium salt of Bromacil is based on Bromacil.

3.3 Butoxyethyl ester, 2,4-D

Toxicity information is based on 2,4-D.

3.4 Butyl alcohol, tert- and sec-

Toxicity information is based on n-butyl alcohol.

3.5 Chlorophenols

Pentachlorophenol had the highest toxicity value, so that chemical was used as a surrogate for toxicity data.

3.6 Chromium and Chromium Compounds

Toxicity data for Chromium compounds was based on chromium(VI), the most toxic value in this category.

3.7 Cyanide Compounds

Because cyanide compounds in a gaseous state exhibit markedly different properties than compounds in solution, two surrogate compounds were used for toxicity scores. For the inhalation toxicity score, hydrogen cyanide was used, as it is the most toxic gaseous compound. For the oral exposure pathway, toxicity data were collected for metal cyanide compounds, the most toxic group of nongaseous cyanide compounds. Copper cyanide was found to be the most toxic of these compounds, so its toxicity score was used.

3.8 Dazomet and Dazomet, Sodium salt

The toxicity information for the sodium salt of Dazomet is based on Dazomet.

3.9 Diisocyanates

Toxicity data was available for two of the chemicals. Of the two, 1,6-hexamethylene diisocyanate (CAS 822-06-0) had the higher toxicity weight, and was chosen as a surrogate for both toxicity and physicochemical data.

3.10 Ethylenebisdithiocarbamic (EBDC) acid, salts and esters

Chemicals regulated in this category include the pesticides maneb, mancozeb, metiram, nabam, zineb, and amobam. Toxicity data were available for four compounds (mancozeb, maneb, metiram, and zineb); of these, metiram had the highest toxicity weight and was selected as a surrogate for toxicity data for this category.

3.11 Ethylhexyl ester, 2,4-D, 2-

Toxicity information is based on 2,4-D.

3.12 Glycol ethers

Of the eight common glycol ethers, four had available toxicity data. Ethylene glycol monomethyl ether had the highest toxicity weight of these four, and therefore was used as a surrogate for the category.

3.13 Hydrazine sulfate

Toxicity information is based on hydrazine.

3.14 Lead and Lead Compounds

The reference dose (RfD) used was derived from the December 1997 CalEPA Public Health Goal. An inhalation unit risk (IUR) from CalEPA was excluded and the oral toxicity weight based on a non-cancer endpoint was used for the inhalation pathway because of the large body of evidence suggesting a low threshold for the non-cancer effects of lead.

3.15 Maneb

The slope factor used for mane b is based on ethylene thiourea, as designated in the OPP 8/2000 Report.

3.16 Mercury and Mercury Compounds

Because mercury in various forms converts to methyl mercury in the environment,¹ toxicity information is based on elemental mercury for the inhalation pathway, and methyl mercury for the oral pathway.

3.17 Nitrate Compounds

Toxicity information is based on nitrate.

¹References that show that mercury converts to methyl mercury in the environment include: Beckert, W.F. et al., "Formation of Methylmercury in a Terrestrial Environment." *Nature*, 249, 674-75 (1974); Berdichevsky, I.H., et al. "Formation of Methylmercury in Marine Sediments," *Environ. Res.*, 20, 325-34 (1979); Hamdy, M.K. and O.R. Noyes, "Formation of Methyl Mercury by Bacteria," *Appl. Microbiol.*, 30, 424-432 (1975); Jensen, S. and A. Jernelov, "Biological Methylation of Mercury in Aquatic Organisms," *Nature*, 223, 753-54 (1969); Wood, J.M. et al., "Synthesis of Methylmercury Compounds by Extracts of a Methanogenic Bacterium," *Nature*, 200, 173-74 (1968); and Wood, L.M., "Metabolic Cycles for Toxic Elements in the Environment," in *Heavy Metals in the Aquatic Environment*, P.A. Krenkel (ed.), Pergamon Press, Oxford, England, 105-12 (1975).

3.18 Polycyclic Aromatic Compounds

Toxicity data is based on benzo(a)pyrene, the most toxic of the discrete chemicals covered by this category (only two of which have available toxicity information).

3.19 Sodium dicamba

Toxicity information is based on dicamba.

3.20 Sodium nitrite

Toxicity information is based on nitrite.

3.21 Strychnine and salts

This category includes any unique chemical substance that contains strychnine or a strychnine salt as part of its infrastructure. Toxicity information for this category was based on strychnine.

3.22 Thallium and Thallium Compounds

Toxicity information was based on thallic oxide.

3.23 Thorium dioxide

Oral toxicity weight was based on a qualitative assessment of toxicity.

3.24 Warfarin and salts

This category includes any unique chemical substance that contains warfarin or a warfarin salt as part of its infrastructure. Toxicity information for this category was based on warfarin.

4. Sources of Data

Information regarding the human health effects data of the TRI chemicals is compiled from the sources listed below. Data from these sources are categorized in three-tiered, hierarchical fashion to give preference to EPA and consensus data sources, where possible. Data is gathered separately for individual endpoints; a chemical's RfD may be from IRIS, while its Oral Slope Factor may be from HEAST. However, if the source of information for any of the four chronic endpoints is IRIS and there are non-IRIS sources for any of the other endpoints of comparable date, then the IRIS file must be evaluated to determine if that source(s) of toxicity data had been evaluated and if a rationale was provided explaining why no toxicity values were applied to that endpoint or pathway. If a clearly stated rationale is provided for not using the available data, RSEI will leave that endpoint blank. For a full description of the hierarchy used in toxicity weighting, please refer to the Methodology Document.

4.1 IRIS

The primary (and most preferred) source of these data is EPA's Integrated Risk Information System (IRIS). IRIS is available on the internet (at <http://www.epa.gov/iris/>), and includes information on EPA evaluations of chemical toxicity for both cancer and noncancer effects of chemicals. IRIS provides both background information on the studies used to develop the toxicity evaluations and the numerical toxicity values used by EPA to characterize risks from these chemicals. These values include upper-bound Oral Slope Factors or Inhalation Unit Risk values for chemicals with carcinogenic effects as well as RfDs or RfCs for chemicals with noncancer effects. Data contained in IRIS have been peer-reviewed and represent Agency-wide expert judgements. The peer-review process involves literature review and evaluation of a chemical by individual EPA program offices and intra-Agency work groups before inclusion in IRIS.

4.2 OPP

EPA's Office of Pesticide Programs (OPP) "Acute and Chronic Reference Doses" lists OPP's evaluations of the noncarcinogenic potential of chemicals that are of interest to OPP. OPP also publishes the List of Chemicals Evaluated for Carcinogenic Potential, which examines carcinogens. Both of these lists are updated periodically for use by Agency scientists.

4.3 ATSDR

The Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR) is an agency of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, which deals with the effect on public health of hazardous substances in the environment. ATSDR develops Minimum Risk Levels (MRLs) for

chemicals on the CERCLA National Priorities List. An MRL is an estimate of the daily human exposure to a hazardous substance that is likely to be without appreciable risk of adverse noncancer health effects over a specified duration of exposure. RSEI uses MRLs for chronic exposure only. MRLs are intended to serve as screening levels only, and are useful in identifying contaminants and potential health effects that may be of concern at hazardous waste sites. See <http://www.atsdr.cdc.gov/mrls.html> for more information on MRLs and specific values.

4.4 CalEPA

The California Environmental Protection Agency (CalEPA) Office of Environmental Health Hazard and Assessment (OEHHA) is responsible for developing and distributing toxicological and medical information needed to protect public health. RSEI uses final toxicity values published by CalEPA in the Consolidated Table of OEHHA & California's Air Resources Board (ARB) Approved Risk Assessment Health Values. The table is continuously updated and can be found on the internet at <http://www.arb.ca.gov/toxics/healthval/healthval.htm>.

4.5 HEAST

EPA's Health Effects Assessment Tables (HEAST) are constructed for use in the Superfund and RCRA programs but do not represent Agency-wide expert judgements. These tables are publicly available from the Superfund program. The tables include Slope Factors, Unit Risks, and WOE categorizations for chemicals with cancer effects, and RfDs and RfCs for noncancer effects.

4.6 Derived Values

For chemicals for which sufficient data was not found in the above sources, a group of EPA expert health scientists reviewed other available data to derive appropriate toxicity weights. Although individual literature searches for toxicological and epidemiological data for each chemical were beyond the scope of this project, sources such as the Hazardous Substances Data Base (HSDB), as well as various EPA and ATSDR summary documents, provided succinct summaries of toxic effects and quantitative data, toxicological and epidemiological studies, and, in some cases, regulatory status data. When the available data on chronic human toxicity were sufficient to derive values, a toxicity weighting summary was developed summarizing the information used to develop each of these values. The summaries are provided in the Toxicity Methodology Document. The EPA scientists use a technical approach analogous to the Agency's method for deriving RfD values, RfC values, cancer risk estimates, and Weight of Evidence (WOE) determinations. However, it must be emphasized that these derived values are not the equivalent of the more rigorous and resource-intensive IRIS process and are only useful for screening-level purposes.

Information collection dates:

- IRIS searches performed on April 1, 1997 (Integrated Risk Information System electronic database, version 1.0) and updated on February 1998, September 1998, January 8, 1999, January 26, 2000, Summer 2000, February 1, 2001, July 2001, December 2001, November 2003, and March 2004 (IRIS Home Page). An IRIS search for new chemicals added for reporting year 2000 was conducted in May 2002.
- CalEPA (California Environmental Protection Agency) values obtained from May 2001, July 2001, November 2003, and December 19, 2003 Consolidated Table of OEHHA/ARB Approved Risk Assessment Health Values, with the exception of the reference dose (RfD) for lead. The RfD for lead is derived from the December 1997 CalEPA Public Health Goal for Lead.
- OPP non-cancer values obtained from the May 1, 2003 Office of Pesticide Programs' "Acute and Chronic Reference Doses."
- OPP cancer values obtained from April 11, 2003 Office of Pesticide Programs' "List of Chemicals Evaluated for Carcinogenic Potential."
- ATSDR (Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry) values obtained from January 2004 Minimum Risk Levels (MRLs) for Hazardous Substances.
- HEAST values obtained from July 1997 and March 1993 Health Effects Assessment Summary Tables.
- Derived values are those determined by the OPPT Review Process. Refer to the Toxic Release Inventory Relative Risk-Based Environmental Indicators: Interim Toxicity Weighting Summary Document (June 1997) for further discussion of this methodology.

Table A-1. Toxicity Weights¹ for All Scored TRI Chemicals and Chemical Categories, in Alphabetical Order

DATE: August 2004

| Chemical Name | Non-Cancer | | | | Cancer | | | | | Modeled RSEI Toxicity Weights | | | |
|--|---------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|---------------|--------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------|--------|-------------|
| | RfC ² Source/Date | RfC Tox Wt | RfD ³ Source/Date | RfD Tox Wt | IUR ⁴ Source/Date | IUR Tox Wt | SF ⁵ Source/Date | SF Tox Wt | WOE ⁶ Source/Date | Inhalation | | Oral | |
| | | | | | | | | | | Weight | Effect | Weight | Effect |
| Abamectin | | | IRIS 7/1/1989 | 1300 | | | | | | 1300 | Non-cancer* | 1300 | Non-cancer |
| Acephate (Acetylphosphoramidothioic acid O,S-dimethyl ester) | | | IRIS 2/1/1990 | 130 | | | IRIS 10/1/1993 | 1.7 | IRIS 10/1/1993 | 130 | Non-cancer* | 130 | Non-cancer |
| Acetaldehyde | IRIS 10/1/1991 | 200 | | | IRIS 1/1/1991 | 16 | | | IRIS 1/1/1991 | 200 | Non-cancer | 200 | Non-cancer* |
| Acetamide | | | | | CalEPA 4/1999 | 14 | | | OPP 5/29/1990 | 14 | Cancer | 14 | Cancer* |
| Acetic acid, 2,4-dichlorophenoxy (2,4-D) | | | OPP 1/2002 | 50 | | | | | OPP 1/29/1997 | 50 | Non-cancer* | 50 | Non-cancer |
| Acetonitrile | IRIS 3/3/1999 | 30 | | | | | | | IRIS 3/3/1999 | 30 | Non-cancer | 30 | Non-cancer* |
| Acetophenone | | | IRIS 1/1/1989 | 5 | | | | | IRIS 2/1/1991 | 5 | Non-cancer* | 5 | Non-cancer |
| Acifluorfen, sodium salt [5-(2-Chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy)-2-nitro-benzoic acid, sodium salt] | | | OPP 4/1999 | 38 | | | OPP 2001 | 25 | OPP 3/17/1988 | 38 | Non-cancer* | 38 | Non-cancer |
| Acrolein | IRIS 6/3/2003 | 90000 | IRIS 6/3/2003 | 1000 | | | | | IRIS 6/3/2003 | 90000 | Non-cancer | 1000 | Non-cancer |
| Acrylamide | | | IRIS 3/1/1991 | 2500 | IRIS 7/1/1993 | 9300 | IRIS 7/1/1993 | 9000 | IRIS 7/1/1993 | 9300 | Cancer | 9000 | Cancer |
| Acrylic acid | IRIS 5/1/1995 | 1800 | IRIS 5/1/1994 | 1 | | | | | | 1800 | Non-cancer | 1 | Non-cancer |
| Acrylonitrile | IRIS 12/1/1991 | 900 | OPP 6/15/1993 | 500 | IRIS 1/1/1991 | 490 | IRIS 1/1/1991 | 1100 | IRIS 1/1/1991 | 900 | Non-cancer | 1100 | Cancer |
| Alachlor | | | IRIS 9/1/1993 | 50 | | | HEAST 7/1997 | 160 | HEAST 7/1997 | 160 | Cancer* | 160 | Cancer |
| Aldicarb | | | OPP 7/2002 | 10000 | | | | | OPP 9/15/1998 | 10000 | Non-cancer* | 10000 | Non-cancer |
| Aldrin | | | IRIS 3/1/1988 | 17000 | IRIS 7/1/1993 | 35000 | IRIS 7/1/1993 | 34000 | IRIS 7/1/1993 | 35000 | Cancer | 34000 | Cancer |
| Allyl alcohol | | | IRIS 8/1/1989 | 100 | | | | | | 100 | Non-cancer* | 100 | Non-cancer |
| Allyl chloride | IRIS 5/1/1995 | 1800 | | | CalEPA 4/1999 | 4.3 | | | IRIS 8/1/1994 | 1800 | Non-cancer | 1800 | Non-cancer* |

Table A-1. Toxicity Weights¹ for All Scored TRI Chemicals and Chemical Categories, in Alphabetical Order

DATE: August 2004

| Chemical Name | Non-Cancer | | | | Cancer | | | | | Modeled RSEI Toxicity Weights | | | |
|--|---------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|---------------|--------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------|--------|------------|
| | RfC ² Source/Date | RfC Tox Wt | RfD ³ Source/Date | RfD Tox Wt | IUR ⁴ Source/Date | IUR Tox Wt | SF ⁵ Source/Date | SF Tox Wt | WOE ⁶ Source/Date | Inhalation | | Oral | |
| | | | | | | | | | | Weight | Effect | Weight | Effect |
| Aluminum (fume or dust) | final derived 1/8/1998 | 360 | final derived 1/8/1998 | 5 | | | | | final derived 1/8/1998 | 360 | Non-cancer | 5 | Non-cancer |
| Aluminum phosphide | | | OPP 6/1998 | 44 | | | | | | n/a | n/a | 44 | Non-cancer |
| Ametryn (N-Ethyl-N'-(1-methylethyl)-6-(methylthio)-1,3,5,-triazine- 2,4 diamine) | | | IRIS 11/1/1989 | 56 | | | | | | 56 | Non-cancer* | 56 | Non-cancer |
| Amitraz | | | IRIS 12/1/1988 | 200 | | | OPP 10/31/1990 | 10 | OPP 10/31/1991 | 200 | Non-cancer* | 200 | Non-cancer |
| Amitrole | | | | | | | OPP 11/30/1992 | 2300 | OPP 11/30/1992 | 2300 | Cancer* | 2300 | Cancer |
| Ammonia | IRIS 5/1/1991 | 18 | | | | | | | | 18 | Non-cancer | n/a | n/a |
| Anilazine | | | OPP no date | 1300 | | | | | | 1300 | Non-cancer* | 1300 | Non-cancer |
| Aniline | IRIS 12/1/1993 | 1800 | | | CalEPA 4/1999 | 11 | IRIS 2/1/1994 | 11 | IRIS 2/1/1994 | 1800 | Non-cancer | 11 | Cancer |
| Anisidine, o- | interim derived | 9000 | final derived | 130 | | | final derived | 160 | final derived | 9000 | Non-cancer | 160 | Cancer |
| Anthracene | | | IRIS 7/1/1993 | 1.7 | | | | | IRIS 1/1/1991 | 1.7 | Non-cancer* | 1.7 | Non-cancer |
| Antimony | CalEPA 1996 | 9000 | IRIS 2/1/1991 | 1300 | | | | | | 9000 | Non-cancer | 1300 | Non-cancer |
| Antimony compounds | CalEPA 1996 | 9000 | IRIS 2/1/1991 | 1300 | | | | | | 9000 | Non-cancer | 1300 | Non-cancer |
| Arsenic | CalEPA 1/2001 | 60000 | IRIS 2/1/1993 | 1700 | IRIS 4/10/1998 | 31000 | IRIS 4/10/1998 | 3000 | IRIS 4/10/1998 | 60000 | Non-cancer | 3000 | Cancer |
| Arsenic compounds | CalEPA 1/2001 | 60000 | IRIS 2/1/1993 | 1700 | IRIS 4/10/1998 | 31000 | IRIS 4/10/1998 | 3000 | IRIS 4/10/1998 | 60000 | Non-cancer | 3000 | Cancer |
| Asbestos (friable) | | | | | IRIS 7/1/1993 | 1000000 | | | IRIS 7/1/1993 | 1000000 | Cancer | n/a | n/a |
| Atrazine (6-Chloro-N-ethyl-N'-(1-methylethyl)1,3,5,-triazine-2,4-diamine) | | | OPP 4/2002 | 28 | | | | | OPP 12/13/2000 | 28 | Non-cancer* | 28 | Non-cancer |
| Barium | | | IRIS 1/21/1999 | 7.1 | | | | | IRIS 3/30/1998 | 7.1 | Non-cancer* | 7.1 | Non-cancer |
| Barium compounds | | | IRIS 1/21/1999 | 7.1 | | | | | IRIS 3/30/1998 | 7.1 | Non-cancer* | 7.1 | Non-cancer |

Table A-1. Toxicity Weights¹ for All Scored TRI Chemicals and Chemical Categories, in Alphabetical Order

DATE: August 2004

| Chemical Name | Non-Cancer | | | | Cancer | | | | | Modeled RSEI Toxicity Weights | | | |
|--|---------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|---------------|--------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------|--------|-------------|
| | RfC ² Source/Date | RfC Tox Wt | RfD ³ Source/Date | RfD Tox Wt | IUR ⁴ Source/Date | IUR Tox Wt | SF ⁵ Source/Date | SF Tox Wt | WOE ⁶ Source/Date | Inhalation | | Oral | |
| | | | | | | | | | | Weight | Effect | Weight | Effect |
| Bendiocarb | | | OPP 3/3/1987 | 100 | | | | | OPP 12/16/1997 | 100 | Non-cancer* | 100 | Non-cancer |
| Benfluralin (N-Butyl-N-ethyl-2,6-dinitro-4-(trifluoromethyl)benzenamine) | | | OPP 4/2001 | 100 | | | | | | 100 | Non-cancer* | 100 | Non-cancer |
| Benomyl | | | OPP 3/2001 | 3.8 | | | OPP 9/21/2000 | 0.48 | OPP 9/21/2000 | 3.8 | Non-cancer* | 3.8 | Non-cancer |
| Benzene | IRIS 4/17/2003 | 60 | IRIS 4/17/2003 | 130 | IRIS 1/19/2000 | 56 | IRIS 1/19/2000 | 110 | IRIS 1/19/2000 | 60 | Non-cancer | 130 | Non-cancer |
| Benzidine | | | IRIS 2/1/1995 | 170 | IRIS 8/1/1992 | 480000 | IRIS 8/1/1992 | 460000 | IRIS 8/1/1992 | 480000 | Cancer | 460000 | Cancer |
| Benzotrichloride | | | | | | | IRIS 7/1/1993 | 26000 | IRIS 7/1/1993 | 26000 | Cancer* | 26000 | Cancer |
| Benzyl chloride | | | | | CalEPA 4/1999 | 350 | IRIS 8/1/1994 | 340 | IRIS 8/1/1994 | 350 | Cancer | 340 | Cancer |
| Beryllium | IRIS 4/3/1998 | 90 | IRIS 4/3/1998 | 250 | IRIS 4/3/1998 | 17000 | | | IRIS 4/3/1998 | 17000 | Cancer | 250 | Non-cancer |
| Beryllium Compounds | IRIS 4/3/1998 | 90 | IRIS 4/3/1998 | 250 | IRIS 4/3/1998 | 17000 | | | IRIS 4/3/1998 | 17000 | Cancer | 250 | Non-cancer |
| Bifenthrin | | | OPP 2/2003 | 130 | | | | | OPP 4/29/1992 | 130 | Non-cancer* | 130 | Non-cancer |
| Biphenyl | | | IRIS 8/1/1989 | 10 | | | | | IRIS 3/1/1991 | 10 | Non-cancer* | 10 | Non-cancer |
| Bis(2-chloroethyl)ether | | | | | IRIS 2/1/1994 | 2400 | IRIS 2/1/1994 | 2200 | IRIS 2/1/1994 | 2400 | Cancer | 2200 | Cancer |
| Bis(chloromethyl) ether | | | | | IRIS 1/1/1991 | 440000 | IRIS 1/1/1991 | 440000 | IRIS 1/1/1991 | 440000 | Cancer | 440000 | Cancer |
| Bis(tributyltin) oxide | | | IRIS 9/1/1997 | 1700 | | | | | | 1700 | Non-cancer* | 1700 | Non-cancer |
| Boron trifluoride | HEAST 7/1997 | 2600 | | | | | | | | 2600 | Non-cancer | 2600 | Non-cancer* |
| Bromacil | | | OPP 6/16/1994 | 5 | | | | | OPP 1/13/1993 | 5 | Non-cancer* | 5 | Non-cancer |
| Bromacil lithium salt | | | OPP 6/16/1994 | 5 | | | | | OPP 1/13/1993 | 5 | Non-cancer* | 5 | Non-cancer |
| Bromine | CalEPA 1/1992 | 1100 | | | | | | | | 1100 | Non-cancer | 1100 | Non-cancer* |

Table A-1. Toxicity Weights¹ for All Scored TRI Chemicals and Chemical Categories, in Alphabetical Order

DATE: August 2004

| Chemical Name | Non-Cancer | | | | Cancer | | | | | Modeled RSEI Toxicity Weights | | | |
|--|---------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|---------------|--------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------|--------|-------------|
| | RfC ² Source/Date | RfC Tox Wt | RfD ³ Source/Date | RfD Tox Wt | IUR ⁴ Source/Date | IUR Tox Wt | SF ⁵ Source/Date | SF Tox Wt | WOE ⁶ Source/Date | Inhalation | | Oral | |
| | | | | | | | | | | Weight | Effect | Weight | Effect |
| Bromoform (Tribromomethane) | | | IRIS 3/1/1991 | 25 | IRIS 1/1/1991 | 7.9 | IRIS 1/1/1991 | 16 | IRIS 1/1/1991 | 7.9 | Cancer | 25 | Non-cancer |
| Bromomethane (Methyl Bromide) | IRIS 10/1/1992 | 360 | OPP 6/2001 | 25 | | | | | OPP 6/20/2001 | 360 | Non-cancer | 25 | Non-cancer |
| Bromoxynil (3,5-Dibromo-4-hydroxybenzotrile) | | | OPP 5/1997 | 33 | | | OPP 3/12/1997 | 21 | OPP 3/12/1997 | 33 | Non-cancer* | 33 | Non-cancer |
| Bromoxynil octanoate (Octanoic acid,2,6-dibromo-4-cyanophenyl ester) | | | IRIS 9/7/1988 | 25 | | | | | | 25 | Non-cancer* | 25 | Non-cancer |
| Butadiene, 1,3- | IRIS 11/5/2002 | 900 | | | IRIS 2/1/1991 | 210 | | | IRIS 2/1/1991 | 900 | Non-cancer | 900 | Non-cancer* |
| Butoxyethyl ester, 2,4-D | | | OPP 1/2002 | 50 | | | | | OPP 1/29/1997 | 50 | Non-cancer* | 50 | Non-cancer |
| Butyl acrylate | interim derived | 1800 | interim derived | 1 | | | | | | 1800 | Non-cancer | 1 | Non-cancer |
| Butyl alcohol, n- | | | IRIS 9/1/1990 | 5 | | | | | IRIS 3/1/1991 | 5 | Non-cancer* | 5 | Non-cancer |
| Butyl alcohol, sec- | | | IRIS 9/1/1990 | 5 | | | | | IRIS 3/1/1991 | 5 | Non-cancer* | 5 | Non-cancer |
| Butyl alcohol, tert- | | | IRIS 9/1/1990 | 5 | | | | | IRIS 3/1/1991 | 5 | Non-cancer* | 5 | Non-cancer |
| Butylene oxide, 1,2- | IRIS 5/1/1992 | 90 | | | | | | | | 90 | Non-cancer | 90 | Non-cancer* |
| C.I. Direct Black 38 | | | | | | | HEAST 7/1997 | 17000 | HEAST 7/1997 | 17000 | Cancer* | 17000 | Cancer |
| C.I. Direct Blue 6 | | | | | | | HEAST 7/1997 | 16000 | HEAST 7/1997 | 16000 | Cancer* | 16000 | Cancer |
| C.I. Direct Brown 95 | | | | | | | HEAST 7/1997 | 19000 | HEAST 7/1997 | 19000 | Cancer* | 19000 | Cancer |
| Cadmium | CalEPA 1/2001 | 90000 | IRIS 2/1/1994 | 1000 | IRIS 6/1/1992 | 13000 | | | IRIS 6/1/1992 | 90000 | Non-cancer | 1000 | Non-cancer |
| Cadmium compounds | CalEPA 1/2001 | 90000 | IRIS 2/1/1994 | 1000 | IRIS 6/1/1992 | 13000 | | | IRIS 6/1/1992 | 90000 | Non-cancer | 1000 | Non-cancer |
| Calcium cyanamide | | | final derived | 500 | | | | | | 500 | Non-cancer* | 500 | Non-cancer |
| Captan | | | OPP 9/23/1993 | 3.8 | | | OPP 9/4/1998 | 2.4 | OPP 9/4/1998 | 3.8 | Non-cancer* | 3.8 | Non-cancer |

Table A-1. Toxicity Weights¹ for All Scored TRI Chemicals and Chemical Categories, in Alphabetical Order

DATE: August 2004

| Chemical Name | Non-Cancer | | | | Cancer | | | | | Modeled RSEI Toxicity Weights | | | |
|--|---------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|---------------|--------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------|--------|-------------|
| | RfC ² Source/Date | RfC Tox Wt | RfD ³ Source/Date | RfD Tox Wt | IUR ⁴ Source/Date | IUR Tox Wt | SF ⁵ Source/Date | SF Tox Wt | WOE ⁶ Source/Date | Inhalation | | Oral | |
| | | | | | | | | | | Weight | Effect | Weight | Effect |
| Carbaryl | | | OPP 5/2002 | 50 | | | OPP 12/8/2001 | 1.8 | OPP 12/8/2001 | 50 | Non-cancer* | 50 | Non-cancer |
| Carbofuran | | | OPP 3/2000 | 600 | | | | | OPP 6/17/1997 | 600 | Non-cancer* | 600 | Non-cancer |
| Carbon disulfide | IRIS 8/1/1995 | 2.6 | IRIS 9/1/1990 | 5 | | | | | | 2.6 | Non-cancer | 5 | Non-cancer |
| Carbon tetrachloride | CalEPA 1/2001 | 45 | IRIS 6/1/1991 | 710 | IRIS 10/1/1992 | 110 | IRIS 10/1/1992 | 260 | IRIS 10/1/1992 | 110 | Cancer | 710 | Non-cancer |
| Carbonyl sulfide | interim derived | 150 | | | | | | | | 150 | Non-cancer | 150 | Non-cancer* |
| Carboxin (5,6-Dihydro-2-methyl-N-phenyl-1,4-oxathiin-3-car-boxamide) | | | OPP 11/2001 | 63 | | | | | | 63 | Non-cancer* | 63 | Non-cancer |
| Catechol | | | | | | | interim derived | 18 | interim derived | 18 | Cancer* | 18 | Cancer |
| CFC-11 | CalEPA 1/1991 | 2.6 | IRIS 8/1/1992 | 1.7 | | | | | | 2.6 | Non-cancer | 1.7 | Non-cancer |
| CFC-12 | | | IRIS 11/1/1995 | 2.5 | | | | | | 2.5 | Non-cancer* | 2.5 | Non-cancer |
| Chloramben | | | IRIS 3/1/1988 | 33 | | | | | | 33 | Non-cancer* | 33 | Non-cancer |
| Chlordane | IRIS 2/7/1998 | 2600 | IRIS 2/7/1998 | 1000 | IRIS 2/7/1998 | 710 | IRIS 2/7/1998 | 700 | IRIS 2/7/1998 | 2600 | Non-cancer | 1000 | Non-cancer |
| Chlorimuron ethyl (Ethyl-2-[[[(4-chloro-6-methoxyprimidin-2-yl)-carbonyl]-amino]sulfonyl]benzoate) | | | IRIS 11/1/1989 | 25 | | | | | | 25 | Non-cancer* | 25 | Non-cancer |
| Chlorine | CalEPA 2/2000 | 9000 | IRIS 6/1/1994 | 5 | | | | | | 9000 | Non-cancer | 5 | Non-cancer |
| Chlorine dioxide | IRIS 10/12/2000 | 9000 | IRIS 10/12/2000 | 17 | | | | | IRIS 10/12/2000 | 9000 | Non-cancer | 17 | Non-cancer |
| Chloro-1,1-difluoroethane, 1- | IRIS 7/1/1995 | 0.036 | | | | | | | | 0.036 | Non-cancer | 0.036 | Non-cancer* |
| Chloroacetic acid | | | HEAST 7/1997 | 250 | | | | | | 250 | Non-cancer* | 250 | Non-cancer |
| Chloroacetophenone, 2- | IRIS 10/1/1991 | 60000 | | | | | | | | 60000 | Non-cancer | 60000 | Non-cancer* |

Table A-1. Toxicity Weights¹ for All Scored TRI Chemicals and Chemical Categories, in Alphabetical Order

DATE: August 2004

| Chemical Name | Non-Cancer | | | | Cancer | | | | | Modeled RSEI Toxicity Weights | | | |
|--|---------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|---------------|--------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------|--------|-------------|
| | RfC ² Source/Date | RfC Tox Wt | RfD ³ Source/Date | RfD Tox Wt | IUR ⁴ Source/Date | IUR Tox Wt | SF ⁵ Source/Date | SF Tox Wt | WOE ⁶ Source/Date | Inhalation | | Oral | |
| | | | | | | | | | | Weight | Effect | Weight | Effect |
| Chloroaniline, p- | | | IRIS 2/1/1995 | 130 | | | OPP 4/27/1995 | 220 | OPP 4/27/1995 | 220 | Cancer* | 220 | Cancer |
| Chlorobenzene | CalEPA 1/2001 | 1.8 | IRIS 7/1/1993 | 25 | | | | | IRIS 3/1/1991 | 1.8 | Non-cancer | 25 | Non-cancer |
| Chlorobenzilate | | | IRIS 12/1/1989 | 25 | HEAST 7/1997 | 560 | HEAST 7/1997 | 540 | HEAST 7/1997 | 560 | Cancer | 540 | Cancer |
| Chlorodifluoromethane (HCFC-22) | IRIS 11/1/1993 | 0.036 | | | | | | | | 0.036 | Non-cancer | n/a | n/a |
| Chloroethane (Ethyl chloride) | IRIS 4/1/1991 | 0.18 | | | | | | | | 0.18 | Non-cancer | 0.18 | Non-cancer* |
| Chloroform | CalEPA 4/2000 | 6 | IRIS 10/19/2002 | 50 | IRIS 10/19/2001 | 160 | IRIS 7/1/1992 | 12 | IRIS 7/1/1992 | 160 | Cancer | 50 | Non-cancer |
| Chloromethane | IRIS 7/17/2001 | 20 | | | HEAST 7/1997 | 1.3 | HEAST 7/1997 | 2.6 | IRIS 7/17/2001 | 20 | Non-cancer | 2.6 | Cancer |
| Chloro-o-toluidine, p- | | | | | CalEPA 4/1999 | 550 | HEAST 7/1997 | 1200 | IARC 2000 | 550 | Cancer | 1200 | Cancer |
| Chlorophenols | | | OPP 12/1997 | 330 | | | IRIS 7/1/1993 | 240 | IRIS 7/1/1993 | 330 | Non-cancer* | 330 | Non-cancer |
| Chloropicrin | CalEPA 12/2001 | 4500 | | | | | | | | 4500 | Non-cancer | 4500 | Non-cancer* |
| Chloroprene | CalEPA 1/1992 | 1800 | HEAST 7/1997 | 25 | | | | | | 1800 | Non-cancer | 25 | Non-cancer |
| Chlorothalonil | | | OPP 10/17/1996 | 25 | | | OPP 10/27/1997 | 15 | OPP 10/27/1997 | 25 | Non-cancer* | 25 | Non-cancer |
| Chlorpyrifos methyl (O,O-Dimethyl-O-(3,5,6-trichloro-2-pyridyl)phosphorothioate) | | | OPP 5/1999 | 500 | | | | | | 500 | Non-cancer* | 500 | Non-cancer |
| Chlorsulfuron (2-Chloro-N-[(4-methoxy-6-methyl-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)amino]carbonyl]benzenesulfonamide) | | | OPP 7/2002 | 25 | | | | | | 25 | Non-cancer* | 25 | Non-cancer |
| Chromium | IRIS 9/3/1998 | 18000 | IRIS 9/3/1998 | 170 | IRIS 9/3/1998 | 86000 | | | IRIS 9/3/1998 | 86000 | Cancer | 170 | Non-cancer |
| Chromium Compounds | IRIS 9/3/1998 | 18000 | IRIS 9/3/1998 | 170 | IRIS 9/3/1998 | 86000 | | | IRIS 9/3/1998 | 86000 | Cancer | 170 | Non-cancer |
| Cobalt | interim derived 1/23/1998 | 90000 | | | interim derived 1/23/1998 | 34000 | | | interim derived 1/23/1998 | 90000 | Non-cancer | n/a | n/a |

Table A-1. Toxicity Weights¹ for All Scored TRI Chemicals and Chemical Categories, in Alphabetical Order

DATE: August 2004

| Chemical Name | Non-Cancer | | | | Cancer | | | | | Modeled RSEI Toxicity Weights | | | |
|--|---------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|---------------|--------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------|--------|-------------|
| | RfC ² Source/Date | RfC Tox Wt | RfD ³ Source/Date | RfD Tox Wt | IUR ⁴ Source/Date | IUR Tox Wt | SF ⁵ Source/Date | SF Tox Wt | WOE ⁶ Source/Date | Inhalation | | Oral | |
| | | | | | | | | | | Weight | Effect | Weight | Effect |
| Cobalt compounds | interim derived 1/23/1998 | 90000 | | | interim derived 1/23/1998 | 34000 | | | interim derived 1/23/1998 | 90000 | Non-cancer | n/a | n/a |
| Copper | CalEPA 1/1992 | 750 | | | | | | | OPP 9/15/1987 | 750 | Non-cancer | 750 | Non-cancer* |
| Copper compounds | CalEPA 1/1992 | 750 | | | | | | | OPP 9/15/1987 | 750 | Non-cancer | 750 | Non-cancer* |
| Cresidine, p- | | | | | CalEPA 4/1999 | 310 | interim derived | 300 | interim derived | 310 | Cancer | 300 | Cancer |
| Cresol (mixed isomers) | CalEPA 1/2001 | 3 | IRIS 9/1/1990 | 10 | | | | | IRIS 8/1/1991 | 3 | Non-cancer | 10 | Non-cancer |
| Cresol, m- | CalEPA 1/2001 | 3 | IRIS 9/1/1990 | 10 | | | | | IRIS 8/1/1991 | 3 | Non-cancer | 10 | Non-cancer |
| Cresol, o- | CalEPA 1/2001 | 3 | IRIS 9/1/1990 | 10 | | | | | IRIS 8/1/1991 | 3 | Non-cancer | 10 | Non-cancer |
| Cresol, p- | CalEPA 1/2001 | 3 | HEAST 7/1997 | 100 | | | | | IRIS 8/1/1991 | 3 | Non-cancer | 100 | Non-cancer |
| Crotonaldehyde | | | | | | | HEAST 7/1997 | 380 | IRIS 6/1/1991 | 380 | Cancer* | 380 | Cancer |
| Cumene | IRIS 8/1/1997 | 4.5 | IRIS 8/1/1997 | 5 | | | | | IRIS 8/1/1997 | 4.5 | Non-cancer | 5 | Non-cancer |
| Cumene hydroperoxide | final derived | 330 | | | | | | | final derived | 330 | Non-cancer | 330 | Non-cancer* |
| Cupferron | | | | | CalEPA 4/1999 | 450 | final derived | 440 | final derived | 450 | Cancer | 440 | Cancer |
| Cyanazine | | | OPP 6/3/1993 | 250 | | | OPP 7/30/1991 | 33 | OPP 7/30/1991 | 250 | Non-cancer* | 250 | Non-cancer |
| Cyanide compounds | IRIS 11/1/1994 | 600 | IRIS 2/1/1996 | 100 | | | | | | 600 | Non-cancer | 100 | Non-cancer |
| Cycloate | | | OPP 3/22/1994 | 100 | | | | | | 100 | Non-cancer* | 100 | Non-cancer |
| Cyclohexane | IRIS 9/11/2003 | 0.3 | | | | | | | | 0.3 | Non-cancer | 0.3 | Non-cancer* |
| Cyfluthrin (3-(2,2-Dichloroethenyl)-2,2-dimethylcyclopropanecarboxylic acid,cyano(4-fluoro-3-phenoxyphenyl)methyl ester) | | | OPP 4/2002 | 21 | | | | | OPP 2/11/2001 | 21 | Non-cancer* | 21 | Non-cancer |

Table A-1. Toxicity Weights¹ for All Scored TRI Chemicals and Chemical Categories, in Alphabetical Order

DATE: August 2004

| Chemical Name | Non-Cancer | | | | Cancer | | | | | Modeled RSEI Toxicity Weights | | | |
|--|---------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|---------------|--------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------|--------|------------|
| | RfC ² Source/Date | RfC Tox Wt | RfD ³ Source/Date | RfD Tox Wt | IUR ⁴ Source/Date | IUR Tox Wt | SF ⁵ Source/Date | SF Tox Wt | WOE ⁶ Source/Date | Inhalation | | Oral | |
| | | | | | | | | | | Weight | Effect | Weight | Effect |
| Cyhalothrin | | | OPP 9/2002 | 500 | | | | | OPP 9/15/1994 | 500 | Non-cancer* | 500 | Non-cancer |
| Dazomet | | | OPP 11/18/1993 | 140 | | | | | OPP 12/7/1993 | 140 | Non-cancer* | 140 | Non-cancer |
| Dazomet, Sodium salt | | | OPP 11/18/1993 | 140 | | | | | OPP 12/7/1993 | 140 | Non-cancer* | 140 | Non-cancer |
| DB, 2,4- | | | IRIS 8/1/1992 | 63 | | | | | | 63 | Non-cancer* | 63 | Non-cancer |
| Decabromodiphenyl oxide | | | IRIS 2/1/1995 | 50 | | | | | IRIS 1/1/1990 | 50 | Non-cancer* | 50 | Non-cancer |
| Desmedipham | | | OPP 11/1998 | 13 | | | | | OPP 7/26/1994 | 13 | Non-cancer* | 13 | Non-cancer |
| Di(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate | CalEPA 1/1991 | 26 | IRIS 5/1/1991 | 25 | CalEPA 4/1999 | 17 | IRIS 2/1/1993 | 28 | IRIS 2/1/1993 | 26 | Non-cancer | 28 | Cancer |
| Diallate | | | OPP 7/25/1989 | 100 | | | HEAST 7/1997 | 120 | HEAST 7/1997 | 120 | Cancer* | 120 | Cancer |
| Diaminoanisole, 2,4- | | | | | CalEPA 4/1999 | 47 | | | interim derived | 47 | Cancer | 47 | Cancer* |
| Diaminodiphenylether, 4,4'- | | | | | | | final derived | 280 | final derived | 280 | Cancer* | 280 | Cancer |
| Diaminotoluene (mixed isomers) | | | | | | | interim derived | 46000 | interim derived | 46000 | Cancer* | 46000 | Cancer |
| Diaminotoluene, 2,4- | | | | | CalEPA 4/1999 | 7900 | HEAST 7/1997 | 6400 | HEAST 7/1997 | 7900 | Cancer | 6400 | Cancer |
| Diazinon | | | OPP 11/2000 | 2500 | | | | | OPP 9/21/1999 | 2500 | Non-cancer* | 2500 | Non-cancer |
| Dibromo-3-chloropropane (DBCP), 1,2- | IRIS 10/1/1991 | 9000 | | | CalEPA 4/1999 | 14000 | OPP no date | 0.024 | OPP no date | 14000 | Cancer | 0.024 | Cancer |
| Dibromoethane, 1,2- | CalEPA 12/2001 | 2300 | | | IRIS 7/1/1997 | 1600 | IRIS 7/1/1997 | 170000 | IRIS 7/1/1997 | 2300 | Non-cancer | 170000 | Cancer |
| Dibutyl phthalate | | | IRIS 8/1/1990 | 5 | | | | | IRIS 2/1/1993 | 5 | Non-cancer* | 5 | Non-cancer |
| Dicamba (3,6-Dichloro-2-methoxybenzoic acid) | | | OPP 5/2002 | 1.1 | | | | | OPP 7/29/1996 | 1.1 | Non-cancer* | 1.1 | Non-cancer |
| Dichloran | | | OPP 7/2001 | 20 | | | | | | 20 | Non-cancer* | 20 | Non-cancer |
| Dichloro-2-butene, 1,4- | | | | | HEAST 7/1/1997 | 19000 | | | HEAST 7/1997 | 19000 | Cancer | 19000 | Cancer* |

Table A-1. Toxicity Weights¹ for All Scored TRI Chemicals and Chemical Categories, in Alphabetical Order

DATE: August 2004

| Chemical Name | Non-Cancer | | | | Cancer | | | | | Modeled RSEI Toxicity Weights | | | |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|---------------|--------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------|--------|------------|
| | RfC ² Source/Date | RfC Tox Wt | RfD ³ Source/Date | RfD Tox Wt | IUR ⁴ Source/Date | IUR Tox Wt | SF ⁵ Source/Date | SF Tox Wt | WOE ⁶ Source/Date | Inhalation | | Oral | |
| | | | | | | | | | | Weight | Effect | Weight | Effect |
| Dichlorobenzene (mixed isomers) | interim derived | 9 | final derived | 5.6 | | | final derived | 48 | final derived | 9 | Non-cancer | 48 | Cancer |
| Dichlorobenzene, 1,2- | | | IRIS 3/1/1991 | 5.6 | | | | | IRIS 1/1/1991 | 5.6 | Non-cancer* | 5.6 | Non-cancer |
| Dichlorobenzene, 1,3- | interim derived | 9 | final derived | 5.6 | | | final derived | 48 | final derived | 9 | Non-cancer | 48 | Cancer |
| Dichlorobenzene, 1,4- | IRIS 11/1/1996 | 2.3 | | | CalEPA 4/1999 | 7.9 | HEAST 7/1997 | 4.8 | HEAST 7/1997 | 7.9 | Cancer | 4.8 | Cancer |
| Dichlorobenzidine, 3,3'- | IRIS 11/1/1991 | | | | CalEPA 4/1999 | 2400 | IRIS 7/1/1993 | 900 | IRIS 7/1/1993 | 2400 | Cancer | 900 | Cancer |
| Dichlorobromomethane | | | IRIS 3/1/1991 | 25 | | | IRIS 3/1/1993 | 120 | IRIS 3/1/1993 | 120 | Cancer* | 120 | Cancer |
| Dichloroethane, 1,2- | CalEPA 1/2001 | 4.5 | | | IRIS 7/1/1993 | 190 | IRIS 7/1/1993 | 180 | IRIS 7/1/1993 | 190 | Cancer | 180 | Cancer |
| Dichloroethylene, 1,2- | | | HEAST 7/1997 | 56 | | | | | | 56 | Non-cancer* | 56 | Non-cancer |
| Dichloromethane | ATSDR 9/2000 | 1.7 | IRIS 3/1/1988 | 8.3 | IRIS 2/1/1995 | 3.4 | IRIS 2/1/1995 | 15 | IRIS 2/1/1995 | 3.4 | Cancer | 15 | Cancer |
| Dichlorophenol, 2,4- | | | IRIS 6/30/1988 | 170 | | | | | | 170 | Non-cancer* | 170 | Non-cancer |
| Dichloropropane, 1,2- | IRIS 12/1/1991 | 450 | ATSDR 12/1989 | 5.6 | | | HEAST 7/1997 | 140 | HEAST 7/1997 | 450 | Non-cancer | 140 | Cancer |
| Dichloropropylene, 1,3- | IRIS 5/25/2000 | 90 | IRIS 5/25/2000 | 17 | IRIS 5/25/2000 | 29 | IRIS 5/25/2000 | 200 | IRIS 5/25/2000 | 90 | Non-cancer | 200 | Cancer |
| Dichlorvos | IRIS 6/1/1994 | 3600 | OPP 6/1998 | 1000 | | | OPP 8/18/1999 | 15 | OPP 8/18/1999 | 3600 | Non-cancer | 1000 | Non-cancer |
| Diclofop methyl | | | OPP 8/2000 | 220 | | | OPP 5/24/2000 | 460 | OPP 5/24/2000 | 460 | Cancer* | 460 | Cancer |
| Dicofol | | | OPP 12/1997 | 420 | | | | | OPP 6/24/1992 | 420 | Non-cancer* | 420 | Non-cancer |
| Dicyclopentadiene | HEAST 7/1997 | 9000 | HEAST 7/1997 | 17 | | | | | | 9000 | Non-cancer | 17 | Non-cancer |
| Diethanolamine | CalEPA 12/2001 | 600 | final derived 10/23/1997 | 360 | | | | | final derived 10/23/1997 | 600 | Non-cancer | 360 | Non-cancer |
| Diethyl sulfate | | | | | | | final derived | 2400 | final derived | 2400 | Cancer* | 2400 | Cancer |
| Diflubenzuron | | | OPP 3/2002 | 25 | | | | | OPP 4/27/1995 | 25 | Non-cancer* | 25 | Non-cancer |

Table A-1. Toxicity Weights¹ for All Scored TRI Chemicals and Chemical Categories, in Alphabetical Order

DATE: August 2004

| Chemical Name | Non-Cancer | | | | Cancer | | | | | Modeled RSEI Toxicity Weights | | | |
|---|---------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|---------------|--------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------|--------|-------------|
| | RfC ² Source/Date | RfC Tox Wt | RfD ³ Source/Date | RfD Tox Wt | IUR ⁴ Source/Date | IUR Tox Wt | SF ⁵ Source/Date | SF Tox Wt | WOE ⁶ Source/Date | Inhalation | | Oral | |
| | | | | | | | | | | Weight | Effect | Weight | Effect |
| Diisocyanates | IRIS 9/1/1994 | 180000 | | | | | | | | 180000 | Non-cancer | 180000 | Non-cancer* |
| Dimethipin (2,3,-Dihydro-5,6-dimethyl-1,4-dithiin-1,1,4,4-tetraoxide) | | | IRIS 5/1/1990 | 25 | | | | | IRIS 10/1/1993 | 25 | Non-cancer* | 25 | Non-cancer |
| Dimethoate | | | OPP 3/2002 | 1000 | | | | | OPP 8/29/1991 | 1000 | Non-cancer* | 1000 | Non-cancer |
| Dimethoxybenzidine, 3,3'- | | | | | | | HEAST 7/1997 | 28 | HEAST 7/1997 | 28 | Cancer* | 28 | Cancer |
| Dimethyl hydrazine, 1, 1- | | | | | HEAST 3/1993 | 7100 | OPP 7/26/1991 | 920 | OPP 7/26/1991 | 7100 | Cancer | 920 | Cancer |
| Dimethylaminoazobenzene, 4- | | | | | CalEPA 4/1999 | 9300 | | | interim derived | 9300 | Cancer | 9300 | Cancer* |
| Dimethylaniline, N,N- | | | IRIS 3/1/1988 | 250 | | | | | | 250 | Non-cancer* | 250 | Non-cancer |
| Dimethylbenzidine, 3,3'- | | | | | | | HEAST 7/1997 | 18000 | HEAST 7/1997 | 18000 | Cancer* | 18000 | Cancer |
| Dimethylformamide, N,N- | IRIS 10/1/1990 | 60 | HEAST 7/1997 | 5 | | | | | | 60 | Non-cancer | 5 | Non-cancer |
| Dimethylphenol, 2,4- | | | IRIS 11/1/1990 | 25 | | | | | | 25 | Non-cancer* | 25 | Non-cancer |
| Dinitrobenzene, m- | | | IRIS 8/22/1988 | 5000 | | | | | IRIS 2/1/1993 | 5000 | Non-cancer* | 5000 | Non-cancer |
| Dinitrobenzene, o- | | | HEAST 7/1997 | 1300 | | | | | | 1300 | Non-cancer* | 1300 | Non-cancer |
| Dinitrobenzene, p- | | | HEAST 7/1997 | 1300 | | | | | | 1300 | Non-cancer* | 1300 | Non-cancer |
| Dinitrobutyl phenol (Dinoseb) | | | IRIS 8/1/1989 | 500 | | | | | IRIS 7/1/1993 | 500 | Non-cancer* | 500 | Non-cancer |
| Dinitro-o-cresol, 4,6- | interim derived | 3800 | interim derived | 1400 | | | | | | 3800 | Non-cancer | 1400 | Non-cancer |
| Dinitrophenol, 2,4- | | | IRIS 7/1/1991 | 250 | | | | | | 250 | Non-cancer* | 250 | Non-cancer |
| Dinitrotoluene, 2,4- | | | IRIS 4/1/1993 | 250 | CalEPA 4/1999 | 640 | | | interim derived | 640 | Cancer | 250 | Non-cancer |
| Dinitrotoluene, 2,6- | | | HEAST 7/1997 | 500 | | | IRIS 9/1/1990 | 1400 | IRIS 9/1/1990 | 1400 | Cancer* | 1400 | Cancer |

Table A-1. Toxicity Weights¹ for All Scored TRI Chemicals and Chemical Categories, in Alphabetical Order

DATE: August 2004

| Chemical Name | Non-Cancer | | | | Cancer | | | | | Modeled RSEI Toxicity Weights | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|---------------|--------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------|--------|-------------|
| | RfC ² Source/Date | RfC Tox Wt | RfD ³ Source/Date | RfD Tox Wt | IUR ⁴ Source/Date | IUR Tox Wt | SF ⁵ Source/Date | SF Tox Wt | WOE ⁶ Source/Date | Inhalation | | Oral | |
| | | | | | | | | | | Weight | Effect | Weight | Effect |
| Dinocap | | | OPP 2/2000 | 130 | | | | | OPP 6/22/1994 | 130 | Non-cancer* | 130 | Non-cancer |
| Dioxane, 1,4- | CalEPA 4/2000 | 0.6 | | | CalEPA 4/1999 | 55 | IRIS 9/1/1990 | 22 | IRIS 9/1/1990 | 55 | Cancer | 22 | Cancer |
| Diphenamid | | | IRIS 3/1/1991 | 17 | | | | | | 17 | Non-cancer* | 17 | Non-cancer |
| Diphenylamine | | | IRIS 4/1/1993 | 20 | | | | | | 20 | Non-cancer* | 20 | Non-cancer |
| Diphenylhydrazine, 1,2- | | | | | IRIS 1/1/1991 | 1600 | IRIS 1/1/1991 | 1600 | IRIS 1/1/1991 | 1600 | Cancer | 1600 | Cancer |
| Dipropyl isocinchomeronate | | | OPP no date | 4 | | | | | OPP 6/7/1995 | 4 | Non-cancer* | 4 | Non-cancer |
| Diuron | | | OPP 8/2001 | 170 | | | OPP 5/8/1997 | 38 | OPP 5/8/1997 | 170 | Non-cancer* | 170 | Non-cancer |
| Dodine (Dodecylguanidine monoacetate) | | | IRIS 9/1/1990 | 130 | | | | | | 130 | Non-cancer* | 130 | Non-cancer |
| Epichlorohydrin | IRIS 4/1/1992 | 1800 | HEAST 7/1997 | 250 | IRIS 2/1/1994 | 8.6 | IRIS 2/1/1994 | 20 | IRIS 2/1/1994 | 1800 | Non-cancer | 250 | Non-cancer |
| Ethoprop | | | OPP 5/2000 | 5000 | | | OPP 10/7/1998 | 56 | OPP 10/7/1998 | 5000 | Non-cancer* | 5000 | Non-cancer |
| Ethoxyethanol, 2- | IRIS 5/1/1991 | 9 | HEAST 7/1997 | 1.3 | | | | | | 9 | Non-cancer | 1.3 | Non-cancer |
| Ethyl acrylate | CalEPA 1/1992 | 38 | | | | | HEAST 7/1997 | 96 | HEAST 7/1997 | 38 | Non-cancer | 96 | Cancer |
| Ethyl dipropylthiocarbamate (EPTC) | | | OPP 8/1999 | 20 | | | | | OPP 8/31/1999 | 20 | Non-cancer* | 20 | Non-cancer |
| Ethylbenzene | IRIS 3/1/1991 | 1.8 | IRIS 6/1/1991 | 5 | | | | | IRIS 8/1/1991 | 1.8 | Non-cancer | 5 | Non-cancer |
| Ethylene | final derived | 0.29 | | | | | | | | 0.29 | Non-cancer | 0.29 | Non-cancer* |
| Ethylene glycol | CalEPA 4/2000 | 4.5 | IRIS 9/1/1989 | 0.25 | | | | | | 4.5 | Non-cancer | 0.25 | Non-cancer |
| Ethylene oxide | CalEPA 1/2001 | 60 | | | CalEPA 11/1987 | 630 | OPP 1985 | 440 | OPP 1985 | 630 | Cancer | 440 | Cancer |
| Ethylene thiourea | | | OPP 12/2001 | 280 | CalEPA 4/1999 | 93 | OPP 3/19/1990 | 120 | OPP 3/19/1990 | 93 | Cancer | 280 | Non-cancer |

Table A-1. Toxicity Weights¹ for All Scored TRI Chemicals and Chemical Categories, in Alphabetical Order

DATE: August 2004

| Chemical Name | Non-Cancer | | | | Cancer | | | | | Modeled RSEI Toxicity Weights | | | |
|--|---------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|---------------|--------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------|--------|------------|
| | RfC ² Source/Date | RfC Tox Wt | RfD ³ Source/Date | RfD Tox Wt | IUR ⁴ Source/Date | IUR Tox Wt | SF ⁵ Source/Date | SF Tox Wt | WOE ⁶ Source/Date | Inhalation | | Oral | |
| | | | | | | | | | | Weight | Effect | Weight | Effect |
| Ethylenebisdithiocarbamic acid, salts and esters | | | OPP 11/2001 | 130 | | | | | OPP 11/15/1999 | 130 | Non-cancer* | 130 | Non-cancer |
| Ethylhexyl ester, 2,4-D, 2- | | | OPP 1/2002 | 50 | | | | | OPP 1/29/1997 | 50 | Non-cancer* | 50 | Non-cancer |
| Ethylidene dichloride | HEAST 7/1997 | 3.6 | HEAST 7/1997 | 5 | CalEPA 4/1999 | 1.1 | | | IRIS 10/1/1990 | 3.6 | Non-cancer | 5 | Non-cancer |
| Famphur | | | OPP 6/24/1986 | 1000 | | | | | | 1000 | Non-cancer* | 1000 | Non-cancer |
| Fenarimol | | | OPP 7/2002 | 250 | | | | | OPP 9/5/2001 | 250 | Non-cancer* | 250 | Non-cancer |
| Fenbutatin oxide | | | OPP 4/2002 | 29 | | | | | OPP 10/8/1992 | 29 | Non-cancer* | 29 | Non-cancer |
| Fenoxaprop ethyl | | | OPP 9/1997 | 200 | | | | | | 200 | Non-cancer* | 200 | Non-cancer |
| Fenoxycarb | | | OPP 3/22/1994 | 6.3 | | | | | OPP 12/22/1997 | 6.3 | Non-cancer* | 6.3 | Non-cancer |
| Fenpropathrin (2,2,3,3-Tetramethylcyclopropane carboxylic acid cyano(3-phenoxyphenyl)methyl ester) | | | IRIS 10/1/1994 | 20 | | | | | OPP 3/31/1993 | 20 | Non-cancer* | 20 | Non-cancer |
| Fenthion | | | OPP 2/1999 | 7100 | | | | | OPP 3/11/1996 | 7100 | Non-cancer* | 7100 | Non-cancer |
| Fenvalerate (4-Chloro-alpha-(1-methylethyl) benzeneacetic acid cyano(3-phenoxyphenyl) methyl ester) | | | OPP 4/11/1996 | 20 | | | | | OPP 7/1/1996 | 20 | Non-cancer* | 20 | Non-cancer |
| Fluazifop butyl | | | OPP 12/7/1995 | 50 | | | | | | 50 | Non-cancer* | 50 | Non-cancer |
| Fluometuron | | | OPP 4/6/1995 | 91 | | | OPP 8/28/1996 | 3.6 | OPP 8/28/1996 | 91 | Non-cancer* | 91 | Non-cancer |
| Fluorine | | | IRIS 6/1/1989 | 8.3 | | | | | | 8.3 | Non-cancer* | 8.3 | Non-cancer |
| Fluvalinate (N-[2-Chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-DL-valine-(+)-cyano (3-phenoxyphenyl)methyl ester) | | | OPP 8/29/1996 | 50 | | | | | | 50 | Non-cancer* | 50 | Non-cancer |

Table A-1. Toxicity Weights¹ for All Scored TRI Chemicals and Chemical Categories, in Alphabetical Order

DATE: August 2004

| Chemical Name | Non-Cancer | | | | Cancer | | | | | Modeled RSEI Toxicity Weights | | | |
|--|---------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|---------------|--------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------|--------|-------------|
| | RfC ² Source/Date | RfC Tox Wt | RfD ³ Source/Date | RfD Tox Wt | IUR ⁴ Source/Date | IUR Tox Wt | SF ⁵ Source/Date | SF Tox Wt | WOE ⁶ Source/Date | Inhalation | | Oral | |
| | | | | | | | | | | Weight | Effect | Weight | Effect |
| Folpet | | | OPP 5/1998 | 5.6 | | | IRIS 10/1/1993 | 7 | IRIS 10/1/1993 | 7 | Cancer* | 7 | Cancer |
| Fomesafen (5-(2-Chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl) phenoxy)-N-methylsulfonyl-2-nitrobenzamide) | | | | | | | IRIS 10/1/1993 | 38 | IRIS 10/1/1993 | 38 | Cancer* | 38 | Cancer |
| Formaldehyde | CalEPA 2/2000 | 600 | IRIS 9/1/1990 | 2.5 | IRIS 5/1/1991 | 93 | | | IRIS 5/1/1991 | 600 | Non-cancer | 2.5 | Non-cancer |
| Formic acid | | | HEAST 7/1997 | 0.25 | | | | | | 0.25 | Non-cancer* | 0.25 | Non-cancer |
| Freon 113 | CalEPA 1/1991 | 2.6 | IRIS 2/1/1996 | 0.017 | | | | | | 2.6 | Non-cancer | 0.017 | Non-cancer |
| Glycol Ethers | IRIS 5/1/1991 | 90 | | | | | | | | 90 | Non-cancer | 90 | Non-cancer* |
| Heptachlor | | | IRIS 3/1/1991 | 1000 | IRIS 7/1/1993 | 9300 | IRIS 7/1/1993 | 9000 | IRIS 7/1/1993 | 9300 | Cancer | 9000 | Cancer |
| Hexachloro-1,3-butadiene | | | HEAST 7/1997 | 2500 | IRIS 4/1/1991 | 16 | IRIS 4/1/1991 | 16 | IRIS 4/1/1991 | 16 | Cancer | 2500 | Non-cancer |
| Hexachlorobenzene | CalEPA 7/1990 | 640 | IRIS 4/1/1991 | 630 | IRIS 11/1/1996 | 3300 | IRIS 11/1/1996 | 3200 | IRIS 11/1/1996 | 3300 | Cancer | 3200 | Cancer |
| Hexachlorocyclohexane, alpha- | CalEPA 1/1991 | 1800 | | | IRIS 7/1/1993 | 13000 | IRIS 7/1/1993 | 13000 | IRIS 7/1/1993 | 13000 | Cancer | 13000 | Cancer |
| Hexachlorocyclopentadiene | IRIS 7/5/2001 | 9000 | IRIS 7/5/2001 | 83 | | | | | IRIS 7/5/2001 | 9000 | Non-cancer | 83 | Non-cancer |
| Hexachloroethane | | | IRIS 4/1/1991 | 500 | IRIS 2/1/1994 | 2.9 | IRIS 2/1/1994 | 2.8 | IRIS 2/1/1994 | 2.9 | Cancer | 500 | Non-cancer |
| Hexachlorophene | | | IRIS 4/1/1991 | 1700 | | | | | | 1700 | Non-cancer* | 1700 | Non-cancer |
| Hexane, n- | IRIS 7/1/1993 | 9 | | | | | | | | 9 | Non-cancer | 9 | Non-cancer* |
| Hexazinone | | | OPP 8/2002 | 10 | | | | | OPP 7/27/1994 | 10 | Non-cancer* | 10 | Non-cancer |
| Hydramethylnon | | | IRIS 9/30/1987 | 1700 | | | | | OPP 3/28/1991 | 1700 | Non-cancer* | 1700 | Non-cancer |
| Hydrazine | CalEPA 1/2001 | 9000 | | | IRIS 4/1/1991 | 35000 | IRIS 4/1/1991 | 6000 | IRIS 4/1/1991 | 35000 | Cancer | 6000 | Cancer |
| Hydrazine sulfate | CalEPA 1/2001 | 9000 | | | IRIS 4/1/1991 | 35000 | IRIS 4/1/1991 | 6000 | IRIS 4/1/1991 | 35000 | Cancer | 6000 | Cancer |

Table A-1. Toxicity Weights¹ for All Scored TRI Chemicals and Chemical Categories, in Alphabetical Order

DATE: August 2004

| Chemical Name | Non-Cancer | | | | Cancer | | | | | Modeled RSEI Toxicity Weights | | | |
|---|---------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|---------------|--------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------|--------|-------------|
| | RfC ² Source/Date | RfC Tox Wt | RfD ³ Source/Date | RfD Tox Wt | IUR ⁴ Source/Date | IUR Tox Wt | SF ⁵ Source/Date | SF Tox Wt | WOE ⁶ Source/Date | Inhalation | | Oral | |
| | | | | | | | | | | Weight | Effect | Weight | Effect |
| Hydrochloric acid | IRIS 7/1/1995 | 90 | | | | | | | | 90 | Non-cancer | 90 | Non-cancer* |
| Hydrogen cyanide | IRIS 11/1/1994 | 600 | IRIS 2/1/1993 | 25 | | | | | | 600 | Non-cancer | 25 | Non-cancer |
| Hydrogen fluoride | CalEPA 8/2003 | 130 | CalEPA 8/2003 | 13 | | | | | | 130 | Non-cancer | 13 | Non-cancer |
| Hydroquinone | | | HEAST 7/1997 | 13 | | | | | | 13 | Non-cancer* | 13 | Non-cancer |
| Imazalil (1-[2-(2,4-Dichlorophenyl)-2-(2-propenyloxy)ethyl]-1H-imidazole) | | | OPP 6/1999 | 20 | | | OPP 12/7/1999 | 120 | OPP 12/7/1999 | 120 | Cancer* | 120 | Cancer |
| Iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate, 3- | | | OPP 5/6/1993 | 7.1 | | | | | OPP 12/4/1996 | 7.1 | Non-cancer* | 7.1 | Non-cancer |
| Isobutyraldehyde | final derived 1/6/1998 | 51 | | | | | | | final derived 1/6/1998 | 51 | Non-cancer | n/a | n/a |
| Isofenphos | | | OPP 3/22/1994 | 1000 | | | | | OPP 1/13/1998 | 1000 | Non-cancer* | 1000 | Non-cancer |
| Isopropylidenediphenol, 4,4'- | | | IRIS 7/1/1993 | 10 | | | | | | 10 | Non-cancer* | 10 | Non-cancer |
| Lactofen (Benzoic acid, (5-(2-Chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy)-2-nitro-2-ethoxy-1-methyl-2-oxoethyl ester)) | | | OPP 3/2000 | 63 | | | OPP 4/8/1997 | 240 | OPP 4/8/1997 | 240 | Cancer* | 240 | Cancer |
| Lead | | | CalEPA 12/1997 | 8800 | | | CalEPA 10/2000 | 17 | IRIS 11/1/1993 | 8800 | Non-cancer* | 8800 | Non-cancer |
| Lead compounds | | | CalEPA 12/1997 | 8800 | | | CalEPA 10/2000 | 17 | IRIS 11/1/1993 | 8800 | Non-cancer* | 8800 | Non-cancer |
| Lindane | CalEPA 1/1991 | 1800 | OPP 7/2000 | 110 | CalEPA 4/1999 | 220 | CalEPA 10/2000 | 220 | OPP 11/29/2001 | 1800 | Non-cancer | 220 | Cancer |
| Linuron | | | OPP 6/10/1993 | 63 | | | | | IRIS 10/1/1993 | 63 | Non-cancer* | 63 | Non-cancer |
| Malathion | | | OPP 1/2003 | 25 | | | | | OPP 6/20/2000 | 25 | Non-cancer* | 25 | Non-cancer |
| Maleic anhydride | CalEPA 12/2001 | 2600 | IRIS 7/1/1993 | 5 | | | | | | 2600 | Non-cancer | 5 | Non-cancer |
| Malononitrile | | | HEAST 7/1997 | 25000 | | | | | | 25000 | Non-cancer* | 25000 | Non-cancer |

Table A-1. Toxicity Weights¹ for All Scored TRI Chemicals and Chemical Categories, in Alphabetical Order

DATE: August 2004

| Chemical Name | Non-Cancer | | | | Cancer | | | | | Modeled RSEI Toxicity Weights | | | |
|--|---------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|---------------|--------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------|--------|-------------|
| | RfC ² Source/Date | RfC Tox Wt | RfD ³ Source/Date | RfD Tox Wt | IUR ⁴ Source/Date | IUR Tox Wt | SF ⁵ Source/Date | SF Tox Wt | WOE ⁶ Source/Date | Inhalation | | Oral | |
| | | | | | | | | | | Weight | Effect | Weight | Effect |
| Maneb | | | OPP 11/2001 | 17 | | | OPP 6/9/1999 | 120 | OPP 6/9/1999 | 120 | Cancer* | 120 | Cancer |
| Manganese | IRIS 12/1/1993 | 36000 | IRIS 5/1/1996 | 3.6 | | | | | IRIS 12/1/1996 | 36000 | Non-cancer | 3.6 | Non-cancer |
| Manganese compounds | IRIS 12/1/1993 | 36000 | IRIS 5/1/1996 | 3.6 | | | | | IRIS 12/1/1996 | 36000 | Non-cancer | 3.6 | Non-cancer |
| Mecoprop | | | IRIS 8/1/1990 | 500 | | | | | | 500 | Non-cancer* | 500 | Non-cancer |
| Mercaptobenzo-thiazole, 2- | | | OPP 4/28/1994 | 0.83 | | | | | OPP 11/19/1992 | 0.83 | Non-cancer* | 0.83 | Non-cancer |
| Mercury | IRIS 6/1/1995 | 6000 | IRIS 7/27/2001 | 5000 | | | | | IRIS 5/1/1995 | 6000 | Non-cancer | 5000 | Non-cancer |
| Mercury compounds | IRIS 6/1/1995 | 6000 | IRIS 7/27/2001 | 5000 | | | | | IRIS 5/1/1995 | 6000 | Non-cancer | 5000 | Non-cancer |
| Merphos | | | IRIS 4/1/1991 | 17000 | | | | | | 17000 | Non-cancer* | 17000 | Non-cancer |
| Methacrylonitrile | | | IRIS 2/1/1996 | 5000 | | | | | | 5000 | Non-cancer* | 5000 | Non-cancer |
| Metham sodium | | | OPP 12/1/1994 | 50 | | | OPP 5/1/1995 | 400 | OPP 5/1/1995 | 400 | Cancer* | 400 | Cancer |
| Methanol | CalEPA 4/2000 | 0.45 | IRIS 7/1/1993 | 1 | | | | | | 0.45 | Non-cancer | 1 | Non-cancer |
| Methiocarb | | | OPP 11/18/1993 | 100 | | | | | OPP 3/2/1993 | 100 | Non-cancer* | 100 | Non-cancer |
| Methoxone ((4-Chloro-2-methylphenoxy)acetic acid) (MCPA) | | | IRIS 1/1/1991 | 1000 | | | | | | 1000 | Non-cancer* | 1000 | Non-cancer |
| Methoxychlor | | | IRIS 8/1/1991 | 100 | | | | | IRIS 10/1/1990 | 100 | Non-cancer* | 100 | Non-cancer |
| Methoxyethanol, 2- | IRIS 5/1/1991 | 90 | IRIS 4/1/1992 | | | | | | | 90 | Non-cancer | 90 | Non-cancer* |
| Methyl acrylate | | | HEAST 7/1997 | 17 | | | | | | 17 | Non-cancer* | 17 | Non-cancer |
| Methyl ethyl ketone | IRIS 9/26/2003 | 0.36 | IRIS 9/26/2003 | 0.83 | | | | | OPP 5/30/1989 | 0.36 | Non-cancer | 0.83 | Non-cancer |
| Methyl hydrazine | | | | | | | HEAST 3/1993 | 2200 | HEAST 3/1993 | 2200 | Cancer* | 2200 | Cancer |

Table A-1. Toxicity Weights¹ for All Scored TRI Chemicals and Chemical Categories, in Alphabetical Order

DATE: August 2004

| Chemical Name | Non-Cancer | | | | Cancer | | | | | Modeled RSEI Toxicity Weights | | | |
|---|---------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|---------------|--------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------|--------|-------------|
| | RfC ² Source/Date | RfC Tox Wt | RfD ³ Source/Date | RfD Tox Wt | IUR ⁴ Source/Date | IUR Tox Wt | SF ⁵ Source/Date | SF Tox Wt | WOE ⁶ Source/Date | Inhalation | | Oral | |
| | | | | | | | | | | Weight | Effect | Weight | Effect |
| Methyl iodide | | | | | | | interim derived | 580 | interim derived | 580 | Cancer* | 580 | Cancer |
| Methyl isobutyl ketone | IRIS 4/25/2003 | 0.6 | | | | | | | | 0.6 | Non-cancer | 0.6 | Non-cancer* |
| Methyl isocyanate | CalEPA 12/2001 | 1800 | | | | | | | | 1800 | Non-cancer | 1800 | Non-cancer* |
| Methyl methacrylate | IRIS 3/2/1998 | 2.6 | IRIS 3/2/1998 | 0.36 | | | | | IRIS 3/2/1998 | 2.6 | Non-cancer | 0.36 | Non-cancer |
| Methyl parathion | | | OPP 6/2002 | 2500 | | | | | OPP 12/1/1997 | 2500 | Non-cancer* | 2500 | Non-cancer |
| Methyl tert-butyl ether | IRIS 9/1/1993 | 0.6 | | | CalEPA 11/1999 | 0.19 | | | IARC 1999 | 0.6 | Non-cancer | 0.6 | Non-cancer* |
| Methyl-1,3-dithiolo[4,5-b]quinoxalin-2-one, 6- | | | OPP 3/22/1994 | 83 | | | OPP 2/15/1996 | 68 | OPP 2/15/1996 | 83 | Non-cancer* | 83 | Non-cancer |
| Methylene bromide | | | HEAST 7/1997 | 50 | | | | | | 50 | Non-cancer* | 50 | Non-cancer |
| Methylenebis(2-chloroaniline), 4,4'- | | | ATSDR 5/1994 | 170 | CalEPA 4/1999 | 3100 | HEAST 7/1997 | 260 | HEAST 7/1997 | 3100 | Cancer | 260 | Cancer |
| Methylenebis(N,N-dimethylbenzenamine), 4,4'- | | | | | | | IRIS 7/1/1993 | 92 | IRIS 7/1/1993 | 92 | Cancer* | 92 | Cancer |
| Methylenebis(phenylisocyanate) (MDI) | IRIS 2/7/1998 | 3000 | | | | | | | | 3000 | Non-cancer | 3000 | Non-cancer* |
| Methylenedianiline, 4,4'- | CalEPA 12/2001 | 90 | | | CalEPA 4/1999 | 3300 | CalEPA 10/2000 | 3200 | interim derived | 3300 | Cancer | 3200 | Cancer |
| Methylacetonitrile, 2- | | | HEAST 7/1997 | 630 | | | | | | 630 | Non-cancer* | 630 | Non-cancer |
| Metiram | | | OPP 11/2001 | 130 | | | | | OPP 11/15/1999 | 130 | Non-cancer* | 130 | Non-cancer |
| Metribuzin | | | IRIS 1/1/1995 | 20 | | | | | IRIS 12/1/1996 | 20 | Non-cancer* | 20 | Non-cancer |
| Mevinphos | | | OPP 4/1999 | 2000 | | | | | | 2000 | Non-cancer* | 2000 | Non-cancer |
| Michler's ketone | | | | | CalEPA 4/1999 | 180 | final derived | 170 | final derived | 180 | Cancer | 170 | Cancer |
| Molinate (1H-Azepine-1-carbothioic acid, hexahydro-S-ethyl ester) | | | OPP 10/1998 | 500 | | | OPP 6/17/1992 | 9.8 | OPP 6/17/1992 | 500 | Non-cancer* | 500 | Non-cancer |

Table A-1. Toxicity Weights¹ for All Scored TRI Chemicals and Chemical Categories, in Alphabetical Order

DATE: August 2004

| Chemical Name | Non-Cancer | | | | Cancer | | | | | Modeled RSEI Toxicity Weights | | | |
|--|---------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|---------------|--------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------|--------|-------------|
| | RfC ² Source/Date | RfC Tox Wt | RfD ³ Source/Date | RfD Tox Wt | IUR ⁴ Source/Date | IUR Tox Wt | SF ⁵ Source/Date | SF Tox Wt | Woe ⁶ Source/Date | Inhalation | | Oral | |
| | | | | | | | | | | Weight | Effect | Weight | Effect |
| Molybdenum trioxide | interim derived | 7500 | interim derived | 190 | | | | | | 7500 | Non-cancer | 190 | Non-cancer |
| Myclobutanil (alpha-Butyl-alpha-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-1,2,4-triazole-1-propanenitrile) | | | OPP 11/1997 | 20 | | | | | OPP 6/16/1994 | 20 | Non-cancer* | 20 | Non-cancer |
| Naled | | | OPP 5/2001 | 250 | | | | | OPP 8/31/1994 | 250 | Non-cancer* | 250 | Non-cancer |
| Naphthalene | IRIS 9/17/1998 | 600 | IRIS 9/17/1998 | 25 | | | | | IRIS 9/17/1998 | 600 | Non-cancer | 25 | Non-cancer |
| Nickel | CalEPA 2/2000 | 36000 | CalEPA 10/2000 | 10 | CalEPA 8/1991 | 1900 | | | interim derived | 36000 | Non-cancer | 10 | Non-cancer |
| Nickel compounds | CalEPA 2/2000 | 36000 | CalEPA 10/2000 | 10 | CalEPA 8/1991 | 1900 | | | interim derived | 36000 | Non-cancer | 10 | Non-cancer |
| Nitrapyrin | | | OPP 5/8/1992 | 17 | | | OPP 5/5/2000 | 85 | OPP 5/5/2000 | 85 | Cancer* | 85 | Cancer |
| Nitrate compounds (water dissociable) | | | IRIS 10/1/1991 | 0.31 | | | | | | 0.31 | Non-cancer* | 0.31 | Non-cancer |
| Nitric acid | final derived | 140 | | | | | | | | 140 | Non-cancer | 140 | Non-cancer* |
| Nitrioltriacetic acid | | | interim derived | 36 | | | interim derived | 40 | interim derived | 40 | Cancer* | 40 | Cancer |
| Nitrobenzene | CalEPA 1/1991 | 1100 | IRIS 1/1/1991 | 1000 | | | | | IRIS 2/1/1995 | 1100 | Non-cancer | 1000 | Non-cancer |
| Nitroglycerin | | | interim derived | 17 | | | interim derived | 4200 | interim derived | 4200 | Cancer* | 4200 | Cancer |
| Nitro-o-anisidine, 5- | | | | | | | HEAST 7/1997 | 92 | HEAST 7/1997 | 92 | Cancer* | 92 | Cancer |
| Nitro-o-toluidine, 5- | | | | | | | HEAST 7/1997 | 6.6 | HEAST 7/1997 | 6.6 | Cancer* | 6.6 | Cancer |
| Nitrophenol, 4- | final derived | 390 | final derived | 200 | | | | | OPP 5/14/1996 | 390 | Non-cancer | 200 | Non-cancer |
| Nitropropane, 2- | IRIS 3/1/1991 | 90 | | | HEAST 7/1997 | 19000 | | | HEAST 7/1997 | 19000 | Cancer | 19000 | Cancer* |
| Nitrosodiethylamine, N- | | | | | IRIS 7/1/1993 | 310000 | IRIS 7/1/1993 | 300000 | IRIS 7/1/1993 | 310000 | Cancer | 300000 | Cancer |
| Nitrosodimethylamine, N- | | | | | IRIS 7/1/1993 | 100000 | IRIS 7/1/1993 | 100000 | IRIS 7/1/1993 | 100000 | Cancer | 100000 | Cancer |

Table A-1. Toxicity Weights¹ for All Scored TRI Chemicals and Chemical Categories, in Alphabetical Order

DATE: August 2004

| Chemical Name | Non-Cancer | | | | Cancer | | | | | Modeled RSEI Toxicity Weights | | | |
|---|---------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|---------------|--------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------|--------|-------------|
| | RfC ² Source/Date | RfC Tox Wt | RfD ³ Source/Date | RfD Tox Wt | IUR ⁴ Source/Date | IUR Tox Wt | SF ⁵ Source/Date | SF Tox Wt | WOE ⁶ Source/Date | Inhalation | | Oral | |
| | | | | | | | | | | Weight | Effect | Weight | Effect |
| Nitrosodi-n-butylamine, N- | | | | | IRIS 7/1/1993 | 11000 | IRIS 7/1/1993 | 11000 | IRIS 7/1/1993 | 11000 | Cancer | 11000 | Cancer |
| Nitrosodi-n-propylamine, N- | | | | | CalEPA 4/1999 | 14000 | IRIS 7/1/1993 | 14000 | IRIS 7/1/1993 | 14000 | Cancer | 14000 | Cancer |
| Nitrosodiphenylamine, N- | | | | | | | IRIS 7/1/1993 | 9.8 | IRIS 7/1/1993 | 9.8 | Cancer* | 9.8 | Cancer |
| Nitroso-N-ethylurea, N- | | | | | | | HEAST 7/1997 | 280000 | HEAST 7/1997 | 280000 | Cancer* | 280000 | Cancer |
| N-Nitrosomorpholine | | | | | CalEPA 4/1999 | 14000 | | | interim derived | 14000 | Cancer | 14000 | Cancer* |
| N-Nitrosopiperidine | | | | | CalEPA 4/1999 | 19000 | | | interim derived | 19000 | Cancer | 19000 | Cancer* |
| Norflurazon (4-Chloro-5-(methylamino)-2-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-3(2H)-pyridazinone) | | | OPP 8/2000 | 33 | | | | | OPP 11/2/1990 | 33 | Non-cancer* | 33 | Non-cancer |
| Oryzalin (4-(Dipropylamino)-3,5-dinitrobenzenesulfonamide) | | | OPP 8/26/1993 | 4.2 | | | OPP 3/12/1986 | 26 | OPP 3/12/1986 | 26 | Cancer* | 26 | Cancer |
| Oxydemeton methyl | | | OPP 7/1999 | 4000 | | | | | OPP 7/24/1997 | 4000 | Non-cancer* | 4000 | Non-cancer |
| Oxydiazon (3-[2,4-Dichloro-5-(1-methylethoxy)phenyl]-5-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-1,3,4-oxadiazol-2(3H)-one) | | | IRIS 3/1/1991 | 100 | | | OPP 5/1/2001 | 110 | OPP 5/1/2001 | 110 | Cancer* | 110 | Cancer |
| Oxyfluorfen | | | OPP 4/2001 | 17 | | | OPP 9/29/1989 | 15 | OPP 9/29/1989 | 17 | Non-cancer* | 17 | Non-cancer |
| Ozone | CalEPA 1/1992 | 10 | | | | | | | | 10 | Non-cancer | 10 | Non-cancer* |
| Paraquat dichloride | | | OPP 4/2000 | 110 | | | | | IRIS 10/1/1993 | 110 | Non-cancer* | 110 | Non-cancer |
| Parathion | | | OPP 8/1999 | 17000 | | | | | IRIS 10/1/1993 | 17000 | Non-cancer* | 17000 | Non-cancer |
| Pebulate (Butylethylcarbamoithoic acid S-propyl ester) | | | OPP 9/1999 | 71 | | | | | OPP 12/7/1998 | 71 | Non-cancer* | 71 | Non-cancer |
| Pendimethalin (N-(1-Ethylpropyl)-3,4-dimethyl-2,6-dinitrobenzenamine) | | | OPP 4/2000 | 5 | | | | | OPP 7/24/1992 | 5 | Non-cancer* | 5 | Non-cancer |

Table A-1. Toxicity Weights¹ for All Scored TRI Chemicals and Chemical Categories, in Alphabetical Order

DATE: August 2004

| Chemical Name | Non-Cancer | | | | Cancer | | | | | Modeled RSEI Toxicity Weights | | | |
|--|---------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|---------------|--------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------|--------|-------------|
| | RfC ² Source/Date | RfC Tox Wt | RfD ³ Source/Date | RfD Tox Wt | IUR ⁴ Source/Date | IUR Tox Wt | SF ⁵ Source/Date | SF Tox Wt | WOE ⁶ Source/Date | Inhalation | | Oral | |
| | | | | | | | | | | Weight | Effect | Weight | Effect |
| Pentachlorobenzene | | | IRIS 10/9/1985 | 630 | | | | | | 630 | Non-cancer* | 630 | Non-cancer |
| Pentachlorophenol | | | OPP 12/1997 | 330 | | | IRIS 7/1/1993 | 240 | IRIS 7/1/1993 | 330 | Non-cancer* | 330 | Non-cancer |
| Peracetic acid | interim derived | 2300 | | | | | | | | 2300 | Non-cancer | 2300 | Non-cancer* |
| Permethrin (3-(2,2-Dichloroethenyl)-2,2-dimethylcyclopropanecarboxylic acid,(3-phenoxyphenyl)methyl ester) | | | OPP 5/2002 | 6.3 | | | OPP 8/21/2002 | 19 | OPP 8/21/2002 | 19 | Cancer* | 19 | Cancer |
| Phenol | | | IRIS 9/30/2002 | 1.7 | | | | | IRIS 9/30/2002 | n/a | n/a | 1.7 | Non-cancer |
| Phenylenediamine, 1,2- | | | | | | | HEAST 7/1997 | 94 | HEAST 7/1997 | 94 | Cancer* | 94 | Cancer |
| Phenylenediamine, 1,3- | | | IRIS 8/1/1991 | 83 | | | | | | 83 | Non-cancer* | 83 | Non-cancer |
| Phenylenediamine, p- | | | HEAST 7/1997 | 2.6 | | | | | | 2.6 | Non-cancer* | 2.6 | Non-cancer |
| Phenylphenol, 2- | | | | | | | HEAST 7/1997 | 0.39 | HEAST 7/1997 | 0.39 | Cancer* | 0.39 | Cancer |
| Phosphine | IRIS 7/1/1995 | 6000 | IRIS 12/1/1993 | 1700 | | | | | IRIS 12/1/1996 | 6000 | Non-cancer | 1700 | Non-cancer |
| Phosphorus (yellow or white) | IRIS 11/1/1993 | 2.6 | IRIS 2/1/1993 | 25000 | | | | | IRIS 7/1/1993 | 2.6 | Non-cancer | 25000 | Non-cancer |
| Phthalic anhydride | CalEPA 1/2001 | 90 | IRIS 9/7/1988 | 0.25 | | | | | | 90 | Non-cancer | 0.25 | Non-cancer |
| Picloram | | | OPP 3/1983 | 2.5 | | | | | OPP 4/1/1994 | 2.5 | Non-cancer* | 2.5 | Non-cancer |
| Picric acid | final derived | 1800 | final derived | 8300 | | | | | | 1800 | Non-cancer | 8300 | Non-cancer |
| Pirimiphos methyl (O-(2-(Diethylamino)-6-methyl-4-pyrimidinyl)-O,O-dimethylphosphorothioate) | | | OPP 5/1999 | 2500 | | | | | | 2500 | Non-cancer* | 2500 | Non-cancer |
| p-Nitrosodiphenylamine | | | | | CalEPA 4/1999 | 4.5 | | | IARC 1987 | 4.5 | Cancer | 4.5 | Cancer* |

Table A-1. Toxicity Weights¹ for All Scored TRI Chemicals and Chemical Categories, in Alphabetical Order

DATE: August 2004

| Chemical Name | Non-Cancer | | | | Cancer | | | | | Modeled RSEI Toxicity Weights | | | |
|---|---------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|---------------|--------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------|--------|-------------|
| | RfC ² Source/Date | RfC Tox Wt | RfD ³ Source/Date | RfD Tox Wt | IUR ⁴ Source/Date | IUR Tox Wt | SF ⁵ Source/Date | SF Tox Wt | WOE ⁶ Source/Date | Inhalation | | Oral | |
| | | | | | | | | | | Weight | Effect | Weight | Effect |
| Polybrominated biphenyls (PBBs) | | | HEAST 7/1997 | 71000 | | | HEAST 7/1997 | 18000 | HEAST 7/1997 | 71000 | Non-cancer* | 71000 | Non-cancer |
| Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs) | CalEPA 1/1991 | 1500 | IRIS 6/1/1994 | 25000 | IRIS 6/1/1997 | 710 | IRIS 6/1/1997 | 4000 | IRIS 6/1/1997 | 1500 | Non-cancer | 25000 | Non-cancer |
| Polycyclic aromatic compounds | | | | | | | IRIS 11/1/1994 | 15000 | IRIS 11/1/1994 | 15000 | Cancer* | 15000 | Cancer |
| Potassium bromate | CalEPA 1/1992 | 1100 | | | CalEPA 4/1999 | 1000 | | | interim derived | 1100 | Non-cancer | 1100 | Non-cancer* |
| Profenofos | | | OPP 9/1999 | 10000 | | | | | OPP 2/6/1995 | 10000 | Non-cancer* | 10000 | Non-cancer |
| Prometryn (N,N'-Bis(1-methylethyl)-6-methylthio-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine) | | | OPP 5/19/1994 | 13 | | | | | OPP 7/25/1994 | 13 | Non-cancer* | 13 | Non-cancer |
| Pronamide | | | OPP 12/2001 | 6.3 | | | OPP 5/26/1993 | 52 | OPP 5/26/1993 | 52 | Cancer* | 52 | Cancer |
| Propachlor (2-Chloro-N-(1-methylethyl)-N-phenylacetamide) | | | OPP 12/1997 | 10 | | | | | OPP 10/16/1997 | 10 | Non-cancer* | 10 | Non-cancer |
| Propane sultone | | | | | CalEPA 4/1999 | 4900 | | | interim derived | 4900 | Cancer | 4900 | Cancer* |
| Propanil (N-(3,4-Dichlorophenyl)propanamide) | | | OPP 8/2001 | 17 | | | | | OPP 8/15/2001 | 17 | Non-cancer* | 17 | Non-cancer |
| Propargite | | | OPP 6/1999 | 13 | | | OPP 7/23/1992 | 380 | OPP 7/23/1992 | 380 | Cancer* | 380 | Cancer |
| Propargyl alcohol | | | IRIS 1/1/1994 | 250 | | | | | | 250 | Non-cancer* | 250 | Non-cancer |
| Propetamphos | | | OPP 12/2000 | 1000 | | | | | OPP 12/2/1998 | 1000 | Non-cancer* | 1000 | Non-cancer |
| Propiconazole (1-[2-(2,4-Dichlorophenyl)-4-propyl-1,3-dioxolan-2-yl]-methyl-1H-1,2,4,-triazole) | | | OPP 1/2002 | 5 | | | | | OPP 9/14/1992 | 5 | Non-cancer* | 5 | Non-cancer |
| Propoxur | | | IRIS 7/1/1992 | 130 | | | OPP 6/17/1996 | 7.4 | OPP 6/17/1996 | 130 | Non-cancer* | 130 | Non-cancer |
| Propylene (Propene) | CalEPA 4/2000 | 0.6 | | | | | | | | 0.6 | Non-cancer | 0.6 | Non-cancer* |
| Propylene oxide | IRIS 11/1/1990 | 60 | | | IRIS 4/1/1994 | 26 | IRIS 4/1/1994 | 480 | IRIS 4/1/1994 | 60 | Non-cancer | 480 | Cancer |

Table A-1. Toxicity Weights¹ for All Scored TRI Chemicals and Chemical Categories, in Alphabetical Order

DATE: August 2004

| Chemical Name | Non-Cancer | | | | Cancer | | | | | Modeled RSEI Toxicity Weights | | | |
|---|---------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|---------------|--------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------|--------|------------|
| | RfC ² Source/Date | RfC Tox Wt | RfD ³ Source/Date | RfD Tox Wt | IUR ⁴ Source/Date | IUR Tox Wt | SF ⁵ Source/Date | SF Tox Wt | WOE ⁶ Source/Date | Inhalation | | Oral | |
| | | | | | | | | | | Weight | Effect | Weight | Effect |
| Propyleneimine | | | | | | | final derived | 300000 | final derived | 300000 | Cancer* | 300000 | Cancer |
| Pyridine | | | IRIS 6/1/1989 | 500 | | | | | | 500 | Non-cancer* | 500 | Non-cancer |
| Quinoline | | | | | | | IRIS 9/27/2001 | 6000 | IRIS 9/27/2001 | 6000 | Cancer* | 6000 | Cancer |
| Quintozene | | | OPP 3/2002 | 50 | | | HEAST 7/1997 | 52 | HEAST 7/1997 | 52 | Cancer* | 52 | Cancer |
| Quizalofop-ethyl (2-[4-[(6-Chloro-2-quinoxalinyloxy]phenoxy]propanoic acid ethyl ester) | | | OPP 10/1997 | 56 | | | | | IRIS 10/1/1993 | 56 | Non-cancer* | 56 | Non-cancer |
| Resmethrin ([5-(Phenylmethyl)-3-furanyl]methyl 2,2-dimethyl-3-(2-methyl-1-propenyl)cyclopropanecarboxylate) | | | OPP 10/20/1994 | 1.4 | | | | | | 1.4 | Non-cancer* | 1.4 | Non-cancer |
| Selenium | CalEPA 12/2001 | 90 | IRIS 9/1/1991 | 100 | | | | | IRIS 7/1/1993 | 90 | Non-cancer | 100 | Non-cancer |
| Selenium compounds | CalEPA 12/2001 | 90 | IRIS 9/1/1991 | 100 | | | | | IRIS 7/1/1993 | 90 | Non-cancer | 100 | Non-cancer |
| Sethoxydim (2-[1-(Ethoxyimino)butyl]-5-[2-(ethylthio)propyl]-3-hydroxyl-2-cyclohexen-1-one) | | | OPP 3/2003 | 36 | | | | | | 36 | Non-cancer* | 36 | Non-cancer |
| Silver | | | IRIS 12/1/1996 | 100 | | | | | IRIS 6/1/1989 | 100 | Non-cancer* | 100 | Non-cancer |
| Silver compounds | | | IRIS 12/1/1996 | 100 | | | | | IRIS 6/1/1989 | 100 | Non-cancer* | 100 | Non-cancer |
| Simazine | | | OPP 9/1998 | 100 | | | OPP 5/24/1990 | 24 | OPP 5/24/1990 | 100 | Non-cancer* | 100 | Non-cancer |
| Sodium azide | | | IRIS 3/1/1988 | 130 | | | | | | 130 | Non-cancer* | 130 | Non-cancer |
| Sodium dicamba | | | OPP 5/2002 | 1.1 | | | | | OPP 7/29/1996 | 1.1 | Non-cancer* | 1.1 | Non-cancer |
| Sodium fluoroacetate | | | OPP 10/27/1994 | 25000 | | | | | | 25000 | Non-cancer* | 25000 | Non-cancer |

Table A-1. Toxicity Weights¹ for All Scored TRI Chemicals and Chemical Categories, in Alphabetical Order

DATE: August 2004

| Chemical Name | Non-Cancer | | | | Cancer | | | | | Modeled RSEI Toxicity Weights | | | |
|--|---------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|---------------|--------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------|--------|------------|
| | RfC ² Source/Date | RfC Tox Wt | RfD ³ Source/Date | RfD Tox Wt | IUR ⁴ Source/Date | IUR Tox Wt | SF ⁵ Source/Date | SF Tox Wt | WOE ⁶ Source/Date | Inhalation | | Oral | |
| | | | | | | | | | | Weight | Effect | Weight | Effect |
| Sodium nitrite | | | IRIS 8/1/1992 | 5 | | | | | | 5 | Non-cancer* | 5 | Non-cancer |
| Sodium o-phenylphenoxide | | | | | | | HEAST 7/1997 | 0.39 | HEAST 7/1997 | 0.39 | Cancer* | 0.39 | Cancer |
| Strychnine and salts | | | IRIS 3/1/1988 | 1700 | | | | | | 1700 | Non-cancer* | 1700 | Non-cancer |
| Styrene | IRIS 7/1/1993 | 1.8 | IRIS 9/1/1990 | 2.5 | | | | | | 1.8 | Non-cancer | 2.5 | Non-cancer |
| Sulfuric acid | CalEPA 12/2001 | 1800 | final derived 7/28/1998 | 0.01 | | | | | final derived 7/28/1998 | 1800 | Non-cancer | 0.01 | Non-cancer |
| Sulfuryl fluoride (Vikane) | | | OPP 5/2001 | 18 | | | | | | 18 | Non-cancer* | 18 | Non-cancer |
| Sulprofos | | | OPP 1/25/1996 | 170 | | | | | OPP 3/26/1996 | 170 | Non-cancer* | 170 | Non-cancer |
| Tebuthiuron (N-[5-(1,1-Dimethylethyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl])-N,N'-dimethylurea) | | | OPP 4/2002 | 3.6 | | | | | OPP 3/1/1991 | 3.6 | Non-cancer* | 3.6 | Non-cancer |
| Temephos | | | OPP 7/25/1989 | 1000 | | | | | | 1000 | Non-cancer* | 1000 | Non-cancer |
| Terbacil (5-Chloro-3-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-6-methyl-2,4 (1H,3H)-pyrimidinedione) | | | OPP 9/8/1994 | 38 | | | | | OPP 9/30/1994 | 38 | Non-cancer* | 38 | Non-cancer |
| Tetrachloroethane, 1,1,1,2- | | | IRIS 12/1/1996 | 17 | IRIS 1/1/1991 | 5.3 | IRIS 1/1/1991 | 5.2 | IRIS 1/1/1991 | 5.3 | Cancer | 17 | Non-cancer |
| Tetrachloroethane, 1,1,2,2- | | | ATSDR 8/1996 | 13 | IRIS 2/1/1994 | 41 | IRIS 2/1/1994 | 40 | IRIS 2/1/1994 | 41 | Cancer | 40 | Cancer |
| Tetrachloroethylene (Perchloroethylene) | ATSDR 9/1997 | 6.7 | IRIS 3/1/1988 | 50 | CalEPA 10/1991 | 42 | | | IARC 1995 | 42 | Cancer | 50 | Non-cancer |
| Tetrachlorvinphos | | | OPP 3/2002 | 12 | | | OPP 3/6/1995 | 0.37 | OPP 3/6/1995 | 12 | Non-cancer* | 12 | Non-cancer |
| Thallium | | | HEAST 3/1993 | 7100 | | | | | | 7100 | Non-cancer* | 7100 | Non-cancer |
| Thallium compounds | | | HEAST 3/1993 | 7100 | | | | | | 7100 | Non-cancer* | 7100 | Non-cancer |
| Thiabenzazole | | | OPP 7/1999 | 5 | | | OPP 3/4/2002 | 23 | OPP 3/4/2002 | 23 | Cancer* | 23 | Cancer |

Table A-1. Toxicity Weights¹ for All Scored TRI Chemicals and Chemical Categories, in Alphabetical Order

DATE: August 2004

| Chemical Name | Non-Cancer | | | | Cancer | | | | | Modeled RSEI Toxicity Weights | | | | |
|---|---------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|---------------|--------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------|-------------|------------|-------------|
| | RfC ² Source/Date | RfC Tox Wt | RfD ³ Source/Date | RfD Tox Wt | IUR ⁴ Source/Date | IUR Tox Wt | SF ⁵ Source/Date | SF Tox Wt | WOE ⁶ Source/Date | Inhalation | | Oral | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | Weight | Effect | Weight | Effect | |
| Thioacetamide | | | | | CalEPA 4/1999 | 12000 | | | interim derived | 12000 | Cancer | 12000 | Cancer* | |
| Thiobencarb (Carbamic acid, diethylthio-, (S-(p-chlorobenzyl)ester) | | | OPP 2/8/1996 | 50 | | | | | OPP 6/10/1996 | 50 | Non-cancer* | 50 | Non-cancer | |
| Thiodicarb | | | OPP 4/1998 | 17 | | | | OPP 6/10/1996 | 38 | OPP 6/10/1996 | 38 | Cancer* | 38 | Cancer |
| Thiophanate-methyl | | | OPP 3/2002 | 6.3 | | | | OPP 12/8/2001 | 23 | OPP 12/8/2001 | 23 | Cancer* | 23 | Cancer |
| Thiourea | | | | | | | | final derived | 2000 | final derived | 2000 | Cancer* | 2000 | Cancer |
| Thiram | | | OPP 1/2000 | 60 | | | | | | | 60 | Non-cancer* | 60 | Non-cancer |
| Thorium dioxide | final derived | 1800 | | | | | | final derived | 1000000 | final derived | 1800 | Non-cancer | 1000000 | Cancer |
| Titanium tetrachloride | ATSDR 9/1997 | 18000 | | | | | | | | | 18000 | Non-cancer | 18000 | Non-cancer* |
| Toluene | IRIS 8/1/1992 | 4.5 | IRIS 4/1/1994 | 2.5 | | | | | IRIS 2/1/1994 | 4.5 | Non-cancer | 2.5 | Non-cancer | |
| Toluene diisocyanate (mixed isomers) | IRIS 9/1/1995 | 26000 | interim derived | 2.2 | CalEPA 4/1999 | 79 | interim derived | 78 | interim derived | 26000 | Non-cancer | 78 | Cancer | |
| Toluene-2,4-diisocyanate | IRIS 9/1/1995 | 26000 | interim derived | 2.2 | CalEPA 4/1999 | 79 | interim derived | 78 | interim derived | 26000 | Non-cancer | 78 | Cancer | |
| Toluene-2,6-diisocyanate | IRIS 9/1/1995 | 26000 | interim derived | 2.2 | CalEPA 4/1999 | 79 | interim derived | 78 | interim derived | 26000 | Non-cancer | 78 | Cancer | |
| Toluidine hydrochloride, o- | | | | | | | | HEAST 7/1997 | 360 | HEAST 7/1997 | 360 | Cancer* | 360 | Cancer |
| Toluidine, o- | | | | | | | | HEAST 7/1997 | 480 | HEAST 7/1997 | 480 | Cancer* | 480 | Cancer |
| Toxaphene | | | OPP 5/19/1986 | 2000 | IRIS 1/1/1991 | 2300 | IRIS 1/1/1991 | 2200 | IRIS 1/1/1991 | 2300 | Cancer | 2200 | Cancer | |
| Triadimefon (1-(4-Chlorophenoxy)-3,3-dimethyl-1-(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)-2-butanone) | | | OPP 10/1997 | 13 | | | | | OPP 12/4/1996 | 13 | Non-cancer* | 13 | Non-cancer | |
| Triallate | | | OPP 7/1999 | 20 | | | | OPP 1/12/1994 | 14 | OPP 1/12/1994 | 20 | Non-cancer* | 20 | Non-cancer |
| Tribenuron methyl | | | IRIS 4/1/1990 | 63 | | | | | OPP 7/14/1989 | 63 | Non-cancer* | 63 | Non-cancer | |

Table A-1. Toxicity Weights¹ for All Scored TRI Chemicals and Chemical Categories, in Alphabetical Order

DATE: August 2004

| Chemical Name | Non-Cancer | | | | Cancer | | | | | Modeled RSEI Toxicity Weights | | | |
|--|---------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|---------------|--------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------|--------|-------------|
| | RfC ² Source/Date | RfC Tox Wt | RfD ³ Source/Date | RfD Tox Wt | IUR ⁴ Source/Date | IUR Tox Wt | SF ⁵ Source/Date | SF Tox Wt | WOE ⁶ Source/Date | Inhalation | | Oral | |
| | | | | | | | | | | Weight | Effect | Weight | Effect |
| Tributyltrithiophosphate (DEF), S,S,S- | | | OPP 6/2000 | 500 | | | OPP 5/22/1997 | 170 | OPP 5/22/1997 | 500 | Non-cancer* | 500 | Non-cancer |
| Trichlorfon | | | OPP 8/1999 | 250 | | | | | OPP 7/15/1999 | 250 | Non-cancer* | 250 | Non-cancer |
| Trichlorobenzene, 1,2,4- | HEAST 7/1997 | 9 | IRIS 11/1/1996 | 50 | | | | | IRIS 7/1/1993 | 9 | Non-cancer | 50 | Non-cancer |
| Trichloroethane, 1,1,1- | CalEPA 2/2000 | 1.8 | final derived 8/18/1998 | 1 | | | | | IRIS 9/1/1990 | 1.8 | Non-cancer | 1 | Non-cancer |
| Trichloroethane, 1,1,2- | | | IRIS 2/1/1995 | 130 | IRIS 2/1/1994 | 11 | IRIS 2/1/1994 | 11 | IRIS 2/1/1994 | 11 | Cancer | 130 | Non-cancer |
| Trichloroethylene | CalEPA 4/2000 | 3 | | | CalEPA 10/1990 | 14 | | | IARC 1995 | 14 | Cancer | 14 | Cancer* |
| Trichlorophenol, 2,4,5- | | | IRIS 3/1/1988 | 5 | | | | | | 5 | Non-cancer* | 5 | Non-cancer |
| Trichlorophenol, 2,4,6- | | | | | IRIS 2/1/1994 | 22 | IRIS 2/1/1994 | 22 | IRIS 2/1/1994 | 22 | Cancer | 22 | Cancer |
| Trichloropropane, 1,2,3- | | | IRIS 8/1/1990 | 83 | | | HEAST 7/1997 | 14000 | HEAST 7/1997 | 14000 | Cancer* | 14000 | Cancer |
| Triethylamine | IRIS 4/1/1991 | 260 | | | | | | | | 260 | Non-cancer | 260 | Non-cancer* |
| Trifluralin | | | OPP 6/2/1994 | 21 | | | IRIS 10/1/1993 | 1.5 | IRIS 10/1/1993 | 21 | Non-cancer* | 21 | Non-cancer |
| Triforine | | | OPP 11/19/1986 | 20 | | | | | | 20 | Non-cancer* | 20 | Non-cancer |
| Trimethylbenzene, 1,2,4- | final derived | 300 | final derived | 1000 | | | | | | 300 | Non-cancer | 1000 | Non-cancer |
| Triphenyltin hydroxide | | | OPP 3/2001 | 1700 | | | OPP 5/24/1990 | 3700 | OPP 5/24/1990 | 3700 | Cancer* | 3700 | Cancer |
| Urethane (Ethyl carbamate) | | | | | CalEPA 4/1999 | 2100 | | | interim derived | 2100 | Cancer | 2100 | Cancer* |
| Vanadium | | | HEAST 7/1997 | 71 | | | | | | 71 | Non-cancer* | 71 | Non-cancer |
| Vanadium compounds | | | HEAST 7/1997 | 71 | | | | | | 71 | Non-cancer* | 71 | Non-cancer |
| Vinclozolin (3-(3,5-Dichlorophenyl)-5-ethenyl-5-methyl-2,4-oxazolidinedione) | | | OPP 12/1999 | 42 | | | | | OPP 6/20/2000 | 42 | Non-cancer* | 42 | Non-cancer |

| Table A-1. Toxicity Weights ¹ for All Scored TRI Chemicals and Chemical Categories, in Alphabetical Order | | | | | | | | | | DATE: August 2004 | | | |
|--|---------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|---------------|--------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------|--------|-------------|
| Chemical Name | Non-Cancer | | | | Cancer | | | | | Modeled RSEI Toxicity Weights | | | |
| | RfC ² Source/Date | RfC Tox Wt | RfD ³ Source/Date | RfD Tox Wt | IUR ⁴ Source/Date | IUR Tox Wt | SF ⁵ Source/Date | SF Tox Wt | WOE ⁶ Source/Date | Inhalation | | Oral | |
| | | | | | | | | | | Weight | Effect | Weight | Effect |
| Vinyl acetate | IRIS 10/1/1990 | 9 | HEAST 7/1997 | 0.5 | | | | | | 9 | Non-cancer | 0.5 | Non-cancer |
| Vinyl bromide | IRIS 11/1/1994 | 600 | | | | | | | | 600 | Non-cancer | 600 | Non-cancer* |
| Vinyl chloride | IRIS 8/7/2000 | 18 | IRIS 8/7/2000 | 170 | IRIS 8/7/2000 | 63 | IRIS 8/7/2000 | 3000 | IRIS 8/7/2000 | 63 | Cancer | 3000 | Cancer |
| Vinylidene chloride | IRIS 8/13/2002 | 9 | IRIS 8/13/2002 | 10 | | | | | IRIS 8/13/2002 | 9 | Non-cancer | 10 | Non-cancer |
| Warfarin and salts | | | IRIS 3/1/1988 | 1700 | | | | | | 1700 | Non-cancer* | 1700 | Non-cancer |
| Xylene (mixed isomers) | IRIS 2/21/2003 | 18 | IRIS 2/21/2003 | 2.5 | | | | | OPP 12/2/1987 | 18 | Non-cancer | 2.5 | Non-cancer |
| Xylene, m- | IRIS 2/21/2003 | 18 | IRIS 2/21/2003 | 2.5 | | | | | OPP 12/2/1987 | 18 | Non-cancer | 2.5 | Non-cancer |
| Xylene, o- | IRIS 2/21/2003 | 18 | IRIS 2/21/2003 | 2.5 | | | | | OPP 12/2/1987 | 18 | Non-cancer | 2.5 | Non-cancer |
| Xylene, p- | IRIS 2/21/2003 | 18 | IRIS 2/21/2003 | 2.5 | | | | | OPP 12/2/1987 | 18 | Non-cancer | 2.5 | Non-cancer |
| Zinc (fume or dust) | CalEPA 7/1990 | 51 | IRIS 10/1/1992 | 1.7 | | | | | IRIS 2/1/1991 | 51 | Non-cancer | 1.7 | Non-cancer |
| Zinc compounds | CalEPA 7/1990 | 51 | IRIS 10/1/1992 | 1.7 | | | | | IRIS 2/1/1991 | 51 | Non-cancer | 1.7 | Non-cancer |
| Zineb | | | IRIS 3/1/1988 | 10 | | | | | | 10 | Non-cancer* | 10 | Non-cancer |

* Toxicity weight adopted from the other exposure route (breathing/inhalation or ingestion/oral).

1. The following sources of toxicity information were used to generate toxicity weights: **IRIS** searches were performed on April 1, 1997 (Integrated Risk Information System electronic database, version 1.0) and updated on February 1998, September 1998, January 8, 1999, January 26, 2000, Summer 2000, February 1, 2001, July 2001, December 2001, November 2003, and March 2004 (IRIS Home Page).

An IRIS search for new chemicals added for reporting year 2000 was conducted in May 2002.

CalEPA (California Environmental Protection Agency) values were obtained from the May 2001, July 2001, November 2003, and December 19, 2003 Consolidated Table of OEHHA/ARB Approved Risk Assessment Health Values, with the exception of the reference dose (RfD) for lead.

The RfD for lead is derived from the December 1997 CalEPA Public Health Goal for Lead in Drinking Water.

OPP non-cancer values were obtained from the May 1, 2003 Office of Pesticide Programs "Acute and Chronic Reference Doses." OPP cancer values were obtained from the April 11, 2003 Office of Pesticide Programs "List of Chemicals Evaluated for Carcinogenic Potential."

ATSDR (Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry) values were obtained from the January 2004 Minimum Risk Levels (MRLs) for Hazardous Substances.

HEAST values were obtained from the July 1997 and March 1993 Health Effects Assessment Summary Tables.

Cancer weight-of-evidence (WOE) designations were obtained from **IARC** (International Agency for Research on Cancer) in the absence of WOE designations from the sources described above. **Derived** values are those determined by the OPPT Review Process.

Refer to the Toxic Release Inventory Relative Risk-Based Environmental Indicators: Interim Toxicity Weighting Summary Document (EPA, June 1997) for further discussion of this methodology. The dates shown in this table refer to the actual listing dates of toxicity information as provided by the data source, and not the date of the search or the date of the publication. However, since HEAST does not provide listing dates for each chemical, the listing dates in this table refer to the date of the HEAST publication.

2. RfC = Reference Concentration (mg/m³; non-cancer, inhalation pathway)
3. RfD = Reference Dose (mg/kg/day; non-cancer, oral pathway)
4. IUR = Inhalation Unit Risk (risk per mg/m³; cancer, inhalation pathway)
5. SF = Oral Slope Factor (risk per mg/kg/day; cancer, oral pathway)
6. WOE = weight-of-evidence (provided for cancer toxicity values only)

Chemical-Specific Footnotes:

Asbestos: Toxicity information is expressed in different units (i.e., risk per fibers/ml) and its toxicity weight is assigned qualitatively.

Butoxyethyl ester, 2,4-D: Toxicity information based on 2,4-D.

Butyl alcohol, tert- and sec-: Toxicity information based on n-butyl alcohol.

Chlorophenols: Toxicity information based on pentachlorophenol.

Chromium and Chromium Compounds: Toxicity information based on chromium(VI).

Cyanide compounds: Toxicity information based on hydrogen cyanide for inhalation pathway and copper cyanide for oral pathway.

Diisocyanates: Toxicity information based on HDI (1,6-Hexamethylene diisocyanate).

Ethylenebisdithiocarbamic acid, salts and esters: Toxicity information based on Metiram.

Ethylhexyl ester, 2,4-D, 2-: Toxicity information based on 2,4-D.

Glycol ethers: Toxicity information based on ethylene glycol monomethyl ether.

Hydrazine sulfate: Toxicity information based on hydrazine.

Lead and Lead Compounds: RfD derived from CalEPA Public Health Goal; an IUR from CalEPA was excluded and the oral toxicity weight based on a non-cancer endpoint was used for the inhalation pathway because of the large body of evidence suggesting a low threshold for non-cancer effects of lead.

Maneb: Slope factor based on ethylene thiourea, as designated in OPP 8/2000 Report.

Mercury and Mercury Compounds: Toxicity information based on elemental mercury for inhalation pathway and methyl mercury for oral pathway.

Nitrate compounds: Toxicity information based on nitrate.

Polycyclic aromatic compounds: Toxicity information based on benzo(a)pyrene.

Sodium dicamba: Toxicity information based on dicamba.

Sodium nitrite: Toxicity information based on nitrite.

Sodium o-phenylphenoxide: Toxicity information based on 2-phenylphenol.

Strychnine and salts: Toxicity information based on strychnine.

Thallium and Thallium Compounds: Toxicity information based on thallic oxide.

Thorium dioxide: Oral toxicity weight based upon a qualitative assessment of toxicity.

Warfarin and salts: Toxicity information based on warfarin.