

Cover Sheet for

## Environmental Chemistry Method

***Pesticide Name:*** Propoxycarbazone

***MRID#:*** 450127-01

***Matrix:*** Soil

***Analysis:*** LC/MS/MS

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Study Title

Analytical Method for the Determination of MKH 6561 and Seven Degradates in Soil

Data Requirement

EPA Refs.: 164-1, Terrestrial Field Dissipation (Supplemental)

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Completion Date

May 11, 1999

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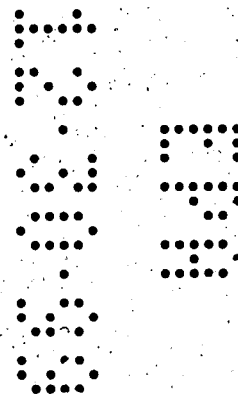
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Laboratory Study ID

Supplemental to M2022103 and M2022104

Bayer Report Number

108826



Statement of Confidentiality

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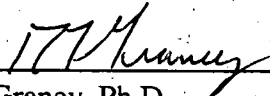
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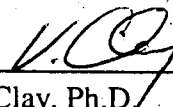
The requirements of 40 CFR Part 160 do not apply to this report. The validation of the method performed on samples from the studies referenced in this report was conducted in accordance with GLP and a compliance statement stating such will accompany each of these individual study reports.

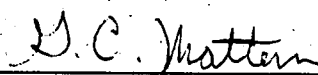
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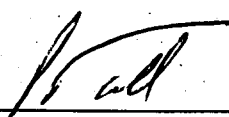
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Certification of Availability of Raw Data

No data were generated specifically for this study report. Data pertinent to the field dissipation studies referenced in this report will be archived with the raw data generated for those studies.

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## Analytical Method for the Determination of MKH 6561 and Seven Degradates in Soil

### 1.0 Summary

A method is described for the trace determination of MKH 6561 and its environmental degradates (MKH 6561 sulfonamide methyl ester, MKH 6561 sulfonamide acid, MKH 6561 carboxylic acid, *N*-methyl propoxy triazolinone, *N*-methyl propoxy triazolinone amide, saccharin and 4-hydroxy saccharin) in soil. After the addition of the corresponding isotopically-labeled internal standards, samples are extracted by accelerated solvent extraction (ASE), concentrated under nitrogen using a Turbovap® unit and analyzed by HPLC / Electrospray MS-MS (LC/ESI-MS-MS).

The method was validated in soils from dissipation sites in Washington and Kansas. Average recoveries of analytes ranged from a low of 78% (4.5% relative standard deviation, RSD) for MKH 6561 carboxylic acid to a high of 110% (6.2% RSD) for *N*-methyl propoxy triazolinone amide, both in Washington soil at the 10-ppb level. An LOQ of 1 ppb was demonstrated by acceptable recoveries for each analyte in both soils. Calculated limits of detection (LOD) ranged from 0.10 ppb for *N*-methyl propoxy triazolinone amide in Kansas soil to 0.48 ppb for 4-hydroxy saccharin in Kansas soil.

### 2.0 Materials

#### 2.1 Equipment and Supplies

- Various general laboratory glassware and utensils
- Aluminum weigh dish (Fisher #08-732 or equivalent)
- Autosampler vials and caps (2-mL, Baxter #C4800-135 or equivalent)
- Borosilicate glass test tubes, 20 x 150 mm (Fisher #14-961-33 or equivalent)
- Plastic weighing pans (Fisher #02-204-18 or equivalent)
- VOA vials, 60 mL (I-Chem #236-0060 or equivalent)
- Acrodisc PTFE syringe filters, 13 mm X 0.45 µm (Gelman #4422 or equivalent)
- Accelerated solvent extractor (ASE) unit, Model 200 (Dionex Corp.) or equivalent
- ASE extraction cells, 33 mL size (Dionex #049562 or equivalent)
- Cellulose filters for ASE extraction cell caps (Dionex #049458 or equivalent)
- Analytical balance, 0.01-mg readout (Mettler A163 or equivalent)
- Top-loading balance, 0.01-g readout
- TurboVap LV evaporator (Zymark Corporation) or equivalent
- Phenomenex Columbus C18 HPLC column, 50 x 2 mm, 5 micron (Phenomenex #00B-4108-BO or equivalent)
- PE Sciex API III Plus or API 365 LC/Tandem mass spectrometer with Turbo Ion Spray interface and gradient HPLC (Shimadzu) system or equivalent

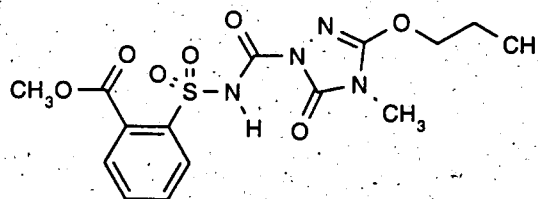
- Two-position electric actuator valve, Valco Instruments Co., Inc., #ECGW

## 2.2 Reagents and Solvents

- Acetone (Fisher Optima grade, #A929-4 or equivalent)
- Acetonitrile (ACN; B&J HPLC-grade high purity solvent, Baxter #015-4 or equivalent)
- Water (B&J HPLC-grade high purity solvent, Baxter #365-4 or equivalent)
- Methanol (MeOH; B&J HPLC grade high purity solvent, Baxter #230-4 or equivalent)
- Calcium chloride (dihydrate,  $\text{CaCl}_2 \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$ , Mallinckrodt #4160 or equivalent)
- Hydromatrix (inert material for ASE, Varian #0019-8003 or equivalent)
- 2 M Ammonium hydroxide ( $\text{NH}_4\text{OH}$ , 30%  $\text{NH}_3$ ; Baker #9721-3 or equivalent). Prepare by diluting 133 mL of 15M concentrate to 1 L with HPLC-grade water.
- Extraction solvent: ACN / water (1:1) containing 50 mM  $\text{CaCl}_2$  and 10 mM  $\text{NH}_4\text{OH}$ . Prepare 1 L by dissolving 7.35 g of  $\text{CaCl}_2 \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$  in 500 mL of HPLC-grade water. Add 5 mL of 2 M  $\text{NH}_4\text{OH}$  and dilute to 1 L volume with ACN.
- 0.1% Formic acid (v/v) in water: Prepare by adding 1 mL formic acid (J.T. Baker #0128-01) per L of water.
- 9:1 Water / MeOH with 0.1% acetic acid (v/v): Prepare by diluting 1 mL acetic acid (Mallinckrodt #3121) and 100 mL MeOH to 1 L with HPLC-grade water.
- MeOH with 0.1% phosphoric acid (v/v): Prepare by adding 1 mL phosphoric acid (Mallinckrodt #2796) to 1 L MeOH.

## 2.3 Analytical Standards

Name: MKH 6561 (sodium salt of MKH 5554, shown)  
 Ref. #: K-624 or equivalent  
 Formula:  $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{18}\text{O}_7\text{N}_4\text{S}$   
 Mol. Wt.: 398.0  
 Purity: 99.2%  
 Nomen.: 4,5-Dihydro-3-propoxy-4-methyl-5-oxo-N-[[2-(carbomethoxy)phenyl]sulfonyl]-1H-1,2,4-triazole-1-carboxamide



Name: MKH 6561-*N*-methyl-*d*<sub>3</sub>  
(sodium salt of MKH 5554,  
shown)

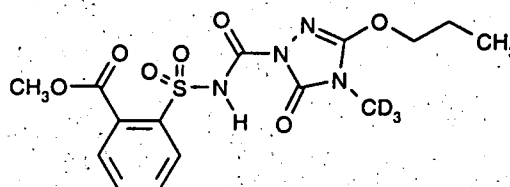
Ref. #: K-745 or equivalent

Formula: C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>15</sub>O<sub>7</sub>N<sub>4</sub>SD<sub>3</sub>

Mol. Wt.: 401.0

Purity: 98.1% (chemical purity)

Nomen.: 4,5-Dihydro-3-propoxy-4-methyl-5-oxo-*N*-[[2-(carbomethoxy)phenyl]  
sulfonyl]-1*H*-1,2,4-triazole-1-carboxamide-*N*-methyl-*d*<sub>3</sub>



Name: MKH 6561 Carboxylic Acid

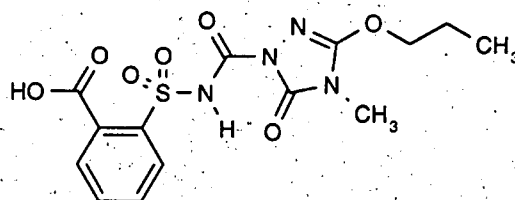
Ref. #: K-713 or equivalent

Formula: C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>16</sub>O<sub>7</sub>N<sub>4</sub>S

Mol. Wt.: 384.0

Purity: 96.7%

Nomen.: 2-[[[(4,5-dihydro-4-methyl-5-oxo-3-propoxy-1*H*-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)carbonyl]amino]sulfonyl]benzoic acid



Name: MKH 6561 Carboxylic Acid-*N*-methyl-*d*<sub>3</sub>

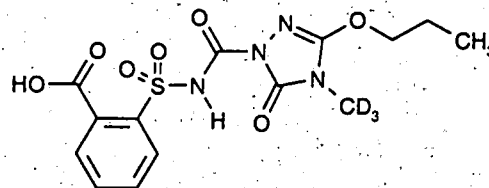
Ref. #: K-746 or equivalent

Formula: C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>16</sub>O<sub>7</sub>N<sub>4</sub>SD<sub>3</sub>

Mol. Wt.: 387.0

Purity: 96.7% (chemical purity)

Nomen.: 2-[[[(4,5-dihydro-4-methyl-5-oxo-3-propoxy-1*H*-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)carbonyl]amino]sulfonyl]benzoic acid-*N*-methyl-*d*<sub>3</sub>



Name: *N*-Methyl Propoxy Triazolinone

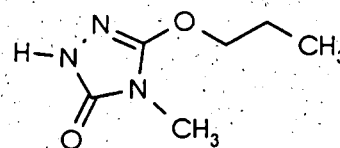
Ref. #: K-748 or equivalent

Formula: C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>11</sub>O<sub>2</sub>N<sub>3</sub>

Mol. Wt.: 157.2

Purity: 99.5%

Nomen.: 4-methyl-3-propoxy-1,2,4-triazolin-5-one



Name: *N*-Methyl Propoxy Triazolinone-methyl-*d*<sub>3</sub>

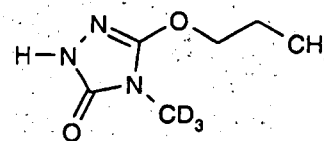
Ref. #: K-744 or equivalent

Formula: C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>8</sub>O<sub>2</sub>N<sub>3</sub>D<sub>3</sub>

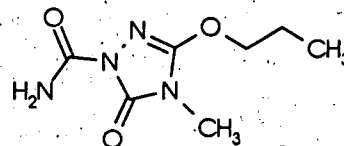
Mol. Wt.: 160.0

Purity: 99.5% (chemical purity)

Nomen.: 4-methyl-3-propoxy-1,2,4-triazolin-5-one-methyl-*d*<sub>3</sub>



Name: *N*-Methyl Propoxy Triazolinone Amide  
(previously known as "Carboxamide  
Triazolinone")



Ref. #: K-798 or equivalent

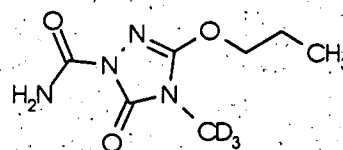
Formula:  $C_7H_{12}O_3N_4$

Mol. Wt.: 200.2

Purity: 97.3%

Nomen.: 4,5-dihydro-4-methyl-5-oxo-3-propoxy-1H-1,2,4-triazole-1-carboxamide

Name: *N*-Methyl Propoxy Triazolinone Amide-*methyl-d*<sub>3</sub>



Ref. #: K-812 or equivalent

Formula:  $C_7H_{12}O_3N_4D_3$

Mol. Wt.: 203.2

Purity: 98.1% (chemical purity)

Nomen.: 4,5-dihydro-4-methyl-5-oxo-3-propoxy-1H-1,2,4-triazole-1-carboxamide-*N*-methyl-*d*<sub>3</sub>

Name: MKH 6561 Sulfonamide Methyl Ester

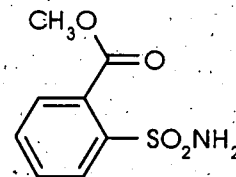
Ref. #: K-715 or equivalent

Formula:  $C_8H_9O_4NS$

Mol. Wt.: 215.0

Purity: 99.8%

Nomen.: 2-carbomethoxybenzene-sulfonamide



Name: MKH 6561 Sulfonamide Methyl Ester-*phenyl-3,4,5,6-d*<sub>4</sub>

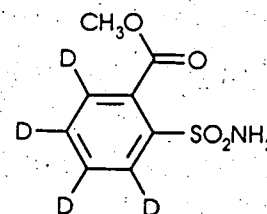
Ref. #: K-742 or equivalent

Formula:  $C_8H_5O_4NSD_4$

Mol. Wt.: 219.0

Purity: 99.7% (chemical purity)

Nomen.: 2-carbomethoxybenzene-sulfonamide-*phenyl-3,4,5,6-d*<sub>4</sub>



Name: MKH 6561 Sulfonamide Acid

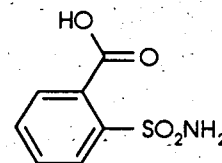
Ref. #: K-712 or equivalent

Formula:  $C_7H_7O_4NS$

Mol. Wt.: 201.0

Purity: 99.3%

Nomen.: 2-carboxybenzene-sulfonamide



Name: MKH 6561 Sulfonamide Acid-*phenyl-3,4,5,6-d<sub>4</sub>-carbonyl-<sup>13</sup>C*

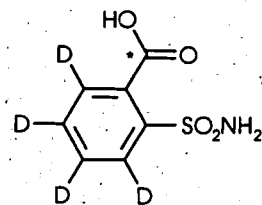
Ref. #: K-747 or equivalent

Formula:  $C_6H_3O_4NS^{13}CD_4$

Mol. Wt.: 206.0

Purity: 99% (chemical purity)

Nomen.: 2-carboxybenzene-sulfonamide-*phenyl-3,4,5,6-d<sub>4</sub>-carbonyl-<sup>13</sup>C*



Name: Saccharin

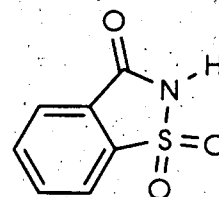
Ref. #: K-727 or equivalent

Formula:  $C_7H_5NO_4S$

Mol. Wt.: 183.2

Purity: 100.0%

Nomen.: *O*-benzoic sulfimide



Name: Saccharin-3,4,5,6-d<sub>4</sub>

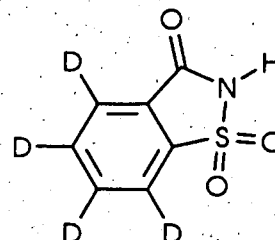
Ref. #: K-743 or equivalent

Formula:  $C_7HNO_4SD_4$

Mol. Wt.: 187.0

Purity: 99.3% (chemical purity)

Nomen.: *O*-benzoic sulfimide-3,4,5,6-d<sub>4</sub>



Name: 4-Hydroxy Saccharin

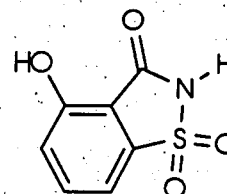
Ref. #: K-795 or equivalent

Formula:  $C_7H_5NO_5S$

Mol. Wt.: 199.2

Purity: 99.8%

Nomen.: 4-hydroxy-1,2-benzothiazole-3(2H)-one-1,1-dioxide



Name: 4-Hydroxy Saccharin-d<sub>3</sub>

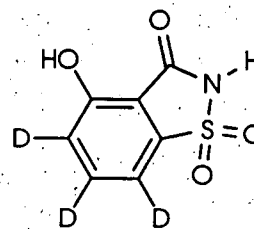
Ref. #: K-817 or equivalent

Formula:  $C_7H_5NO_5SD_3$

Mol. Wt.: 202.2

Purity: 98.9% (chemical purity)

Nomen.: 4-hydroxy-1,2-benzothiazole-3(2H)-one-1,1-dioxide



## 2.4 Safety and Health

The toxicity or carcinogenicity of each chemical used in this method has not been precisely determined, and thus each compound must be treated as a potential health

hazard. From this viewpoint, exposure to these chemicals must be reduced to the lowest possible level by whatever means available.

### 3.0 Procedures

#### 3.1 Preparation of Standard Solutions and Reagents

##### 3.1.1 Native Analyte Stock Solutions

Prepare separate 500-ppm stock solutions (nominally 0.5 mg/mL) of MKH 6561 (K-624 or equivalent), MKH 6561 carboxylic acid (K-713 or equivalent), *N*-methyl propoxy triazolinone (K-748 or equivalent), *N*-methyl propoxy triazolinone amide (K-798 or equivalent), MKH 6561 sulfonamide methyl ester (K-715 or equivalent), MKH 6561 sulfonamide acid (K-712 or equivalent), saccharin (K-727 or equivalent) and 4-hydroxy saccharin (K-795 or equivalent) standards by weighing 5-10 mg of each using an analytical balance (with 0.01-mg readout), adding the corresponding volume of ACN/water 1:1 (for MKH 6561 sulfonamide methyl ester, use MeOH containing 0.1% H<sub>3</sub>PO<sub>4</sub>) and mixing; for example, dissolve 7.10 mg of standard in 14.20 mL of solvent. Correct added volume for % purity if standard is <99%. Store solutions in a freezer when not in use.

##### 3.1.2 Native Analyte Spiking Solutions

Prepare 2.5-ppm and 0.25-ppm mixed spiking solutions (nominally 2.5 and 0.25 ng/μL, respectively) containing MKH 6561 (K-624 or equivalent), MKH 6561 carboxylic acid (K-713 or equivalent), *N*-methyl propoxy triazolinone (K-748 or equivalent), *N*-methyl propoxy triazolinone amide (K-798 or equivalent), MKH 6561 sulfonamide acid (K-712 or equivalent), saccharin (K-727 or equivalent) and 4-hydroxy saccharin (K-795 or equivalent) standards first by removing the stock solutions from section 3.1.1 from the freezer and allowing them to equilibrate at room temperature. Do not include the MKH 6561 sulfonamide methyl ester (K-715 or equivalent), as it will be prepared as an individual solution. For the 2.5-ppm solution, add the appropriate volume of each stock solution (see compound list above) to obtain a 1:200 dilution in ACN/water 1:1 (for example, add 500 μL of each 500-ppm stock solution to a 100-mL volumetric flask, bring to volume and mix). To prepare the 0.25-ppm solution, for example, add 50 μL of each 500-ppm stock solution to a 100-mL volumetric flask, bring to volume and mix. The 0.25-ppm solution can also be prepared by making a 1:10 dilution of the 2.5-ppm solution. Store solutions in a freezer when not in use.

Prepare separate 2.5-ppm and 0.25-ppm spiking solutions (nominally 2.5 and 0.25 ng/ $\mu$ L, respectively) of the MKH 6561 sulfonamide methyl ester (K-715 or equivalent) by performing a dilution as above from the 500-ppm stock solution and diluting up to volume with MeOH containing 0.1%  $\text{H}_3\text{PO}_4$ .

### 3.1.3 Internal Standard Stock Solutions

Prepare 500-ppm stock solutions (nominally 0.5 mg/mL) MKH 6561-*N*-methyl- $d_3$  (K-745 or equivalent), MKH 6561 carboxylic acid-*N*-methyl- $d_3$  (K-746 or equivalent), *N*-methyl propoxy triazolinone-methyl- $d_3$  (K-744 or equivalent), *N*-methyl propoxy triazolinone amide-methyl- $d_3$  (K-812 or equivalent), MKH 6561 sulfonamide methyl ester-phenyl-3,4,5,6- $d_4$  (K-742 or equivalent), MKH 6561 sulfonamide acid-phenyl-3,4,5,6- $d_4$ -carbonyl- $^{13}\text{C}$  (K-747 or equivalent), saccharin-phenyl-3,4,5,6- $d_4$  (K-743 or equivalent) and 4-hydroxy saccharin- $d_3$  (K-817 or equivalent) standards by weighing 5-10 mg of each using an analytical balance (with 0.01-mg readout), adding the corresponding volume of ACN/water 1:1 (for MKH 6561 sulfonamide methyl ester, use MeOH containing 0.1%  $\text{H}_3\text{PO}_4$ ) and mixing; for example, dissolve 7.10 mg of standard in 14.20 mL of solvent. Correct added volume for % purity if standard is <99%. Store solutions in a freezer when not in use.

### 3.1.4 Internal Standard Spiking Solution

Prepare a 2.5-ppm mixed spiking solution (nominally 2.5 ng/ $\mu$ L) of MKH 6561-*N*-methyl- $d_3$  (K-745 or equivalent), MKH 6561 carboxylic acid-*N*-methyl- $d_3$  (K-746 or equivalent), *N*-methyl propoxy triazolinone-methyl- $d_3$  (K-744 or equivalent), *N*-methyl propoxy triazolinone amide-methyl- $d_3$  (K-812 or equivalent), MKH 6561 sulfonamide acid-phenyl-3,4,5,6- $d_4$ -carbonyl- $^{13}\text{C}$  (K-747 or equivalent), saccharin-phenyl-3,4,5,6- $d_4$  (K-743 or equivalent) and 4-hydroxy saccharin- $d_3$  (K-817 or equivalent) standards by removing the stock solutions from section 3.1.3 from the freezer, allowing them to equilibrate at room temperature, and then adding the appropriate volume of each 500-ppm stock solution (see compound list above) to obtain a 1:200 dilution in ACN/water 1:1 (for example, add 500  $\mu$ L of each stock solution to a 100-mL volumetric flask, bring to volume and mix). Do not include the MKH 6561 sulfonamide methyl ester-phenyl-3,4,5,6- $d_4$  (K-742 or equivalent) as it will be prepared as an individual solution.

Prepare a separate 2.5-ppm spiking solution (nominally 2.5 ng/ $\mu$ L) of MKH 6561 sulfonamide methyl ester-phenyl-3,4,5,6- $d_4$  (K-742 or equivalent) by performing a dilution as above from the 500-ppm stock solution and diluting up to volume with MeOH containing 0.1%  $\text{H}_3\text{PO}_4$ .

### 3.2 Extraction of Soil Samples

Process soil samples as follows:

1. Weigh soil into a plastic weighing pan. See table below to determine sample weight.
2. Add hydromatrix and mix with the soil thoroughly using a spatula (see table below for sample weight). Transfer mixture to an ASE sample cell using a funnel.

|                                                                         | Soil Type                       |                                |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|
|                                                                         | Light, Sandy Soils <sup>1</sup> | Heavy, Clay soils <sup>2</sup> |
| Sample wt                                                               | 25 g                            | 15 g                           |
| Hydromatrix wt                                                          | 2 g                             | 4 g                            |
| Final aliquot volume                                                    | 1/4th of final extract volume   | 5/12th of final extract volume |
| Target sample aliquot in final extract                                  | 6.25 g                          | 6.25 g                         |
| Amount of internal standard solution added                              | 100 $\mu$ L                     | 60 $\mu$ L                     |
| Amount of native analyte spiking solution added for QC recovery samples | 50 $\mu$ L                      | 30 $\mu$ L                     |
| Amount of sand used for reagent blank samples <sup>3</sup>              | 35 g                            | 30 g                           |

<sup>1</sup> Conditions used for Washington dissipation study (see Table 1 for soil characteristics).

<sup>2</sup> Conditions used for Kansas dissipation study (see Table 1 for soil characteristics).

<sup>3</sup> Reagent blanks are prepared by mixing sand with specified amount of hydromatrix and filling ASE cells to the same level as the samples.

3. Add the appropriate volume of the two 2.5-ng/ $\mu$ L internal standard spiking solutions from section 3.1.4 to the sample cell (amount depends on amount of soil extracted; see table above for specified volume), resulting in a 10 ppb fortification. Fortify recovery samples with the appropriate volume of the two 2.5-ng/ $\mu$ L native analyte spiking solutions, resulting in a 5-ppb fortification (amount depends on amount of soil extracted; see table above for specified volume). Cap the top of the cell firmly.
4. Place sample cell onto ASE unit and extract using the conditions listed in the table below. The purge time may need to be adjusted depending on the particular soil type being extracted (lengthen time for heavy clay soils). Adjust other parameters if

needed to obtain recovery of analytes (soil characteristics may affect recovery of analytes).

| ASE Conditions |                                                                                 |                                                                                 |
|----------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Parameter      | Light, Sandy Soils <sup>1</sup>                                                 | Heavy, Clay soils <sup>2</sup>                                                  |
| Solvent        | ACN/water (1:1) with<br>50 mM CaCl <sub>2</sub> and<br>10 mM NH <sub>4</sub> OH | ACN/water (1:1) with<br>50 mM CaCl <sub>2</sub> and<br>10 mM NH <sub>4</sub> OH |
| Heat Cycle     | 5 min                                                                           | 5 min                                                                           |
| Temp           | 80 °C                                                                           | 80 °C                                                                           |
| Static Cycle   | 5 min                                                                           | 5 min                                                                           |
| Flush          | 50%                                                                             | 75%                                                                             |
| Purge          | 120 sec                                                                         | 120 sec                                                                         |

<sup>1</sup> Conditions used for Washington field dissipation study.

<sup>2</sup> Conditions used for Kansas field dissipation study.

Note: Proper care of the ASE and cells are required. After use and disassembly, the cells are cleaned in the following manner. The cell bodies are rinsed with de-ionized water using a brush followed by rinses of methanol and acetone. The cell caps are rinsed with de-ionized water, then sonicated in methanol followed by acetone. The cell caps are sonicated in each organic solvent for approximately 5 minutes.

5. Obtain the total extraction volume from the ASE report or screen.
6. Transfer an aliquot of the extract, equivalent to approximately 6.25 g of soil, into a 20 x 150 test tube and evaporate solvent under nitrogen to approximately 0.2 mL at 50 °C on a Turbovap unit.
7. Reconstitute residue in 1 mL of 9:1 water/MeOH containing 0.1% acetic acid.
8. Filter the extract through a 0.45-µm Acrodisc filter into an HPLC vial for analysis. If previous experience with a particular soil or soil depth dictates (i.e. filter clogs), split the sample into two aliquots for filtering (larger diameter filters could be used if the loss in the filter is acceptable).

### 3.3 HPLC/MS-MS Analysis

Instrumental conditions used are given below. Please note that the Washington study was conducted earlier and some of the HPLC parameters were changed or improved for the analysis of Kansas soil samples.

#### 3.3.1 HPLC Conditions for Analysis of MKH 6561, N-Methyl Propoxy Triazolinone, N-Methyl Propoxy Triazolinone Amide and MKH 6561 Sulfonamide Methyl Ester

Column: Phenomenex Columbus C18, 50 x 2 mm, 5  $\mu$ , or equivalent  
 Flow rate: 0.35 mL/min  
 Injection volume: 2  $\mu$ L on Sciex API III Plus instrument and 7  $\mu$ L on Sciex API 365 (can be adjusted up to 20  $\mu$ L, depending on the condition of instrument)  
 Solvents/gradient: Solvent A = water + 0.1% formic acid  
 Solvent B = acetonitrile/water (9:1, v/v) + 0.1% formic acid + 5 mM ammonium acetate

| Washington Samples |             |             |
|--------------------|-------------|-------------|
| Time (min)         | % Solvent A | % Solvent B |
| 0                  | 100         | 0           |
| 3                  | 100         | 0           |
| 4                  | 80          | 20          |
| 8.5                | 30          | 70          |
| 9                  | 100         | 0           |
| 14                 | 100         | 0           |

Approximate retention times:

N-Methyl propoxy triazolinone = 7.6 min.  
 N-Methyl propoxy triazolinone amide = 7.7 min.  
 MKH 6561 Sulfonamide methyl ester = 8.0 min.  
 MKH 6561 = 10.1 min.

| Kansas Samples |             |             |
|----------------|-------------|-------------|
| Time (min)     | % Solvent A | % Solvent B |
| 0              | 90          | 10          |
| 4              | 80          | 20          |
| 6              | 63          | 37          |
| 8              | 30          | 70          |
| 8.5            | 20          | 80          |
| 9              | 90          | 10          |
| 14             | 90          | 10          |

Approximate retention times:

|                                             |   |           |
|---------------------------------------------|---|-----------|
| <i>N</i> -Methyl propoxy triazolinone       | = | 4.3 min.  |
| <i>N</i> -Methyl propoxy triazolinone amide | = | 5.0 min.  |
| MKH 6561 Sulfonamide methyl ester           | = | 5.5 min.  |
| MKH 6561                                    | = | 10.1 min. |

During the first 2.5 min., the column effluent is diverted to waste. The analytes *N*-methyl propoxy triazolinone, *N*-methyl propoxy triazolinone amide and MKH 6561 sulfonamide methyl ester are detected using positive-ion mode. After elution of these three analytes, instrument is switched to negative-ion mode for the detection of MKH 6561. Note: The column or conditions used may be modified if necessary, but should be clearly documented in the study raw data.

### 3.3.2 HPLC Conditions for Analysis of MKH 6561 Carboxylic Acid, MKH 6561 Sulfonamide Acid, Saccharin and 4-Hydroxy Saccharin

|                    |                                                                                                                                                          |
|--------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Column:            | Phenomenex Columbus C18, 50 x 2 mm, 5 $\mu$ , or equivalent                                                                                              |
| Flow rate:         | 0.35 mL/min.                                                                                                                                             |
| Injection volume:  | 10 $\mu$ L on Sciex API III Plus instrument (can be adjusted up to 50 $\mu$ L, depending on the condition of instrument) and 50 $\mu$ L on Sciex API 365 |
| Solvents/gradient: | Solvent A = Water + 0.1% formic acid<br>Solvent B = acetonitrile/water (9:1, v/v) + 0.1% formic acid + 5 mM ammonium acetate                             |

| Washington Samples |             |             |
|--------------------|-------------|-------------|
| Time (min)         | % Solvent A | % Solvent B |
| 0                  | 100         | 0           |
| 2                  | 100         | 0           |
| 3                  | 80          | 20          |
| 8.5                | 30          | 70          |
| 9                  | 100         | 0           |
| 14                 | 100         | 0           |

## Approximate retention times:

|                           |   |          |
|---------------------------|---|----------|
| MKH 6561 sulfonamide acid | = | 6.4 min. |
| Saccharin                 | = | 7.3 min. |
| 4-Hydroxy saccharin       | = | 8.1 min. |
| MKH 6561 carboxylic acid  | = | 9.3 min. |

| Kansas Samples |             |             |
|----------------|-------------|-------------|
| Time (min)     | % Solvent A | % Solvent B |
| 0              | 100         | 0           |
| 2              | 100         | 0           |
| 4              | 80          | 20          |
| 8.5            | 30          | 70          |
| 9              | 100         | 0           |
| 14             | 100         | 0           |

## Approximate retention times:

|                           |   |          |
|---------------------------|---|----------|
| MKH 6561 sulfonamide acid | = | 6.1 min. |
| Saccharin                 | = | 6.3 min. |
| 4-Hydroxy saccharin       | = | 7.1 min. |
| MKH 6561 carboxylic acid  | = | 8.3 min. |

During the first four minutes of the run, the column effluent was diverted to waste. All of the analytes are detected using negative-ion mode.

Note: The column or conditions used may be modified if necessary, but should be clearly documented in the study raw data.

### 3.3.3 MS-MS Conditions

The mass spectrometer (MS) must be optimized to monitor the daughter ions for each analyte at the mass unit resolution. The MS scan summaries of precursor → product transition pairs are presented in Table 2. Turbo-Ion Spray ionization technique is used for all analyses. Due to the large number of analytes in this method and difficulty in sufficiently separating many of them, two separate LC/MS analyses are made for each sample. This may be modified if instrument sensitivity is sufficient to allow simultaneous analysis of multiple analytes. Basic instrument parameters are listed below. Typical instrument conditions are listed in Tables 3 and 4 (Sciex API 365 instrument) and Tables 5 and 6 (Sciex API III Plus instrument):

|                  |            |
|------------------|------------|
| Interface heater | 60 °C      |
| Nebulizer temp.: | 500 °C     |
| Nebulizer gas:   | 80 psi     |
| Curtain gas:     | 1.2 L/min. |
| Auxiliary gas:   | 8 mL/min.  |

MS state file parameters used for the field dissipation analyses are listed in Table 3 and 4 (API 365 instrument) and Table 5 and 6 (API III instrument).

### 3.3.4 Calibration Curve

A minimum four point calibration curve should be prepared by analyzing at least four concentrations of standards (e.g. 6.25 ng/mL, 31.3 ng/mL, 62.5 ng/mL, 156.3 ng/mL and 312.5 ng/mL (optional)), which are 1-, 5-, 10-, 25- and 50- ppb standards of sample equivalents), each containing 62.5 ng/mL (10-ppb sample equivalent) of the internal standards by LC/MS-MS. These should be prepared from the standard solutions from sections 3.1.2 and 3.1.4 as detailed below (see Table 7 for solution parameters). The calibration curve standards will be injected at the beginning of each set of samples. Selected calibration standards will be re-injected at regular intervals during the run to monitor changes in instrumental sensitivity and reproducibility. All of these standard injections will be part of the calibration curve.

If samples contain >50 ppb of analyte (or greater than upper level of calibration curve), they should be re-injected using a calibration curve containing higher concentration standards to cover the concentration range.

The calibration curve should be linear ( $r^2 \geq 0.98$ ), otherwise, dilution samples should be re-extracted for the analysis.

All standards should be stored in a refrigerator when not in use and should be routinely monitored for degradation.

*1-ppb sample-equivalent standard (6.25 ng/mL):* Prepare by adding 25  $\mu$ L of the two 2.5-ppm native analyte spiking solutions from section 3.1.2 and 250  $\mu$ L of the two 2.5-ppm internal standard spiking solutions from section 3.1.4 to a 10-mL volumetric flask, bringing to volume with 9:1 water/MeOH containing 0.1% acetic acid, and mixing.

*5-ppb sample-equivalent standard (31.3 ng/mL):* Prepare by adding 125  $\mu$ L of the two 2.5-ppm native analyte spiking solutions from section 3.1.2 and 250  $\mu$ L of the two 2.5-ppm internal standard spiking solutions from section 3.1.4 to a 10-mL volumetric flask, bringing to volume with 9:1 water/MeOH containing 0.1% acetic acid, and mixing.

*10-ppb sample-equivalent standard (62.5 ng/mL):* Prepare by adding 250  $\mu$ L of the two 2.5-ppm native analyte spiking solutions from section 3.1.2 and 250  $\mu$ L of the two 2.5-ppm internal standard spiking solutions from section 3.1.4 to a 10-mL volumetric flask, bringing to volume with 9:1 water/MeOH containing 0.1% acetic acid, and mixing.

*25-ppb sample-equivalent standard (156.3 ng/mL):* Prepare by adding 625  $\mu$ L of the two 2.5-ppm native analyte spiking solutions from section 3.1.2 and 250  $\mu$ L of the two 2.5-ppm internal standard spiking solutions from section 3.1.4 to a 10-mL volumetric flask, bringing to volume with 9:1 water/MeOH containing 0.1% acetic acid, and mixing.

*50-ppb sample-equivalent standard (312.5 ng/mL, optional):* Prepare by adding 1250  $\mu$ L of the two 2.5-ppm native analyte spiking solutions from section 3.1.2 and 250  $\mu$ L of the two 2.5-ppm internal standard spiking solutions from section 3.1.4 to a 10-mL volumetric flask, bringing to volume with 9:1 water/MeOH containing 0.1% acetic acid, and mixing.

### 3.3.5 Quantitation

The concentration (ppb) of each analyte is calculated by applying the area

ratio (native analyte area to internal standard area) to the calibration curve. This can be performed by the MS software, MacQuan1.5 version program (PE Sciex).

#### Linear Regression

Regression (calibration) curves for each analyte are calculated by plotting the peak area ratio of each native analyte and its deuterated internal standard (IS) versus the concentration of the analyte. A linear, 1/x weighted regression, is performed using the equation:

$$y = a + b x$$

where:  $y$  = area ratio of analyte to IS  
 $x$  = concentration of analyte  
 $a$  = intercept  
 $b$  = slope

#### Calculation of Analyte Concentration:

After performing linear regression for the calibration curves (correlation coefficient must be  $\geq 0.98$ ) and determining the slope and intercept parameters, analyte concentrations are calculated using the equation:

$$\text{Analyte Conc. (ppb)} = \frac{y (\text{area ratio}) - a (\text{intercept})}{b (\text{slope})}$$

Concentrations of calibration standards should also be calculated along with the samples. Back calculated standards must have an accuracy of 80-120% of the theoretical concentrations.

#### Calculation of Percent Recovery in Spiked Validation Samples

Recovery of spiked validation samples is calculated as follows:

$$\% \text{ Recovery} = 100 \times \frac{\text{Conc}_{\text{Nat}}}{\text{Fortification Level}}$$

Where:  $\text{Conc}_{\text{NAT}}$  = calculated amount (ppb in sample),  
uploaded from the mass spectrometer

$\text{Fortification level}$  = the concentration (ppb) at which the  
matrix spike was prepared

### 3.3.6 Potential Trouble-Shooting

Potential problems faced in the analysis may include sensitivity problems, cross-talk, matrix interference, and analytical standard degradation.

Sensitivity Problems: Sensitivity for different analytes may vary significantly and it is difficult to optimize the MS instrument for all of them simultaneously. Particularly in the positive-ion mode (see section 3.3.1), the sensitivities of *N*-methyl propoxy-triazolinone and *N*-methyl propoxy-triazolinone amide are usually about 3 orders of magnitude higher than that of MKH 6561 sulfonamide methyl ester. Therefore, if there is not a balance of sensitivities for all compounds, there may be either not enough sensitivity for MKH 6561 sulfonamide methyl ester or the instrument could be too sensitive for the other two analytes to produce linear calibration curves. It is not recommended that the instrument parameters be switch between individual analyte acquisitions because the parameter switch time and stabilization time may cause instability in the instrument which could affect the sensitivity. Therefore, the instrumental conditions should be carefully optimized for the best compromise of results; i.e., suitable sensitivity and reproducibility.

Cross-Talk: Though LC/MS-MS techniques do not usually require complete separation of all analytes, "cross-talk" between analytes may still occur under certain conditions. For example, *N*-methyl propoxy triazolinone amide can potentially fragment before Q1 (first quadrupole) to produce its daughter ion ( $m/z$  158), which is the parent ion of *N*-methyl propoxy triazolinone, thus resulting in interference. Therefore, the MS parameters should be adjusted to avoid such a fragmentation in Q1. The instrument should be operated at the mass unit resolution. Alternatively, the HPLC gradient can be modified to fully resolve these analytes.

Matrix Interference: Soil samples are extracted with solvent containing high concentrations of  $\text{CaCl}_2$ , so the extracts become gelatinous after evaporating the organic solvent. A switching valve is highly recommended after the column to divert the effluent to the waste during the first few minutes of the analytical run in order to remove inorganic salt(s). If a switching valve is not used, such inorganic material is deposited at the orifice when the sample is vaporized in the interface and may easily clog the inlet or further contaminate the instrument. The sensitivity would decrease quickly until it was unsatisfactory.

Depending on the soil, some organic compounds from the soil matrix may also interfere with quantification. Modifying the LC gradient can usually resolve such interference.

Analytical Standard Degradation: All standards and samples need to be stored in the freezer before analysis. Standard solutions of the MKH 6561 sulfonamide methyl ester and its deuterated internal standard should be prepared in acidic MeOH as described in section 3.1.2. There is evidence that MKH 6561 sulfonamide methyl ester can convert to saccharin under alkaline conditions, thus reducing the response for this analyte. If this problem is, it may be necessary to neutralize the extracts quickly after completion of the extraction.

### 3.4 Method Validation

#### 3.4.1 Recovery Analyses

1. Weigh twelve samples into ASE cells as described in section 3.2 above.
2. Designate two samples as control matrix samples, five samples as 1-ppb spikes (LOQ), and five samples as 10-ppb spikes (10 X LOQ). A reagent blank (sand + hydromatrix) should also be included in each set (see section 3.2 for weights).
3. Fortify the 1-ppb samples with the appropriate volume of the 0.25-ppm native analyte spiking solutions (section 3.1.2) and the 10-ppb samples with the 2.5-ppm native analyte spiking solutions (section 3.1.2). The fortification parameters for the recovery analyses are given in Table 8. See also section 3.2 for correct sample weights and spiking volumes used for different types of soils.

4. Fortify each sample with the appropriate volume of the internal standard spiking solution (section 3.1.4; Table 8). See section 3.2 for correct sample weights and spiking volumes. Process and analyze the samples as described in sections 3.2 (starting at step #4) through 3.3.

#### 3.4.2 Linearity Determination in Matrix

Prepare a five-point (minimum) HPLC/MS-MS matrix linearity curve using 0-, 2.5-, 10-, 25- and 50-ppb matrix standards prepared as follows. *Note: These concentrations are only examples, as other specific concentrations may be requested by the study director.*

1. Weigh five samples into ASE cells as described in section 3.2 above.
2. Process the samples as described in section 3.2, steps #4 through #6 (do not add internal standard solutions as described in step #3).
3. Fortify the extracts as follows (see Table 9 for sample fortification parameters):

*0-ppb sample-equivalent (0 ng/mL):* Prepare by adding 100  $\mu$ L of the two 2.5-ppm internal standard spiking solutions from section 3.1.4 to one of the control extracts. (Sample is not spiked with the native analyte spiking solutions).

*2.5-ppb sample-equivalent (15.6 ng/mL):* Prepare by adding 62.5  $\mu$ L of the two 0.25-ppm native analyte spiking solutions from section 3.1.2 and 100  $\mu$ L of the two 2.5-ppm internal standard spiking solutions from section 3.1.4 to one of the control extracts.

*10-ppb sample-equivalent (62.5 ng/mL):* Prepare by adding 250  $\mu$ L of the two 0.25-ppm native analyte spiking solutions from section 3.1.2 and 100  $\mu$ L of the two 2.5-ppm internal standard spiking solutions from section 3.1.4 to one of the control extracts.

*25-ppb sample-equivalent (156.3 ng/mL):* Prepare by adding 62.5  $\mu$ L of the two 2.5-ppm native analyte spiking solutions from section 3.1.2 and 100  $\mu$ L of the two 2.5-ppm internal standard spiking solutions from section 3.1.4 to one of the control extracts.

*50-ppb sample-equivalent (312.5 ng/mL):* Prepare by adding 125  $\mu\text{L}$  of the two 2.5-ppm native analyte spiking solutions from section 3.1.2 and 100  $\mu\text{L}$  of the two 2.5-ppm internal standard spiking solutions from section 3.1.4 to one of the control extracts.

4. Complete the sample preparation as described in section 3.2, steps #7-8.
5. Analyze the matrix standards by LC/MS-MS in triplicate as described in section 3.3.

#### 3.4.3 Determination of Limits of Detection (LOD) and Limits of Quantitation (LOQ)

The LOD is defined statistically as 3.143 (students t-value) times the sample standard deviation of replicate samples analyzed at a level approximating 1 to 5 times the estimated LOD. Although the LOQ is sometime defined as 3 to 5 times the LOD, it will be defined here as the level at which acceptable recoveries (70 to 120%, RSD  $\leq 20\%$ ) are demonstrated experimentally.

### 3.5 Moisture Determination

1. Thaw soil samples. Calibrate top-loading balance.
2. Weigh aluminum weighing dish ( $W_1$ ) and record weight.
3. Tare balance, add ~10 g of soil, re-weigh and record weight of moist soil ( $W_2$ ).
4. Place dish oven at approx. 120  $^{\circ}\text{C}$  for a minimum of 18 hours.
5. Re-weigh soil plus dish ( $W_3$ ).
6. Calculations:

$$\% \text{ Moisture} = \frac{W_2 - W_3}{W_2 - W_1}$$

## 4.0 Results

### 4.1 Recovery of MKH 6561 and Degradates from Soil

Recoveries of MKH 6561, *N*-methyl propoxy triazolinone, *N*-methyl propoxy triazolinone amide and MKH 6561 sulfonamide methyl ester from fortified Washington soil are given in Table 10. Figures 1 and 2 show representative ion chromatograms from the analysis of unfortified Washington soil (control) and soil fortified at the 1-ppb level, respectively.

Recoveries of MKH 6561 carboxylic acid, MKH 6561 sulfonamide acid, saccharin and 4-hydroxy saccharin from fortified Washington soil are given in Table 11. Figures 3 and 4 show representative ion chromatograms from the analysis of unfortified Washington soil (control) and soil fortified at the 1-ppb level, respectively.

Recoveries of MKH 6561, *N*-methyl propoxy triazolinone, *N*-methyl propoxy triazolinone amide and MKH 6561 sulfonamide methyl ester from fortified Kansas soil are given in Table 12. Figures 5 and 6 show representative ion chromatograms from the analysis of unfortified Kansas soil (control) and soil fortified at the 1-ppb level, respectively.

Recoveries of MKH 6561 carboxylic acid, MKH 6561 sulfonamide acid, saccharin and 4-hydroxy saccharin from fortified Washington soil are given in Table 13. Figures 7 and 8 show representative ion chromatograms from the analysis of unfortified Kansas soil (control) and soil fortified at the 1-ppb level, respectively.

### 4.2 Matrix Linearity

The analysis of all analytes was linear in the range of 0 to 50 ppb (sample equivalents). Correlation coefficients in Washington matrix ranged from 0.9982 for 4-hydroxy saccharin to 0.9999 for *N*-methyl propoxy triazolinone amide. Correlation coefficients in Kansas matrix ranged from 0.9942 for MKH 6561 carboxylic acid to 0.9999 for *N*-methyl propoxy triazolinone amide.

### 4.3 Limits of Detection (LOD) and Limits of Quantitation (LOQ)

In Washington soil, the calculated LOD for each analyte ranged from 0.10 ppb for

*N*-methyl propoxy triazolinone to 0.43 ppb for MKH 6561 carboxylic acid. An LOQ of 1 ppb was experimentally established for each analyte in Washington soil.

In Kansas soil, the calculated LOD for each analyte ranged from 0.10 ppb for *N*-methyl propoxy triazolinone amide to 0.48 ppb for 4-hydroxy saccharin. An LOQ of 1 ppb was experimentally established for each analyte in Kansas soil. Since the relative standard deviation of 16% for 4-hydroxy saccharin is high and may approach or exceed 20% with some instrumentation, the LOQ may be higher for this analyte depending on the soil and particular instrument being used.

## 5.0 References

- <sup>1</sup> Environmental Protection Agency, 40 CFR, Ch. 1, Pt. 136, App. B, p. 635.

Table 1. Soil characteristics for Washington and Kansas soils.

| Characteristics <sup>1</sup> | Washington | Kansas          |
|------------------------------|------------|-----------------|
| pH                           | 6.8        | 6.7             |
| CEC (meq/100 g)              | 6.41       | 15.01           |
| Organic Matter (%)           | 0.86       | 2.77            |
| WHC (%) @ 1/3 Bar            | 7.53       | 33.86           |
| WHC (%) @ 15 Bar             | 2.40       | 12.15           |
| Sand (%)                     | 81.6       | 12.4            |
| Silt (%)                     | 14.4       | 57.2            |
| Clay (%)                     | 4.0        | 30.4            |
| Soil Classification          | Loamy Sand | Silty Clay Loam |
| Bulk Density (g/cc)          | 1.61       | 1.28            |

<sup>1</sup> Performing Laboratory - A & L Great Lakes Laboratories, Inc; Fort Wayne, Indiana.

Table 2. Mass spectrometer scan summary.

| Scan Summary <sup>1</sup>                                                              |           |                 |                  |                    |                 |                       |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|-----------------|------------------|--------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|
| Analyte                                                                                | Type      | Ionization Mode | Parent Ion (m/z) | Daughter Ion (m/z) | Scan time (sec) | Collision Energy (mV) |
| MKH 6561 Carboxylic Acid                                                               | Native    | Neg.            | 383              | 182                | 0.15            | 16                    |
| MKH 6561 Carboxylic Acid- <i>N-methyl-d<sub>3</sub></i>                                | Int. Std. | Neg.            | 386              | 182                | 0.15            | 16                    |
| MKH 6561 Sulfonamide Acid                                                              | Native    | Neg.            | 200              | 156                | 0.15            | 16                    |
| MKH 6561 Sulfonamide Acid- <i>phenyl-3,4,5,6-d<sub>4</sub>-carbonyl-<sup>13</sup>C</i> | Int. Std. | Neg.            | 205              | 160                | 0.15            | 16                    |
| Saccharin                                                                              | Native    | Neg.            | 182              | 106                | 0.15            | 16                    |
| Saccharin- <i>3,4,5,6-d<sub>4</sub></i>                                                | Int. Std. | Neg.            | 186              | 106                | 0.15            | 16                    |
| 4-Hydroxy Saccharin                                                                    | Native    | Neg.            | 198              | 135                | 0.15            | 16                    |
| 4-Hydroxy Saccharin- <i><sup>13</sup>C, <sup>15</sup>N</i>                             | Int. Std. | Neg.            | 201              | 138                | 0.15            | 16                    |
| <i>N</i> -Methyl Propoxy Triazolinone                                                  | Native    | Pos.            | 158              | 116                | 0.20            | -10                   |
| <i>N</i> -Methyl Propoxy-Triazolinone- <i>methyl-d<sub>3</sub></i>                     | Int. Std. | Pos.            | 161              | 119                | 0.20            | -10                   |
| <i>N</i> -Methyl Propoxy Triazolinone Amide                                            | Native    | Pos.            | 201              | 158                | 0.20            | -10                   |
| <i>N</i> -Methyl Propoxy Triazolinone Amide- <i>methyl-d<sub>3</sub></i>               | Int. Std. | Pos.            | 204              | 161                | 0.20            | -10                   |
| MKH 6561 Sulfonamide Methyl Ester                                                      | Native    | Pos.            | 233 <sup>2</sup> | 199                | 0.20            | -10                   |
| MKH 6561 Sulfonamide Methyl Ester- <i>phenyl-3,4,5,6-d<sub>4</sub></i>                 | Int. Std. | Pos.            | 237 <sup>2</sup> | 203                | 0.20            | -10                   |
| MKH 6561                                                                               | Native    | Neg.            | 397              | 156                | 0.45            | 16                    |
| MKH 6561- <i>N-methyl-d<sub>3</sub></i>                                                | Int. Std. | Neg.            | 400              | 159                | 0.45            | 16                    |

<sup>1</sup> Based on API III plus instrument.<sup>2</sup> Parent ion for MKH 6561 sulfonamide ester is not molecular ion, but is solvent adduct ion.

Table 3. PE Sciex API 365 instrument state files for analysis of *N*-methyl propoxy triazolinone, *N*-methyl propoxy triazolinone amide, MKH 6561 sulfonamide methyl ester and MKH 6561.

| Positive-Ion<br>Detection Parameters |          | Negative-Ion<br>Detection Parameters |           |
|--------------------------------------|----------|--------------------------------------|-----------|
| Parameter                            | Value    | Parameter                            | Value     |
| IS                                   | 5000.000 | IS                                   | -4500.000 |
| TEM                                  | 450.000  | TEM                                  | 500.000   |
| OR                                   | 0.000    | OR                                   | -20.000   |
| RNG                                  | 80.000   | RNG                                  | -150.000  |
| Q0                                   | -9.500   | Q0                                   | 5.000     |
| IQ1                                  | -11.000  | IQ1                                  | 7.000     |
| ST                                   | -14.000  | ST                                   | 10.000    |
| RO1                                  | -11.000  | RO1                                  | 6.000     |
| IQ2                                  | -20.000  | IQ2                                  | 15.000    |
| RO2                                  | -25.000  | RO2                                  | 20.000    |
| IQ3                                  | -40.000  | IQ3                                  | 35.000    |
| RO3                                  | -30.000  | RO3                                  | 25.000    |
| DF                                   | -200.000 | DF                                   | 200.000   |
| CEM                                  | 2000.000 | CEM                                  | -2000.000 |
| NEB                                  | 10       | NEB                                  | 14        |
| CUR                                  | 8        | CUR                                  | 8         |
| CAD                                  | 6        | CAD                                  | 8         |
| Aux. Gas                             | 8 L/min  | Aux. Gas                             | 8 L/min.  |

#### Notes

During the first four minutes of the analytical run, the column effluent is diverted to waste. The analytes *N*-methyl propoxy triazolinone, *N*-methyl propoxy triazolinone amide and MKH 6561 sulfonamide methyl ester are detected using positive-ion mode. After elution of these three analytes, instrument is switched to negative-ion mode for the detection of MKH 6561.

These conditions may need to be modified slightly to obtain the best results on the instrument being used, but any changes should be clearly documented in the study raw data.

Table 4. PE Sciex API 365 instrument state files for analysis of MKH 6561 sulfonamide acid, saccharin, 4-hydroxy saccharin and MKH 6561 carboxylic acid.

| Negative-Ion<br>Detection Parameters |          |
|--------------------------------------|----------|
| Parameter                            | Value    |
| IS                                   | -4000.00 |
| TEM                                  | 450.00   |
| OR                                   | -45.00   |
| RNG                                  | -210.00  |
| Q0                                   | 10.00    |
| IQ1                                  | 12.20    |
| ST                                   | 16.50    |
| RO1                                  | 11.00    |
| IQ2                                  | 25.00    |
| RO2                                  | 30.00    |
| IQ3                                  | 45.00    |
| RO3                                  | 35.00    |
| DF                                   | 200.00   |
| CEM                                  | -2000.00 |
| NEB                                  | 14       |
| CUR                                  | 7        |
| CAD                                  | 6        |
| Aux. Gas                             | 8 L/min  |

#### Notes

All of the analytes are detected using negative-ion mode.

These conditions may need to be modified slightly to obtain the best results on the instrument being used, but any changes should be clearly documented in the study raw data.

Table 5. PE Sciex API III instrument state files for analysis of *N*-methyl propoxy triazolinone, *N*-methyl propoxy triazolinone amide, MKH 6561 sulfonamide methyl ester and MKH 6561.

| Positive-Ion<br>Detection Parameters              |           | Negative-Ion<br>Detection Parameters              |           |
|---------------------------------------------------|-----------|---------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| Parameter                                         | Value     | Parameter                                         | Value     |
| DI                                                | 50.00     | DI                                                | 50.00     |
| ISV                                               | 4500.00   | ISV                                               | -3400.00  |
| IN                                                | 650.00    | IN                                                | -650.00   |
| OR                                                | 45.00     | OR                                                | -65.00    |
| R0                                                | 30.00     | R0                                                | -30.00    |
| M1                                                | 500.00    | M1                                                | 500.00    |
| RE1                                               | 114.00    | RE1                                               | 111.00    |
| DM1                                               | 0.06      | DM1                                               | 0.05      |
| R1                                                | 23.20     | R1                                                | -26.00    |
| L7                                                | 25.00     | L7                                                | -19.00    |
| R2                                                | 20.00     | R2                                                | -14.00    |
| M3                                                | 500.00    | M3                                                | 500.00    |
| RE3                                               | 114.60    | RE3                                               | 113.90    |
| DM3                                               | 0.06      | DM3                                               | 0.08      |
| RX                                                | 5.00      | RX                                                | 1.00      |
| R3                                                | 15.00     | R3                                                | -9.00     |
| L9                                                | -250.00   | L9                                                | 250.00    |
| FP                                                | -250.00   | FP                                                | 250.00    |
| MU                                                | -4000.00  | MU                                                | 4400.00   |
| CGT (Ar)                                          | 242.70    | CGT (Ar)                                          | 250.61    |
| Interface Heater                                  | 60°C      | Interface Heater                                  | 60°C      |
| Nebulizer Gas (N <sub>2</sub> )                   | 80 psi    | Nebulizer Gas (N <sub>2</sub> )                   | 80 psi    |
| Curtain Gas (N <sub>2</sub> )                     | 1.2 L/min | Curtain Gas (N <sub>2</sub> )                     | 1.2 L/min |
| Turbo Gun Temp.                                   | 500°C     | Turbo Gun Temp.                                   | 500°C     |
| Turbo Gun Gas (N <sub>2</sub> ,<br>Auxiliary Gas) | 8 L/min   | Turbo Gun Gas (N <sub>2</sub> ,<br>Auxiliary Gas) | 8 L/min   |

#### Notes

During the first four minutes of the analytical run, the column effluent is diverted to waste. The analytes *N*-methyl propoxy triazolinone, *N*-methyl propoxy triazolinone amide and MKH 6561 sulfonamide methyl ester are detected using positive-ion mode. After elution of these three analytes, instrument is switched to negative-ion mode for the detection of MKH 6561.

These conditions may need to be modified slightly to obtain the best results on the instrument being used, but any changes should be clearly documented in the study raw data.

Table 6. PE Sciex API III instrument state files for analysis of MKH 6561 sulfonamide acid, saccharin, 4-hydroxy saccharin and MKH 6561 carboxylic acid.

| Negative-Ion<br>Detection Parameters              |           |
|---------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| Parameter                                         | Value     |
| DI                                                | 50.00     |
| ISV                                               | -3400.00  |
| IN                                                | -650.00   |
| OR                                                | -65.00    |
| R0                                                | -30.00    |
| M1                                                | 500.00    |
| RE1                                               | 111.00    |
| DM1                                               | 0.05      |
| R1                                                | -26.00    |
| L7                                                | -19.00    |
| R2                                                | -14.00    |
| M3                                                | 500.00    |
| RE3                                               | 113.90    |
| DM3                                               | 0.08      |
| RX                                                | 1.00      |
| R3                                                | -9.00     |
| L9                                                | 250.00    |
| FP                                                | 250.00    |
| MU                                                | 4400.00   |
| CGT (Ar)                                          | 250.61    |
| Interface Heater                                  | 60°C      |
| Nebulizer Gas (N <sub>2</sub> )                   | 80 psi    |
| Curtain Gas (N <sub>2</sub> )                     | 1.2 L/min |
| Turbo Gun Temp.                                   | 500°C     |
| Turbo Gun Gas (N <sub>2</sub> ,<br>Auxiliary Gas) | 8 L/min   |

#### Notes

All of the analytes are detected using negative-ion mode.

These conditions may need to be modified slightly to obtain the best results on the instrument being used, but any changes should be clearly documented in the study raw data.

Table 7. Sample fortification parameters for preparation of calibration curve.

| Sample<br>Fortification<br>Level (ppb) <sup>1</sup> | Amount of Native<br>Analytes Added to<br>Prepare Solution <sup>2</sup> |                      | Native Analyte<br>Conc. in 10-mL<br>Final Solutions <sup>3</sup> | Amount of Internal<br>Standard Added to<br>Prepare Solution <sup>4</sup> |                      | Internal Standard<br>Concentrations in<br>Final Solutions <sup>5</sup> |
|-----------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                                                     | ng                                                                     | μL Spike<br>Solution | ng/mL                                                            | ng                                                                       | μL Spike<br>Solution | ng/mL                                                                  |
| 1.0                                                 | 62.5                                                                   | 25                   | 6.25                                                             | 625                                                                      | 250                  | 62.5                                                                   |
| 5.0                                                 | 313                                                                    | 125                  | 31.3                                                             | 625                                                                      | 250                  | 62.5                                                                   |
| 10                                                  | 625                                                                    | 250                  | 62.5                                                             | 625                                                                      | 250                  | 62.5                                                                   |
| 25 <sup>5</sup>                                     | 1563                                                                   | 625                  | 156.3                                                            | 625                                                                      | 250                  | 62.5                                                                   |

<sup>1</sup> Concentration level in soil sample equivalents (6.25 g in final aliquot).

<sup>2</sup> Amount of the two 2.5-ppm native analyte spiking solutions from section 3.1.2.

<sup>3</sup> Volume of calibration solutions is 10 mL.

<sup>4</sup> Amount of the two 2.5-ppm internal standard spiking solutions from section 3.1.4.

<sup>5</sup> Equal to 10 ppb in soil sample equivalents.

<sup>6</sup> If sample concentrations of analytes are over calibration curve limit (>25 ppb), these samples can be re-analyzed by adding a higher level (50 ppb) and dropping the lowest level (1 ppb) for the calibration curve.

Table 8. Sample fortification parameters for recovery analyses.

| Sample Fortification Level (ppb) | Amount of Native Analytes Added per Sample <sup>1</sup> |                    | Native Analyte Concentrations in Final Solutions | Amount of Internal Standard Added per Sample <sup>1</sup> |                                  | Internal Standard Concentrations in Final Solutions <sup>2</sup> |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                                  | ng                                                      | μL Spike Solution  |                                                  | ng                                                        | μL Spike Solution <sup>1,3</sup> |                                                                  |
| 0 <sup>3</sup>                   | 0                                                       | 0                  | 0                                                | 250                                                       | 100 <sup>1</sup>                 | 62.5                                                             |
| 1.0                              | 25                                                      | 100 <sup>1,5</sup> | 6.25                                             | 250                                                       | 100 <sup>1</sup>                 | 62.5                                                             |
| 10                               | 250                                                     | 100 <sup>1,6</sup> | 62.5                                             | 250                                                       | 100 <sup>1</sup>                 | 62.5                                                             |

<sup>1</sup> Amounts specified are for 25-g sample (6.25 g in final aliquot). If only 15 g of soil is used for a heavy soil, correct the volumes correspondingly (60 μL).

<sup>2</sup> Equal to 10 ppb in soil sample equivalents.

<sup>3</sup> Amount of the two 2.5-ppm internal standard spiking solutions from section 3.1.4.

<sup>4</sup> Control sample (not fortified with native analytes).

<sup>5</sup> Amount of the two 0.25-ppm native standard spiking solutions from section 3.1.2.

<sup>6</sup> Amount of the two 2.5-ppm native standard spiking solutions from section 3.1.2.

Table 9. Sample fortification parameters for matrix linearity.

| Sample Fortification Level (ppb) <sup>1</sup> | Amount of Native Analytes Added per Sample |                   | Native Analyte Concentrations in Final Solutions | Amount of Internal Standard Added per Sample |                                | Internal Standard Concentrations in Final Solutions <sup>2</sup> |
|-----------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                                               | ng                                         | μL Spike Solution | ng/mL                                            | ng                                           | μL Spike Solution <sup>3</sup> | ng/mL                                                            |
| 0                                             | 0                                          | 0                 | 0                                                | 62.5                                         | 25                             | 62.5                                                             |
| 0.5                                           | 3.12                                       | 12.5 <sup>4</sup> | 3.12                                             | 62.5                                         | 25                             | 62.5                                                             |
| 2.5                                           | 15.6                                       | 62.5 <sup>4</sup> | 15.6                                             | 62.5                                         | 25                             | 62.5                                                             |
| 10                                            | 62.5                                       | 250 <sup>4</sup>  | 62.5                                             | 62.5                                         | 25                             | 62.5                                                             |
| 25                                            | 156.3                                      | 62.5 <sup>5</sup> | 156.3                                            | 62.5                                         | 25                             | 62.5                                                             |

<sup>1</sup> Concentration level in soil sample equivalents (25-g sample; 6.25 g in final sample aliquot).

<sup>2</sup> Equal to 10 ppb in soil sample equivalents.

<sup>3</sup> Amount of the two 2.5-ppm internal standard spiking solutions from section 3.1.4.

<sup>4</sup> Amount of the two 0.25-ppm native analyte spiking solutions from section 3.1.2.

<sup>5</sup> Amount of the two 2.5-ppm native analyte spiking solutions from section 3.1.2.

Table 10. Recovery of MKH 6561, *N*-methyl propoxy triazolinone, *N*-methyl propoxy triazolinone amide and MKH 6561 sulfonamide methyl ester from Washington soil.

| Analyte                                     | Replicate #             | Percent Recovery     |           |           |
|---------------------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|-----------|-----------|
|                                             |                         | Control <sup>1</sup> | 1 ppb     | 10 ppb    |
| MKH 6561                                    | 1                       | ND                   | 106       | 110       |
|                                             | 2                       | ND                   | 101       | 103       |
|                                             | 3                       | -                    | 91        | 101       |
|                                             | 4                       | -                    | 114       | 106       |
|                                             | 5                       | -                    | 96        | 108       |
|                                             | Avg (%RSD) <sup>2</sup> | -                    | 102 (8.8) | 106 (3.5) |
|                                             | LOD <sup>3</sup> (ppb)  | -                    | 0.28      | -         |
| <i>N</i> -Methyl Propoxy Triazolinone       | 1                       | ND                   | 94        | 107       |
|                                             | 2                       | ND                   | 93        | 101       |
|                                             | 3                       | -                    | 98        | 109       |
|                                             | 4                       | -                    | 98        | 101       |
|                                             | 5                       | -                    | 101       | 106       |
|                                             | Avg (%RSD)              | -                    | 97 (3.4)  | 105 (3.5) |
|                                             | LOD (ppb)               | -                    | 0.10      | -         |
| <i>N</i> -Methyl Propoxy Triazolinone Amide | 1                       | ND                   | 94        | 102       |
|                                             | 2                       | ND                   | 109       | 109       |
|                                             | 3                       | -                    | 99        | 106       |
|                                             | 4                       | -                    | 96        | 120       |
|                                             | 5                       | -                    | 94        | 112       |
|                                             | Avg (%RSD)              | -                    | 98 (6.4)  | 110 (6.2) |
|                                             | LOD (ppb)               | -                    | 0.20      | -         |
| MKH 6561 Sulfonamide Methyl Ester           | 1                       | ND                   | 102       | 104       |
|                                             | 2                       | ND                   | 83        | 114       |
|                                             | 3                       | -                    | 106       | 106       |
|                                             | 4                       | -                    | 101       | 107       |
|                                             | 5                       | -                    | 98        | 100       |
|                                             | Avg (%RSD)              | -                    | 98 (9.0)  | 106 (4.8) |
|                                             | LOD (ppb)               | -                    | 0.28      | -         |

<sup>1</sup> Recovery for unspiked control samples is based on 1 ppb level, although samples are not fortified.

<sup>2</sup> % Relative standard deviation

<sup>3</sup> Limit of detection calculated by multiplying standard deviation of sample concentrations by students t-test value of 3.143 (see section 3.4.3 in report).

Table 11. Recovery of MKH 6561 carboxylic acid, MKH 6561 sulfonamide acid, saccharin and 4-hydroxy saccharin from Washington soil.

| Analyte                         | Replicate #             | Percent Recovery     |           |          |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|-----------|----------|
|                                 |                         | Control <sup>1</sup> | 1 ppb     | 10 ppb   |
| MKH 6561<br>Carboxylic Acid     | 1                       | ND                   | 112       | 81       |
|                                 | 2                       | ND                   | 94        | 76       |
|                                 | 3                       | -                    | 80        | 76       |
|                                 | 4                       | -                    | 88        | 82       |
|                                 | 5                       | -                    | 109       | 74       |
|                                 | Avg (%RSD) <sup>2</sup> | -                    | 97 (14.1) | 78 (4.5) |
|                                 | LOD <sup>3</sup> (ppb)  | -                    | 0.43      | -        |
| MKH 6561<br>Sulfonamide<br>Acid | 1                       | ND                   | 104       | 92       |
|                                 | 2                       | ND                   | 101       | 93       |
|                                 | 3                       | -                    | 90        | 97       |
|                                 | 4                       | -                    | 93        | 88       |
|                                 | 5                       | -                    | 86        | 106      |
|                                 | Avg (%RSD)              | -                    | 95 (7.9)  | 95 (7.2) |
|                                 | LOD (ppb)               | -                    | 0.24      | -        |
| Saccharin                       | 1                       | ND                   | 83        | 97       |
|                                 | 2                       | ND                   | 94        | 100      |
|                                 | 3                       | -                    | 86        | 91       |
|                                 | 4                       | -                    | 98        | 96       |
|                                 | 5                       | -                    | 106       | 92       |
|                                 | Avg (%RSD)              | -                    | 93 (9.9)  | 95 (3.9) |
|                                 | LOD (ppb)               | -                    | 0.29      | -        |
| 4-Hydroxy Saccharin             | 1                       | ND                   | 90        | 90       |
|                                 | 2                       | ND                   | 77        | 101      |
|                                 | 3                       | -                    | 96        | 97       |
|                                 | 4                       | -                    | 107       | 85       |
|                                 | 5                       | -                    | 93        | 103      |
|                                 | Avg (%RSD)              | -                    | 93 (11.7) | 95 (7.9) |
|                                 | LOD (ppb)               | -                    | 0.34      | -        |

<sup>1</sup> Recovery for unspiked control samples is based on 1 ppb level, although samples are not fortified.

<sup>2</sup> % Relative standard deviation

<sup>3</sup> Limit of detection calculated by multiplying standard deviation of sample concentrations by students t-test value of 3.143 (see section 3.4.3 in report).

Table 12. Recovery of MKH 6561, *N*-methyl propoxy triazolinone, *N*-methyl propoxy triazolinone amide and MKH 6561 sulfonamide methyl ester from Kansas soil.

| Analyte                                     | Replicate #             | Percent Recovery     |           |           |
|---------------------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|-----------|-----------|
|                                             |                         | Control <sup>1</sup> | 1 ppb     | 10 ppb    |
| MKH 6561                                    | 1                       | ND                   | 98        | 98        |
|                                             | 2                       | ND                   | 98        | 101       |
|                                             | 3                       | -                    | 101       | 102       |
|                                             | 4                       | -                    | 93        | 99        |
|                                             | 5                       | -                    | 106       | 97        |
|                                             | Avg (%RSD) <sup>2</sup> | -                    | 99 (4.8)  | 99 (2.1)  |
|                                             | LOD <sup>3</sup> (ppb)  | -                    | 0.15      | -         |
| <i>N</i> -Methyl Propoxy Triazolinone       | 1                       | ND                   | 94        | 96        |
|                                             | 2                       | ND                   | 98        | 94        |
|                                             | 3                       | -                    | 109       | 101       |
|                                             | 4                       | -                    | 102       | 105       |
|                                             | 5                       | -                    | 99        | 103       |
|                                             | Avg (%RSD)              | -                    | 100 (5.6) | 100 (4.7) |
|                                             | LOD (ppb)               | -                    | 0.18      | -         |
| <i>N</i> -Methyl Propoxy Triazolinone Amide | 1                       | ND                   | 96        | 104       |
|                                             | 2                       | ND                   | 94        | 102       |
|                                             | 3                       | -                    | 99        | 96        |
|                                             | 4                       | -                    | 102       | 102       |
|                                             | 5                       | -                    | 99        | 99        |
|                                             | Avg (%RSD)              | -                    | 98 (3.1)  | 101 (3.1) |
|                                             | LOD (ppb)               | -                    | 0.10      | -         |
| MKH 6561 Sulfonamide Methyl Ester           | 1                       | ND                   | 98        | 91        |
|                                             | 2                       | ND                   | 88        | 95        |
|                                             | 3                       | -                    | 96        | 101       |
|                                             | 4                       | -                    | 93        | 97        |
|                                             | 5                       | -                    | 96        | 91        |
|                                             | Avg (%RSD)              | -                    | 94 (4.1)  | 95 (4.5)  |
|                                             | LOD (ppb)               | -                    | 0.12      | -         |

<sup>1</sup> Recovery for unspiked control samples is based on 1 ppb level, although samples are not fortified.

<sup>2</sup> % Relative standard deviation

<sup>3</sup> Limit of detection calculated by multiplying standard deviation of sample concentrations by students t-test value of 3.143 (see section 3.4.3 in report).

Table 13. Recovery of MKH 6561 carboxylic acid, MKH 6561 sulfonamide acid, saccharin and 4-hydroxy saccharin from Kansas soil.

| Analyte                         | Replicate #             | Percent Recovery     |           |           |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|-----------|-----------|
|                                 |                         | Control <sup>1</sup> | 1 ppb     | 10 ppb    |
| MKH 6561<br>Carboxylic Acid     | 1                       | ND                   | 99        | 100       |
|                                 | 2                       | ND                   | 106       | 99        |
|                                 | 3                       | -                    | 107       | 105       |
|                                 | 4                       | -                    | 101       | 99        |
|                                 | 5                       | -                    | 99        | 98        |
|                                 | Avg (%RSD) <sup>2</sup> | -                    | 102 (3.8) | 100 (2.8) |
|                                 | LOD <sup>3</sup> (ppb)  | -                    | 0.12      | -         |
| MKH 6561<br>Sulfonamide<br>Acid | 1                       | ND                   | 102       | 109       |
|                                 | 2                       | ND                   | 99        | 103       |
|                                 | 3                       | -                    | 114       | 101       |
|                                 | 4                       | -                    | 102       | 104       |
|                                 | 5                       | -                    | 99        | 103       |
|                                 | Avg (%RSD)              | -                    | 103 (6.0) | 104 (2.9) |
|                                 | LOD (ppb)               | -                    | 0.20      | -         |
| Saccharin                       | 1                       | ND                   | 93        | 105       |
|                                 | 2                       | ND                   | 106       | 99        |
|                                 | 3                       | -                    | 112       | 102       |
|                                 | 4                       | -                    | 104       | 96        |
|                                 | 5                       | -                    | 107       | 108       |
|                                 | Avg (%RSD)              | -                    | 104 (6.7) | 102 (4.7) |
|                                 | LOD (ppb)               | -                    | 0.22      | -         |
| 4-Hydroxy Saccharin             | 1                       | ND                   | 90        | 84        |
|                                 | 2                       | ND                   | 104       | 98        |
|                                 | 3                       | -                    | 117       | 104       |
|                                 | 4                       | -                    | 102       | 90        |
|                                 | 5                       | -                    | 77        | 88        |
|                                 | Avg (%RSD)              | -                    | 98 (15.5) | 93 (8.7)  |
|                                 | LOD (ppb)               | -                    | 0.48      | -         |

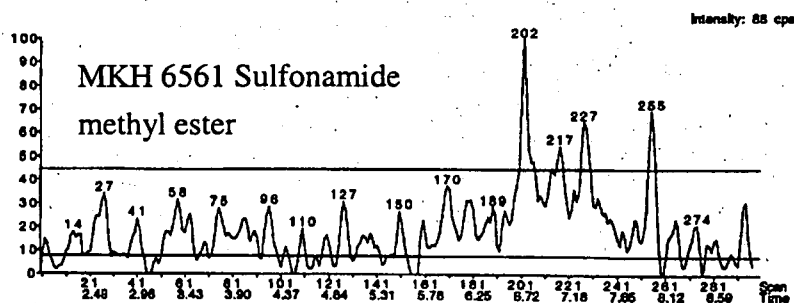
<sup>1</sup> Recovery for unspiked control samples is based on 1 ppb level, although samples are not fortified.

<sup>2</sup> % Relative standard deviation

<sup>3</sup> Limit of detection calculated by multiplying standard deviation of sample concentrations by students t-test value of 3.143 (see section 3.4.3 in report).

A102398A007 A102398A007 Fri, Oct 23, 1998 15:07  
C1, Control

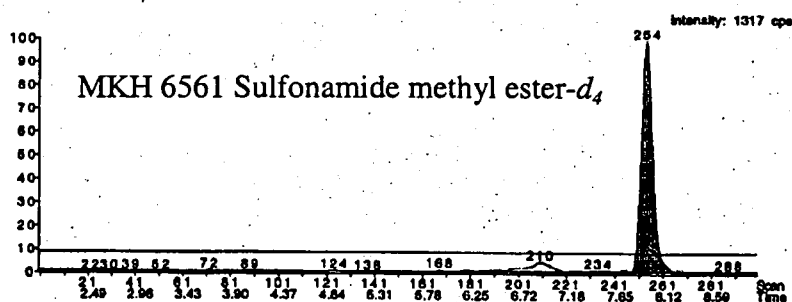
12.70 in 2 periods  
K-715, Sulfonamide Ester  
Internal Standard: K-742, Sulfonamide Ester-d4  
Use Area  
Absolute Retention Time  
1: 6.99 MRM, 299 scans  
233.0->199.0  
Noise Thresh. 3.0  
Quant Thresh. 0.5  
Min. Width 6  
Mult. Width 6  
Base. Width 100  
RT Wn. (secs) 20  
Smooth 2  
Expected RT 7.98  
Area 0  
Height 0  
Start Time -0.00  
End Time -0.00  
Integration Width -0.00  
Retention Time -0.00  
Integration Type



A102398A007 A102398A007 Fri, Oct 23, 1998 15:07  
C1, Control

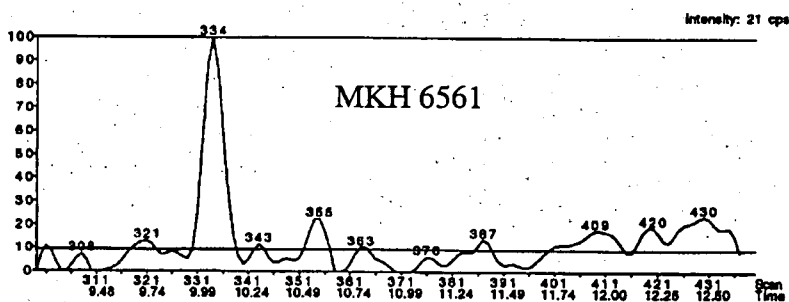
12.70 in 2 periods  
K-742, Sulfonamide Ester-d4  
use as Internal Standard

1: 6.99 MRM, 299 scans  
237.0->203.0  
Noise Thresh. 10.0  
Quant Thresh. 1.0  
Min. Width 6  
Mult. Width 6  
Base. Width 100  
RT Wn. (secs) 20  
Smooth 5  
Expected RT 7.98  
Area 9812  
Height 1306  
Start Time 7.75  
End Time 8.26  
Integration Width 0.52  
Retention Time 7.98  
Integration Type A - VB



A102398A007 A102398A007 Fri, Oct 23, 1998 15:07  
C1, Control

12.70 in 2 periods  
K-624, MKH 6561  
Internal Standard: K-745, MKH 6561-d3  
Use Area  
Absolute Retention Time  
2: 3.49 MRM, 140 scans  
397.0->186.0  
Noise Thresh. 10.0  
Quant Thresh. 0.5  
Min. Width 6  
Mult. Width 6  
Base. Width 100  
RT Wn. (secs) 20  
Smooth 5  
Expected RT 10.09  
Area 0  
Height 0  
Start Time -0.00  
End Time -0.00  
Integration Width -0.00  
Retention Time -0.00  
Integration Type



A102398A007 A102398A007 Fri, Oct 23, 1998 15:07  
C1, Control

12.70 in 2 periods  
K-745, MKH 6561-d3  
use as Internal Standard

2: 3.49 MRM, 140 scans  
400.0->186.0  
Noise Thresh. 10.0  
Quant Thresh. 1.0  
Min. Width 6  
Mult. Width 6  
Base. Width 100  
RT Wn. (secs) 20  
Smooth 5  
Expected RT 10.06  
Area 10022  
Height 1323  
Start Time 9.89  
End Time 10.29  
Integration Width 0.40  
Retention Time 10.04  
Integration Type A - BB

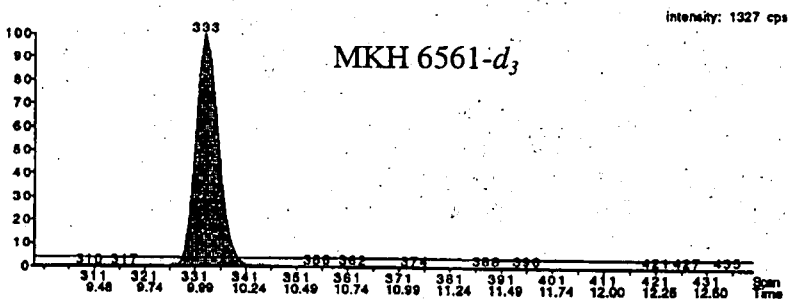
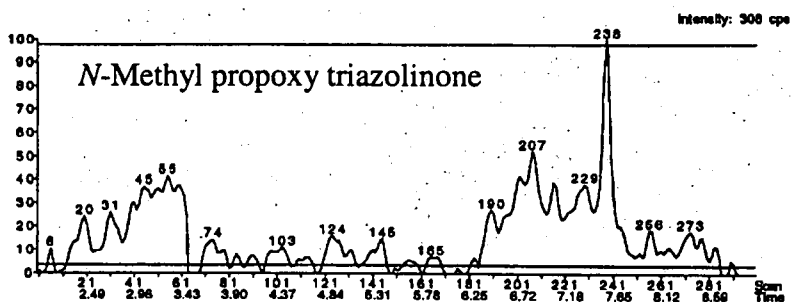


Figure 1. Representative ion chromatograms from the analysis of unfortified Washington soil (control) for MKH 6561, *N*-methyl propoxy triazolinone, *N*-methyl propoxy triazolinone amide and MKH 6561 sulfonamide methyl ester.

A102398A007 A102398A007 Fri, Oct 23, 1998 15:07  
C1, Control

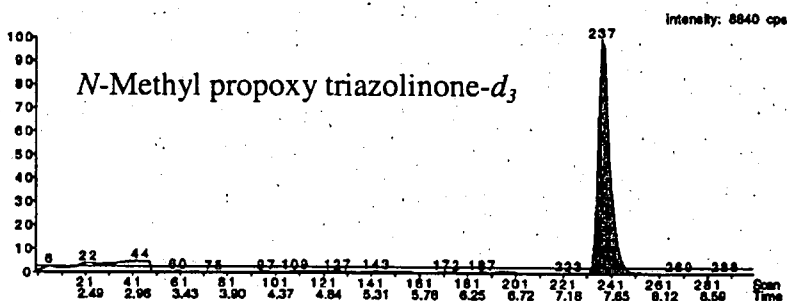
12.70 in 2 periods  
K-748, Propoxytriazolinone  
Internal Standard: K-744, Propoxytriazolinone-d<sub>3</sub>  
Use Area  
Absolute Retention Time  
1: 6.99 MRM, 299 scans  
188.0->116.0  
Noise Thresh. 16.0  
Quant Thresh. 0.5  
Min. Width 6  
Mult. Width 4  
Base. Width 100  
RT Win. (secs) 20  
Smooth 3  
Expected RT 7.58  
Area 0  
Height 0  
Start Time -0.00  
End Time -0.00  
Integration Width -0.00  
Retention Time -0.00  
Integration Type



A102398A007 A102398A007 Fri, Oct 23, 1998 15:07  
C1, Control

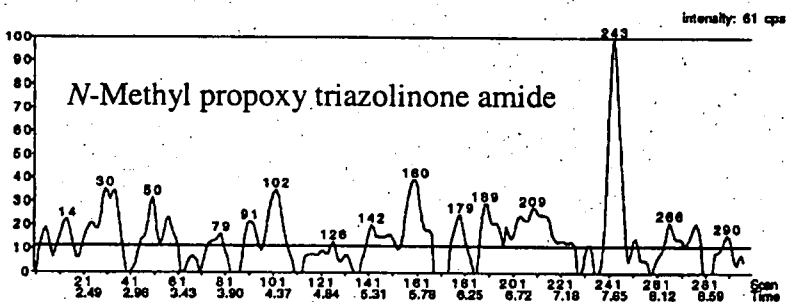
12.70 in 2 periods  
K-744, Propoxytriazolinone-d<sub>3</sub>  
use as Internal Standard

1: 6.99 MRM, 299 scans  
181.0->119.0  
Noise Thresh. 10.0  
Quant Thresh. 1.0  
Min. Width 6  
Mult. Width 6  
Base. Width 100  
RT Win. (secs) 20  
Smooth 6  
Expected RT 7.87  
Area 60198  
Height 8831  
Start Time 7.42  
End Time 8.05  
Integration Width 0.83  
Retention Time 7.56  
Integration Type A - BB



A102398A007 A102398A007 Fri, Oct 23, 1998 15:07  
C1, Control

12.70 in 2 periods  
K-806(K-798), Carboxamide triazolinone  
Internal Standard: K-812, Triazolinone Carboxamide-d<sub>3</sub>  
Use Area  
Absolute Retention Time  
1: 6.99 MRM, 299 scans  
201.0->156.0  
Noise Thresh. 10.0  
Quant Thresh. 0.5  
Min. Width 6  
Mult. Width 4  
Base. Width 30  
RT Win. (secs) 20  
Smooth 6  
Expected RT 7.70  
Area 0  
Height 0  
Start Time -0.00  
End Time -0.00  
Integration Width -0.00  
Retention Time -0.00  
Integration Type



A102398A007 A102398A007 Fri, Oct 23, 1998 15:07  
C1, Control

12.70 in 2 periods  
K-812, Triazolinone Carboxamide-d<sub>3</sub>  
use as Internal Standard

1: 6.99 MRM, 299 scans  
204.0->161.0  
Noise Thresh. 10.0  
Quant Thresh. 1.0  
Min. Width 6  
Mult. Width 6  
Base. Width 100  
RT Win. (secs) 20  
Smooth 6  
Expected RT 7.67  
Area 126005  
Height 18342  
Start Time 7.51  
End Time 8.18  
Integration Width 0.68  
Retention Time 7.88  
Integration Type A - BB

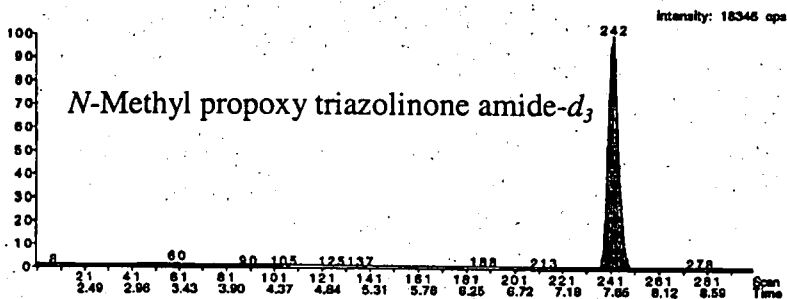
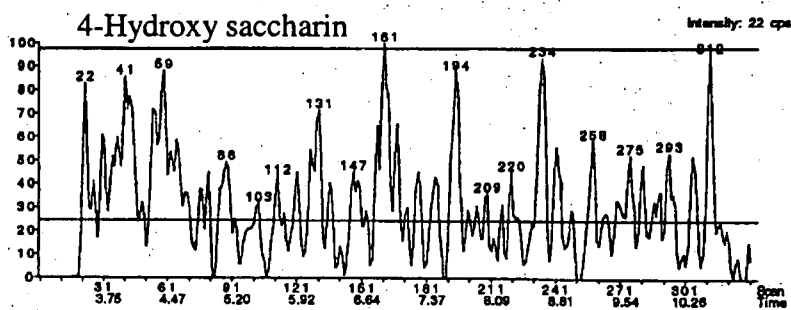


Figure 1 contd. Representative ion chromatograms from the analysis of unfortified Washington soil (control) for MKH 6561, *N*-methyl propoxy triazolinone, *N*-methyl propoxy triazolinone amide and MKH 6561 sulfonamide methyl ester.

A102898A007 A102898A007 Mon, Oct 26, 1998 19:15  
C1, Control

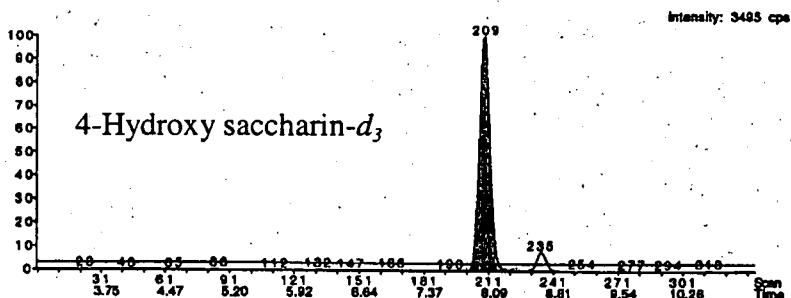
11.03 in 1 period  
K-755, Hydroxysaccharin  
Internal Standard: K-817, Hydroxysaccharin-d3  
Use Area  
Absolute Retention Time  
1: 8.01 MRM, 333 scans  
198.0 → 138.0  
Noise Thres. 2.0  
Quant Thres. 0.5  
Min. Width 8  
Mult. Width 3  
Base. Width 60  
RT Wn. (secs) 20  
Smooth 2  
Expected RT 8.07  
Area 0  
Height 0  
Start Time -0.00  
End Time -0.00  
Integration Width -0.00  
Retention Time -0.00  
Integration Type



A102898A007 A102898A007 Mon, Oct 26, 1998 19:15  
C1, Control

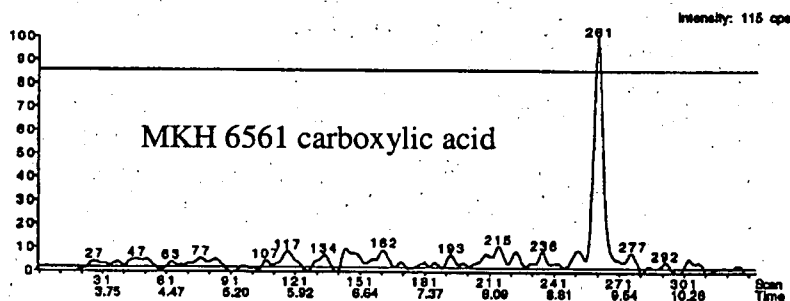
11.03 in 1 period  
K-817, Hydroxysaccharin-d3  
use as Internal Standard

1: 8.01 MRM, 333 scans  
201.0 → 139.0  
Noise Thres. 10.0  
Quant Thres. 0.5  
Min. Width 8  
Mult. Width 4  
Base. Width 20  
RT Wn. (secs) 20  
Smooth 5  
Expected RT 8.02  
Area 28621  
Height 3495  
Start Time 7.87  
End Time 8.35  
Integration Width 0.48  
Retention Time 8.04  
Integration Type A - BB



A102898A007 A102898A007 Mon, Oct 26, 1998 19:15  
C1, Control

11.03 in 1 period  
K-713, MKH 6561 Acid  
Internal Standard: K-746, MKH 6561 Acid-d3  
Use Area  
Absolute Retention Time  
1: 8.01 MRM, 333 scans  
383.0 → 182.0  
Noise Thres. 10.0  
Quant Thres. 0.2  
Min. Width 8  
Mult. Width 6  
Base. Width 100  
RT Wn. (secs) 20  
Smooth 5  
Expected RT 9.30  
Area 0  
Height 0  
Start Time -0.00  
End Time -0.00  
Integration Width -0.00  
Retention Time -0.00  
Integration Type



A102898A007 A102898A007 Mon, Oct 26, 1998 19:15  
C1, Control

11.03 in 1 period  
K-746, MKH 6561 Acid-d3  
use as Internal Standard

1: 8.01 MRM, 333 scans  
386.0 → 182.0  
Noise Thres. 10.0  
Quant Thres. 0.5  
Min. Width 8  
Mult. Width 6  
Base. Width 100  
RT Wn. (secs) 20  
Smooth 5  
Expected RT 9.27  
Area 40788  
Height 6376  
Start Time 9.01  
End Time 9.33  
Integration Width 0.32  
Retention Time 9.27  
Integration Type A - BB

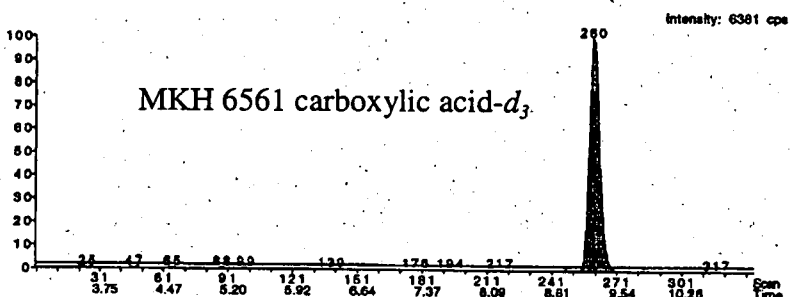
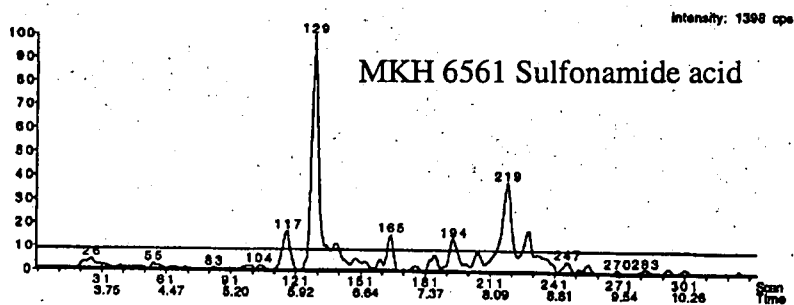


Figure 2. Representative ion chromatograms from the analysis of unfortified Washington soil (control) for MKH 6561 carboxylic acid, MKH 6561 sulfonamide acid, saccharin and 4-hydroxy saccharin.

A102698A007 A102698A007 Mon, Oct 26, 1998 19:15  
C1, Control

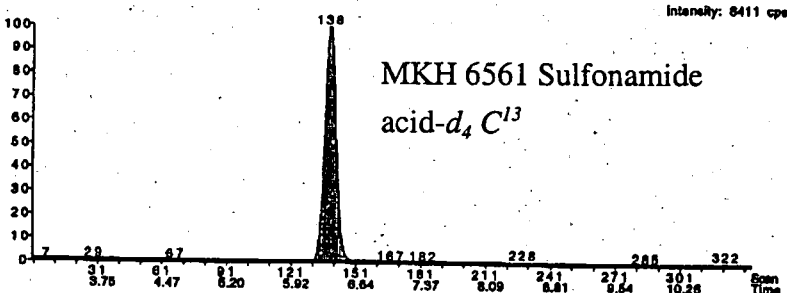
11.03 in 1 period  
K-712, Sulfonamide Acid  
Internal Standard: K-747, Sulfonamide Acid-d<sub>4</sub>,13C  
Use Area  
Absolute Retention Time  
1: 8.01 MRM, 333 scans  
200.0 → 156.0  
Noise Thres. 8.0  
Quant Thres. 0.5  
Min. Width 6  
Mult. Width 4  
Base. Width 60  
RT Wn. (secs) 15  
Smooth 2  
Expected RT 6.38  
Area 0  
Height 0  
Start Time -0.00  
End Time -0.00  
Integration Width -0.00  
Retention Time -0.00  
Integration Type



A102698A007 A102698A007 Mon, Oct 26, 1998 19:15  
C1, Control

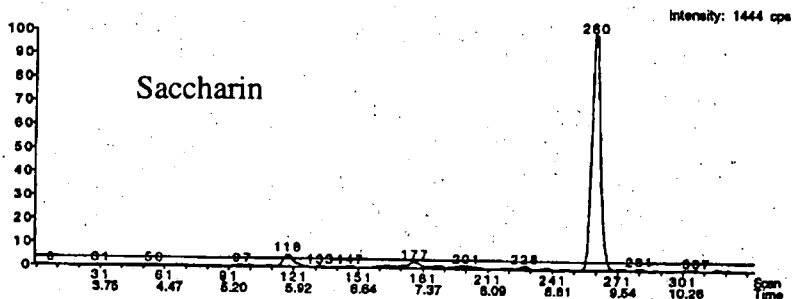
11.03 in 1 period  
K-747, Sulfonamide Acid-d<sub>4</sub>,13C  
use as Internal Standard

1: 8.01 MRM, 333 scans  
200.0 → 160.0  
Noise Thres. 5.0  
Quant Thres. 0.5  
Min. Width 6  
Mult. Width 4  
Base. Width 60  
RT Wn. (secs) 20  
Smooth 5  
Expected RT 6.38  
Area 75682  
Height 8409  
Start Time 6.11  
End Time 6.88  
Integration Width 0.77  
Retention Time 6.33  
Integration Type A - BV



A102698A007 A102698A007 Mon, Oct 26, 1998 19:15  
C1, Control

11.03 in 1 period  
K-717, Saccharin  
Internal Standard: K-743, Saccharin-d<sub>4</sub>  
Use Area  
Absolute Retention Time  
1: 8.01 MRM, 333 scans  
182.0 → 108.0  
Noise Thres. 5.0  
Quant Thres. 0.2  
Min. Width 6  
Mult. Width 4  
Base. Width 60  
RT Wn. (secs) 20  
Smooth 5  
Expected RT 7.29  
Area 0  
Height 0  
Start Time -0.00  
End Time -0.00  
Integration Width -0.00  
Retention Time -0.00  
Integration Type



A102698A007 A102698A007 Mon, Oct 26, 1998 19:15  
C1, Control

11.03 in 1 period  
K-743, Saccharin-d<sub>4</sub>  
use as Internal Standard

1: 8.01 MRM, 333 scans  
186.0 → 108.0  
Noise Thres. 2.0  
Quant Thres. 0.5  
Min. Width 6  
Mult. Width 4  
Base. Width 60  
RT Wn. (secs) 20  
Smooth 4  
Expected RT 7.27  
Area 14022  
Height 1972  
Start Time 7.03  
End Time 7.44  
Integration Width 0.41  
Retention Time 7.25  
Integration Type A - BV

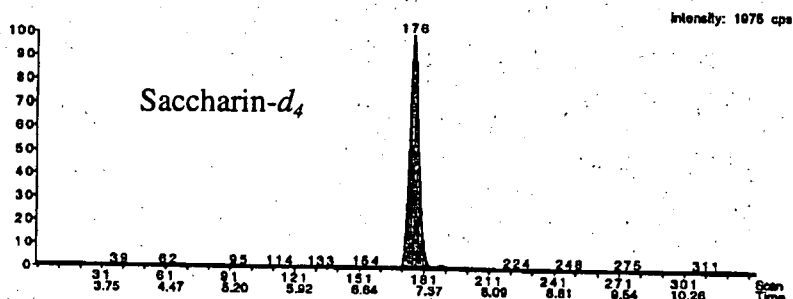
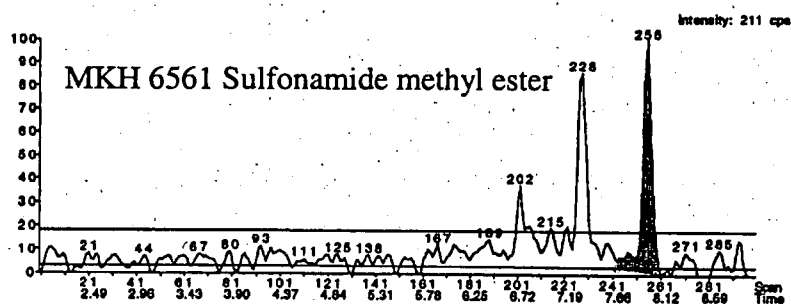


Figure 2 contd. Representative ion chromatograms from the analysis of unfortified Washington soil (control) for MKH 6561 carboxylic acid, MKH 6561 sulfonamide acid, saccharin and 4-hydroxy saccharin.

A102398A008 A102398A008 Fri, Oct 23, 1998 15:22  
F1, 1 ppb

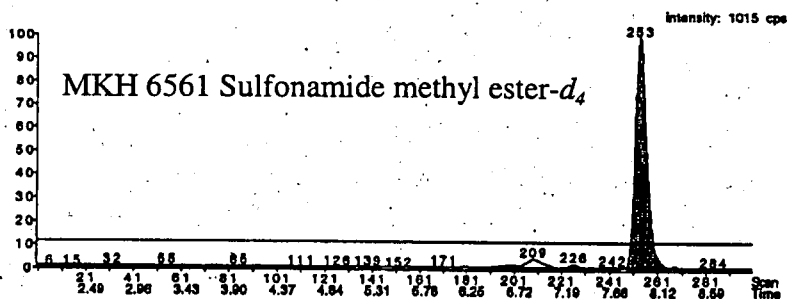
12.70 in 2 periods  
K-715, Sulfonamide Ester  
Internal Standard: K-742, Sulfonamide Ester-d4  
Use Area  
Absolute Retention Time  
1: 6.99 MRM, 299 scans  
233.0->159.0  
Noise Thres. 3.0  
Quant Thres. 0.5  
Min. Width 6  
Mult. Width 5  
Base. Width 100  
RT Win. (secs) 20  
Smooth 2  
Expected RT 7.98  
Area 1268  
Height 209  
Start Time 7.70  
End Time 8.10  
Integration Width 0.40  
Retention Time 7.98  
Integration Type A - VB



A102398A008 A102398A008 Fri, Oct 23, 1998 15:22  
F1, 1 ppb

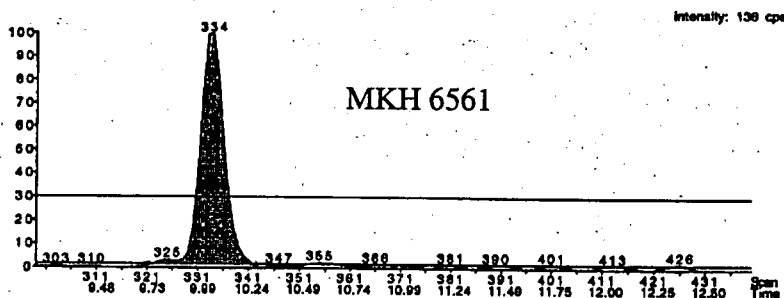
12.70 in 2 periods  
K-742, Sulfonamide Ester-d4  
use as Internal Standard

1: 6.99 MRM, 299 scans  
237.0->203.0  
Noise Thres. 10.0  
Quant Thres. 1.0  
Min. Width 6  
Mult. Width 6  
Base. Width 100  
RT Win. (secs) 20  
Smooth 5  
Expected RT 7.98  
Area 7540  
Height 1005  
Start Time 7.80  
End Time 8.28  
Integration Width 0.47  
Retention Time 7.94  
Integration Type A - BB



A102398A008 A102398A008 Fri, Oct 23, 1998 15:22  
F1, 1 ppb

12.70 in 2 periods  
K-624, MKH 6561  
Internal Standard: K-743, MKH 6561-d3  
Use Area  
Absolute Retention Time  
2: 3.49 MRM, 140 scans  
397.0->159.0  
Noise Thres. 10.0  
Quant Thres. 0.5  
Min. Width 6  
Mult. Width 6  
Base. Width 100  
RT Win. (secs) 20  
Smooth 5  
Expected RT 10.09  
Area 1086  
Height 136  
Start Time 9.73  
End Time 10.24  
Integration Width 0.50  
Retention Time 10.06  
Integration Type A - BB



A102398A008 A102398A008 Fri, Oct 23, 1998 15:22  
F1, 1 ppb

12.70 in 2 periods  
K-745, MKH 6561-d3  
use as Internal Standard

2: 3.49 MRM, 140 scans  
400.0->159.0  
Noise Thres. 10.0  
Quant Thres. 1.0  
Min. Width 6  
Mult. Width 6  
Base. Width 100  
RT Win. (secs) 20  
Smooth 5  
Expected RT 10.06  
Area 10550  
Height 1371  
Start Time 9.86  
End Time 10.26  
Integration Width 0.40  
Retention Time 10.04  
Integration Type A - BB

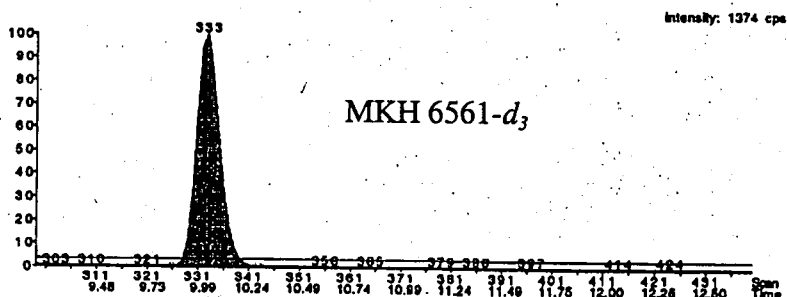
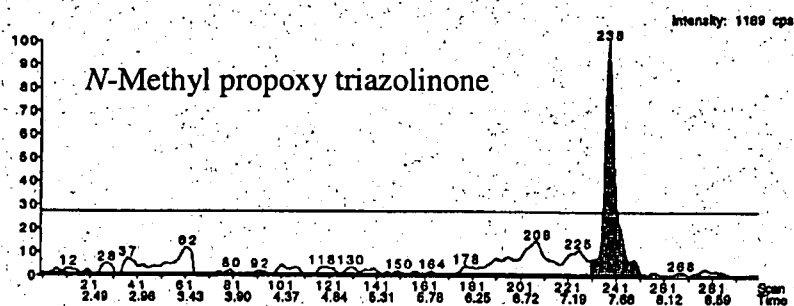


Figure 3. Representative ion chromatograms from the analysis of Washington soil fortified at 1 ppb with MKH 6561, *N*-methyl propoxy triazolinone, *N*-methyl propoxy triazolinone amide and MKH 6561 sulfonamide methyl ester.

A102398A008 A102398A008 Fri, Oct 23, 1998 15:22  
F1, 1 ppb

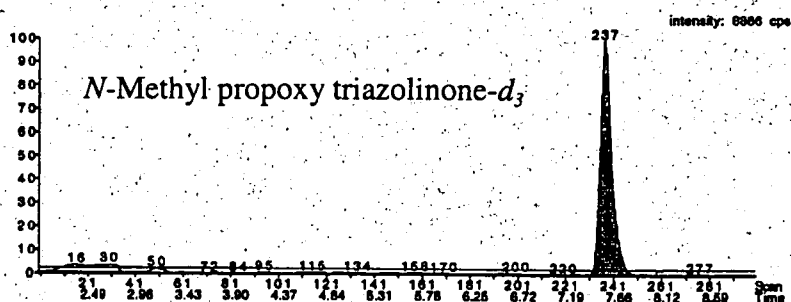
12.70 in 2 periods  
K-748, Propoxytriazolinone  
Internal Standard: K-744, Propoxytriazolinone-d3  
Use Area  
Absolute Retention Time  
1: 6.99 MRM, 299 scans  
156.0-118.0  
Noise Thres. 15.0  
Quant Thres. 0.5  
Min. Width 6  
Mult. Width 4  
Base. Width 100  
RT Win. (secs) 20  
Smooth 3  
Expected RT 7.66  
Area 8563  
Height 1162  
Start Time 7.40  
End Time 7.89  
Integration Width 0.49  
Retention Time 7.59  
Integration Type A - VB



A102398A008 A102398A008 Fri, Oct 23, 1998 15:22  
F1, 1 ppb

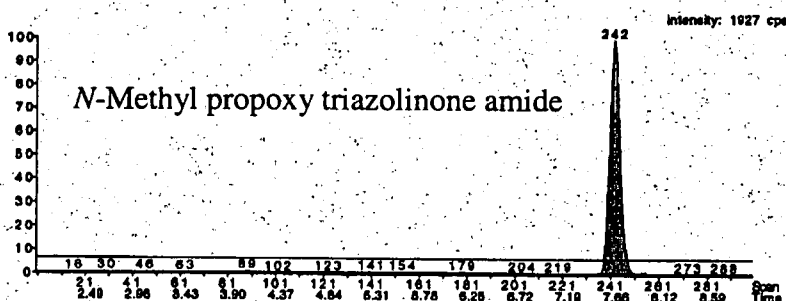
12.70 in 2 periods  
K-744, Propoxytriazolinone-d3  
use as Internal Standard

1: 6.99 MRM, 299 scans  
161.0-119.0  
Noise Thres. 10.0  
Quant Thres. 1.0  
Min. Width 6  
Mult. Width 6  
Base. Width 100  
RT Win. (secs) 20  
Smooth 6  
Expected RT 7.67  
Area 67763  
Height 8863  
Start Time 7.42  
End Time 8.08  
Integration Width 0.66  
Retention Time 7.56  
Integration Type A - BB



A102398A008 A102398A008 Fri, Oct 23, 1998 15:22  
F1, 1 ppb

12.70 in 2 periods  
K-808(K-788), Carboxamide triazolinone  
Internal Standard: K-812, Triazolinone Carboxamide-d3  
Use Area  
Absolute Retention Time  
1: 6.99 MRM, 299 scans  
201.0-158.0  
Noise Thres. 10.0  
Quant Thres. 0.5  
Min. Width 6  
Mult. Width 4  
Base. Width 100  
RT Win. (secs) 20  
Smooth 6  
Expected RT 7.70  
Area 13307  
Height 1926  
Start Time 7.54  
End Time 7.96  
Integration Width 0.42  
Retention Time 7.68  
Integration Type A - BB



A102398A008 A102398A008 Fri, Oct 23, 1998 15:22  
F1, 1 ppb

12.70 in 2 periods  
K-812, Triazolinone Carboxamide-d3  
use as Internal Standard

1: 6.99 MRM, 299 scans  
204.0-161.0  
Noise Thres. 10.0  
Quant Thres. 1.0  
Min. Width 6  
Mult. Width 6  
Base. Width 100  
RT Win. (secs) 20  
Smooth 5  
Expected RT 7.67  
Area 123639  
Height 17730  
Start Time 7.62  
End Time 8.26  
Integration Width 0.75  
Retention Time 7.66  
Integration Type A - BV

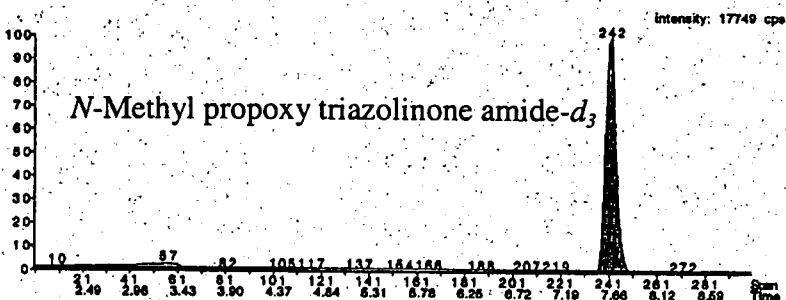
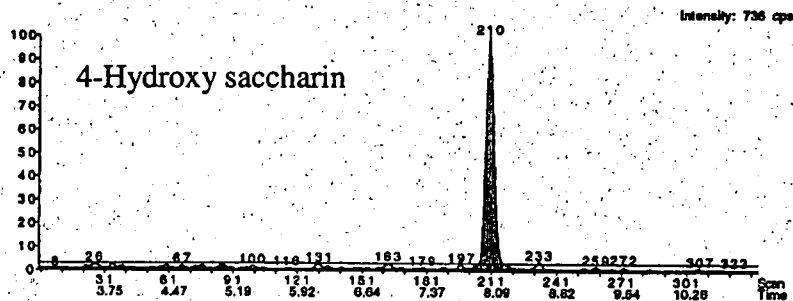


Figure 3 contd. Representative ion chromatograms from the analysis of Washington soil fortified at 1 ppb with MKH 6561, *N*-methyl propoxy triazolinone, *N*-methyl propoxy triazolinone amide and MKH 6561 sulfonamide methyl ester.

A102698A008 A102698A008 Mon, Oct 26, 1998 19:31  
F1, 1 ppb

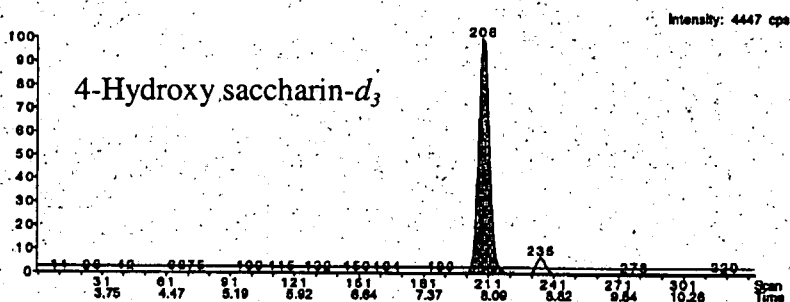
11.05 in 1 period  
K-798, Hydroxyaccharin  
Internal Standard: K-817, Hydroxyaccharin-d3  
Use Area  
Absolute Retention Time  
1: 8.01 MRM, 333 scans  
188.0-138.0  
Noise Thres. 2.0  
Quant Thres. 0.8  
Min. Width 6  
Mult. Width 3  
Base. Width 60  
RT Wn. (secs) 2.0  
Smooth 2  
Expected RT 8.07  
Area 4808  
Height 732  
Start Time 7.88  
End Time 8.36  
Integration Width 0.48  
Retention Time 8.07  
Integration Type A - VB



A102698A008 A102698A008 Mon, Oct 26, 1998 19:31  
F1, 1 ppb

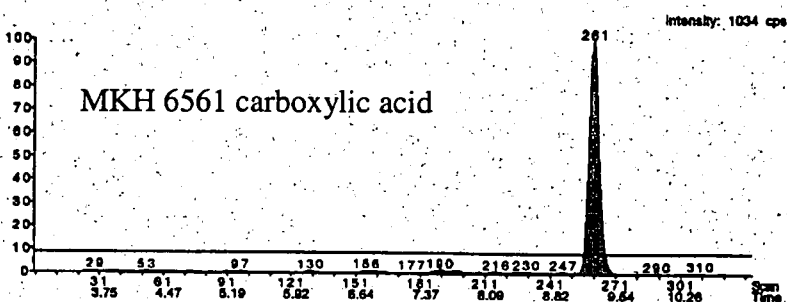
11.05 in 1 period  
K-817, Hydroxyaccharin-d3  
use as internal Standard

1: 8.01 MRM, 333 scans  
201.0-138.0  
Noise Thres. 10.0  
Quant Thres. 0.5  
Min. Width 6  
Mult. Width 4  
Base. Width 20  
RT Wn. (secs) 2.0  
Smooth 5  
Expected RT 8.02  
Area 38942  
Height 4447  
Start Time 7.85  
End Time 8.33  
Integration Width 0.48  
Retention Time 8.02  
Integration Type A - BB



A102698A008 A102698A008 Mon, Oct 26, 1998 19:31  
F1, 1 ppb

11.05 in 1 period  
K-713, MKH 6561 Acid  
Internal Standard: K-746, MKH 6561 Acid-d3  
Use Area  
Absolute Retention Time  
1: 8.01 MRM, 333 scans  
383.0-182.0  
Noise Thres. 10.0  
Quant Thres. 0.2  
Min. Width 6  
Mult. Width 6  
Base. Width 100  
RT Wn. (secs) 2.0  
Smooth 5  
Expected RT 9.30  
Area 7889  
Height 1033  
Start Time 9.11  
End Time 9.73  
Integration Width 0.63  
Retention Time 9.30  
Integration Type A - BB



A102698A008 A102698A008 Mon, Oct 26, 1998 19:31  
F1, 1 ppb

11.05 in 1 period  
K-746, MKH 6561 Acid-d3  
use as internal Standard

1: 8.01 MRM, 333 scans  
383.0-182.0  
Noise Thres. 10.0  
Quant Thres. 0.5  
Min. Width 6  
Mult. Width 6  
Base. Width 100  
RT Wn. (secs) 2.0  
Smooth 5  
Expected RT 9.27  
Area 43359  
Height 5499  
Start Time 9.08  
End Time 9.95  
Integration Width 0.89  
Retention Time 9.27  
Integration Type A - BB

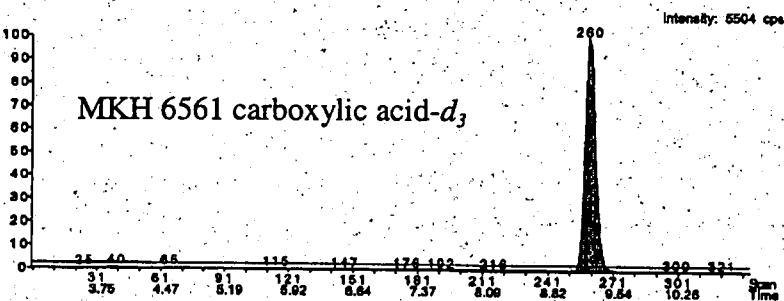
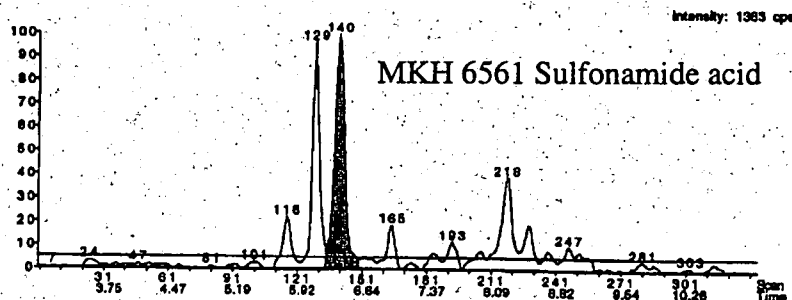


Figure 4. Representative ion chromatograms from the analysis of Washington soil fortified at 1 ppb with MKH 6561 carboxylic acid, MKH 6561 sulfonamide acid, saccharin and 4-hydroxy saccharin.

A102698A008 A102698A008 Mon, Oct 26, 1998 19:31  
Fl, 1 ppb

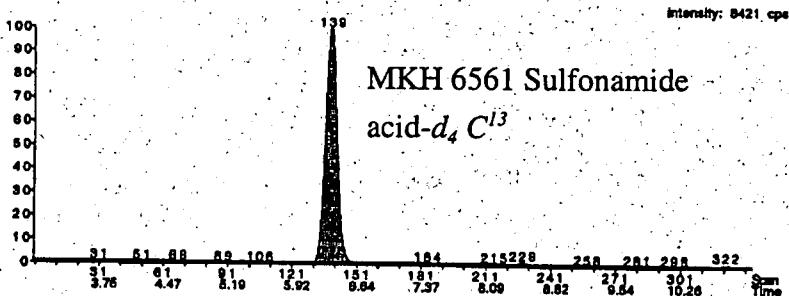
11.05 in 1 period  
K-712, Sulfonamide Acid  
Internal Standard: K-747, Sulfonamide Acid-d<sub>4</sub>,13C  
Use Area  
Absolute Retention Time  
1: 8.01 MRM, 333 scans  
200.0->156.0  
Noise Thres. 5.0  
Quant Thres. 0.5  
Min. Width 6  
Mult. Width 4  
Base. Width 60  
RT Wn. (secs) 20  
Smooth 2  
Expected RT 6.38  
Area 10863  
Height 1356  
Start Time 6.23  
End Time 6.59  
Integration Width 0.36  
Retention Time 6.38  
Integration Type A - VV



A102698A008 A102698A008 Mon, Oct 26, 1998 19:31  
Fl, 1 ppb

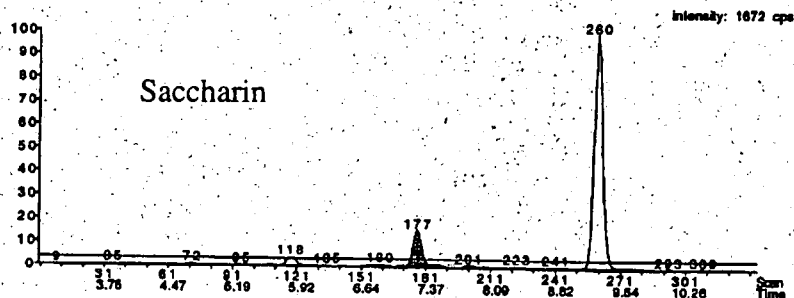
11.05 in 1 period  
K-747, Sulfonamide Acid-d<sub>4</sub>,13C  
use as Internal Standard

1: 8.01 MRM, 333 scans  
205.0->160.0  
Noise Thres. 5.0  
Quant Thres. 0.5  
Min. Width 6  
Mult. Width 4  
Base. Width 60  
RT Wn. (secs) 20  
Smooth 5  
Expected RT 6.38  
Area 76101  
Height 8419  
Start Time 6.13  
End Time 6.84  
Integration Width 0.51  
Retention Time 6.35  
Integration Type A - BV



A102698A008 A102698A008 Mon, Oct 26, 1998 19:31  
Fl, 1 ppb

11.05 in 1 period  
K-717, Saccharin  
Internal Standard: K-743, Saccharin-d<sub>4</sub>  
Use Area  
Absolute Retention Time  
1: 8.01 MRM, 333 scans  
182.0->106.0  
Noise Thres. 5.0  
Quant Thres. 0.2  
Min. Width 6  
Mult. Width 4  
Base. Width 60  
RT Wn. (secs) 20  
Smooth 3  
Expected RT 7.29  
Area 2049  
Height 261  
Start Time 7.15  
End Time 7.64  
Integration Width 0.49  
Retention Time 7.27  
Integration Type A - VB



A102698A008 A102698A008 Mon, Oct 26, 1998 19:31  
Fl, 1 ppb

11.05 in 1 period  
K-743, Saccharin-d<sub>4</sub>  
use as Internal Standard

1: 8.01 MRM, 333 scans  
186.0->106.0  
Noise Thres. 2.0  
Quant Thres. 0.5  
Min. Width 6  
Mult. Width 4  
Base. Width 60  
RT Wn. (secs) 20  
Smooth 4  
Expected RT 7.27  
Area 15571  
Height 2120  
Start Time 6.96  
End Time 7.61  
Integration Width 0.75  
Retention Time 7.25  
Integration Type A - BV

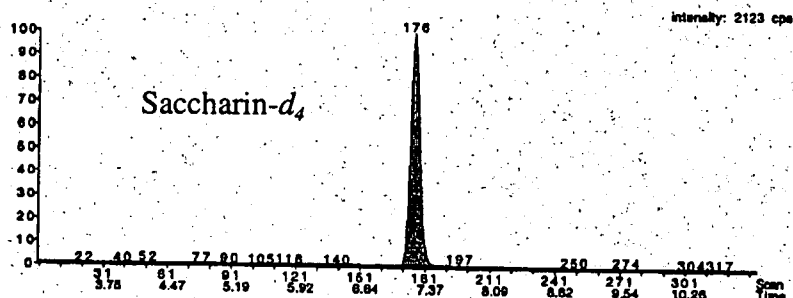


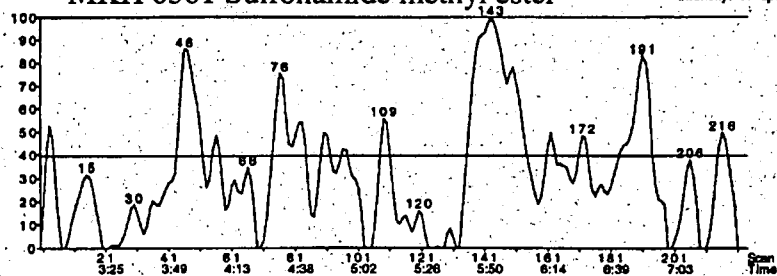
Figure 4 contd. Representative ion chromatograms from the analysis of Washington soil fortified at 1 ppb with MKH 6561 carboxylic acid, MKH 6561 sulfonamide acid, saccharin and 4-hydroxy saccharin.

B22899007 98-709 CC3 Sun, Feb 28, 1999 12:21  
No Comment

11:59 in 2 periods  
K-718, Sulfonamide ester  
Internal Standard: K-742, Sulfonamide ester-d4  
Use Area  
Absolute Retention Time  
1: 4:29 MRM, 223 scans  
233.0 > 199.0  
Noise Thres. 4.0  
Quant Thres. 0.7  
Min. Width 6  
Mult. Width 4  
Base. Width 60  
RT Win. (secs) 20  
Smooth 5  
Expected RT 5:49  
Area 0  
Height 0  
Start Time 0:00.0  
End Time 0:00.0  
Integration Width 0:00.0  
Retention Time 0:00.0  
Integration Type

## MKH 6561 Sulfonamide methyl ester

Intensity: 17 cps



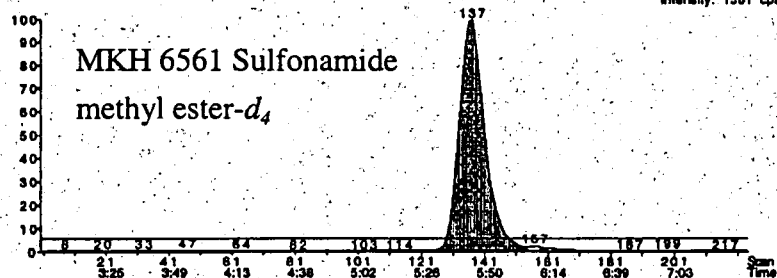
B22899007 98-709 CC3 Sun, Feb 28, 1999 12:21  
No Comment

11:59 in 2 periods  
K-742, Sulfonamide ester-d4  
use as Internal Standard

1: 4:29 MRM, 223 scans  
237.0 > 203.0  
Noise Thres. 10.0  
Quant Thres. 0.5  
Min. Width 6  
Mult. Width 4  
Base. Width 60  
RT Win. (secs) 20  
Smooth 3  
Expected RT 5:44  
Area 17642  
Height 1558  
Start Time 5:28  
End Time 5:06  
Integration Width 0:36.4  
Retention Time 5:45  
Integration Type A - BV

MKH 6561 Sulfonamide methyl ester-d<sub>4</sub>

Intensity: 1551 cps

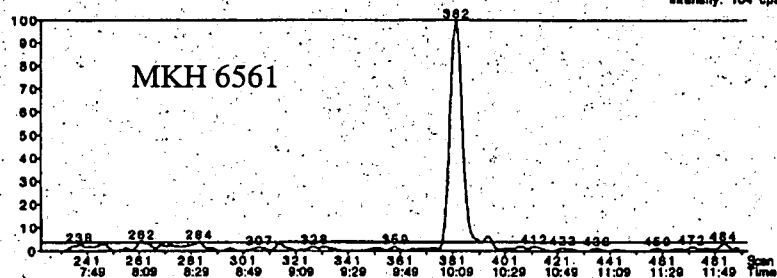


B22899007 98-709 CC3 Sun, Feb 28, 1999 12:21  
No Comment

11:59 in 2 periods  
K-624, MKH 6561  
Internal Standard: K-745, MKH 6561-d3  
Use Area  
Absolute Retention Time  
2: 4:28 MRM, 269 scans  
397.0 > 159.0  
Noise Thres. 20.0  
Quant Thres. 0.5  
Min. Width 6  
Mult. Width 4  
Base. Width 100  
RT Win. (secs) 20  
Smooth 3  
Expected RT 10:10  
Area 0  
Height 0  
Start Time 0:00.0  
End Time 0:00.0  
Integration Width 0:00.0  
Retention Time 0:00.0  
Integration Type

## MKH 6561

Intensity: 104 cps



B22899007 98-709 CC3 Sun, Feb 28, 1999 12:21  
No Comment

11:59 in 2 periods  
K-745, MKH 6561-d3  
use as Internal Standard

2: 4:28 MRM, 269 scans  
400.0 > 159.0  
Noise Thres. 10.0  
Quant Thres. 0.5  
Min. Width 6  
Mult. Width 2  
Base. Width 60  
RT Win. (secs) 20  
Smooth 3  
Expected RT 10:09  
Area 38356  
Height 6978  
Start Time 10:02  
End Time 10:24  
Integration Width 0:22.0  
Retention Time 10:09  
Integration Type A - BV

MKH 6561-d<sub>3</sub>

Intensity: 6980 cps

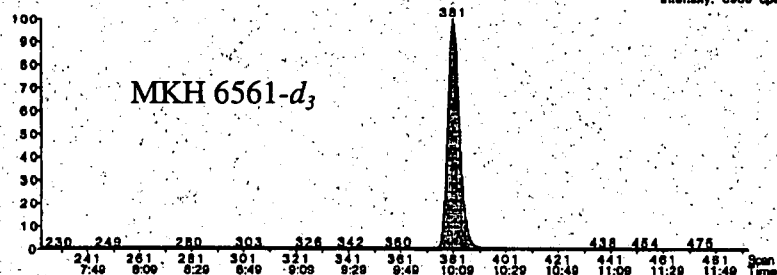
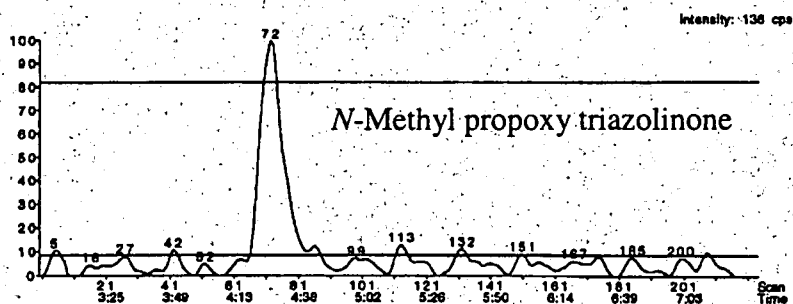


Figure 5. Representative ion chromatograms from the analysis of unfortified Kansas soil (control) for MKH 6561, *N*-methyl propoxy triazolinone, *N*-methyl propoxy triazolinone amide and MKH 6561 sulfonamide methyl ester.

B22899007 99-709 CC3 Sun, Feb 28, 1999 12:21  
No Comment

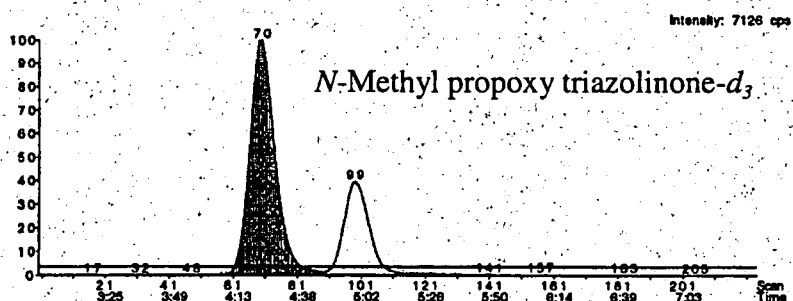
11:59 in 2 periods  
K748, N-methyl propoxy triazolinone  
Internal Standard: K744, N-methyl propoxy triazolinone-d3  
Use Area  
Absolute Retention Time  
1: 4:29 MRM, 223 scans  
158.0->118.0  
Noise Thres. 10.0  
Quant Thres. 1.0  
Min. Width 6  
Mult. Width 4  
Base. Width 60  
RT Win. (secs) 20  
Smooth 4  
Expected RT 4:34  
Area 0  
Height 0  
Start Time 0:00.0  
End Time 0:00.0  
Integration Width 0:00.0  
Retention Time 0:00.0  
Integration Type



B22899007 99-709 CC3 Sun, Feb 28, 1999 12:21  
No Comment

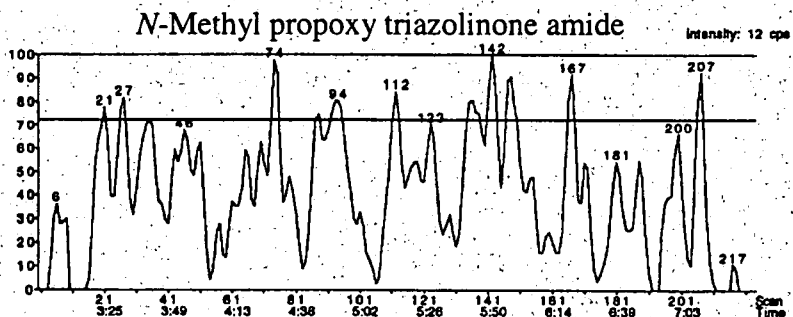
11:59 in 2 periods  
K744, N-methyl propoxy triazolinone-d3  
use as Internal Standard

1: 4:29 MRM, 223 scans  
161.0->118.0  
Noise Thres. 20.0  
Quant Thres. 1.0  
Min. Width 6  
Mult. Width 4  
Base. Width 100  
RT Win. (secs) 20  
Smooth 4  
Expected RT 4:30  
Area 76022  
Height 7121  
Start Time 4:10  
End Time 4:48  
Integration Width 0:36.4  
Retention Time 4:24  
Integration Type A - BV



B22899007 99-709 CC3 Sun, Feb 28, 1999 12:21  
No Comment

11:59 in 2 periods  
K-806(K-798) N-methyl propoxy triazolinone amide  
Internal Standard: K-812, N-methyl propoxy triazolinone amide-d3  
Use Area  
Absolute Retention Time  
1: 4:29 MRM, 223 scans  
201.0->158.0  
Noise Thres. 25.0  
Quant Thres. 1.0  
Min. Width 6  
Mult. Width 4  
Base. Width 100  
RT Win. (secs) 20  
Smooth 3  
Expected RT 6:09  
Area 0  
Height 0  
Start Time 0:00.0  
End Time 0:00.0  
Integration Width 0:00.0  
Retention Time 0:00.0  
Integration Type



B22899007 99-709 CC3 Sun, Feb 28, 1999 12:21  
No Comment

11:59 in 2 periods  
K-812, N-methyl propoxy triazolinone amide-d3  
use as Internal Standard

1: 4:29 MRM, 223 scans  
204.0->161.0  
Noise Thres. 20.0  
Quant Thres. 1.0  
Min. Width 6  
Mult. Width 4  
Base. Width 100  
RT Win. (secs) 20  
Smooth 3  
Expected RT 6:05  
Area 90776  
Height 8843  
Start Time 4:45  
End Time 6:32  
Integration Width 0:47.3  
Retention Time 4:59  
Integration Type A - BV

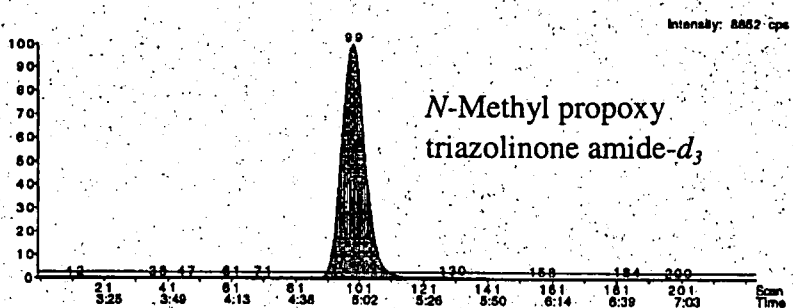
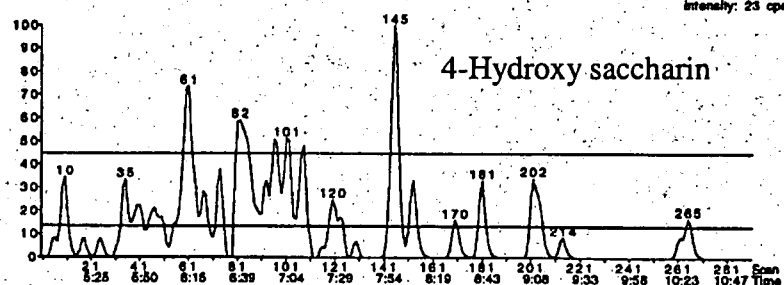


Figure 5 contd. Representative ion chromatograms from the analysis of unfortified Kansas soil (control) for MKH 6561, N-methyl propoxy triazolinone, N-methyl propoxy triazolinone amide and MKH 6561 sulfonamide methyl ester.

B22599007 88-709 CC3 Thu, Feb 25, 1999 12:08  
No Comment

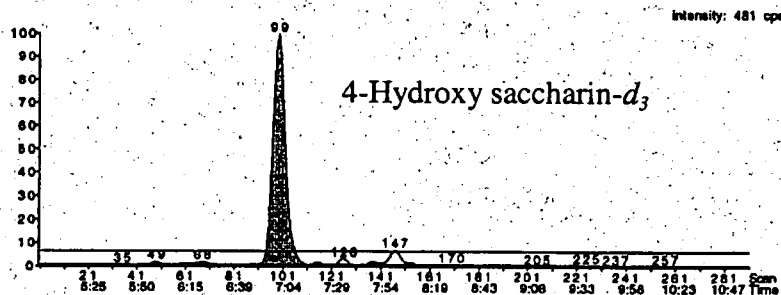
10:58 in 1 period  
K795, Hydroxy saccharin  
Internal Standard: K817, Hydroxy saccharin-d3  
Use Area  
Absolute Retention Time  
1: 5:58 MRM, 290 scans  
199.0->135.0  
Noise Thres. 1.0  
Quant Thres. 0.3  
Min. Width 6  
Mult. Width 4  
Base. Width 30  
RT Wn. (secs) 20  
Smooth 3  
Expected RT 7:14  
Area 0  
Height 0  
Start Time 0:00.0  
End Time 0:00.0  
Integration Width 0:00.0  
Retention Time 0:00.0  
Integration Type



B22599007 88-709 CC3 Thu, Feb 25, 1999 12:08  
No Comment

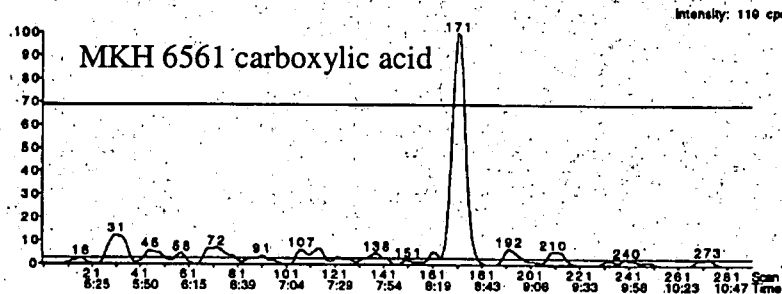
10:58 in 1 period  
K817, Hydroxy saccharin-d3  
use as Internal Standard

1: 5:58 MRM, 290 scans  
201.0->135.0  
Noise Thres. 3.0  
Quant Thres. 0.3  
Min. Width 6  
Mult. Width 4  
Base. Width 60  
RT Wn. (secs) 30  
Smooth 5  
Expected RT 7:03  
Area 3459  
Height 475  
Start Time 6:53  
End Time 7:17  
Integration Width 0:23.6  
Retention Time 7:02  
Integration Type A - BV



B22599007 88-709 CC3 Thu, Feb 25, 1999 12:08  
No Comment

10:58 in 1 period  
K713, MKH6561 carboxylic acid  
Internal Standard: MKH6561 carboxylic acid-d3  
Use Area  
Absolute Retention Time  
1: 5:58 MRM, 290 scans  
383.0->182.0  
Noise Thres. 8.0  
Quant Thres. 0.3  
Min. Width 6  
Mult. Width 4  
Base. Width 40  
RT Wn. (secs) 20  
Smooth 5  
Expected RT 8:31  
Area 0  
Height 0  
Start Time 0:00.0  
End Time 0:00.0  
Integration Width 0:00.0  
Retention Time 0:00.0  
Integration Type



B22599007 88-709 CC3 Thu, Feb 25, 1999 12:08  
No Comment

10:58 in 1 period  
MKH6561 carboxylic acid-d3  
use as Internal Standard

1: 5:58 MRM, 290 scans  
383.0->182.0  
Noise Thres. 5.0  
Quant Thres. 0.5  
Min. Width 6  
Mult. Width 4  
Base. Width 40  
RT Wn. (secs) 20  
Smooth 5  
Expected RT 8:30  
Area 59590  
Height 7954  
Start Time 8:21  
End Time 8:34  
Integration Width 0:43.4  
Retention Time 8:31  
Integration Type A - BV

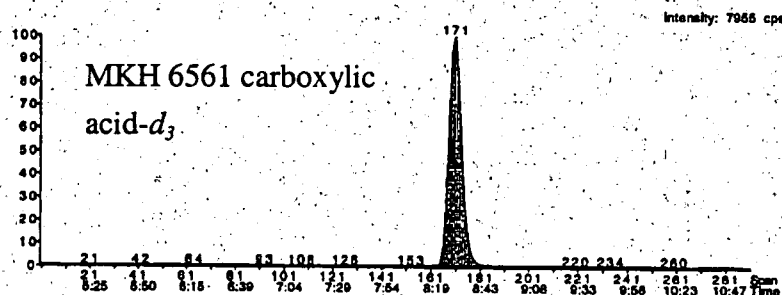
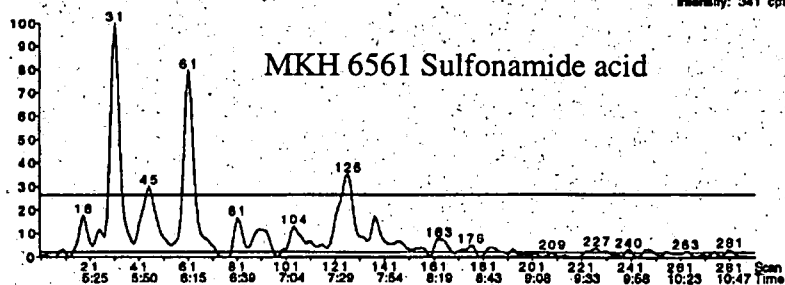


Figure 6. Representative ion chromatograms from the analysis of unfortified Kansas soil (control) for MKH 6561 carboxylic acid, MKH 6561 sulfonamide acid, saccharin and 4-hydroxy saccharin.

B22599007 98-709 CC3 Thu, Feb 25, 1999 12:06  
No Comment

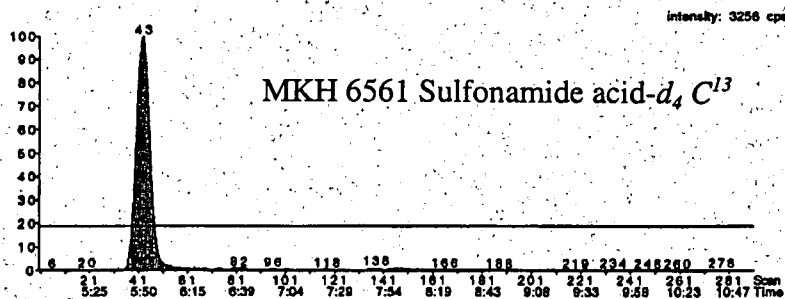
10:58 in 1 period  
K712, Sulfonamide Acid  
Internal Standard: K747, Sulfonamide Acid-d<sub>4</sub>13C  
Use Area  
Absolute Retention Time  
1: 5:58 MRM, 290 scans  
200.0->156.0  
Noise Thres. 7.0  
Quant Thres. 0.5  
Min. Width 6  
Mult. Width 4  
Base. Width 60  
RT Win. (secs) 15  
Smooth 3  
Expected RT 6:53  
Area 0  
Height 0  
Start Time 0:00.0  
End Time 0:00.0  
Integration Width 0:00.0  
Retention Time 0:00.0  
Integration Type



B22599007 98-709 CC3 Thu, Feb 25, 1999 12:06  
No Comment

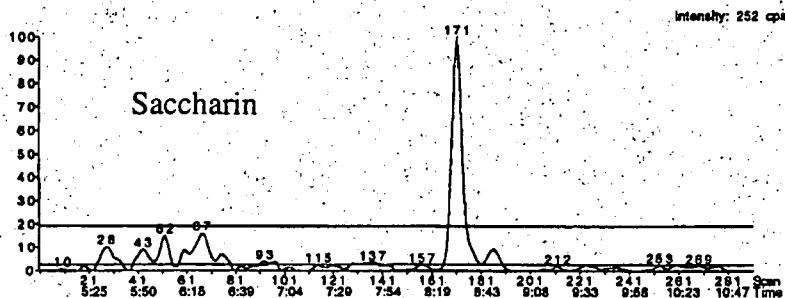
10:58 in 1 period  
K747, Sulfonamide Acid-d<sub>4</sub>13C  
use as Internal Standard

1: 5:58 MRM, 290 scans  
205.0->160.0  
Noise Thres. 50.0  
Quant Thres. 0.5  
Min. Width 6  
Mult. Width 4  
Base. Width 60  
RT Win. (secs) 20  
Smooth 3  
Expected RT 6:03  
Area 25819  
Height 3254  
Start Time 5:41  
End Time 6:16  
Integration Width 0:34.7  
Retention Time 5:52  
Integration Type A - BV



B22599007 98-709 CC3 Thu, Feb 25, 1999 12:06  
No Comment

10:58 in 1 period  
K717, Saccharin  
Internal Standard: K743, Saccharin-d<sub>4</sub>  
Use Area  
Absolute Retention Time  
1: 5:58 MRM, 290 scans  
182.0->106.0  
Noise Thres. 4.0  
Quant Thres. 0.5  
Min. Width 6  
Mult. Width 4  
Base. Width 40  
RT Win. (secs) 30  
Smooth 4  
Expected RT 6:23  
Area 0  
Height 0  
Start Time 0:00.0  
End Time 0:00.0  
Integration Width 0:00.0  
Retention Time 0:00.0  
Integration Type



B22599007 98-709 CC2 Thu, Feb 25, 1999 12:06  
No Comment

10:58 in 1 period  
K743, Saccharin-d<sub>4</sub>  
use as Internal Standard

1: 5:58 MRM, 290 scans  
186.0->106.0  
Noise Thres. 10.0  
Quant Thres. 0.3  
Min. Width 6  
Mult. Width 4  
Base. Width 40  
RT Win. (secs) 30  
Smooth 5  
Expected RT 6:27  
Area 9158  
Height 1191  
Start Time 6:03  
End Time 6:44  
Integration Width 0:40.9  
Retention Time 6:21  
Integration Type A - VB

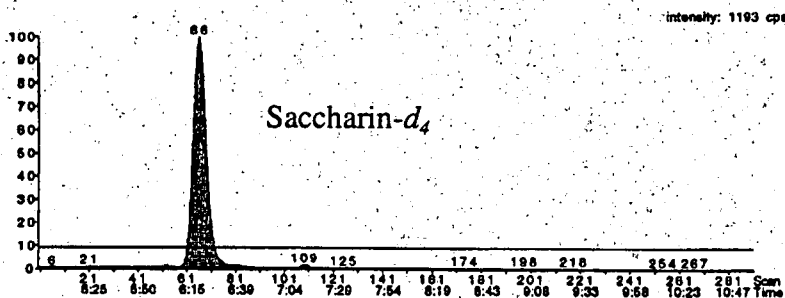
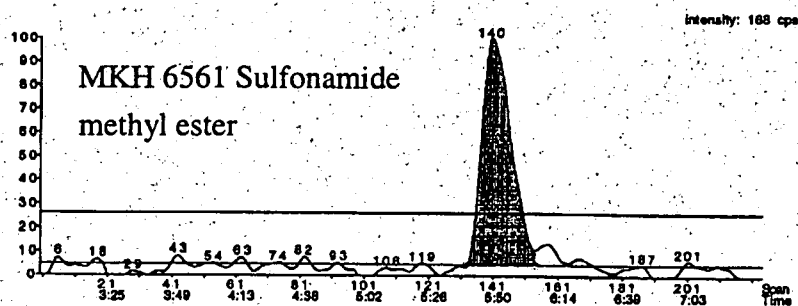


Figure 6 contd. Representative ion chromatograms from the analysis of unfortified Kansas soil (control) for MKH 6561 carboxylic acid, MKH 6561 sulfonamide acid, saccharin and 4-hydroxy saccharin.

B22899013 98-709 FF14 Sun, Feb 28, 1999 13:54  
No Comment

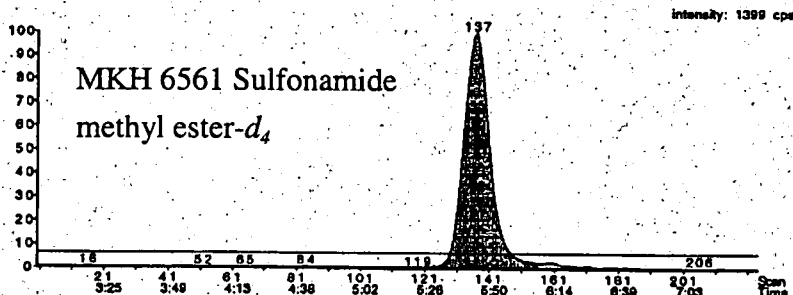
11:59 in 2 periods  
K-715, Sulfonamide ester  
Internal Standard: K-742, Sulfonamide ester-d4  
Use Area  
Absolute Retention Time  
1: 4:29 MRM, 223 scans  
233.0 → 199.0  
Noise Thres. 4.0  
Quant Thres. 0.7  
Min. Width 6  
Mult. Width 4  
Base. Width 60  
RT Wn. (secs) 20  
Smooth 5  
Expected RT 5:49  
Area 2015  
Height 160  
Start Time 5:41  
End Time 5:55  
Integration Width 0:24.2  
Retention Time 5:49  
Integration Type A - BV



B22899013 98-709 FF14 Sun, Feb 28, 1999 13:54  
No Comment

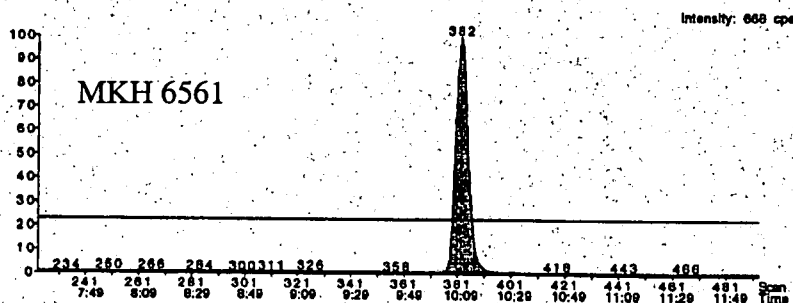
11:59 in 2 periods  
K-742, Sulfonamide ester-d4  
use as Internal Standard

1: 4:29 MRM, 223 scans  
237.0 → 203.0  
Noise Thres. 10.0  
Quant Thres. 0.5  
Min. Width 6  
Mult. Width 4  
Base. Width 60  
RT Wn. (secs) 20  
Smooth 3  
Expected RT 5:44  
Area 15914  
Height 1397  
Start Time 5:30  
End Time 5:57  
Integration Width 0:37.6  
Retention Time 5:45  
Integration Type A - BV



B22899013 98-709 FF14 Sun, Feb 28, 1999 13:54  
No Comment

11:59 in 2 periods  
K-624, MKH 6561  
Internal Standard: K-745, MKH 6561-d3  
Use Area  
Absolute Retention Time  
2: 4:28 MRM, 269 scans  
397.0 → 156.0  
Noise Thres. 20.0  
Quant Thres. 0.5  
Min. Width 6  
Mult. Width 4  
Base. Width 100  
RT Wn. (secs) 20  
Smooth 3  
Expected RT 10:10  
Area 3602  
Height 664  
Start Time 10:03  
End Time 10:24  
Integration Width 0:21.0  
Retention Time 10:10  
Integration Type A - BB



B22899013 98-709 FF14 Sun, Feb 28, 1999 13:54  
No Comment

11:59 in 2 periods  
K-745, MKH 6561-d3  
use as Internal Standard

2: 4:28 MRM, 269 scans  
400.0 → 159.0  
Noise Thres. 10.0  
Quant Thres. 0.5  
Min. Width 6  
Mult. Width 2  
Base. Width 60  
RT Wn. (secs) 20  
Smooth 3  
Expected RT 10:09  
Area 35426  
Height 6537  
Start Time 10:02  
End Time 10:24  
Integration Width 0:22.0  
Retention Time 10:09  
Integration Type A - BV

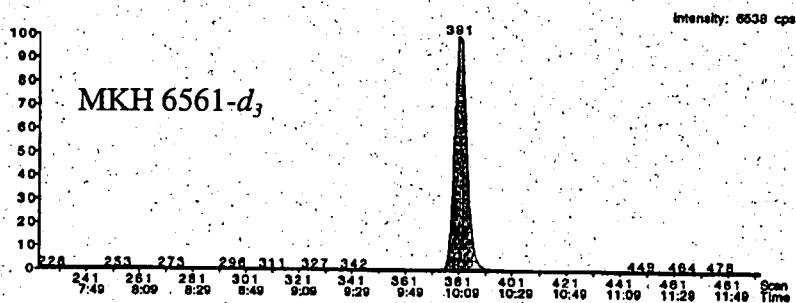
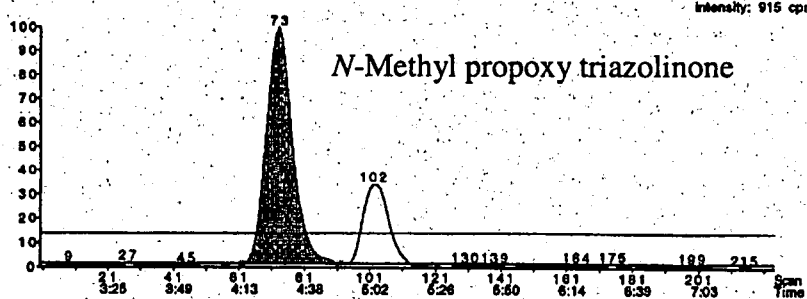


Figure 7. Representative ion chromatograms from the analysis of Kansas soil fortified at 1 ppb with MKH 6561, *N*-methyl propoxy triazolinone, *N*-methyl propoxy triazolinone amide and MKH 6561 sulfonamide methyl ester.

B22899013 98-709 FF14 Sun, Feb 28, 1999 13:54  
No Comment

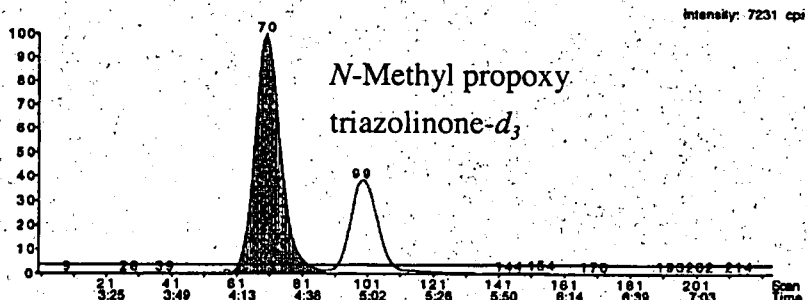
11:59 in 2 periods  
K748, N-methyl propoxy triazolinone  
Internal Standard: K744, N-methyl propoxy triazolinone-d3  
Use Area  
Absolute Retention Time  
1: 4:29 MRM, 223 scans  
158.0->116.0  
Noise Thres. 10.0  
Quant Thres. 1.0  
Min. Width 6  
Mult. Width 4  
Base. Width 60  
RT Win. (secs) 20  
Smooth 4  
Expected RT 4:34  
Area 10036  
Height 903  
Start Time 4:15  
End Time 4:50  
Integration Width 0:35.1  
Retention Time 4:28  
Integration Type A - BV



B22899013 98-709 FF14 Sun, Feb 28, 1999 13:54  
No Comment

11:59 in 2 periods  
K744, N-methyl propoxy triazolinone-d3  
use as Internal Standard

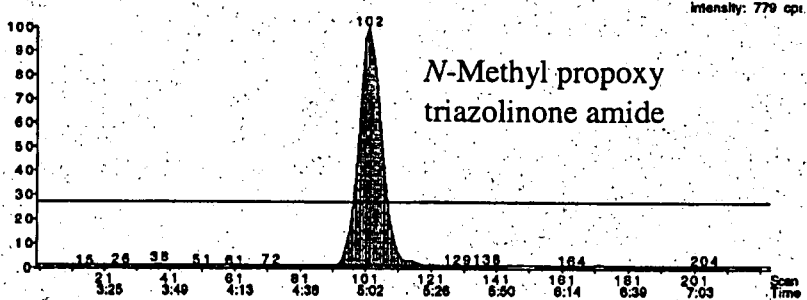
1: 4:29 MRM, 223 scans  
161.0->119.0  
Noise Thres. 20.0  
Quant Thres. 1.0  
Min. Width 6  
Mult. Width 4  
Base. Width 100  
RT Win. (secs) 20  
Smooth 4  
Expected RT 4:30  
Area 79695  
Height 7226  
Start Time 4:10  
End Time 4:45  
Integration Width 0:35.1  
Retention Time 4:24  
Integration Type A - BV



B22899013 98-709 FF14 Sun, Feb 28, 1999 13:54  
No Comment

11:59 in 2 periods  
K-808(K-798) N-methyl propoxy triazolinone amide  
Internal Standard: K-612, N-methyl propoxy triazolinone amide-d3  
Use Area

Absolute Retention Time  
1: 4:29 MRM, 223 scans  
201.0->168.0  
Noise Thres. 25.0  
Quant Thres. 1.0  
Min. Width 6  
Mult. Width 4  
Base. Width 100  
RT Win. (secs) 20  
Smooth 3  
Expected RT 5:09  
Area 7518  
Height 774  
Start Time 4:51  
End Time 5:25  
Integration Width 0:33.9  
Retention Time 5:03  
Integration Type A - BS



B22899013 98-709 FF14 Sun, Feb 28, 1999 13:54  
No Comment

11:59 in 2 periods  
K-612, N-methyl propoxy triazolinone amide-d3  
use as Internal Standard

1: 4:29 MRM, 223 scans  
204.0->161.0  
Noise Thres. 20.0  
Quant Thres. 1.0  
Min. Width 6  
Mult. Width 4  
Base. Width 100  
RT Win. (secs) 20  
Smooth 3  
Expected RT 5:06  
Area 83604  
Height 8312  
Start Time 4:45  
End Time 5:27  
Integration Width 0:42.4  
Retention Time 4:59  
Integration Type A - BV

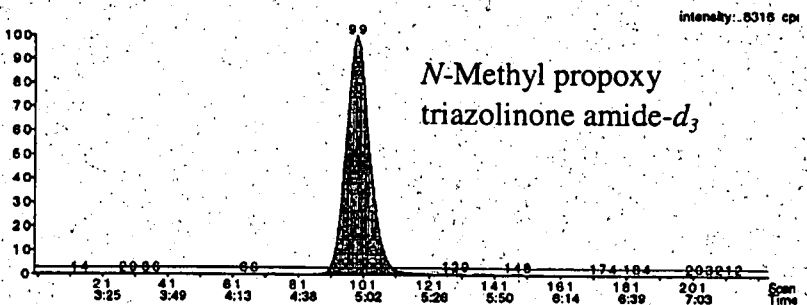
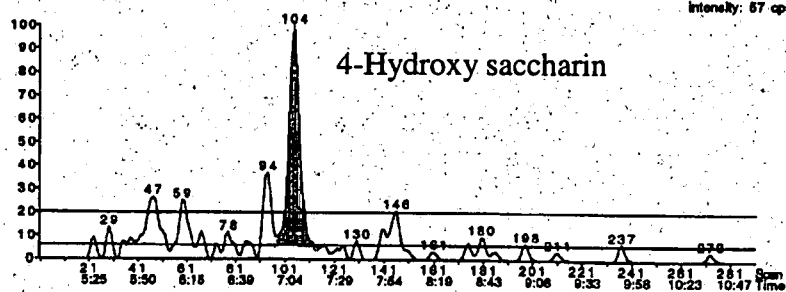


Figure 7 contd. Representative ion chromatograms from the analysis of Kansas soil fortified at 1 ppb with MKH 6561, N-methyl propoxy triazolinone, N-methyl propoxy triazolinone amide and MKH 6561 sulfonamide methyl ester.

822599014 88-708 FF15 Thu, Feb 25, 1999 14:09  
No Comment

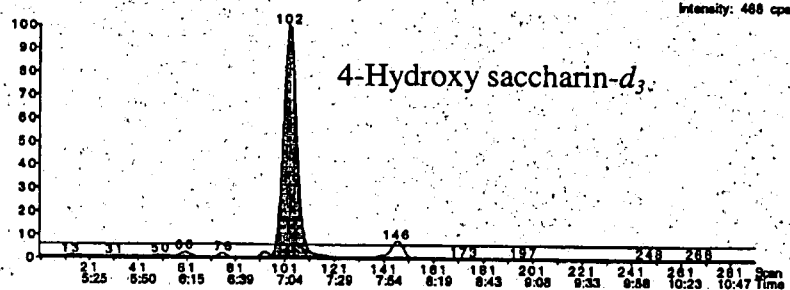
10:58 in 1 period  
K705, Hydroxy saccharin  
Internal Standard: K817, Hydroxy saccharin-d3  
Use Area  
Absolute Retention Time  
1: 5:58 MRM, 290 scans  
188.0->135.0  
Noise Thresh. 1.0  
Quant Thresh. 0.3  
Min. Width 6  
Mult. Width 4  
Base. Width 30  
RT Wn. (secs) 20  
Smooth 5  
Expected RT 7:14  
Area 327  
Height 64  
Start Time 7:00  
End Time 7:19  
Integration Width 0:18.6  
Retention Time 7:08  
Integration Type A - VB



822599014 88-708 FF15 Thu, Feb 25, 1999 14:09  
No Comment

10:58 in 1 period  
K817, Hydroxy saccharin-d3  
use as Internal Standard

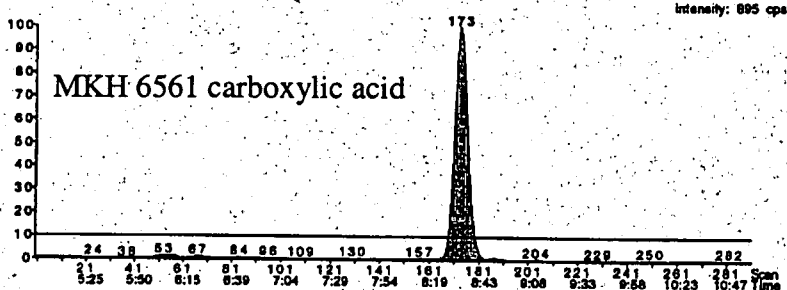
1: 5:58 MRM, 290 scans  
201.0->135.0  
Noise Thresh. 3.0  
Quant Thresh. 0.3  
Min. Width 6  
Mult. Width 4  
Base. Width 60  
RT Wn. (secs) 30  
Smooth 5  
Expected RT 7:03  
Area 3604  
Height 466  
Start Time 6:58  
End Time 7:28  
Integration Width 0:28.8  
Retention Time 7:05  
Integration Type A - VB



822599014 88-708 FF15 Thu, Feb 25, 1999 14:09  
No Comment

10:58 in 1 period  
K713, MKH6561 carboxylic acid  
Internal Standard: MKH6561 carboxylic acid-d3

Use Area  
Absolute Retention Time  
1: 5:58 MRM, 290 scans  
353.0->182.0  
Noise Thresh. 6.0  
Quant Thresh. 0.3  
Min. Width 6  
Mult. Width 4  
Base. Width 40  
RT Wn. (secs) 20  
Smooth 5  
Expected RT 8:31  
Area 6613  
Height 693  
Start Time 8:23  
End Time 8:46  
Integration Width 0:22.3  
Retention Time 8:33  
Integration Type A - BV



822599014 88-708 FF15 Thu, Feb 25, 1999 14:09  
No Comment

10:58 in 1 period  
MKH6561 carboxylic acid-d3  
use as Internal Standard

1: 5:58 MRM, 290 scans  
356.0->182.0  
Noise Thresh. 6.0  
Quant Thresh. 0.5  
Min. Width 6  
Mult. Width 4  
Base. Width 40  
RT Wn. (secs) 20  
Smooth 5  
Expected RT 8:30  
Area 57107  
Height 7636  
Start Time 8:22  
End Time 8:06  
Integration Width 0:43.4  
Retention Time 8:32  
Integration Type A - BV

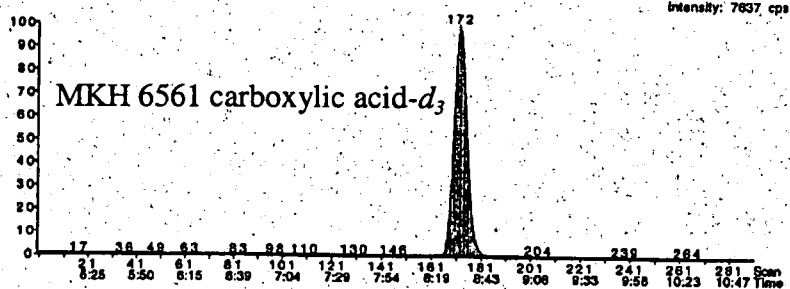
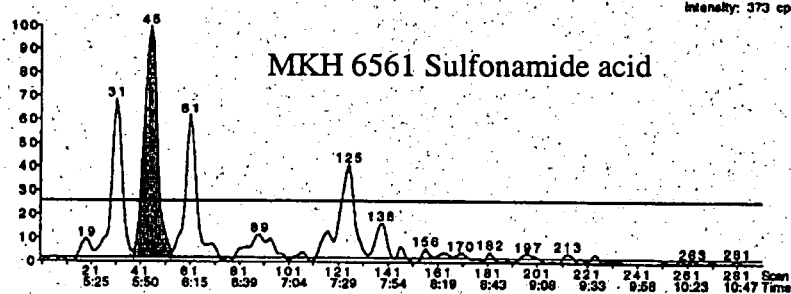


Figure 8. Representative ion chromatograms from the analysis of Kansas soil fortified at 1 ppb with MKH 6561 carboxylic acid, MKH 6561 sulfonamide acid, saccharin and 4-hydroxy saccharin.

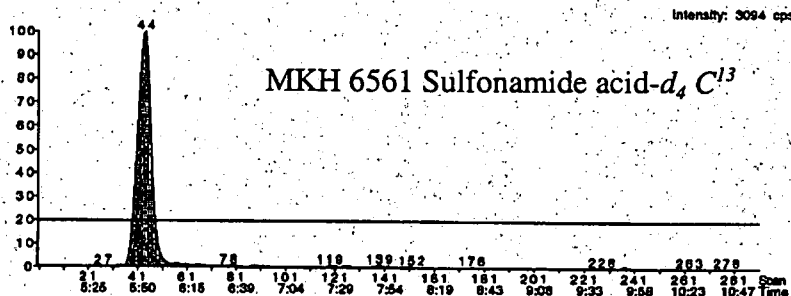
822899014 98-709 FF15 Thu, Feb 25, 1999 14:09  
No Comment

10:58 in 1 period  
K712, Sulfonamide Acid  
Internal Standard: K747, Sulfonamide Acid-d<sub>4</sub>,13C  
Use Area  
Absolute Retention Time  
1: 5:58 MRM, 290 scans  
200.0->186.0  
Noise Thres. 7.0  
Quant Thres. 0.6  
Min. Width 6  
Mult. Width 4  
Base. Width 60  
RT Wn. (secs) 20  
Smooth 3  
Expected RT 5:53  
Area 2763  
Height 366  
Start Time 5:46  
End Time 6:05  
Integration Width 0:18.8  
Retention Time 5:55  
Integration Type A - VV



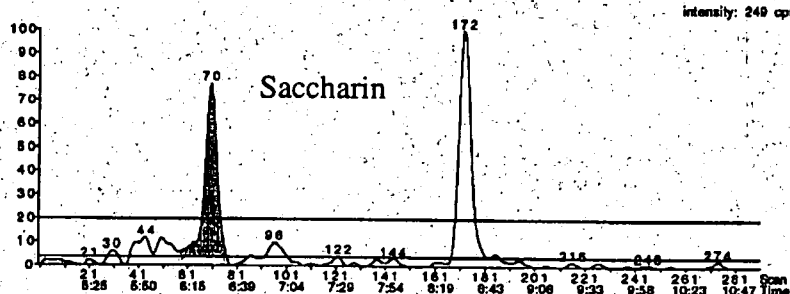
822899014 98-709 FF15 Thu, Feb 25, 1999 14:09  
No Comment

10:58 in 1 period  
K747, Sulfonamide Acid-d<sub>4</sub>,13C  
use as Internal Standard  
1: 5:58 MRM, 290 scans  
200.0->186.0  
Noise Thres. 50.0  
Quant Thres. 0.6  
Min. Width 6  
Mult. Width 4  
Base. Width 60  
RT Wn. (secs) 20  
Smooth 3  
Expected RT 6:03  
Area 24987  
Height 3062  
Start Time 5:41  
End Time 6:13  
Integration Width 0:32.2  
Retention Time 5:53  
Integration Type A - BV



822899014 98-709 FF15 Thu, Feb 25, 1999 14:09  
No Comment

10:58 in 1 period  
K717, Saccharin  
Internal Standard: K743, Saccharin-d<sub>4</sub>  
Use Area  
Absolute Retention Time  
1: 5:58 MRM, 290 scans  
182.0->106.0  
Noise Thres. 4.0  
Quant Thres. 0.7  
Min. Width 6  
Mult. Width 4  
Base. Width 40  
RT Wn. (secs) 30  
Smooth 4  
Expected RT 6:23  
Area 1530  
Height 184  
Start Time 6:11  
End Time 6:33  
Integration Width 0:22.3  
Retention Time 6:26  
Integration Type A - VB



822899014 98-709 FF15 Thu, Feb 25, 1999 14:09  
No Comment

10:58 in 1 period  
K743, Saccharin-d<sub>4</sub>  
use as Internal Standard  
1: 5:58 MRM, 290 scans  
186.0->106.0  
Noise Thres. 10.0  
Quant Thres. 0.3  
Min. Width 6  
Mult. Width 4  
Base. Width 40  
RT Wn. (secs) 30  
Smooth 5  
Expected RT 6:27  
Area 9171  
Height 1180  
Start Time 6:12  
End Time 6:42  
Integration Width 0:29.8  
Retention Time 6:23  
Integration Type A - BV

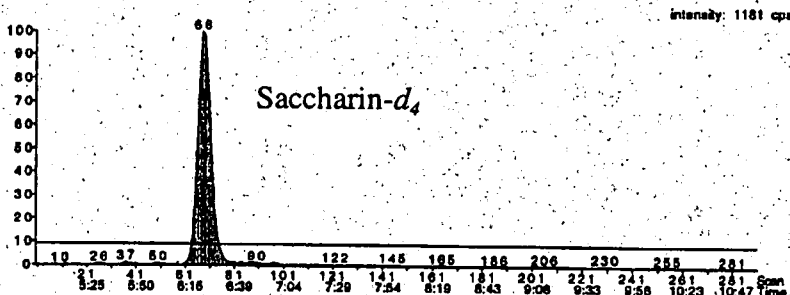


Figure 8 contd. Representative ion chromatograms from the analysis of Kansas soil fortified at 1 ppb with MKH 6561 carboxylic acid, MKH 6561 sulfonamide acid, saccharin and 4-hydroxy saccharin.