

# From Science to Policy: Ship emissions control strategy in Hong Kong and the Pearl River Delta

## 從科學到政策 香港及珠江三角洲船舶排放管制策略

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10 December 2012

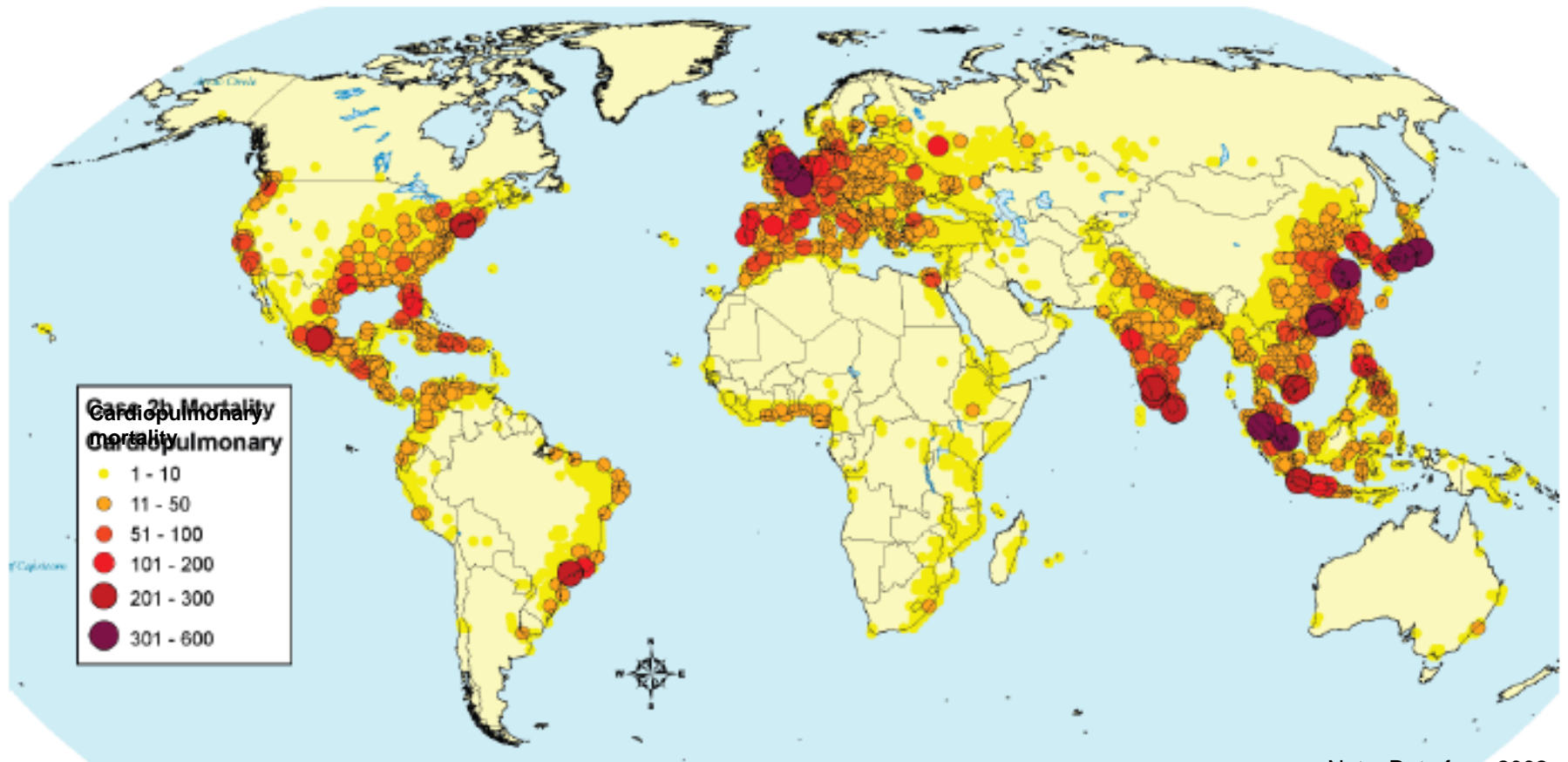
# Exhaust emissions from ships

## 船舶排放



# Ship emissions and mortality

## 船舶排放與死亡率



Note: Data from 2002



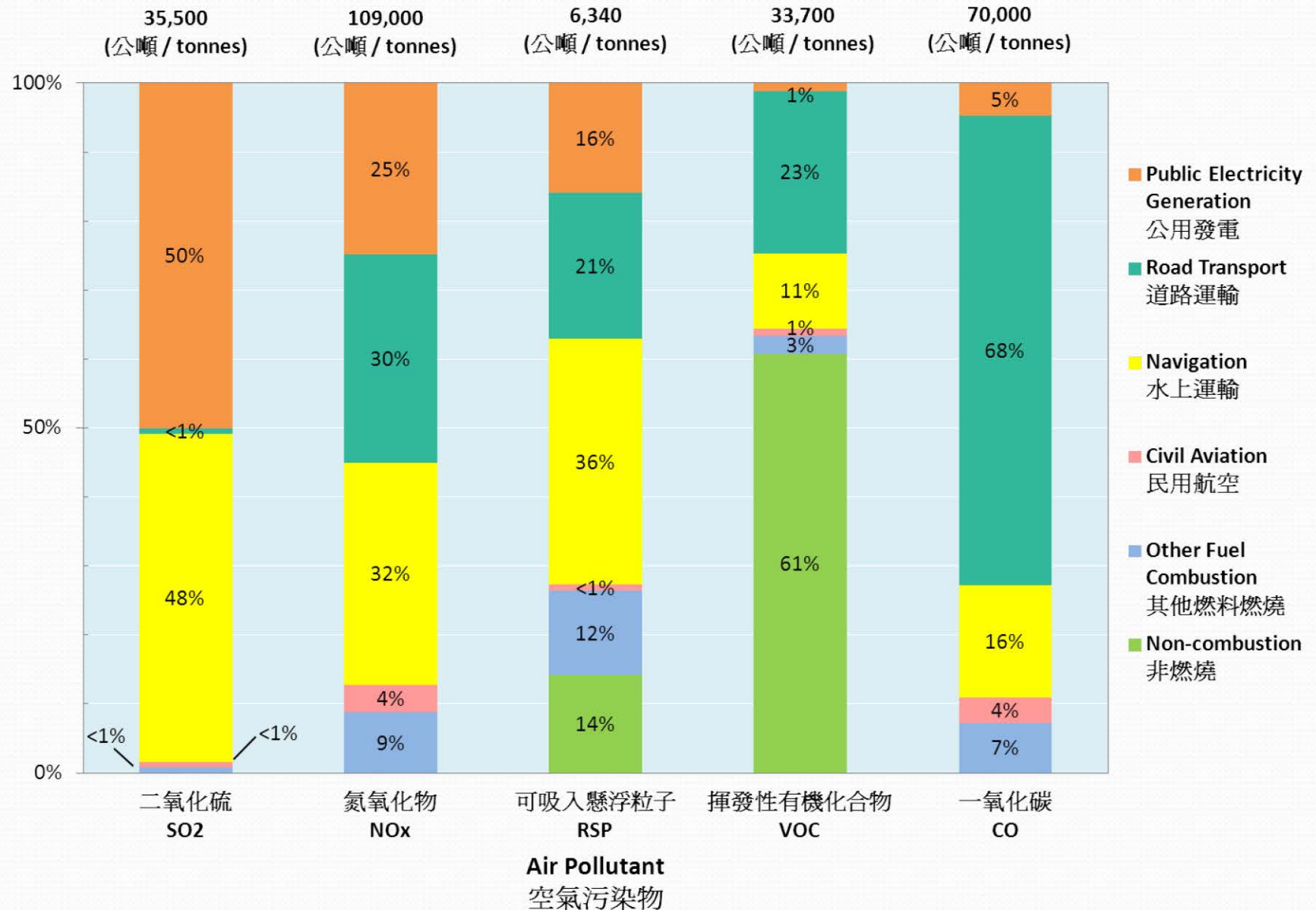
# Proximity to population and health impact

## 港口靠近民居與健康影響



# 2010 年排放清單

## 2010 Emission Inventory

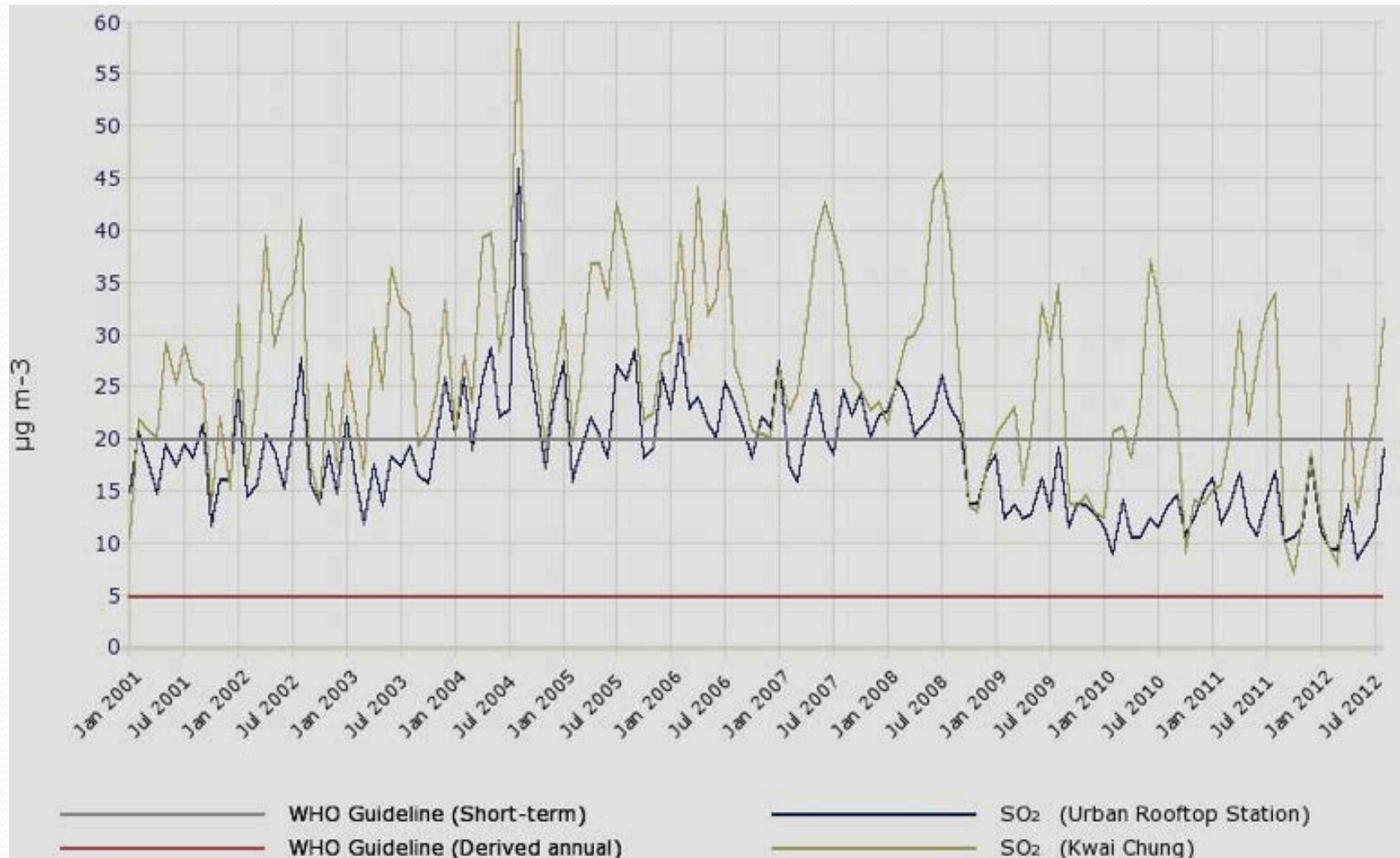




# Ship emissions and urban air quality: SO<sub>2</sub>

## 船舶排放與空氣質量：二氧化硫

Monthly means 月均濃度 (2001-2012)



**GUANGZHOU**  
12,550m TEU



**SHENZHEN**  
22,510m TEU



**ZHONGSHAN** 1,08m TEU



**HONG KONG**  
23,699m TEU



**MACAU** 0,09m TEU



**+ ZHUHAI** 0,70m TEU



**10.5% GLOBAL TEU**



**PRD MAJOR CONTAINER PORT THROUGHPUT 2010**

# Study on Marine Vessels Emission Inventory

## 香港船舶排放清單研究

Tender Reference AS 08-068

**Study on  
Marine Vessels Emission Inventory  
Final Report**

submitted to

**The Environmental Protection Department  
The HKSAR Government**

by

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LIN Chubin  
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Agnes C K YIP  
Alexis K H LAU  
Jimmy C H FUNG**

for and on behalf of

**Institute for the Environment  
The Hong Kong University of Science & Technology**

February 2012



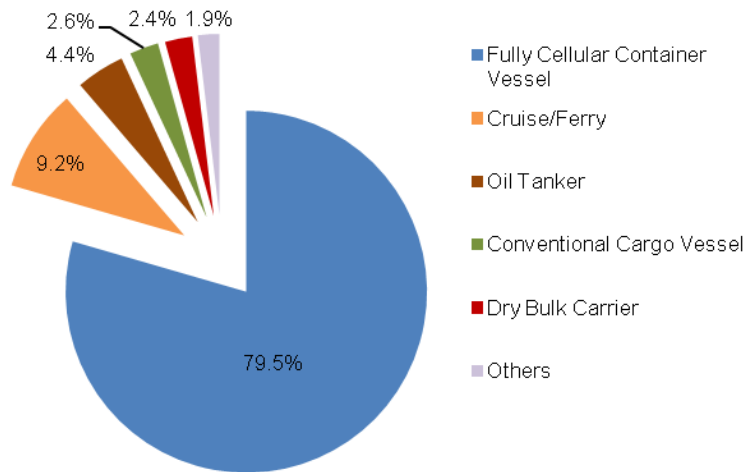
- ship emission inventory  
for Hong Kong  
香港船舶排放清單
- 2007 as base year  
2007年為基礎年
- activity-based approach  
以動力法計算排放



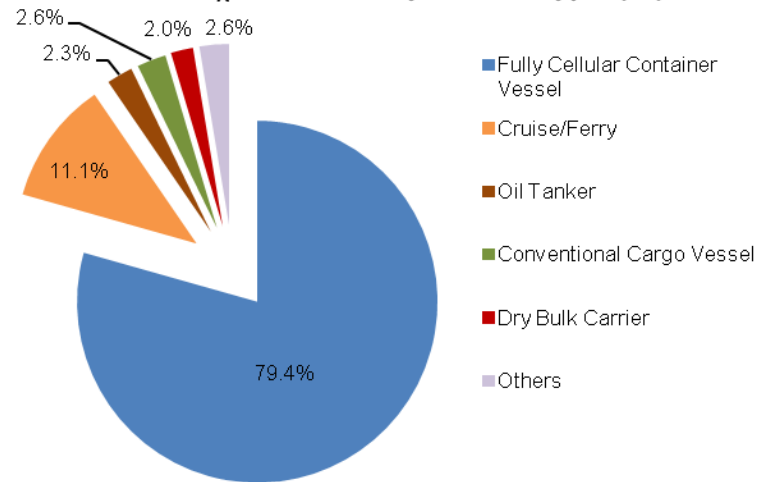
# OGV emissions by vessel type

## 按船舶類別劃分的遠洋船排放佔有率

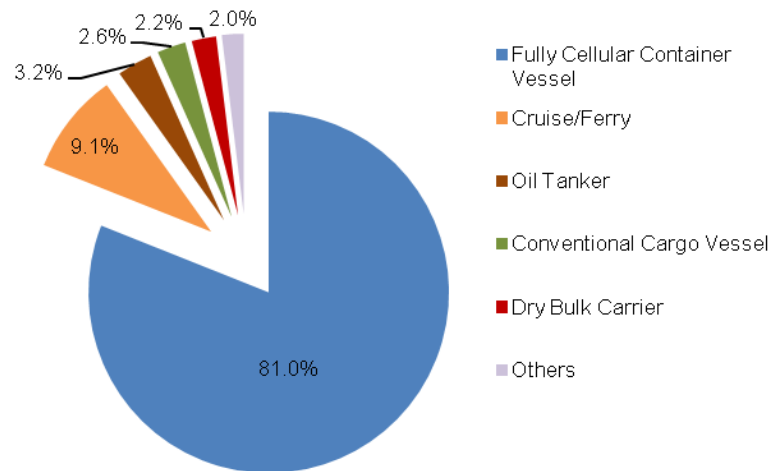
OGV SO<sub>2</sub> Emission by Vessel Type (%)



OGV NO<sub>x</sub> Emission by Vessel Type (%)

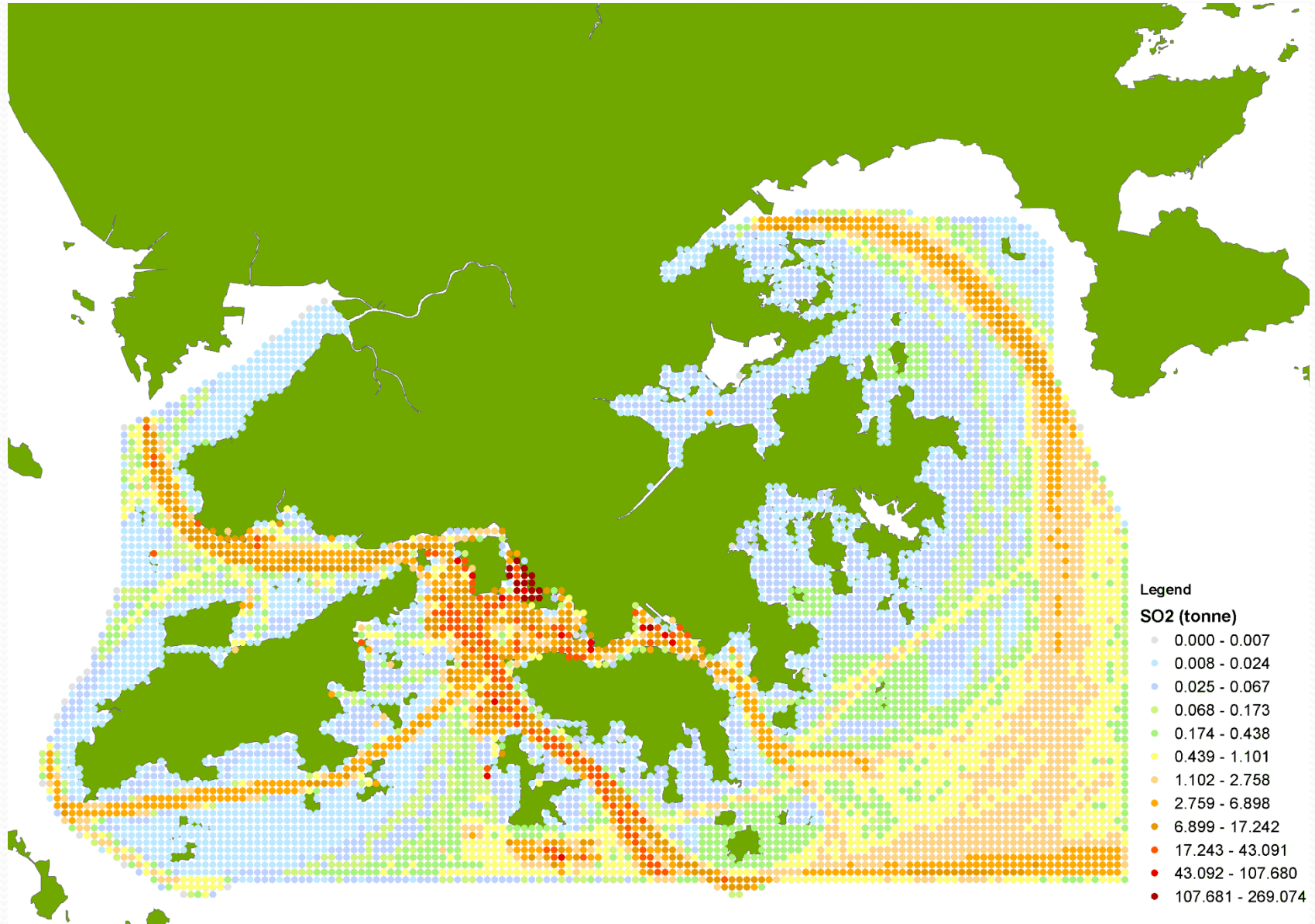


OGV PM<sub>10</sub> Emission by Vessel Type (%)

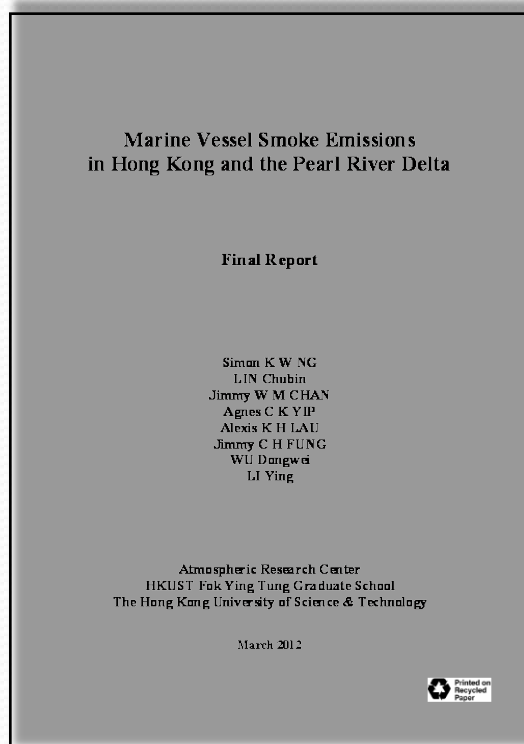


# Spatial distribution of ship emissions 2007

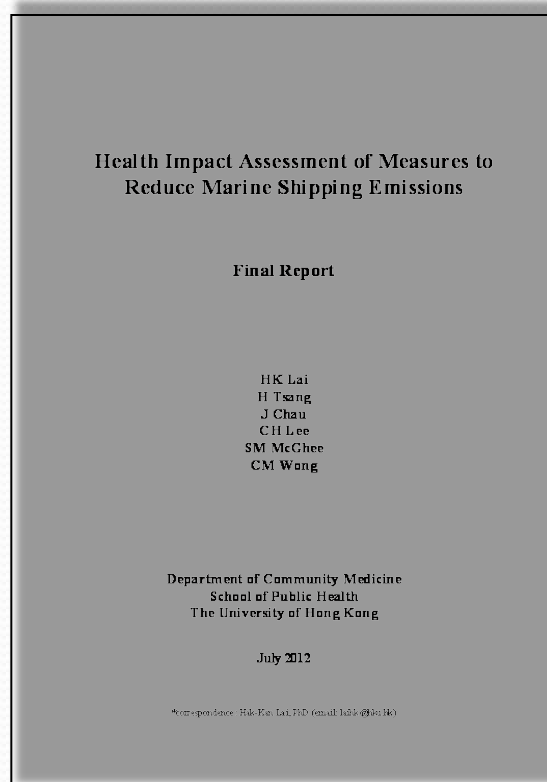
## 2007年船舶排放的空間分佈



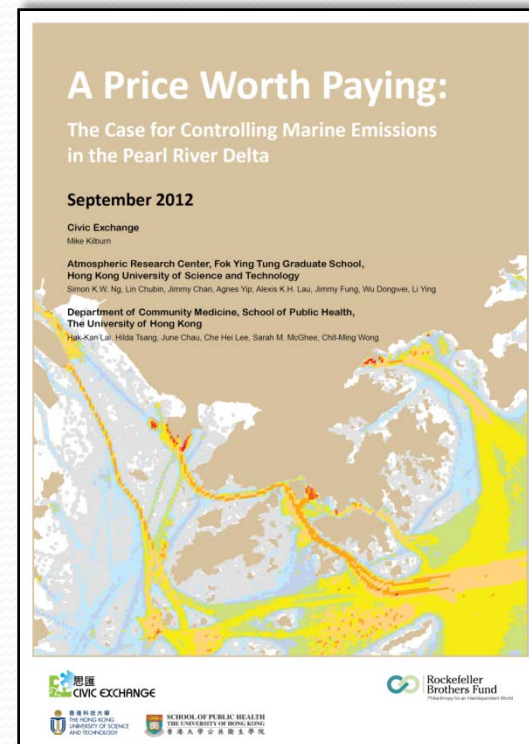
# PRD ship emissions study 珠三角船舶污染研究



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Emission inventory  
排放清單

Dispersion  
擴散

Health impact  
健康影響

Policy recommendation  
政策建議

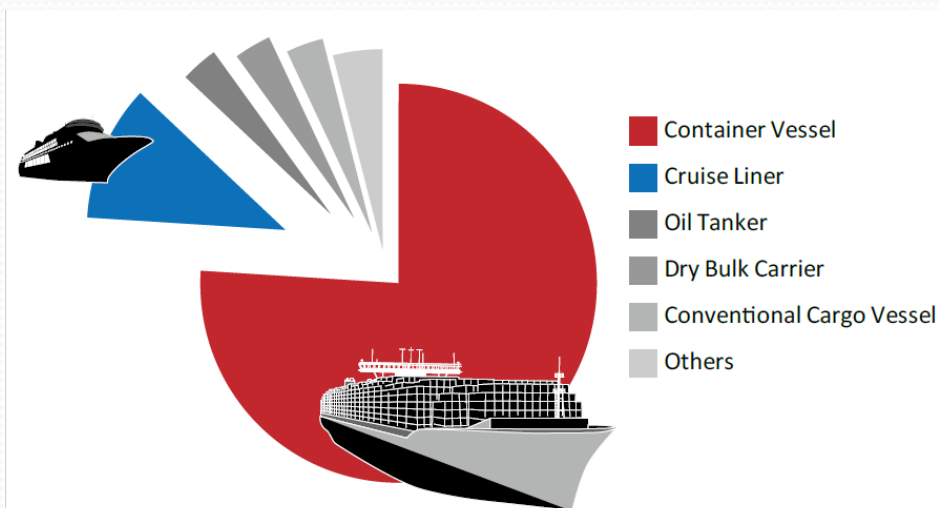


# 2008 OGV emissions inventory

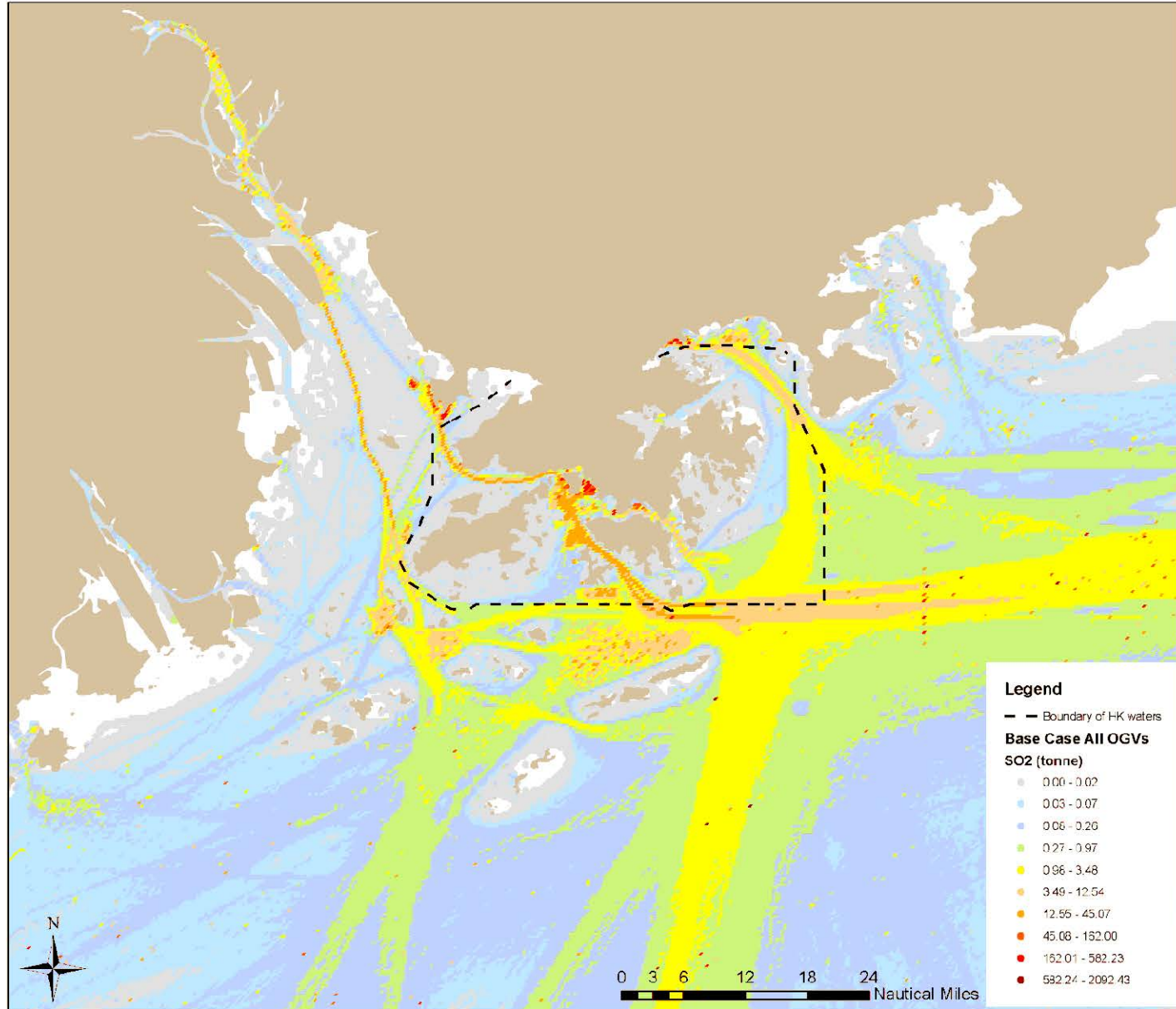
## 2008年遠洋船排放清單

(tonne 噸)

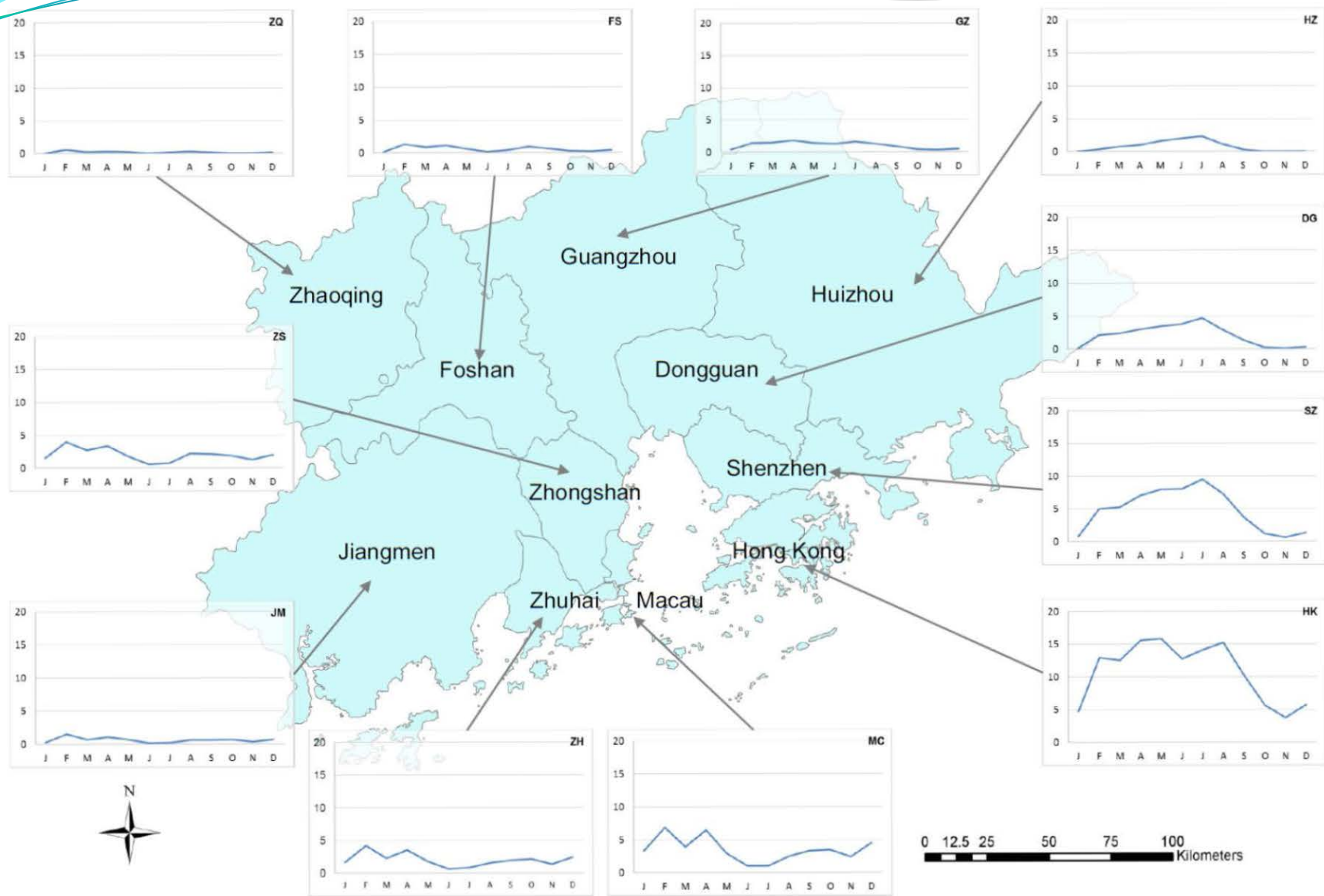
	SO <sub>2</sub>	NO <sub>x</sub>	PM <sub>10</sub>	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	VOC	CO
Within Hong Kong waters	16,489.3	17,900.7	1,870.3	1,720.7	753.6	1,749.1
Outside Hong Kong waters but within 100 nm from Hong Kong	125,430.4	163,412.4	14,563.0	13,397.9	5,808.4	14,914.3
<b>Total</b>	<b>141,919.7</b>	<b>181,313.1</b>	<b>16,433.2</b>	<b>15,118.6</b>	<b>6,562.0</b>	<b>16,663.4</b>



# Spatial distribution (baseline) 基線空間分佈



# Dispersion 污染物擴散



Monthly average SO<sub>2</sub> concentrations attributable to ship emissions, 2008



# Control scenarios 管制方案



## Control measure 1

Switching to 0.5% sulphur fuel at berth inside Hong Kong waters, OGVs only



## Control measure 2

Switching to 0.1% sulphur fuel inside Hong Kong waters, OGVs only



## Control measure 3

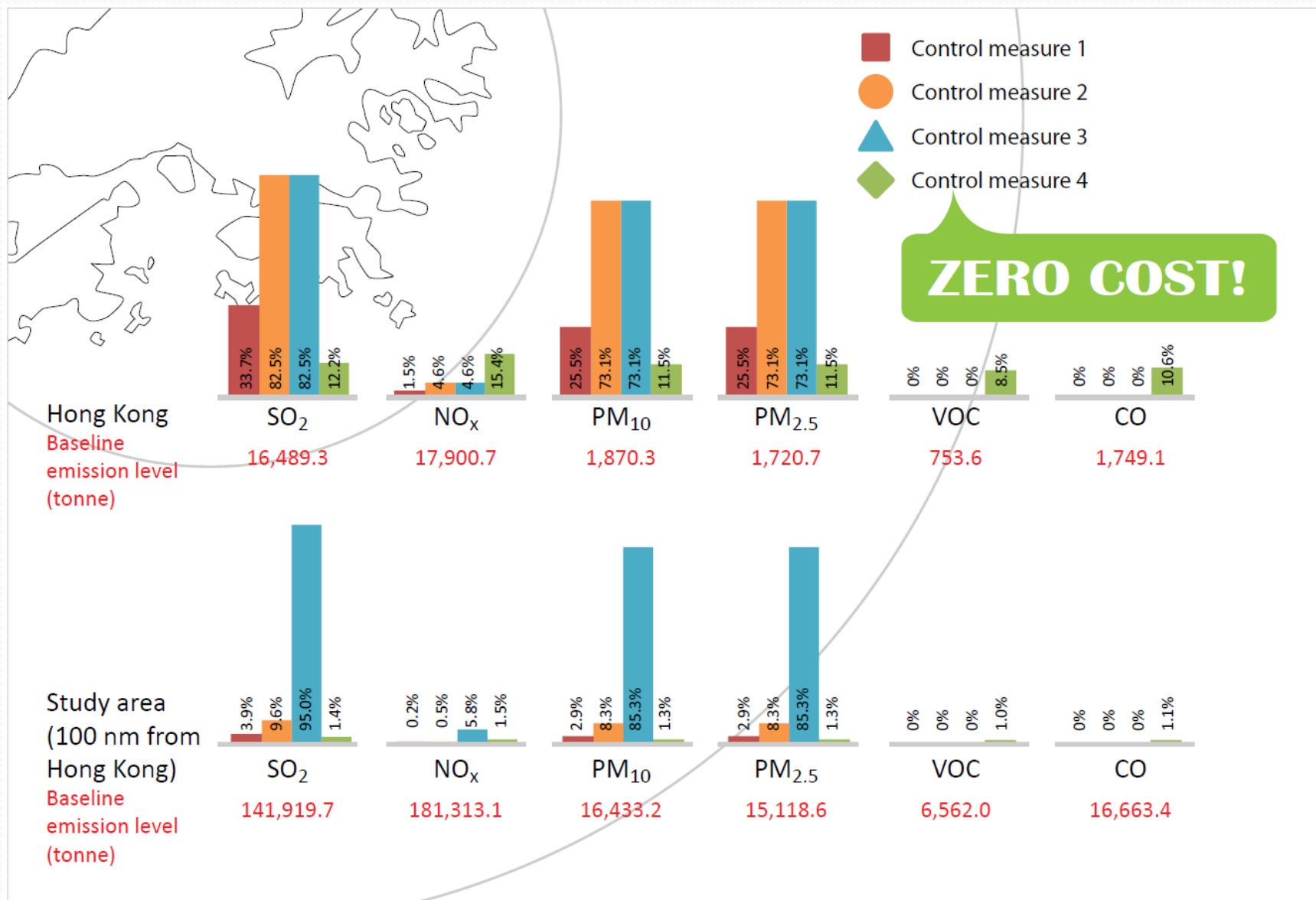
ECA (all vessels switching to 0.1% sulphur fuel within 100 nm of Hong Kong)



## Control measure 4

Vessel speed limit at 12 knots in Hong Kong waters for OGVs

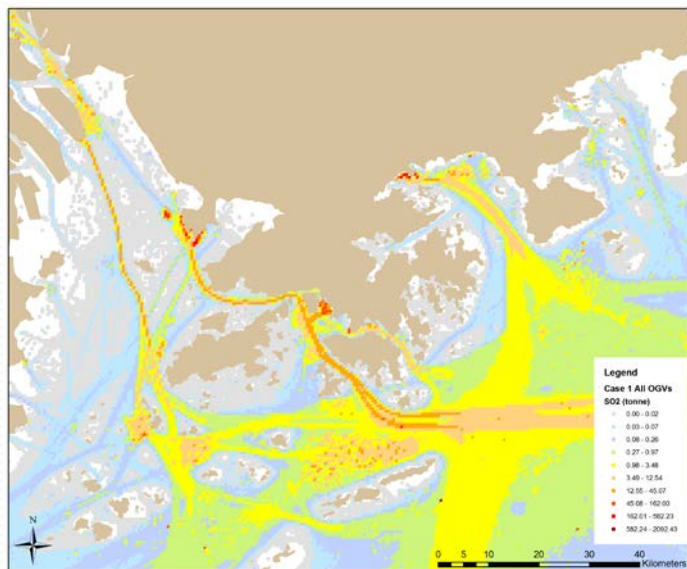
# Emission reduction benefits 減排效益



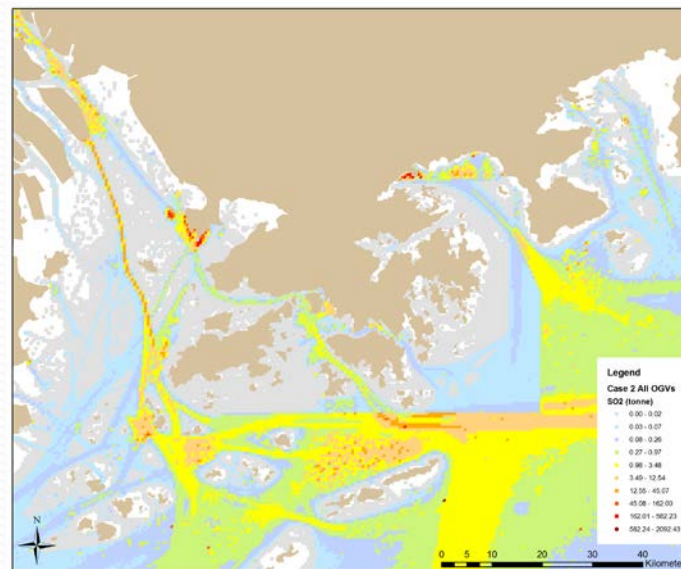
# Emission maps under 4 control cases

## 管制方案下的排放分布圖

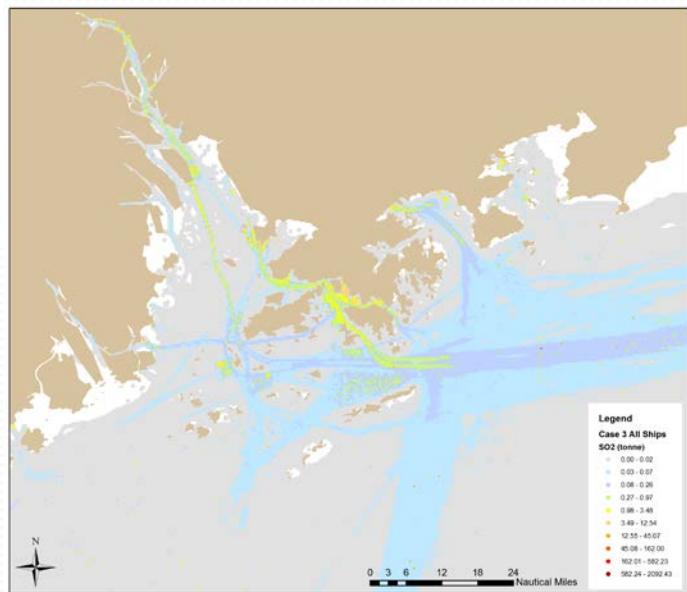
**FWC**  
0.5% sulphur



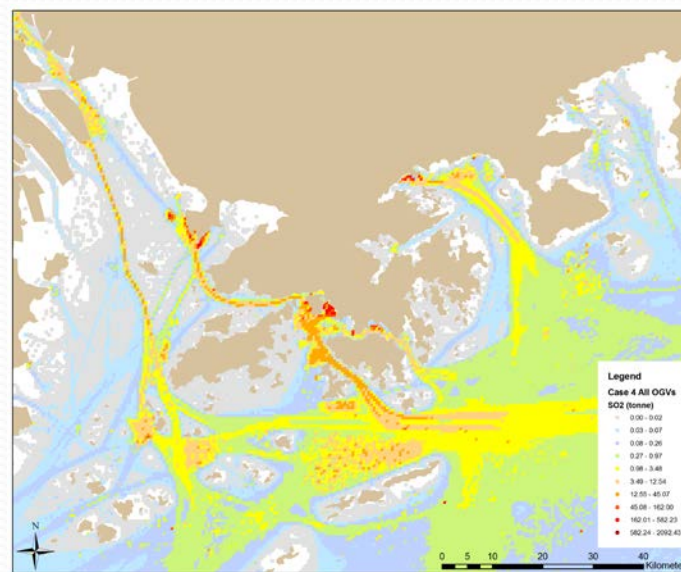
**HK**  
0.1% sulphur



**ECA**  
0.1% sulphur



**Slow**





# Health impacts 健康影響

		Hong Kong	Inner PRD	Outer PRD	Total
Annual deaths (all causes, all ages)		39,799	67,070	86,041	192,910
Excess deaths due to SO <sub>2</sub> from ship emissions		385	93	42	<b>519</b>
<b>Excess deaths under four ship emission control policies (% improvement)</b>					
Control Measure 1	At-berth fuel switch (0.5% sulphur limit) in Hong Kong waters - OGVs	197 (49%)	64 (31%)	28 (33%)	288 (44%)
Control Measure 2	0.1% sulphur limit in Hong Kong waters - OGVs	114 (70%)	57 (39%)	25 (40%)	195 (62%)
Control Measure 3	ECA up to 100 nm from Hong Kong (0.1% sulphur limit) - All ships	33 (91%)	11 (88%)	3 (93%)	<b>46 (91%)</b>
Control Measure 4	Vessel speed reduction (12 knot) in Hong Kong waters - OGVs	229 (41%)	57 (39%)	21 (50%)	306 (41%)

- Hong Kong bearing 74% of the impact of ship emissions  
香港承受了船舶污染74%的健康影響
- ECA bringing most health benefits to PRD  
排放控制區將為珠三角地區的公眾健康帶來最大裨益

# Policy recommendations 政策建議

- A PRD ECA 珠三角排放控制區
  - reduce SO<sub>2</sub> by 95% 減少95%二氧化硫
  - Reduce PM by 85% 減少85%懸浮粒子
  - reduce excess deaths by 91% 減少91%額外死亡個案
- Fuel switching and vessel speed reduction

## 轉油及船舶減速

- short and medium term measures 短、中期措施
  - Hong Kong should take the lead, and work with Guangdong / Macau under current framework
- 香港應帶頭推動船舶減排，並與廣東省及澳門政府在現有框架下合作

# Voluntary industry-led initiatives 業界自願措施

## Fair Winds Charter 乘風約章

### The Fair Winds Charter 2011 - 2012

As international carriers, we recognize the emissions from our ships affect air quality in Hong Kong and the Pearl River Delta region. As responsible businesses, WE VOLUNTARILY COMMIT TO :

- Switching to a fuel containing 0.50% sulphur content or less ("low sulphur fuel") while at berth (at the terminal or at anchorage) in Hong Kong, to the maximum extent possible;
- Undertaking this voluntary initiative between 1 January 2011 and 31 December 2012;
- Collaborating within our sector and with the Hong Kong SAR and Guangdong Governments to introduce regulation on ship emissions, consistent with international standards.

#### In support of the HKLSA FAIR WINDS CHARTER, WE :

- Urge the Hong Kong SAR Government to take a lead and work with the Guangdong Government to regulate the use of low sulphur fuel in the Pearl River Delta region by 31 December 2012. Urge the Hong Kong SAR Government to encourage broader industry participation by providing incentives, as it has done with other transport modes.
- Encourage the container terminals to support this initiative by offering advantages to participating ships, as well as by addressing emissions from cargo handling equipment, and the trucks and local craft that service the terminals.
- Encourage ocean-going passenger liners and other maritime users of the Port of Hong Kong to use low sulphur fuel while at berth in Hong Kong.
- Encourage cargo producers and buyers to favour participating shipping lines as a way of meeting their sustainable supply chain commitments.
- Welcome the support of end consumers who purchase the goods that the shipping industry carries.



CHINA NAVIGATION



Crystal Cruises



EVERGREEN LINE

HAMBURG SÜD



Hapag-Lloyd



HÖEGH AUTOLINERS



Mitsui O.S.K. Lines



NYK LINE



OOCL  
We take it personally

Prestige Cruise Holdings



YANG MING



# Chief Executive's Policy Address, 2011-12

## 香港行政長官施政報告 2011-12

The 2011-12 Policy Address



**From Strength  
to Strength**

### Clean Fuels for Vessels

**128.** We will explore with the governments of Guangdong, Shenzhen and Macao proposals for requiring ocean-going vessels to switch to low-sulphur diesel while berthing in Pearl River Delta (PRD) waters, and setting up an Emission Control Area in PRD waters. We will also study, in collaboration with the relevant trades, ways to improve the quality of vessel fuels sold locally to reduce vessel emissions.

# Government incentive scheme for OGVs


## 港口設施及燈標費寬減計劃

[Public Consultation](#)  
[Study Reports](#)  
[Guidelines & References](#)  
[Advanced Search](#)  
  


### Port Facilities and Light Dues Incentive Scheme For Ocean Going Vessels using Cleaner Fuel

#### Port Facilities and Light Dues Incentive Scheme

- [Background](#)
- [Eligibility](#)
- [Registration](#)
- [List of Registered Vessels](#)
- [Application](#)
- [Fuel Switch Log Sheet](#)
- [News and Events](#)
- [References](#)
- [Further Information](#)



#### Background

Ocean going vessels (OGVs) run on residual oil, whose sulphur content is 2.8% on average. The emission of OGVs while at berth accounts for about 40% of their total emission within Hong Kong waters. To reduce marine emission, the Government is encouraging OGVs to use fuel with sulphur content not more than 0.5% while at berth in Hong Kong waters by a 3-year incentive scheme that reduces the port facilities and light dues of OGVs that have adopted this green practice. The use of low sulphur fuel can substantially reduce air pollution at locations close to their berthing areas.

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# Regional Cooperation Plan, June 2012

## 共建優質生活圈專項規劃 2012年6月

### 《共建優質生活圈專項規劃》

廣東省住房和城鄉建設廳  
香港特別行政區政府環境局  
澳門特別行政區政府運輸工務司  
2012年 6 月

An Extract from the *Regional Cooperation Plan on Building a Quality Living Area*<sup>21</sup> on recommendations related to marine pollution.

- (4) Exploring opportunities in controlling air pollutant emissions from vessels in the Greater PRD waters
- ① proposing to conduct a joint basic study on controlling air pollution from vessels in the Greater PRD waters by the three sides, including compilation of an emissions inventory on vessels in the Greater PRD waters, for projecting the quantity of air pollution from vessels from 2012 to 2020; and
  - ② formulating cooperation plans on controlling air pollutant emissions from vessels. Cooperation proposals include:
    - making reference to the regulations under Annex VI to the International Convention for the Prevention of Marine Pollution from Ships (MARPOL) to tackle vessel emissions, considering comprehensively the technical feasibility, emission reduction benefits and cost effectiveness of different measures, jointly formulating emissions reduction targets for vessels and their fuel standards, and actively encouraging other options that would bring similar emission reduction benefits, with a view to further strengthening control of vessel emissions;
    - restricting emissions from vessels, including NOX emissions from new vessels which should be in line with the latest development of the engine manufacturing and ship building industries as well as the shipping sector;
    - examining measures to encourage vehicles entering the port areas to use cleaner fuels, controlling emissions from non-road mobile machinery (NRMM), and enhancing modal coordination, with a view to reducing air pollutant emissions in their vicinity;
    - exploring the possibility of using cleaner energy by providing onshore power supply to cruise vessels and ocean-going vessels berthing at the Greater PRD ports;
    - considering requiring ocean-going vessels at berth and at anchorage at the Greater PRD ports to use low sulphur fuel or onshore power;
    - providing incentives to encourage more ocean-going vessels to switching to cleaner fuel while at berth in Hong Kong waters; and
    - studying and exploring the establishment of an "Emission Control Area" in Greater PRD waters.



# Regional Collaboration 區域協作

