

Sustainable Good Movement: Global Practices and Opportunities

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2012 US-Taiwan Sustainability Symposium



Port
of Seattle

Where a sustainable world is headed.™

- Spreading Best Practices
 - Most powerful when more Ports Align:
 - More efficient resource (fuel) use should be a competitive advantage
 - Shippers beginning to look at Supply chain Carbon impacts
 - Forum to share information
- Collaboration has helped Puget Sound Ports implement best practices



Seattle

Honolulu

Tokyo

Busan

Shanghai

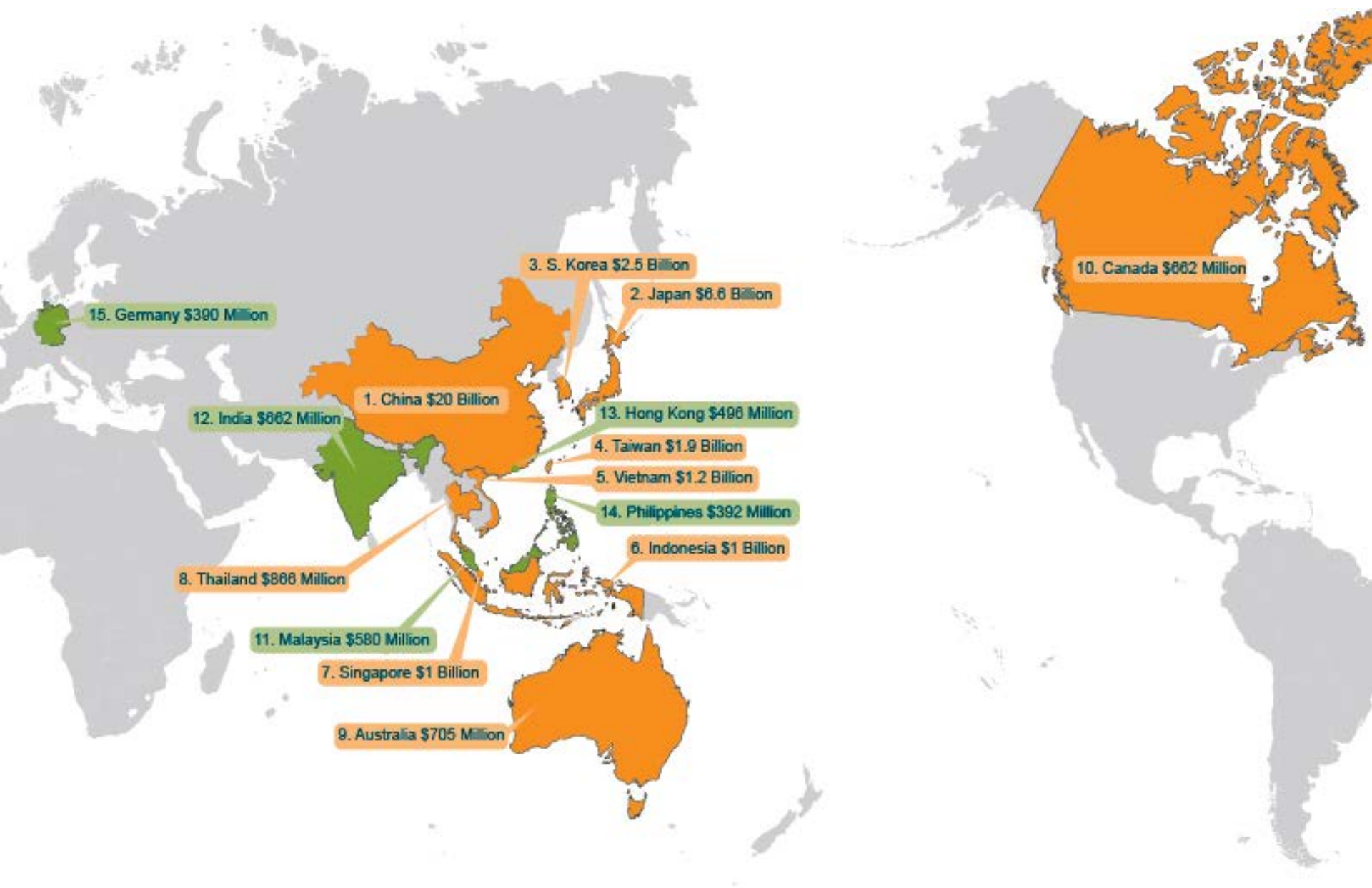
Taipei

Hong Kong

Manila

Singapore

Sydney





Pier 90/91

Pier 86

Pier 66

Terminal 46

BNSF (SIG - North)

T-18 On-Dock Rail

Terminal 18

T- 5 On-Dock Rail

Terminal 5

Terminal 30

BNSF (SIG - South)

UPRR (ARGO)

Managing impacts of global goods movement

- Two approaches needed:
 - Holistic look at supply chain
 - Improved sustainability at each point on the supply chain, such as Ports
- Best practices go viral when:
 - Community expectations are met
 - Stakeholders are involved
 - Business is improved

Carbon Footprint Study Asia to North America: West Coast Advantage

* Herbert Engineering Corporation, 2011

Study Overview

Vessel Design Speed

Slow Steaming
17- 24 Knots

Vessel Utilization
60%, 70%, 80%, 90%

Vessel Sizes

4,500 TEU

6,500 TEU

8,500 TEU

12,500 TEU

Origin Ports

Shanghai

Hong Kong

Singapore

Ho Chi Minh

Busan

Tokyo

Destination Ports

Seattle

Oakland

Los Angeles

Prince Rupert

Savannah

New York

Norfolk

Houston

Routings

West Coast
IPI

vs.

Panama
Canal &
Suez Canal

Destination Cities

Chicago

Columbus

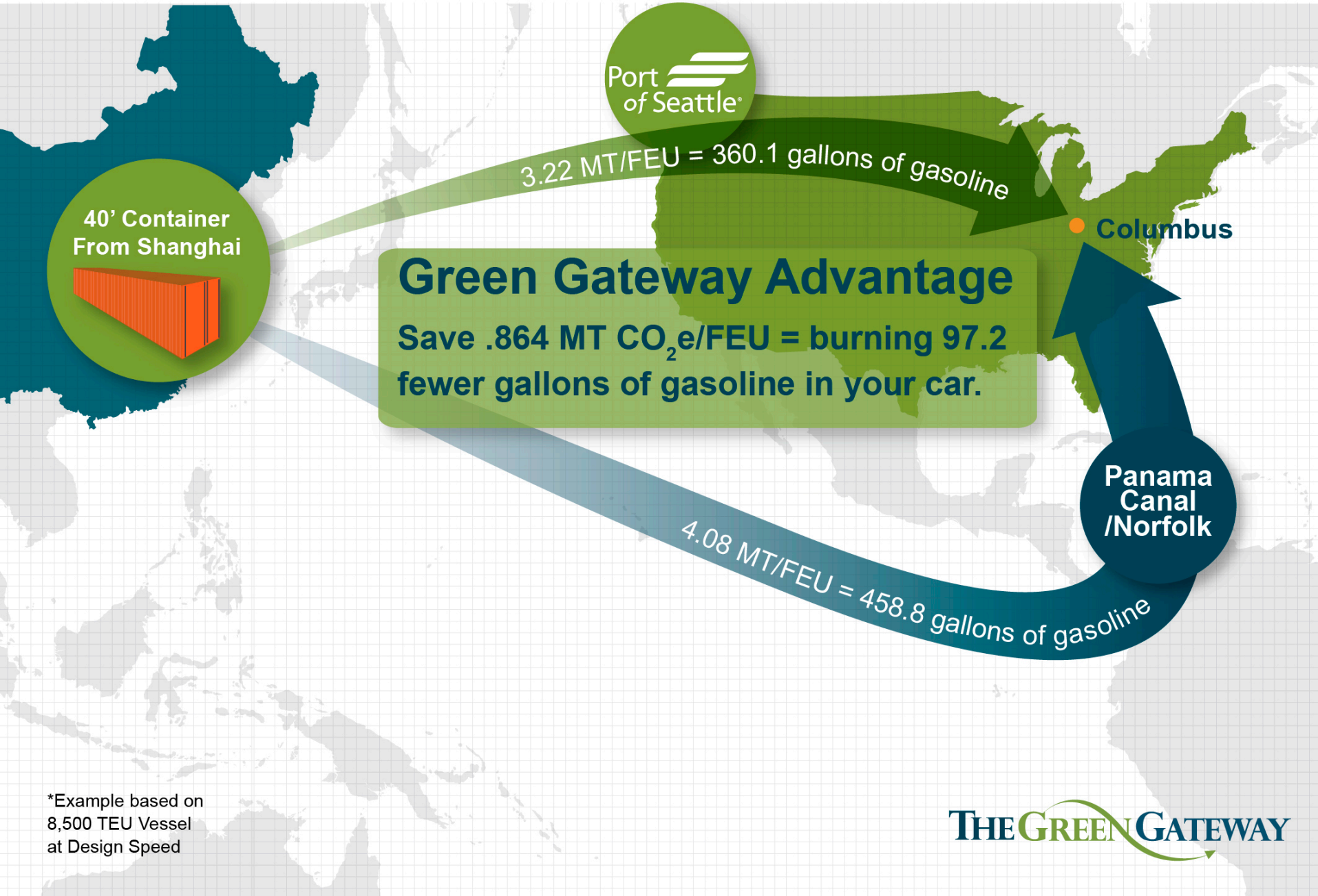
Memphis

New York

Atlanta

Norfolk

1 MT CO₂e = burning 112.46 gallons of gasoline



*Example based on
8,500 TEU Vessel
at Design Speed

THE GREEN GATEWAY

Seattle and Panama Canal Performance

8,500 TEU Container Ship

Via SEATTLE

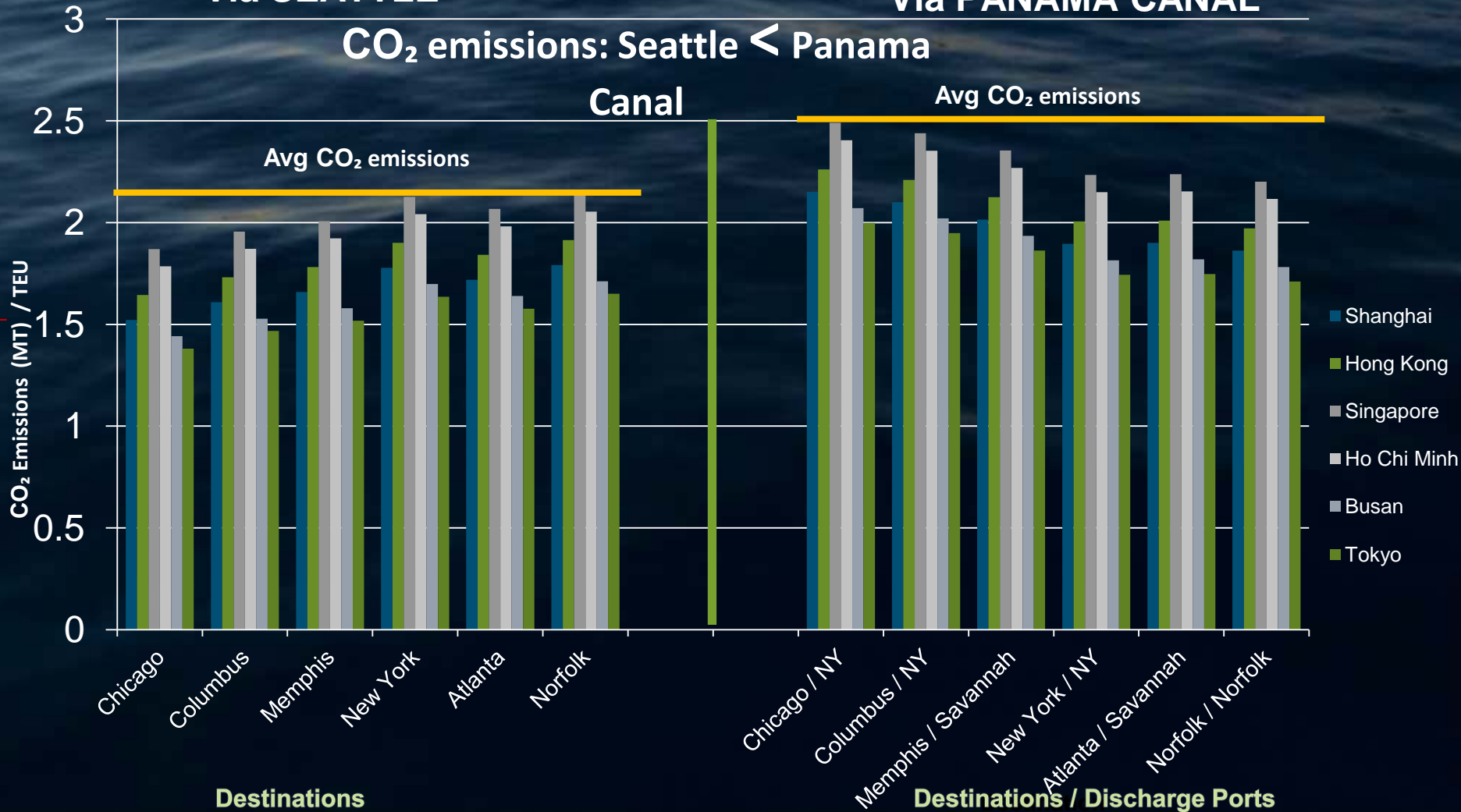
Via PANAMA CANAL

CO₂ emissions: Seattle < Panama

Canal

Avg CO₂ emissions

Avg CO₂ emissions



Green Gateway Carbon Calculator



<http://www.portseattle.org/seaport/cargo/CarbonCalc.shtml>

Carbon Calculator

Carbon Calculator data results are derived from the Carbon Footprint Study for the Asia to North America Intermodal Trade paper by the Herbert Engineering Corp.

[Remove All Rows](#)

A canal must be chosen for East Coast and Gulf ports.

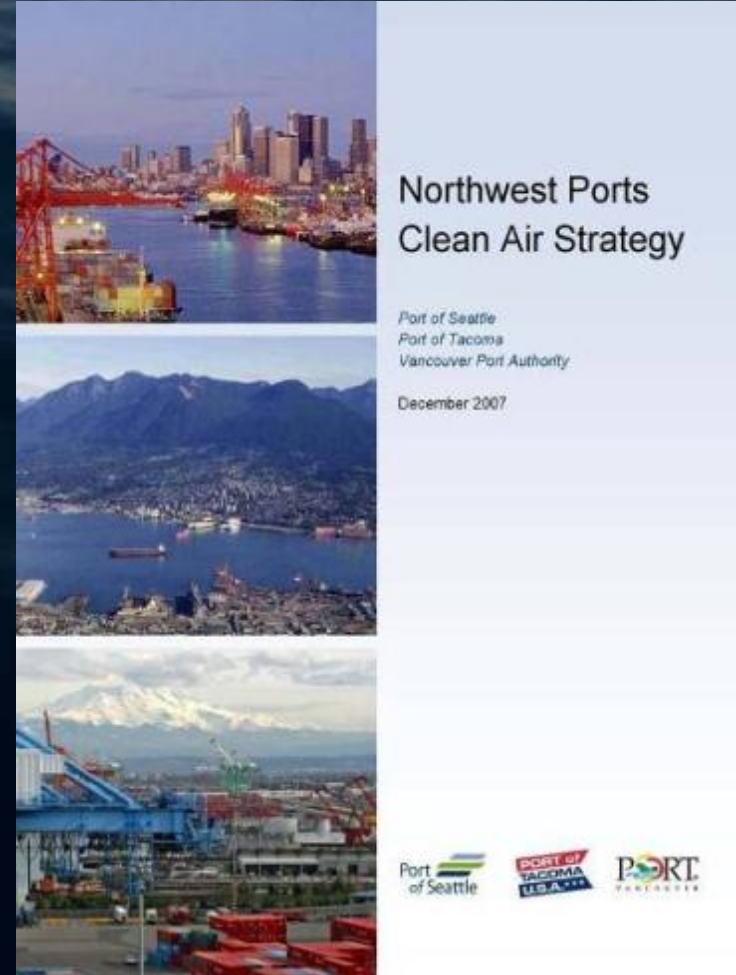
Origin Port	Dest. Port	Canal	Final Dest	TEU	Speed (Knots)	Vessel Utilization	Ocean CO ₂ e (t)	Rail CO ₂ e (t)	Total CO ₂ e (t)	Total CO ₂ e/TEU (t)
Shanghai	Seattle	No Canal	Chicago	8500	DS	80	5944	3877	10067	1.532
Shanghai	Savannah	Panama	Chicago	8500	DS	80	11898	1903	14047	2.138
Shanghai	Norfolk	Panama	Chicago	8500	DS	80	12152	1762	14160	2.155
Shanghai	New York	Panama	Chicago	8500	DS	80	12373	1674	14293	2.175

[Add a Row](#)

- North West Ports Clean Air Strategy
- Puget Sound Maritime Emissions Inventory
- The Importance of combining regulatory and non-regulatory approaches

Northwest Ports Clean Air Strategy

- First international clean air program, adopted in 2008, major update in process
- Ports of Seattle, Tacoma and Vancouver Canada with regulatory agency partners
- Voluntary program, set performance measures to reduce diesel emissions from port-related sources



Ocean Going Vessels

Shore Power at 2 Cruise Berths

At-Berth Clean (ABC) Fuels incentive Program

- \$1200-\$2850 incentive for use of < 0.5% sulfur fuel in auxiliary engines
- 10 Participating Lines
- 2011: 375 Vessels
- 2010: 400 Vessels
- 2009: 235 Vessels

Green Gateway Partners

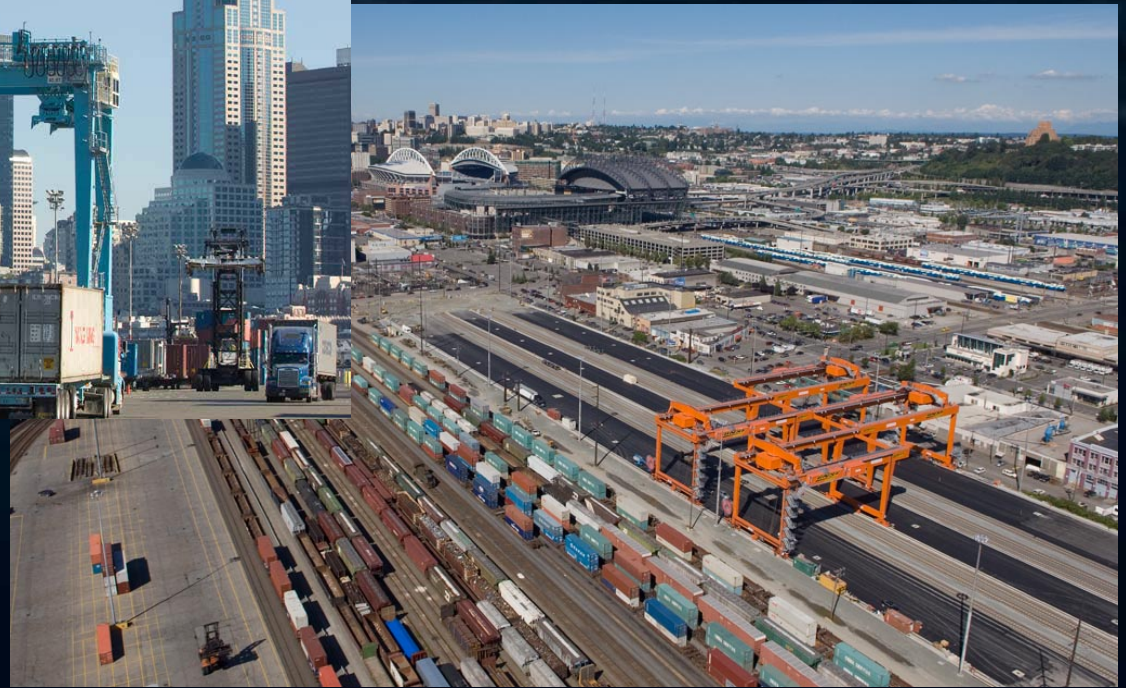
Recognizes carriers for environmental vessel Improvements over and above ABC Fuels



Clean Truck Program



Cargo Handling Equipment



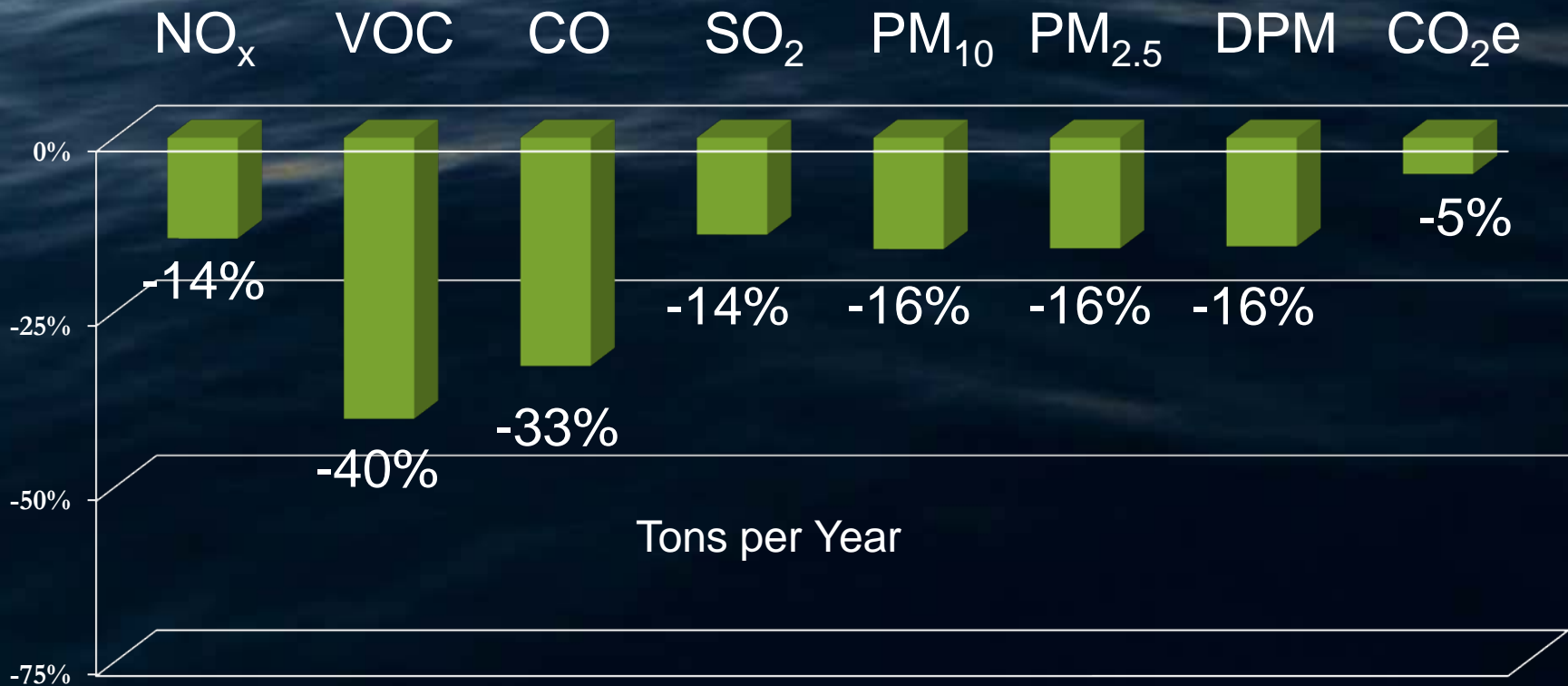
Puget Sound Maritime Air Emissions Inventory

- Inventories completed for 2005 and 2011
- Coordinated with similar effort in Canada
- Northwest Ports Clean Air Strategy built on results



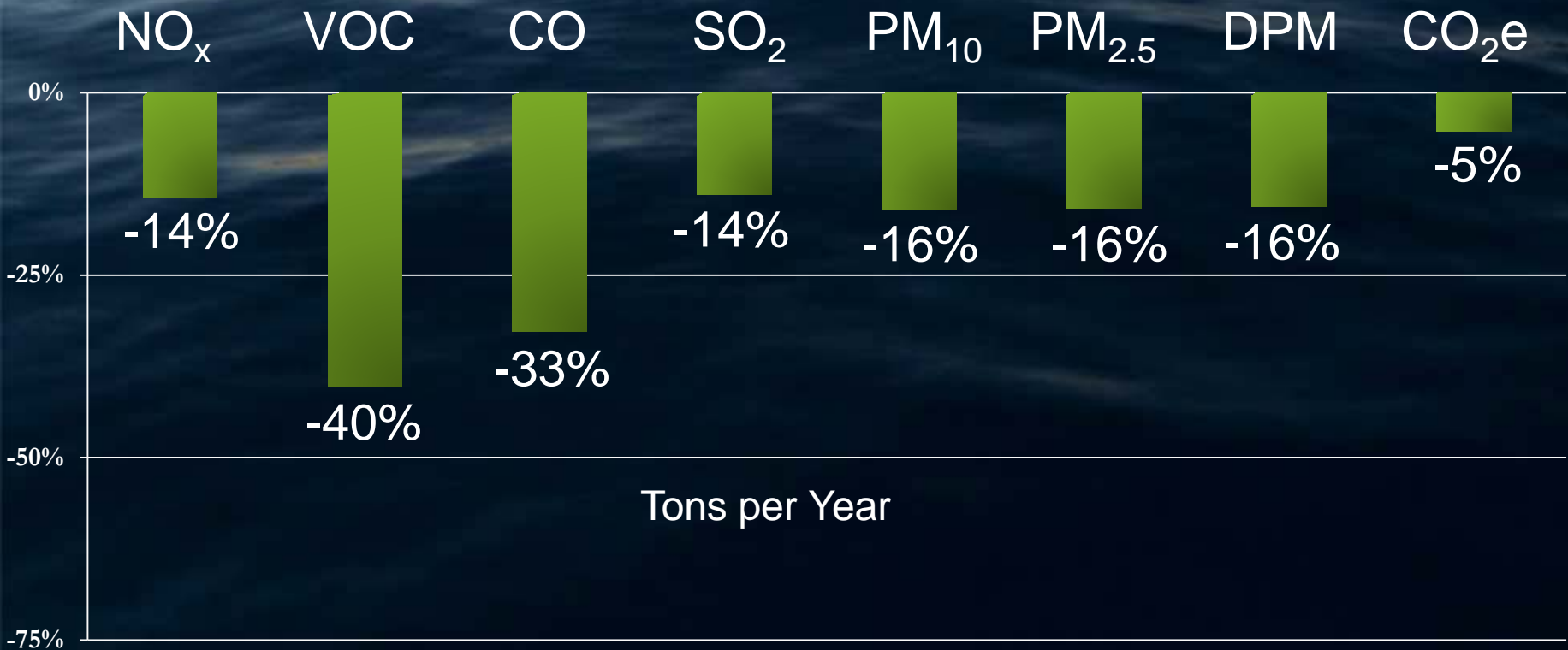
Total Airshed Emission Reductions

2005 – 2011 Puget Sound



Total Airshed Emission Reductions

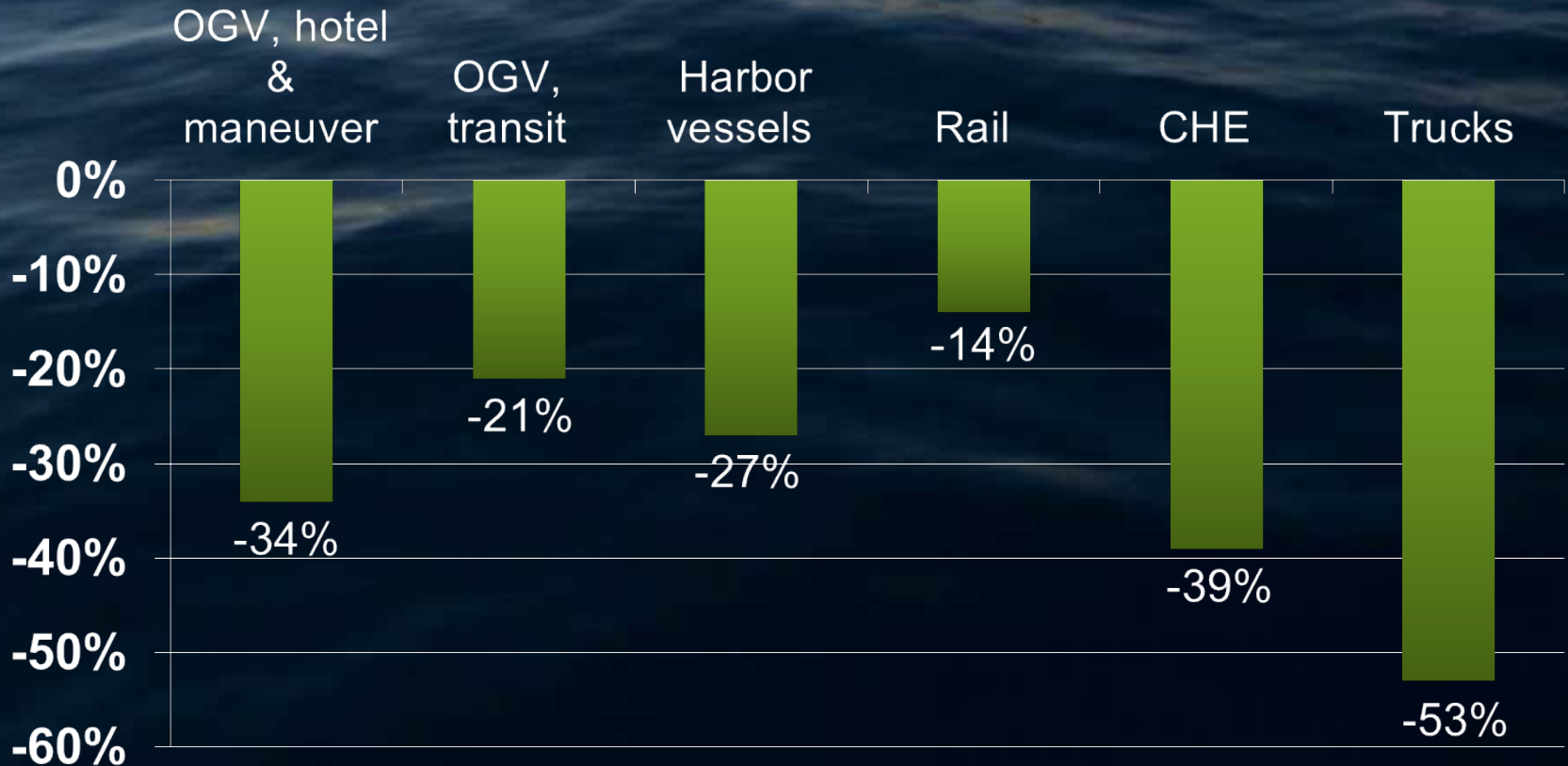
2005 – 2011 Puget Sound



Port of Seattle Emission Reductions

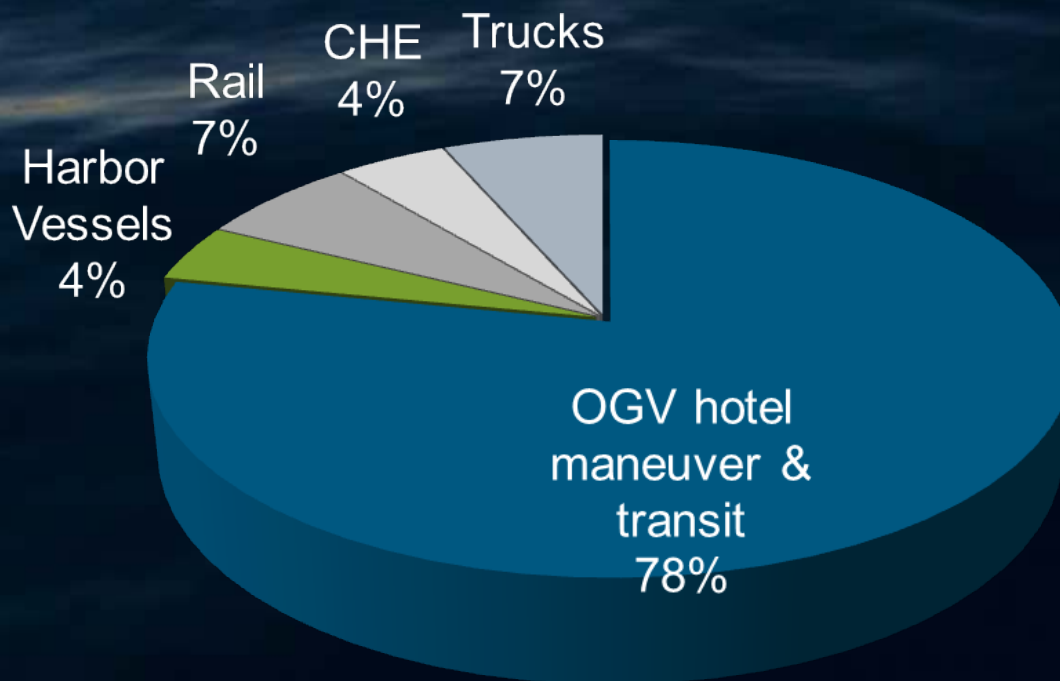


DPM - Airshed



Diesel Particulate Matter

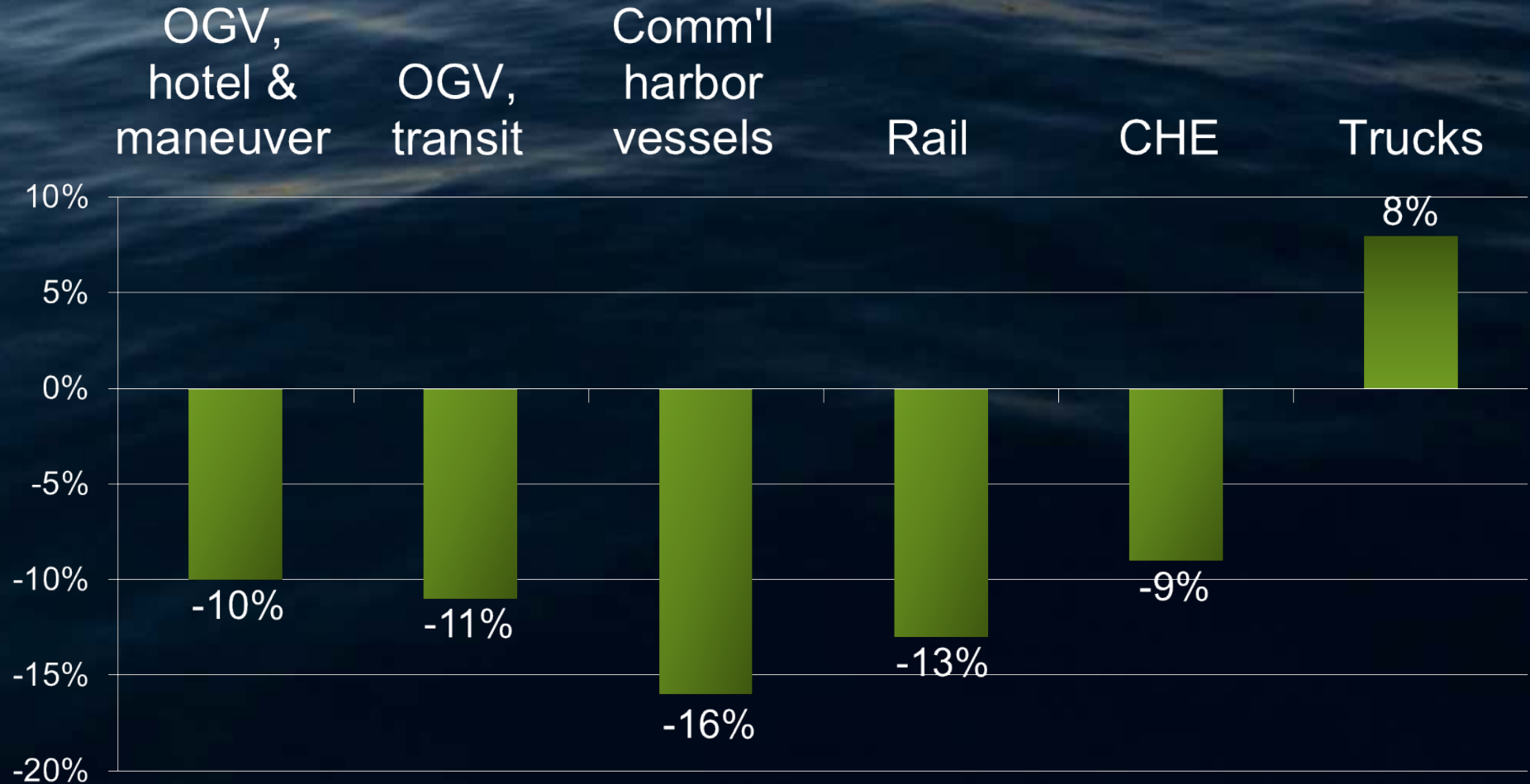
Port of Seattle – Airshed



2011 Emissions Sources

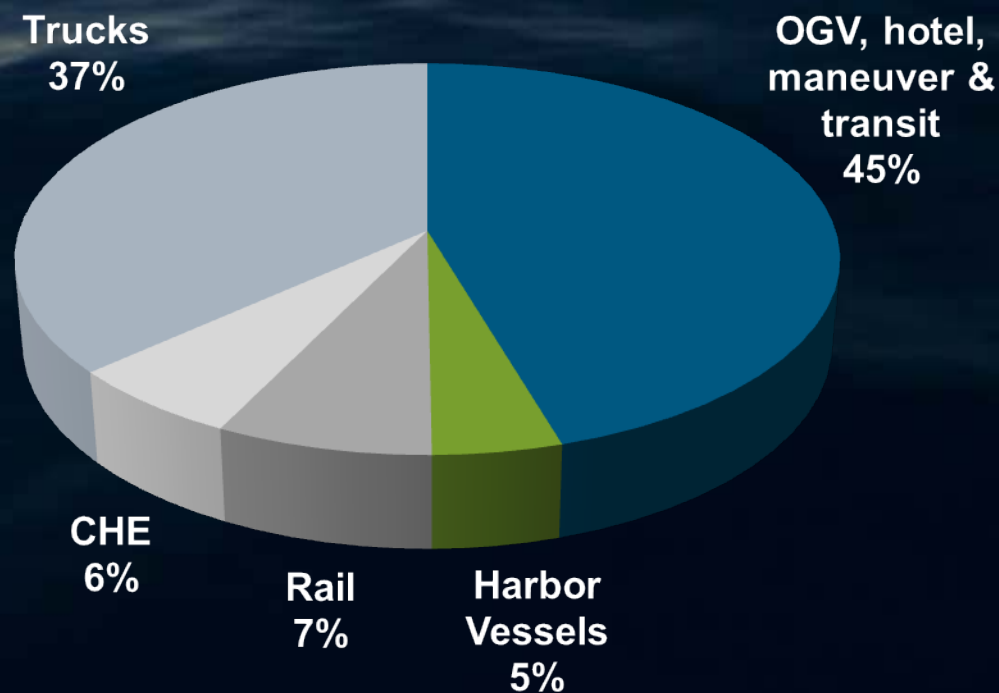
Port of Seattle Emissions Reduction

Greenhouse Gasses - Airshed



Greenhouse Gases Emissions Sources

Port of Seattle – Airshed



The Economic Story

- Local Benefits of reducing Diesel:
 - On average, \$1 spent on reducing DPM saves \$13 in public health costs (USEPA)
- Global Benefits:
 - “Social Cost of Carbon” ranges from \$5 to \$65 per ton (USEPA)
 - West Coast routing can save \$4.3 to \$56 per FEU
 - Port of Seattle Carbon emission reductions save from \$477K to \$6.2 M

Spreading Best Practices

- Most powerful when more Ports Align:
 - Fuel incentive programs:
 - Common Shorepower facilities
 - Helps negate “nay-sayers”
- More efficient resource (fuel) use should be a competitive advantage
- Shippers beginning to look at Supply chain Carbon impacts
- Forum to share information

Thank You!