# Used Electronic Products: An Examination of U.S. Exports

Global E-Waste Management Network 3<sup>rd</sup> Annual Meeting July 19, 2013

#### Presentation Outline:

- USTR's request
- Product scope of the investigation
- Major themes
- Questionnaire
- Key findings

### International Trade Commission

- Small, independent, fact-finding agency
- ITC is not a policy-making agency
- ITC provides information on trade and related topics to other U.S. government agencies



## USTR's Request

- How much is exported
- Where it goes
- What types of products, and in what condition
- Types of exporting and importing enterprises
- Factors affecting trade in UEPs

## Product Scope of the Investigation

- Computers and parts, computer peripherals, CRTs
- Mobile phones and other telecom equipment
- Televisions and other video equipment
- Audio equipment
- Office imaging equipment
- Medical imaging equipment

#### Not included:

- Stand alone batteries (car batteries, AA batteries)
- Auto parts
- White goods/home appliances







## Important Themes throughout the Report

- Highly complex industry and supply chain (see handout)
- Industry (and study) split into two primary segments
  - Refurbish/repair products for reuse
  - Recycle/disassemble products for materials recovery
  - Some disposal of material, which usually imposes a cost
- Some exporting activity raises concerns
- OECD vs. non-OECD
- Role of industry certification programs (R2 and estewards)

### What Gets Exported

- Refurbished goods or parts, tested and working
- Whole products or parts, not tested/working
  - Intended for repair and resale abroad
  - Possibly destined for manual disassembly or disposal abroad
- Electronics-related goods removed from whole products, such as circuit boards or CRTs
- Scrap materials from disassembled electronics
  - Ferrous and non-ferrous metals
  - Plastics
  - Glass







## Industry Questionnaire

- 2011 data only (no trend data)
- Stratified random sample of potential exporters in 6 industry segments (industry names chosen to match NAICS definitions):
  - waste management and remediation;
  - smelting of nonferrous materials;
  - electronic products manufacturing;
  - wholesaling and brokering of electronic products and of recyclable materials;
  - repair and refurbishing of electronic products; and
  - other services, such as IT asset management

### Questionnaire & Results

- 5200 questionnaires sent to firms with >10 employees
- Total response rate: 57%
- Number of exporters: 1370 (weighted estimate)
- RSEs used to measure precision of data
- Results extrapolated to industry population
- Double counting:
  - Likely to have some double counting in domestic sales
  - Less likely to have double counting in exports

## Data collection: value vs. volume vs. weight

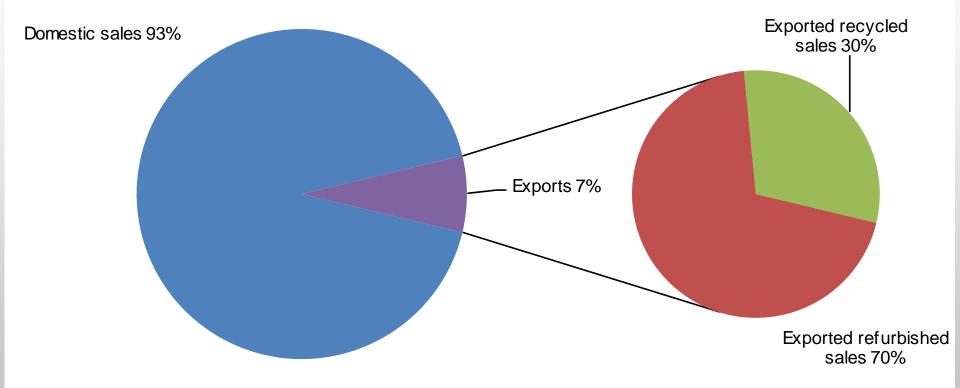
| UEP activity           | Export data presented in the questionnaire |                  |                 |                    |  |  |  |
|------------------------|--|------------------|-----------------|--------------------|--|--|--|
|                        | Weight (tons)                              | Sales value (\$) | Number of units | Disposal cost (\$) |  |  |  |
| Refurbishing           | (actimated)                                | X                | X               |                    |  |  |  |
| or repair<br>Recycling | (estimated)<br>X                           | X                |                 |                    |  |  |  |
| Recycling or disposal  | X  |                  |                 | X                  |  |  |  |

#### **KEY FINDINGS**





#### **FIGURE ES-2** Exports were 7% of UEP sales in 2011



Total = \$20.6 billion dollars

Total = \$1.5 billion dollars

Source: USITC calculations of weighted responses to the Commission questionnaire.

### Principal Findings

- By value, largest share of exports: Whole equipment and parts for reuse (\$1.0 billion or 70%)
  - Tested and working products were 88% of U.S. exports of whole UEPs; 12% was exported for repair/refurbishment
- By weight, largest share of exports: Commodity materials intended for materials processing (smelting or refining) (324,000 tons or 43%).
- Recycled/disassembled materials by weight:
  - Metals, plastics, & glass: 64%
  - Circuit boards (whole and shredded): 17%
  - CRT monitors and TVs: 6%

#### Top Markets for U.S. Exports of UEPs (by volume)

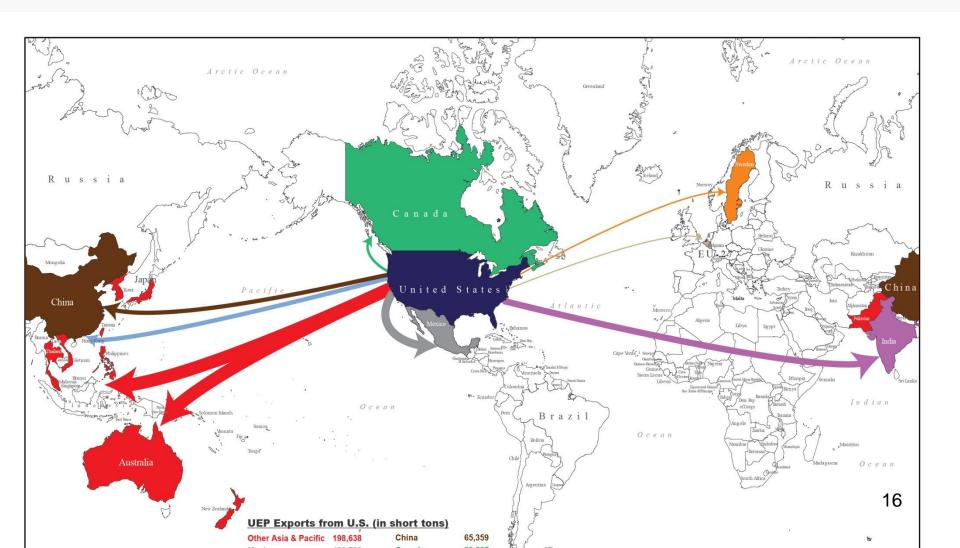




TABLE ES.4 Estimated U.S. exports of UEPs, by end use, 2011

|       | 1000 |
|-------|------|
|       | 100  |
| 17.   |      |
| 1 / L |      |

<sup>a</sup>58,021

47,071

| End use   | Export weight | Percent |
|---|---------------|---------|
|   | Short tons    |         |
| Materials processing (smelting, refining, sorting)      | 323,772       | 42.7    |
| Recycling or disassembly                                | a84,941       | 11.2    |
| Resale of whole equipment or working parts with further |               |         |

Final disposal

Charitable donation (operational goods)

Other

a5,768

a27

(b)

102,295

13.5

 Unknown
 135,826
 17.9

 Total
 757,721
 100

Source: USITC calculations of weighted responses to the Commission questionnaire.

processing (recycle, repair, refurbish, etc.)

Resale of whole equipment or working parts without further

processing (tested/working in the United States)

Note: The data presented here represent exporters' estimates of the end use of their exported products at the export destination. These data are available only on the basis of weight, not value. Data presented elsewhere in the report, and in this executive summary, represent exporters' characterizations of their exported products. Totals and breakdowns from the two sets of data are not comparable.

6.2

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Low-precision estimates, with RSE above 50 percent.

bLess than 0.5 percent.



| TABLE ES.5 Estimated U.S exports of UEPs, by type of receiving enterprise, 2011 |               |         |  |  |  |  |
|---|---------------|---------|--|--|--|--|
| Foreign enterprise type   | Export weight | Percent |  |  |  |  |
|   | (Short tons)  |         |  |  |  |  |
| Smelter/metal foundry   | 255,240       | 33.7    |  |  |  |  |
| Refurbisher/remanufacturer  | 217,622       | 28.7    |  |  |  |  |
| Plastics reprocessor  | 50,833        | 6.7     |  |  |  |  |
| Recycler of used electronics  | 50,087        | 6.6     |  |  |  |  |
| Reseller/broker   | 34,811        | 4.6     |  |  |  |  |
|   |               |         |  |  |  |  |

Unknown a95,949 12.

Total 757,721 100.0

Source: USITC calculations of weighted responses to the Commission questionnaire.

Note: The data presented here represent exporters' estimates of the type of enterprises that received their export shipments. These data are available only on the basis of weight, not value. Data presented elsewhere in the report, and in this executive summary, represent exporters' characterizations of their exported products. Totals and breakdowns from the two sets of data are not comparable.

Original equipment mfr (OEM)/Original

Other

device mfr (ODM)

Nonprofit organization/charity

11,744

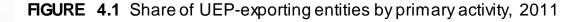
41,406

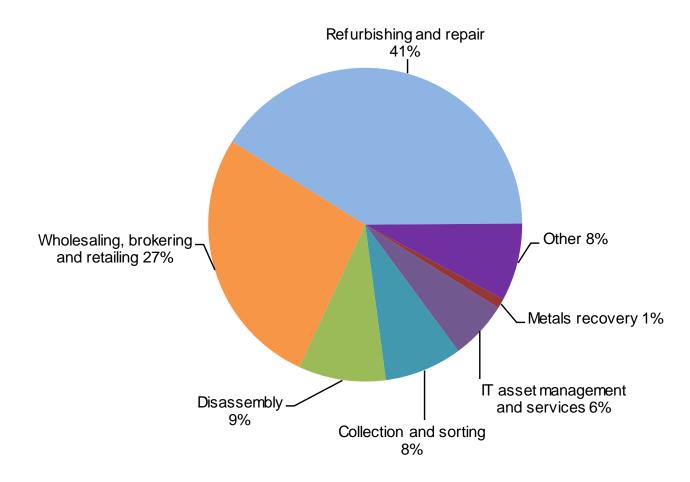
a29

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Low-precision estimates, with RSE above 50 percent.

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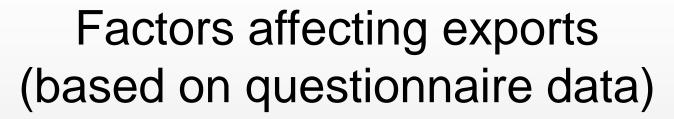
Source: USITC calculations of weighted responses to the Commission questionnaire.





TABLE 4.3 Non-exporting UEP handlers that reported indirect exports, by primary activity, 2011

| •   |  |
|---|--|
| Primary activity  | Share of total UEP industry made up of non-exporters that believe some portion of their output is exported by another organization (percent) |
|   | E A  |
| Metals recovery   | 54   |
| Disassembly   | 49   |
|   |  |
| IT asset management and services  | 37   |
| Collection and sorting  | 36   |
|   |  |
| Wholesaling, brokering, and retailing   | 25   |
| Defurbishing and renair   | 20   |
| Refurbishing and repair   | 20   |
| All non-exporting UEP handlers  | 27   |
|   |  |
| Source: USITC calculations of weighted responses to the Commission questionnaire. |  |



## Factors encouraging exports (exporters)

- Foreign market demand
- Commodity prices
- Knowledge of foreign markets
- Foreign labor costs
- Foreign connections

## Factors discouraging exports (non-exporters)

- Environmental concerns
- Commitment to keeping work in the United States
- Certification requirements
- Transportation Costs
- Knowledge of foreign markets



## Additional factors affecting exports (not based on questionnaire data)

- Regulations in 28 U.S. states tend to reduce exports by changing the cost structure of the local UEP industry.
- Certification programs have become a significant factor in the industry, and likely serve to limit UEP exports.
- There is demand for UEPs exported from the United States in developing countries, but a number of developing countries limit imports of nonworking UEPs, including through their implementation of the Basel Convention's prior notification and consent system.

#### Export data from U.S. Census Bureau

- Shipment-level data on exports of certain specific electronic products
- Separate from questionnaire data (aggregated product categories)
- Data not available elsewhere
- Used goods not identified, so we use the proxy of low average unit values (AUVs)
- Six products analyzed: Cell phones, laptops, desktops, CRTs, hard drives, flat screen monitors











#### Census data example: Cell phones

TABLE 2.5 Summary of U.S. Census export data, cell phones

Schedule B export codes: 8517120020, 8517120050

|  |      |           |           |              |               |       | %         | %         |
|--|------|-----------|-----------|--------------|---------------|-------|-----------|-----------|
|  |      |           |           |              |               |       | shipments | shipments |
|  |      |           |           |              |               | % of  | to        | to        |
|  |      |           | No. of    |              | Value of      | total | OECD      | non-OECD  |
|  | Uni  | t value   | shipments | No. of units | shipments     | value | countries | countries |
|  |      | (Dollars) |           |              | (\$ millions) |       |           |           |
| Total  |      |           |           |              |               |       |           |           |
| exports  | avg. | 123.48    | 56,064    | 45,380,982   | 5,603.4       | 100   | 27.6      | 72.4      |
| Lowest   |      |           |           |              |               |       |           |           |
| 50%  | ≤    | 184.06    | 28,032    | 38,463,820   | 3,012.9       | 54    | 37.0      | 63.0      |
| Lowest   |      |           |           |              |               |       |           |           |
| 25%  | ≤    | 104.16    | 14,016    | 26,816,231   | 1,391.9       | 25    | 20.5      | 79.5      |
| Lowest   |      |           |           |              |               |       |           |           |
| 10%  | ≤    | 50.00     | 5,631     | 13,331,185   | 321.9         | 6     | 8.0       | 92.0      |
| Source: U.S. Census Bureau, unpublished export data, 2011. |      |           |           |              |               |       |           |           |

#### Census data example: Cell phones

TABLE 2.6 Cell phones: U.S. exports with unit values in lowest 10 percent of shipments 2011<sup>a</sup>

|                | A L IV / | No of wells  | No. of    | Export value | Share of total value |
|----------------|----------|--------------|-----------|--------------|----------------------|
|                | AUV      | No. of units | shipments | (US \$)      | (percent)            |
| Hong Kong      | 17.32    | 3,492,517    | 1,265     | 60,495,597   | 19                   |
| Venezuela      | 34.09    | 1,049,706    | 172       | 35,781,308   | 11                   |
| Paraguay       | 30.31    | 1,161,230    | 776       | 35,196,305   | 11                   |
| Mexico         | 23.28    | 1,329,494    | 255       | 30,944,120   | 10                   |
| Haiti          | 19.10    | 1,308,554    | 102       | 24,992,331   | 8                    |
| El Salvador    | 25.49    | 488,538      | 167       | 12,453,270   | 4                    |
| Dominican      |          |              |           |              |                      |
| Republic       | 35.26    | 348,058      | 176       | 12,271,154   | 4                    |
| Honduras       | 26.09    | 430,716      | 120       | 11,237,325   | 3                    |
| Jamaica        | 24.69    | 448,855      | 82        | 11,083,478   | 3                    |
| Philippines    | (b)      | (b)          | (b)       | (b)          | (b)                  |
| All other      | (b)      | (b)          | (b)       | (b)          | (b)                  |
| OECD countries | 23.42    | 1,514,503    | 453       | 35,476,753   | 11                   |
| Developing     |          |              |           |              |                      |
| countries      | 24.24    | 11,816,682   | 5,718     | 286,422,050  | 89                   |
| Total          | 24.15    | 13,331,185   | 5,631     | 321,898,803  | 100                  |

Source: USITC staff calculations based on U.S. Census Bureau, unpublished export data, 2011 (Schedule B codes 8517120020 and 8517120050).

# Full Report Available Online at: <a href="http://www.usitc.gov/publications/332">http://www.usitc.gov/publications/332</a> <a href="mailto://pub4379.pdf">/pub4379.pdf</a>

#### Thank You

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