Cover Sheet for

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTRY METHOD

Pestcide Name: Quintozene (PCNB)

MRID #: 452286-01

Matrix: Water

Analysis: GC/ECD

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STUDY TITLE:

VALIDATION OF THE ANALYTICAL METHOD FOR THE DETERMINATION OF PENTACHLORONITROBENZENE (PCNB) AND PENTACHLOROANILINE (PCA) IN WATER

Data Requirement:
E.U. Commission Directive 96/46EC (16 July 1996)
U.S. EPA OPPTS 850.7100
And
U.S. EPA OPPTS 860.1340: Residue Analytical Methods

Study Authors: Shari K. Long and Wadim Batorewicz Study Completion Date: January 12, 2000

Sponsor and Performing Laboratory:
Uniroyal Chemical Company, Inc.
Crop Protection Division
Registration Chemistry Section
World Headquarters
Middlebury, CT 06749

Analytical Method No. AC-7003 Uniroyal Chemical Company Study No: 99198



STATEMENT OF NO DATA CONFIDENTIALITY CLAIMS

No claim of confidentiality is made for any information contained in this study on the basis of its falling within the scope of FIFRA Section 10(d)(1)(A), (B), or (C).

Company:

Uniroyal Chemical Company, Inc.

Signature

Company Agent:

Date: 9-12-00

Willard F. Cummings
U.S. Registration Manager

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COMPLIANCE WITH GOOD LABORATORY PRACTICE STANDARDS

This study was conducted in accordance with EPA Good Laboratory Practice Standards, 40 CFR 160 with the following exceptions:

Nonvalidated computer systems were used in the course of this study.

Wadim Batorewicz, Ph.D.
Study Director

Crop Protection R & D Uniroyal Chemical Co., Inc.

Middlebury, CT 06749

Gerald J. Putterman, Ph.D..

Sponsor Representative/Submitter/Applicant

Crop Protection R & D

Uniroyal Chemical Co., Inc.

Middlebury, CT 06749

Date: //12/00

Date: January 12, 2000

Sponsor: Uniroyal Chemical Co., Inc.



QUALITY ASSURANCE STATEMENT

The study reported here, Analytical Method for Determining Pentachloronitrobenzene (PCNB) and Pentachloroaniline in Water, (Study No. 99198) was inspected/audited by the Quality Assurance Unit, and the findings were reported to the Study Director and Management on the following dates:

Date(s) Inspected/Audited	Study Phase	Date Reported to Management & Study Director
Date(s) hispected/Addited	Study 1 Hase	<u>Director</u>
08/23/99	Protocol Review	08/23/99
09/29/99	0.1 ppb fortification of pond water,	10/04/99
12/17/99	Raw data/final report	12/17/99

Charles M. Ford, RQAP-GLP
Quality Assurance Auditor

Uniroyal Chemical Company, Inc.

Crop Protection R & D

Date:

01/12/2000

CERTIFICATION OF AUTHENTICITY

I, the undersigned, hereby declare that this study was performed under my supervision according to the procedures described herein and that this report provides a true, unaltered, and accurate record of the results obtained.

Wadim Batorewicz, Ph.D.

Study Director

Crop Protection R&D

Uniroyal Chemical Company, Inc.

Middlebury, CT 06749

203-573-3695

Date:

1/12/80

Approved By:

Gerald J. Putterman, Ph.D.

Sponsor Representative/Submitter/Applicant

Crop Protection R&D

Uniroyal Chemical Company, Inc.

Middlebury, CT 06749

203-573-3073

APPROVAL

Study No. 99198
Registration Chemistry Section
Crop Protection R&D
Uniroyal Chemical Company, Inc.

STUDY COMPLETION DATE:

TITLE: Validation of the Analytical Method for the Determination of Pentachloronitrobenzene (PCNB) and Pentachloroaniline (PCA) in Water

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01/12/00

REPORT APPROVED BY:

Wadim Batorewicz, Ph.D.

DATE: 1/12/00

Study Director

Crop Protection R&D

Uniroyal Chemical Company, Inc.

Gerald J. Putternan, Ph.D.

DATE: January 12, 2000

Sponsor Representative/Submitter/Applicant

Crop Protection R&D

Uniroyal Chemical Company, Inc.

James B. Pierce, Ph.D.

DATE: James B. Pierce, Ph.D.

Manager, Registration Chemistry Section

Crop Protection R&D

Uniroyal Chemical Company, Inc.

PERSONNEL

Personnel participating in the conduct of this study are presented in the following list:

NAME

TITLE

Wadim Batorewicz, Ph.D. Shari K. Long, M.S.

Senior Research Scientist Development Chemist

TABLE OF CONTENTS

CTATEMENT OF MODATA CONFIDENTIALITY OF AIMS	~
STATEMENT OF NO DATA CONFIDENTIALITY CLAIMSCOMPLIANCE WITH GOOD LABORATORY PRACTICE STANDARDS	
QUALITY ASSURANCE STATEMENTQUALITY ASSURANCE STATEMENT	
CERTIFICATION OF AUTHENTICITY	
APPROVAL	
PERSONNEL	
TABLE OF CONTENTS	
I. PRINCIPLE OF THE METHOD	
II. MATERIALS	
A. EQUIPMENT	
B. SUPPLIES	
C. HPLC SOLVENTS	11
D. STANDARDS-TEST SUBSTANCES	
E. GC INSTRUMENTATION	
E-1 Residue Analysis by GC/Electron Capture Detector	
E-2 Confirmatory Analysis by GC/MSD	
F. SAFETY AND HEALTH	
III. ANALYTICAL METHOD	13
A. WATER SOURCE AND CHARACTERIZATION	
B. PREPARATION OF THE STANDARD SOLUTIONS	14
B-1a. PCNB Stock Solution	
B-1b. PCA Stock Solution	14
B-2a. PCNB Standard Working Solution.	14
B-2b. PCA Standard Working Solution	
B-3a. PCNB Fortification Solution for 1 ppb Recoveries	
B-3b. PCA Fortification Solution for 1 ppb Recoveries	
B-3c. PCNB Fortification Solution for 0.1 ppb Recoveries	14
B-3d. PCA Fortification Solution for 0.1 ppb Recoveries	
B-4a. Calibration Plot for PCNB and PCA in the 1.0 ppb Range	
B-4b. Calibration Plot for PCNB and PCA in the 0.1 ppb Range	
C. FORTIFICATION OF WATER SAMPLES	
C-1 Fortification with PCNB and PCA at the 1.0 ppb level	15
C-2 Fortification with PCNB and PCA at the 0.1 ppb level	
D. EXTRACTION PROCEDURE	
E. CONDITIONS FOR GC-ECD ANALYSIS	16
F. CONFIRMATORY TECHNIQUE	
F-1 Method of Confirmation	
F-2 Conditions for GC/MSD Analysis	
G. TIME REQUIRED FOR ANALYSIS	
H. CALCULATIONS	
H-1 Calibration Plot	
H-2 Calculate the amount of PCNB or PCA in the toluene extract	
H-3 Calculate the amount (µg) of PCNB and PCA found in the sample	
H-4 Calculate the % Recovery of PCA and PCNB from fortified pond water	

Uniroyal Chemical Company Study No. 99198

	·	
III.	RESULTS AND DISCUSSION	. 19
A	A. RESULTS OF METHOD VALIDATION	. 19
E	ACCURACY/RECOVERY	. 20
C		
Ι). LIMIT OF QUANTITATION (LOQ) AND LIMIT OF DETECTION (LOD)	. 21
E		
F		
	CONCLUSIONS	
	ABLE I. PCA Recovery at 1.0 ppb Fortification Level	
	ABLE II. PCA Recovery at 0.1 ppb Fortification Level	
	ABLE III. PCNB Recovery at 1.0 ppb Fortification Level	
Ţ	ABLE IV. PCNB Recovery at 0.1 ppb Fortification Level	. 25
T	ABLE V. PRECISION: Ten Consecutive Injections of a Fortified Sample of Pone	
V	Vater	. 26
F	igure 1. Representative Calibration Plot for PCA Employed for Pond Water Samp	les
	ortified at 0.1 ppb	. 27
	igure 2. Representative Calibration Plot for PCNB Employed for Pond Water	
	manpies i continue de la production de l	. 28
	igure 3. Representative Chromatogram of PCA and PCNB standards at the 0.01	
•	g/mL level (lowest point). The retention time of PCA is 7.1 minutes, and the	
	etention time of PCNB is 6.5 minutes	. 29
	igure 4. Representative Chromatogram of PCA and PCNB standards at 0.05 and	
	.051 μ g/mL, respectively. The retention time of PCA is 7.1 minutes and the retention	
	me of PCNB is 6.5 minutes.	. 30
	figure 5. Representative Chromatogram of PCA and PCNB standards at 0.1 and 0.1	
	g/mL respectively (highest point). The retention time of PCA is 7.1 minutes and the	
	etention time of PCNB is 6.5 minutes.	. 31
	igure 6. Representative Calibration Plot for PCA Employed for Pond Water Samp	
	Cortified at 1.0 ppb.	. 32
ŀ	igure 7. Representative Calibration Plot for PCNB Employed for Pond Water	22
		. 33
	igure 8. Representative Chromatogram of PCA Standard, 0.1 μg/mL (lowest point)34
	igure 9. Representative Chromatogram of PCNB Standard, 0.102 μg/mL (lowest	
p	oint)	. 35
	igure 10. Representative Chromatogram of PCA, 0.5 μg/mL	
	igure 11. Representative Chromatogram of PCNB, 0.51 μg/mL	
	igure 12. Representative Chromatogram of PCA, 1.0 μg/mL (highest point)	
	figure 13. Representative Chromatogram of PCNB, 1.02 μg/mL (highest point)	
	igure 14. Representative Chromatogram of a Reagent Blank. The reagent blank is	
	rom a set of samples fortified at 0.1 ppb level with PCA and PCNB	
	igure 15. Representative Chromatogram of Control Pond Water. The control is from	
	set of samples fortified at 0.1 ppb with PCA and PCNB	
	igure 16. Representative Chromatogram of Pond Water Fortified at the 0.1 ppb Le	
	vith PCA and PCNB.	
	igure 17. Representative Chromatogram of a Reagent Blank. The reagent blank is	
Ţı	rom a set of pond water samples fortified at 1.0 ppb with PCA and PCNB	44

Uniroyal Chemical Company Study No. 99198

Figure 18. Representative Chromatogram of Control Pond Water. The control	pond
water is from a set of samples fortified at 1.0 ppb with PCA and PCNB	44
Figure 19. Representative Chromatogram of Pond Water Fortified at the 1.0 pp	b Level
with PCA and PCNB.	45
Figure 20. Mass Spectrum of PCNB	
Figure 21. Mass Spectrum of PCA	47
Figure 22. Selected Ion Chromatogram of Pond Water Fortified at 0.1 ppb with	h PCNB
Showing the Selected Ions Used for Identification of PCNB.	48
Figure 23. Selected Ion Chromatogram of Pond Water Fortified at 0.1 ppb With	h PCA
Showing the Selected Ions Used for Identification of PCA	49
APPENDIX A. CHARACTERIZATION OF POND WATER	50
APPENDIX B. ANALYTICAL DATA (Spreadsheets)	52
APPENDIX C. PROTOCOL, AMENDMENT, AND DEVIATION	57



I. PRINCIPLE OF THE METHOD

The water sample is passed through a C-8 Speedisk™ under vacuum. The pentachloronitrobenzene (PCNB) and its metabolite pentachloroaniline (PCA) (which are retained on the disk) are eluted with toluene and concentrated under nitrogen. The analysis is by capillary GC with an electron capture detector. The quantitation is by external standard method, using a mixture of PCNB and PCA standards to generate the two calibration plots. The LOQ for the method is 0.1 ppb.

II. MATERIALS

A. EQUIPMENT

- 1. Analytical Evaporator, Model "N-Evap", Organomation Associates, Inc. The evaporator is connected to a house nitrogen line fitted with a filter and a pressure regulator, Balstone Filter Products
- 2. Balance, analytical, Model 1602MP, Sartorius
- 3. Vortex mixer, Fisher Scientific
- 4. Vacuum manifold for SPE disks, 12 port, Supelco
- 5. Vacuum pump, 1/6 HP, Model 0211-U45N-G8CX, Gast
- 6. Water purification system, Model Milli-Q, Millipore

Note: Equivalent equipment from other sources can be employed.

B. SUPPLIES

- 1. Assorted volumetric disposable pipettes, Fisher Scientific
- 2. Customary analytical laboratory glassware and supplies
- 3. Filtration suction flask, 0.5L, Fisher Scientific
- 4. Kolmer evaporation tubes, 10 mL graduated, Fisher Scientific
- C-8, 50 mm, solid phase extraction disks and reservoirs, Bakerbond Speedisk™, J.T.Baker

Note: Equivalent supplies from other sources can be employed. It is recommended, however, that SPE disks from J.T. Baker be used.

C. HPLC SOLVENTS

- 1. Methanol, Fisher Scientific
- 2. Toluene, Fisher Scientific
- 3. Water, Milli-Q

Note: HPLC solvents of equivalent purity from other sources can be used.

D. STANDARDS-TEST SUBSTANCES

Chemical name: Pentachloronitrobenzene

Common name: PCNB CAS number: 82-68-8

Uniroyal Chemical Company Inc. Analytical Standard Code: P-01

Uniroyal Chemical Company Inc. Analytical Standard Lot No.: AC-1398-107

Chemical Purity: 99.8% Molecular Weight: 295.33 Storage Conditions: Freezer

Chemical Name: Pentachloroaniline

Common Name: None CAS number: 527-20-8

Uniroyal Chemical Company Inc. Analytical Standard Code: P-02

Uniroyal Chemical Company Inc. Analytical Standard Lot No.: AC-1398-93C

Chemical Purity: 98.7% Molecular Weight: 265.35 Storage Conditions: Freezer

Standards are archived by the Analytical Services Group of the Crop Protection Division.

E. GC INSTRUMENTATION

E-1 Residue Analysis by GC/Electron Capture Detector

Gas chromatograph: Model HP 6890 equipped with an electron capture detector and an autosampler-injector, Model HP 6763. Instrument parameters and data capture are controlled by a computer with a HP 3365 ChemStation on Windows 95 platform.

Column: DB1701, 30 m X 0.25 mm, 0.05 µm film thickness, J & W Scientific

Carrier Gas: Helium Makeup Gas: Nitrogen

E-2 Confirmatory Analysis by GC/MSD

Gas chromatograph: Model HP 5890A equipped with a HP Model 5971A mass-selective detector and an autosampler-injector, Model HP 6890. Instrument parameters and data capture are controlled by HP Chemstation Software G-1701AA, Rev.A.03.00.

Column: Rtx 200, 30 m X 0.25 mm, 0.05 µm film thickness, Restek

Corporation

Carrier Gas: Helium

F. SAFETY AND HEALTH

This method should be performed by trained chemical personnel. Hazards associated with the chemicals used in this analytical method are found in their respective Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS).

III. ANALYTICAL METHOD

A. WATER SOURCE AND CHARACTERIZATION

This method should be applicable for water from various sources. Pond water from Preston Hill Pond, Middlebury, CT was collected for use in this study. The pond water is characterized by its dissolved organic carbon, pH, and total hardness. The levels of dissolved organic carbon, the pH, and the total hardness of the pond water are shown in Appendix A.

B. PREPARATION OF THE STANDARD SOLUTIONS

B-1a. PCNB Stock Solution

On an analytical balance, accurately weigh approximately 50 mg of PCNB standard into a 50 mL volumetric flask and dilute to volume with toluene. Sonicate the flask. Thus, the concentration of the stock solution is 1 mg/mL. Correct the concentration for the purity of the standard: mg/mL X (percent purity/100).

B-1b. PCA Stock Solution

On an analytical balance, accurately weigh approximately 50 mg of PCA standard into a 50 mL volumetric flask and dilute to volume with toluene. Sonicate the flask. Thus, the concentration of the stock solution is 1 mg/mL. Correct the concentration for the purity of the standard: mg/mL X (percent purity/100).

B-2a. PCNB Standard Working Solution

Pipette 0.5 mL of PCNB Stock solution B-1a into a 50 mL volumetric flask and dilute to volume with toluene. Thus, the concentration of the solution is $10 \,\mu g/mL$.

B-2b. PCA Standard Working Solution

Pipette 0.5 mL of PCA Stock solution B-1b into a 50 mL volumetric flask and dilute to volume with toluene. Thus, the concentration of the solution is $10 \,\mu g/mL$.

B-3a. PCNB Fortification Solution for 1 ppb Recoveries

Pipette 1.0 mL of PCNB working solution B-2a into a 10 mL volumetric flask and dilute to volume with methanol. Thus, the concentration of the solution is $1.0 \,\mu g/mL$.

B-3b. PCA Fortification Solution for 1 ppb Recoveries

Pipette 1.0 mL of PCA working solution B-2b into a 10 mL volumetric flask and dilute to volume with methanol. Thus, the concentration of the solution is $1.0 \,\mu g/mL$.

B-3c. PCNB Fortification Solution for 0.1 ppb Recoveries

Pipette 1.0 mL of PCNB working solution B-2a into a 10 mL volumetric flask and dilute to volume with methanol. Pipette 1 mL of this 1.0 µg/mL

solution into a 10 mL volumetric flask and dilute to volume with methanol. Thus, the concentration of the final solution is 0.1 μ g/mL.

B-3d. PCA Fortification Solution for 0.1 ppb Recoveries Pipette 1.0 mL of PCA working solution B-2b into a 10 mL volumetric flask and dilute to volume with methanol. Pipette 1 mL of the 1.0 μ g/mL solution into a 10 mL volumetric flask and dilute to volume with methanol. Thus, the concentration of the final solution is 0.1 μ g/ml.

B-4a. Calibration Plot for PCNB and PCA in the 1.0 ppb Range

Into five 10 mL volumetric flasks, pipette 1.0, 0.75, 0.5, 0.25, and 0.1 mL of PCNB working solution B-2a and PCA working solution C-2b. Dilute to volume with toluene. Thus, the concentration of the resulting standard solutions are 1.0, 0.75, 0.5, 0.25, and 0.1 μ g/mL for PCNB and PCA.

B-4b. Calibration Plot for PCNB and PCA in the 0.1 ppb Range

Pipette 1 mL of PCNB standard working solution B-2a into a 10 mL flask and bring to volume with toluene. Pipette 1 mL of PCA standard working solution B-2b into a 10 mL flask and bring to volume with toluene. Into five 10 mL volumetric flasks, pipette 1.0, 0.75, 0.5, 0.25 and 0.1 mL of each of the above PCNB and PCA solutions. Thus, the concentration of the resulting standard solutions are 0.1, 0.075, 0.05, 0.025, and 0.01 µg/mL for PCNB and PCA..

C. FORTIFICATION OF WATER SAMPLES

C-1 Fortification with PCNB and PCA at the 1.0 ppb level

Measure 500 mL of pond water using a 500 mL graduated cylinder. Decant the sample into a l L glass bottle. Using a 500 μ L syringe, add 500 μ L each of fortification solutions B-3a and B-3b. Cap the bottle and mix well by shaking.

C-2 Fortification with PCNB and PCA at the 0.1 ppb level

Measure 500 mL of pond water using a 500 mL graduated cylinder. Decant the sample into a 1 L glass bottle. Using a 500 μ L syringe, add 500 μ L each of fortification solutions B-3c and B-3d.

D. EXTRACTION PROCEDURE

- 1. Place a C-8 Speedisk™ onto a 500 mL vacuum flask attached to a vacuum pump. Pass 10 mL of toluene through the disk under vacuum and continue to pull the vacuum until the disk is dry.
- 2. Condition the disk with 10 mL of methanol. Allow the methanol to flow through slowly by gravity. Do not allow the disk to dry.
- 3. When 3-5 mL of methanol remains on the disk, add 10 ml of HPLC grade water.
- 4. When 3-5 mL of water remains on the disk, begin adding the 500 mL water sample under full vacuum (15 mm Hg). Leave the disk on full vacuum for 5 minutes after the water has passed through the disk. Then release the vacuum.
- 5. Transfer the disk to a solid phase extraction manifold and continue drying under full vacuum (15 mm Hg) for an additional 30 minutes.
- 6. With the manifold port now closed, place a 10 mL Kolmer evaporation tube under the port. Add 10 mL of toluene to the disk. Allow the toluene to soak into the disk for 10 minutes, then open the manifold port so the toluene can be eluted by gravity. Apply slight vacuum to elute any remaining analyte.
- 7. Concentrate the eluant to 1 mL under a gentle stream of nitrogen at about 50°C. Transfer to an autosampler vial for GC-ECD analysis.

E. CONDITIONS FOR GC-ECD ANALYSIS

Injector Temperature:

250°C

Injector Mode:

Splitless

Detector Temperature:

325°C

Oven Temperature Program:

Initial Temperature:

100°C

Initial Time:

2.0 minutes

Ramp: (°C/min)	Final Temp (°C)	Final Time (min.
30.0	225	5.0
15.0	280	1.0
15.0	200	,

Injection Volume:

 $1.0 \mu L$

Retention times:

PCA 7.1 min., PCNB 6.5 min.

Run Time:

15.8 minutes

Combined gas flow:

68.3 mL/min. for injector

Injection Sequence:

- a. Start the sequence by injecting the solvent blank (toluene), then the standards, starting with the lowest.
- b. Inject a solvent blank then a reagent blank followed by another solvent blank.
- c. Inject pond water controls, then a solvent blank.
- Inject the fortified pond water samples, then a solvent blank.
- Complete by injecting the standards, starting with the lowest.

Note 1: Reagent blank is 500 mL distilled water which is brought through the entire extraction and concentration procedure identically to the samples. Note 2: The injection sequence was modified after analyzing the 1 ppb pond water samples. PCA and PCNB standards were combined to reduce the total number of injections.

F. CONFIRMATORY TECHNIQUE

F-1 Method of Confirmation

The method for the confirmation of PCNB and PCA was by GC/MSD. Confirmation was made by comparison of the retention times and mass spectra of the peaks in the extracts from both 1.0 ppb and 0.1 ppb fortified pond water samples with the spectra of the standards.

F-2 Conditions for GC/MSD Analysis

Column head pressure:

10 psi 250°C

Injector Temperature: Injection Volume:

 $1.0 \mu L$

Oven Temperature Program:

Initial Temperature:

100°C

Initial Time:

1.0 min.

Ramp: (°C/min.)

Final Time(min.) Final Temp.(°C) 280

6.0

12.0

Run Time:

22.0 min.

Equilibration Time:

3.0 min.

MSD Operation Parameters:

Transfer Line:

280°C

Electron Multiplier Range:

~2000 mV

+eV above Autotune:

SIM Settings:

Group III, PCA

m/z 265

Group II, PCNB

m/z 237, 295

Resolution:

Low

Dwell Time:

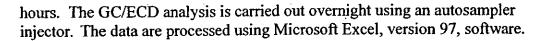
50

Solvent Delay (min.):

4.0

G. TIME REQUIRED FOR ANALYSIS

A sample set consists of a reagent blank, two control pond water samples, and five fortified pond water samples. The time required to complete the extraction and concentration of a mixture of PCNB and PCA from pond water is about six



H. CALCULATIONS

H-1 Calibration Plot

Peak areas of the standards (PCA or PCNB) are the dependent variables and the concentrations of the standard solutions, expressed as $\mu g/mL$, are the independent variables. They are used to generate a linear regression equation to determine the intercept, the slope, and the linearity of the detector response (coefficient of determination) R^2 .

Peak Area = Intercept + Slope
$$X (\mu g / mL)_{Std.}$$

H-2 Calculate the amount of PCNB or PCA in the toluene extract

Using the peak area of PCNB or PCA found in the extract, determine the concentration using the following equation:

$$PCNB(\mu g / mL) = \frac{(Peak\ Area_{sample} - Intercept)}{Slope}$$

H-3 Calculate the amount (µg) of PCNB and PCA found in the sample

Divide the amount of analyte calculated in section H-2 by the analyte volume, expressed in mL. The analyte volume used in this validation is 1 mL.

$$\mu g = \mu g / mL \ X \ Analyte \ Volume(mL)$$

H-4 Calculate the % Recovery of PCA and PCNB from fortified pond water

Divide the value calculated in section H-3, which is the amount of analyte found in the extract, by the amount of analyte added to the fortified pond water and multiply this value by 100.

$$\% \operatorname{Re} \operatorname{cov} \operatorname{ery} = \frac{\mu g \operatorname{Found}}{\mu g \operatorname{Added}} X 100$$

Example of the calculation method:

A water sample was fortified at the 0.1 ppb level with PCNB and PCA and analyzed on 11/01/99, sample PW#3, sample ID sl110115 (Appendix B).

 $0.05~\mu g$ of PCA and $0.051~\mu g$ PCNB were added to a 500~mL sample. PW3 peak area was: 11705~for PCA.

From the PCA linear regression analysis: Intercept =-17.2561 and Slope=326799.2

The µg/mL PCA in the analyte was calculated using the equation:

Found,
$$\mu g / mL = \frac{(Peak Area - Intercept)}{Slope}$$

 ${11705-(-17.2561)}/326799.2=.03587 \mu g/mL$

The amount (µg) of PCA in the analyte was calculated as:

Volume of the analyte is 1 mL, therefore:

 $0.03587 \mu g/mL \ X \ 1 \ mL = 0.03587 \mu g$

The amount (µg) of PCA expected in the 1 mL of analyte:

 $0.05~\mu g$ of PCA was added to a 500 mL sample with a final volume of 1 mL, therefore the expected amount is $0.05~\mu g$.

% Recovery:

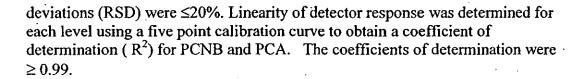
$$\frac{\mu g \ found}{\mu g \ added} X \ 100 = \% \operatorname{Re} c.$$

(0.03587/0.05) X 100=71.74% Recovery

III. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

A. RESULTS OF METHOD VALIDATION

The study was conducted according to the protocol given in Appendix C. The analytical method for determining PCNB and PCA was validated at 1.0 ppb and 0.1 ppb levels for accuracy, precision, linearity, and specificity. Five samples of Preston Hill Pond water were fortified at each level, extracted and analyzed by GC-ECD. The experiment was repeated on a subsequent day for each level. Mean recoveries were all within the 70-110% range, the relative standard



B. ACCURACY/RECOVERY

The accuracy of the method is expressed as % recovery of PCNB and PCA added to pond water. Mean recoveries for each set of samples were 70-110%, with relative standard deviation $\leq 20\%$. Specifically, the mean recovery of PCA at 1.0 ppb was 87.5% with a RSTD of $\pm 5.68\%$ (n = 10). The mean recovery of PCA at 0.1 ppb was 71.2% with a RSTD of $\pm 6.43\%$ (n = 10). The mean recovery of PCNB at 1.0 ppb was 81.7% with a RSTD of $\pm 8.58\%$ (n = 10), and the mean recovery of PCNB at 0.1 ppb was 75.4% with a RSTD of $\pm 9.47\%$ (n = 10). Data for the 1.0 ppb and 0.1 ppb fortification levels for PCA are summarized in Tables I and II respectively. Data for the 1.0 ppb and 0.1 ppb fortification levels for PCNB are summarized in Tables III and IV respectively.

Typical calibration plots for quantitation of pond water samples fortified at 0.1 ppb for PCA and PCNB are shown in Figures 1 and 2, respectively. Representative chromatograms of PCA and PCNB calibration standards for the lowest point (0.01 μ g/mL for both), the mid point (0.05 μ g/mL and 0.051 μ g/mL, respectively), and the highest point (0.1 μ g/mL and 0.102 μ g/mL, respectively), are shown in Figures 3,4, and 5, respectively.

Typical calibration plots for quantitation of pond water samples fortified at 1 ppb for PCA and PCNB are shown in Figures 6 and 7, respectively. Representative chromatograms of PCA and PCNB calibration standards for the lowest point (0.1 μ g/mL and 0.102 μ g/mL, respectively), the mid-point (0.5 μ g/mL and 0.51 μ g/mL, respectively), and the highest point (1.0 μ g/mL and 1.02 μ g/mL, respectively) are shown in Figures 8,9,10,11,12, and 13, respectively.

Representative chromatograms of a reagent blank, pond water control, and pond water sample spiked at 0.1 ppb with PCA and PCNB are shown in Figures 14,15, and 16, respectively. Representative chromatograms of a reagent blank, pond water control, and pond water sample spiked at 1.0 ppb with PCA and PCNB are shown in Figures 17,18, and 19, respectively.

C. PRECISION

The precision of the method was determined from ten consecutive injections of a fortified sample of pond water. Precision was expressed as the RSTD of the observed set of measurements. The RSTD was $\pm 3.0\%$ for PCNB and $\pm 3.3\%$ for PCA. The data are summarized in Table V.

D. LIMIT OF QUANTITATION (LOQ) AND LIMIT OF DETECTION (LOD)

The LOQ was targeted at 0.1 ppb, which was the lowest fortification level employed. The method LOD is set at one third of the LOQ (0.1 ppb), which is 0.03 ppb (*Anal. Chem.* 1999, 2672-2677).

E. SELECTIVITY

The selectivity of the method is shown by baseline to baseline resolution of PCNB (retention time 6.5 minutes) and PCA (retention time 7.1 minutes), using GC-ECD.

F. SPECIFICITY

The specificity of the method for each analyte was determined by GC/MSD using selected ions monitoring method. Extracts of previously analyzed water samples fortified at 1.0 ppb and 0.1 ppb were analyzed directly on the system described in section III F. Figure 20 shows a mass spectrum of PCNB. The molecular ion m/z 295 and a base ion m/z 237 were used for selected ion monitoring. Figure 21 shows a mass spectrum of PCA. Only the molecular ion m/z 265 was used for selected ion monitoring because there were no other ions of sufficient abundance to be useful for identification of PCA. Selected ion chromatograms and mass spectra of the pond water sample containing PCNB and PCA (figures 22 and 23, respectively) correspond to the standard chromatogram and mass spectra of PCNB and PCA.

IV CONCLUSIONS

This analytical method is applicable for the analysis of PCNB and PCA in all types of water samples in the 0.1 ppb to 1.0 ppb range. The method meets all of the requirements of the EPA and EU guidelines for analytical methods for water analysis.



TABLE I. PCA Recovery at 1.0 ppb Fortification Level

Sample ID	Fortification, ppb	Sample Name	% Recovery	
S1091008 & 31	None	Reagent blank	None	
S1091010 & 33	None	Control#1	None	
Sl091011 & 34	None	Control#2	None	
S1091013 & 36	1.0	*PW#1	89.9	
S1091014 & 37	1.0	*PW#2	85.7	
S1091015 & 38	1.0	*PW#3	86.9	
S1091016 & 39	1.0	*PW#4	82.0	
S1091017 & 40	1.0	*PW#5	81.0	
S1092208 & 31	None	Reagent blank	None	
S1092210 & 33	None	Control#1	None	
S1092211 & 34	None	Control#2	None	
S1092213 & 36	1.0	*PW#1	92.2	
S1092214 & 37	1.0	*PW#2	90.8	
S1092215 & 38	1.0	*PW#3	83.9	
S1092216 & 39	1.0	*PW#4	85.4	
S1092217 & 40	1.0	*PW#5	97.0	
		Average=	87.48	
1		STD=	4.971653	
		RSTD%=	5.683188	



TABLE II. PCA Recovery at 0.1 ppb Fortification Level

Sample ID	Fortification, ppb	Sample Name	% Recovery
S1110108	None	Reagent Blank	None
SI110110	None	Control#1	None
S1110111	None	Control#2	None
S1110113	0.1	*PW#1	68.0
S1110114	0.1	*PW#2	68.3
S1110115	0.1	*PW#3	71.7
Sl110116	0.1	*PW#4	71.1
·S1110117	0.1	*PW#5	71.1
S1110808	None	Reagent blank	None
S1110810	None	Control#1	None
Sl110811	None	Control#2	None
S1110813	0.1	*PW#1	73.4
Sl110814	0.1	*PW#2	77.0
SI110815	0.1	*PW#3	<u>77.5</u>
Sl110816	0.1	*PW#4	61.7
S1110817	0.1	*PW#5	72.3
•		Average=	71.21
		STD=	4.577105
		RSTD%=	6.427615

TABLE III. PCNB Recovery at 1.0 ppb Fortification Level

Sample ID	Fortification, ppb	Sample Name	% Recovery
S1091008 & 31	None	Reagent Blank	None
S1091010 & 33	None	Control#1	None
Sl091011 & 34	None	Control#2	None
Sl091013 & 36	1.0	*PW#1	80.4
S1091014 & 37	1.0	*PW#2	78.5
S1091015 & 38	1.0	*PW#3	77.8
S1091016 & 39	1.0	*PW#4	72.6
S1091017 & 40	1.0	*PW#5	72.5
S1092208 & 31	None	Reagent Blank	None
S1092210 & 33	None	Control#1	None
S1092211 & 34	None	Control#2	None
Sl092213 & 36	1.0	*PW#1	88.6
S1092214 & 37	1.0	*PW#2	88.1
S1092215 & 38	1.0	*PW#3	81.8
S1092216 & 39	1.0	*PW#4	82.8
S1092217 & 40	1.0	*PW#5	94.3
		Average =	81.74
		STD=	7.016837
,		RSTD%=	8.584337

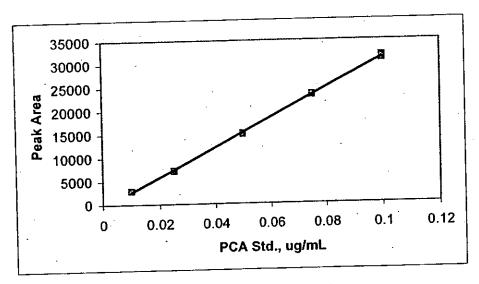


TABLE IV. PCNB Recovery at 0.1 ppb Fortification Level

Sample ID	Sample ID Fortification, ppb Sample	Sample Name	% Recovery
S1110108	None	Reagent Blank	None
S1110110	None	Control#1	None
Sl110111	None	Control#2	None
SI110113	0.1	*PW#1	70.2
Sl110114	0.1	*PW#2	71.7
SI110115	0.1	*PW#3	71.0
Sl110116	0.1	*PW#4	73.0
SI110117	0.1	*PW#5	70.2
S1110108	None	Reagent Blank	None
S1110810	None	Control#1	None
Sl110811	None	Control#2	None
Sl110813	0.1	*PW#1	72.7
Sl110814	0.1	*PW#2	84.4
Sl110815	0.1	*PW#3	91.2
Sl110816	0.1	*PW#4	71.2
Sl110817	0.1	*PW#4	78.7
<u> </u>		Average =	75.43
•		STD =	7.144081
		RSTD=	9.47114

TABLE V. PRECISION: Ten Consecutive Injections of a Fortified Sample of Pond
Water

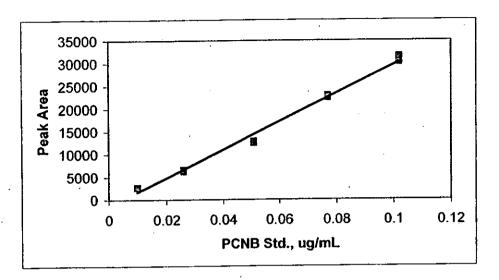
Run#	<u> </u>	CNB Area Count	<u>s</u>	PCA Area Counts
1 .		11219		10759
2		11804	•	10747
3		11816		10274
4		11530		11238
5		11023		10585
6		11909	•	10488
7		11025		10493
8		11722		10052
9		11202		10224
10		11197		10244
	Ave.=	11444.7	Ave.=	10510.4
	STD=	348.3109	STD=	345.2153
	RSTD=	3.043425	RSTD=	3.284511



PCA ST	Pk.Area
ug/mL	2914
0.01	
0.01	2894
0.025	7273
0.025	7115
0.05	15102
0.05	14945
0.075	23420
0.075	23226
0.1	31609
0.1	30961

Slope = 317421.4 Int. = -560.012 RSQ = 0.999362

Figure 1. Representative Calibration Plot for PCA Employed for Pond Water Samples Fortified at 0.1 ppb.



PCNB ST ug/mL	Pk.Area
0.01	2707
0.01	2739
0.026	6655
0.026	6309
0.051	12908
0.051	12517
0.077	22914
0.077	22436
0.102	31488
0.102	30226

Slope = 310062.4 Int. = -1405.42 RSQ = 0.990857

Figure 2. Representative Calibration Plot for PCNB Employed for Pond Water Samples Fortified at 0.1 ppb.

Batch Run # 2 of 12 Sample Name: std#1 Data File C:\HPCHEM\2\DATA\PCA\s1110802.D pca 0.01ug/ml pcnb 0.0102ug/ml Seq. Line : Injection Date : 11/8/1999 1:30:12 PM Sample Name Vial: : std#1 Inj: Acq. Operator Inj Volume : 1 μ l : C:\HPCHEM\2\METHODS\PCA.M Method : 10/26/1999 7:46:41 AM by skl Last changed ECDTA, (PCAIST110802.D) Norm. 14000 12000 10000 8000 6000 4000 2000 Area Percent Report Signal Sorted By Multiplier 1.0000 Dilution Signal 1: ECD1 A, Height Peak RetTime Type Width Area [Hz] [min] [Hz*s] --|------|----|-----|-----|-----|-----| 0.0234 2707.50537 1645.27332 48.16073 6.546 VV 0.0456 2914.30591 854.18463 51.83927 7.162 BV

Figure 3. Representative Chromatogram of PCA and PCNB standards at the $0.01 \,\mu\text{g/mL}$ level (lowest point). The retention time of PCA is 7.1 minutes, and the retention time of PCNB is 6.5 minutes.

Batch Run # 4 of 12 Sample Name: std#3 Data File C:\HPCHEM\2\DATA\PCA\s1110804.D pca 0.05ug/ml pcnb 0.051ug/ml Seq. Line : Injection Date : 11/8/1999 2:16:39 PM Vial: : std#3 Sample Name Inj: Acq. Operator : skl Inj Volume : 1 μ l : C:\HPCHEM\2\METHODS\PCA.M Method : 10/26/1999 7:46:41 AM by skl Last changed ECDTA, (PCASL110804.D) 12000 10000 8000 6000 4000 2000 Sorted By 1.0000 Multiplier 1.0000 Dilution Signal 1: ECD1 A, Height Peak RetTime Type Width Area [Hz]

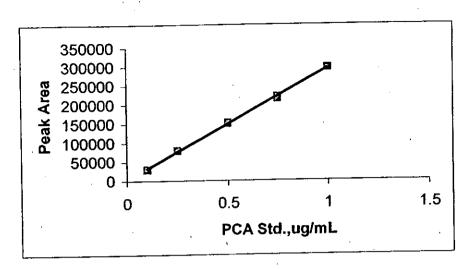
Figure 4. Representative Chromatogram of PCA and PCNB standards at 0.05 and 0.051 μg/mL, respectively. The retention time of PCA is 7.1 minutes and the retention time of PCNB is 6.5 minutes.

[Hz*s] -----|----|-----|-----|-----| 6.548 VB S 0.0228 1.29083e4 8224.30859 46.08378 7.162 PB S 0.0434 1.51022e4 4713.39355 53.91622

[min]

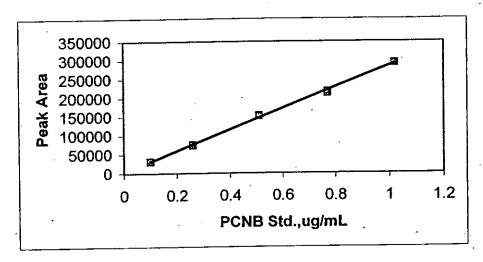
Batch Run # 6 of 12 Sample Name: std#5 Data File C:\HPCHEM\2\DATA\PCA\s1110806.D pca 0.1ug/ml penb 0.102ug/ml Injection Date : 11/8/1999 3:03:03 PM Sample Name : std#5 Inj : Acq. Operator : skl Inj Volume : 1 μ 1 : C:\HPCHEM\2\METHODS\PCA.M Method : 10/26/1999 7:46:41 AM by skl Last changed ECDTA (PCAISETT0806.D) 20000 17500 15000 12500 10000 7500 5000 2500 Area Percent Report Signal Sorted By 1.0000 Multiplier Dilution 1.0000 Signal 1: ECD1 A, Peak RetTime Type Width Area Height Area [min] [Hz*s] [Hz] --|------|-----|-----|-----|-----| 6.549 VB S 0.0225 3.14885e4 2.01073e4 49.90450 7.160 VB S 0.0403 3.16090e4 1.06640e4

Figure 5. Representative Chromatogram of PCA and PCNB standards at 0.1 and 0.102 μ g/mL respectively (highest point). The retention time of PCA is 7.1 minutes and the retention time of PCNB is 6.5 minutes.



PCA ST		Pk.Area
0.1		30535
0.1		29731
0.25		79978
0.25		79132
0.5		152037
0.5		150420
0.75		215874
0.75		221144
1		297079
1		297556
•	Slope = Int. = RSQ =	292324.9 3339.634 0.998989

Figure 6. Representative Calibration Plot for PCA Employed for Pond Water Samples Fortified at 1.0 ppb.



PCNB ST		Pk.Area
- 0.1		31921
0.1		31463
0.26		75270
0.26		73636
0.51		152201
0.51		152446
. 0.77		211646
0.77		217264
1.02	-	292389
1.02		292878
•	Slope =	281629.4
	I4	2204 55

Figure 7. Representative Calibration Plot for PCNB Employed for Pond Water Samples Fortified at 1.0 ppb.

0.998214

```
Batch Run # 2 of 46
                                                    Sample Name: pca 0.1 ug/ml
Data File C:\HPCHEM\2\DATA\PCA\s1092202.D
                                                   Seq. Line :
    Injection Date : 9/22/1999 3:16:35 PM
                                                        Vial:
                   : pca 0.1 ug/ml
    Sample Name
                                                         Inj :
                                                                1
                  : skl
    Acq. Operator
                                                  Inj Volume : 1 \mul
                   : C:\HPCHEM\2\METHODS\PCA.M
    Acq. Method
                   : 9/21/1999 7:14:59 AM by MHG
    Last changed
    Analysis Method : C:\HPCHEM\2\METHODS\PCA.M
                   : 9/23/1999 11:18:04 AM by Vincent DeMatteo
    Last changed
          ECUT A. (PCASLU9ZZUZD)
      14000
      12000
      10000
       8000
       6000
       4000
       2000
                             Area Percent Report
                                 Signal
     Sorted By
                                 1.0000
     Multiplier
                                 1.0000
     Dilution
     Signal 1: ECD1 A,
                                          Height
                                                    Area
                                 Area
     Peak RetTime Type
                       Width
                                          [Hz]
                               [Hz*s]
                        [min]
     0.0227 1148.40503 745.90564 3.62453
            6.553 VV
                       0.0385 3.05358e4 1.07989e4 96.37547
            7.166 BB S
                              3.16842e4 1.15448e4
     Totals :
```

Figure 8. Representative Chromatogram of PCA Standard, 0.1 µg/mL (lowest point)

Batch Run # 25 of 46 Sample Name: pcnb 0.1ug/ml Data File C:\HPCHEM\2\DATA\PCA\s1092225.D Seq. Line : : 9/23/1999 12:10:26 AM Vial : : pcnb 0.lug/ml Sample Name Inj : 1 : skl Acq. Operator Inj Volume : 1 μ 1 : C:\HPCHEM\2\METHODS\PCA.M Acq. Method : 9/21/1999 7:14:59 AM by MHG Last changed Analysis Method : C:\HPCHEM\2\METHODS\PCA.M : 9/23/1999 11:18:04 AM by Vincent DeMatteo Last changed ECD1 A. (PCAISL092ZZ5.D) 20000 17500 15000 12500 -10000 -7500 5000 2500 Area Percent Report Signal Sorted By 1.0000 Multiplier 1.0000 Dilution Signal 1: ECD1 A, Height Area Width Area Peak RetTime Type [Hz*s] [Hz] [min] ----|------|----|-----|------|------| 98.29888 0.0221 3.19210e4 2.08862e4 6.555 VB S 181.15538 1.70112 552.41156 0.0371 7.174 VV 3.24734e4 2.10673e4 Totals :

Figure 9. Representative Chromatogram of PCNB Standard, 0.102 μg/mL (lowest point)

Batch Run # 4 of 46 Sample Name: pca 0.5ug/ml Data File C:\HPCHEM\2\DATA\PCA\s1092204.D Injection Date : 9/22/1999 4:03:00 PM Seq. Line : Vial: Sample Name : pca 0.5ug/ml Inj : Acq. Operator : skl Inj Volume : 1 μ l : C:\HPCHEM\2\METHODS\PCA.M Acq. Method : 9/21/1999 7:14:59 AM by MHG Last changed Analysis Method : C:\HPCHEM\2\METHODS\PCA.M : 9/23/1999 11:18:04 AM by Vincent DeMatteo Last changed ECDT A. (PCA/SL09Z204.D) 60000 50000 40000 30000 20000 10000 Area Percent Report Signal Sorted By 1.0000 Multiplier 1.0000 Dilution Signal 1: ECD1 A, Height Area Peak RetTime Type Width [Hz*s] [Hz] (min) 7.165 VB S 0.0325 1.52037e5 6.50000e4 1.000e2 1.52037e5 6.50000e4 Totals :

Figure 10. Representative Chromatogram of PCA, 0.5 μg/mL.

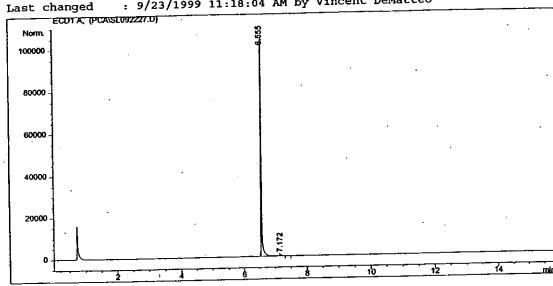
Batch Run # 27 of 46 Data File C:\HPCHEM\2\DATA\PCA\s1092227.D

Sample Name: pcnb 0.51ug/ml

Seq. Line : Injection Date : 9/23/1999 12:56:47 AM Vial : : pcnb 0.51ug/ml Sample Name Inj : : skl Acq., Operator Inj Volume : 1 μ l

: C:\HPCHEM\2\METHODS\PCA.M Acq. Method : 9/21/1999 7:14:59 AM by MHG Last changed Analysis Method : C:\HPCHEM\2\METHODS\PCA.M

: 9/23/1999 11:18:04 AM by Vincent DeMatteo



Area Percent Report

Signal Sorted By 1.0000 Multiplier 1.0000 Dilution

Signal 1: ECD1 A,

Height Area Peak RetTime Type Width Area [Hz] [Hz*s] [min] 6.555 VB S 0.0212 1.52201e5 1.04949e5 98.85071 7.172 VB X 0.0397 1769.56775 595.40063 1.14929 1.53971e5 1.05545e5 Totals :

Figure 11. Representative Chromatogram of PCNB, 0.51 μg/mL.

Batch Run # 6 of 46
Data File C:\HPCHEM\2\DATA\PCA\sl092206.D

Sample Name: pca 1.0 ug/ml

Seq. Line : Injection Date : 9/22/1999 4:49:28 PM Vial: : pca 1.0 ug/ml Sample Name Inj: Acq. Operator : skl Inj Volume : 1 μ 1 Acq. Method : C:\HPCHEM\2\METHODS\PCA.M : 9/21/1999 7:14:59 AM by MHG Last changed Analysis Method : C:\HPCHEM\2\METHODS\PCA.M : 9/23/1999 11:18:04 AM by Vincent DeMatteo ECD1 A, (PCA\SL09Z206.D) 120000 100000 80000 60000

Area Percent Report

Sorted By : Signal Multiplier : 1.0000 Dilution : 1.0000

Signal 1: ECD1 A,

40000

20000

11 of 83

Figure 12. Representative Chromatogram of PCA, 1.0 μ g/mL (highest point).

Batch Run # 29 of 46 Sample Name: pcnb 1.02ug/ml. Data File C:\HPCHEM\2\DATA\PCA\s1092229.D Seq. Line: 29 Injection Date : 9/23/1999 1:43:10 AM Vial : 23 : pcnb 1.02ug/ml Sample Name Inj: 1 Acq. Operator : skl Inj Volume : 1 μ l : C:\HPCHEM\2\METHODS\PCA.M Acq. Method : 9/21/1999 7:14:59 AM by MHG Last changed Analysis Method : C:\HPCHEM\2\METHODS\PCA.M : 9/23/1999 11:18:04 AM by Vincent DeMatteo Last changed ECU1 A, (PCAISL09ZZZ9.D) Norm 200000 175000 150000 125000 100000 75000 50000 25000 Signal Sorted By 1.0000 Multiplier Dilution 1.0000 Signal 1: ECD1 A, Height Area Peak RetTime Type Width Area [Hz] [Hz*s] [min] -|-----|----|----|-----|

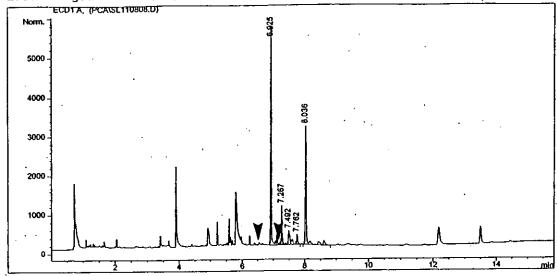
Figure 13. Representative Chromatogram of PCNB, 1.02 µg/mL (highest point).

6.161 VV 0.0258 1255.79407 672.89764 0.42157 6.556 VB S 0.0209 2.92389e5 2.08406e5 98.15604 7.173 VB X 0.0397 4237.03125 1476.03467 1.42239 Batch Run # 8 of 12
Data File C:\HPCHEM\2\DATA\PCA\sl110808.D

Sample Name: Reagent blank

Injection Date : 11/8/1999 3:49:26 PM Seq. Line : 8 Sample Name : Reagent blank Vial : 8 Acq. Operator : skl Inj : 1 Inj Volume : 1 μ l

Method : C:\HPCHEM\2\METHODS\PCA.M Last changed : 10/26/1999 7:46:41 AM by skl



Area Percent Report

Sorted By : Signal Multiplier : 1.0000 Dilution : 1.0000

Signal 1: ECD1 A,

#	[min]			Width [min]	Area [Hz*s]	Height [Hz]	Area %
		ļ ·					<u>-</u>
1	6.925	·VB	s	0.0241	9061.48828	5544.69629	47.31133
2	7.267	вv	Х	0.0200	1441.31934	1002.48401	7.52534
3	7.492		T	0.0408	1078.44678	361.52905	5.63073
4	7.762	вv	Т	0.0290	516.35779	259.61322	2.69598
5	8.036	VВ	s	0.0326	7055.27881	3032.36499	36.83663

Figure 14. Representative Chromatogram of a Reagent Blank. The reagent blank is from a set of samples fortified at 0.1 ppb level with PCA and PCNB

Totals :

Batch Run # 10 of 12 Sample Name: control#1 Data File C:\HPCHEM\2\DATA\PCA\sl110810.D Injection Date : 11/8/1999 4:35:55 PM Séq. Line: 10 Vial : 10 Sample Name : control#1 Inj: Acq. Operator : skl Inj Volume : 1 μ l : C:\HPCHEM\2\METHODS\PCA.M Method : 10/26/1999 7:46:41 AM by skl Last changed ECDI A. (PCAISLI10810.D) Norm. 25000 20000 15000 10000 5000 Area Percent Report Signal Sorted By 1.0000 Multiplier Dilution 1.0000 Signal 1: ECD1 A, Height Area Peak RetTime Type Width Area [Hz] [Hz*s] [min] 0.0166 1113.95715 991.33594 11.69416 6.105 VV 1 0.0453 1143.76587 332.98712 12.00709 7.492 VV 2 0.0374 1442.63293 508.04306 15.14456 7.602 VV 0.0284 5825.39648 2967.89160 61.15419 8.035 VV

Figure 15. Representative Chromatogram of Control Pond Water. The control is from a set of samples fortified at 0.1 ppb with PCA and PCNB.

9525.75244 4800.25772

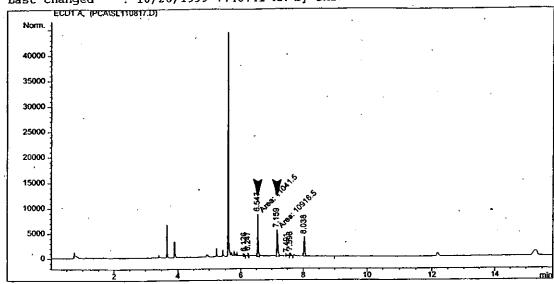
Data File C:\HPCHEM\2\DATA\PCA\SL110817.D

Sample Name: water*#5

Injection Date : 11/8/1999 7:18:32 PM Seq. Line : 17 Sample Name : water*#5 , Vial : 17 Acq. Operator : skl Inj : 1 Inj Volume : 1 μ l

Method : C:\HPCHEM\2\METHODS\PCA.M

Last changed : 10/26/1999 7:46:41 AM by skl



Area Percent Report

Sorted By : Signal Multiplier : 1.0000 Dilution : 1.0000

Signal 1: ECD1 A,

#	RetTime [min]		[min]	Area [Hz*s]	Height [Hz]	Area %
1	6.126			1057.28943	531.54150	2.97424
2	6.247	vv			683.49194	2.45471
3	6.547	MM .	0.0216	1.10415e4	8506.50879	31.06055
4	7.159	MM	0.0339	1.09165e4	5373.70361	30.70890
5	7.491	BV T	0.0416	819.31665	259.28174	2.30480
6	7.596	PV T	0.0300	1091.22119	564.60535	3.06969

Figure 16. Representative Chromatogram of Pond Water Fortified at the 0.1 ppb Level with PCA and PCNB.

Batch Run # 8 of 46 Sample Name: reagent blank Data File C:\HPCHEM\2\DATA\PCA\s1091008.D Seq. Line : : 9/15/1999 4:38:09 PM Injection Date Vial : : reagent blank Sample Name Inj : : Vincent DeMatteo Acq. Operator Inj Volume : 1 μ l : C:\HPCHEM\2\METHODS\PCA.M Method : 9/9/1999 2:37:32 PM by skl Last changed ECDT'A, (PCA\SL091008.D) 7000 6000 5000 4000 3000 2000 1000 Area Percent Report Sorted By 1.0000 : Multiplier 1.0000 Dilution Signal 1: ECD1 A, Height Width Peak RetTime Type [Hz] [Hz*s] [min] 7400.59766 37.77262 6.935 VB S 0.0245 1.23997e4 7.125 VV X 0.0199 690.70874 530.77618 7.276 VV T 0.0228 3002.83984 2050.68237 7.493 PV T 0.0357 2051.99658 850.10876

Figure 17. Representative Chromatogram of a Reagent Blank. The reagent blank is from a set of pond water samples fortified at 1.0 ppb with PCA and PCNB.

8.050 VB S 0.0285 1.27054e4 6367.18213 38.70388

7.776 BV T 0.0319 984.76184 431.41171

Batch Run # 34 of 46 Sample Name: control#2 Data File C:\HPCHEM\2\DATA\PCA\sl091034.D Seq. Line : 34 Injection Date : 9/16/1999 2:21:58 AM Vial : 11 Sample Name : control#2 Inj: 1 Acq. Operator : Vincent DeMatteo Inj Volume : 1 μ l : C:\HPCHEM\2\METHOD\$\PCA.M Method : 9/9/1999 2:37:32 PM by skl Last changed ECD1 A (PCASL091034.D) Norm. 14000 12000 10000 8000 6000 4000 2000 Signal Sorted By 1.0000 Multiplier 1.0000 Dilution Signal 1: ECD1 A, Height Area Peak RetTime Type Width Area · [Hz] [Hz*s] [min] -----|----|----|-----| 0.0411 1723.45459 581.67798 5.98807 7.493 VV 8.051 VB S 0.0293 2.70580e4 1.39831e4 94.01193 99198 Totals : 2.87815e4 1.45648e4 Results obtained with enhanced integrator!

Figure 18. Representative Chromatogram of Control Pond Water. The control pond water is from a set of samples fortified at 1.0 ppb with PCA and PCNB.

Batch Run # 17 of 46 Sample Name: water*5 Data File C:\HPCHEM\2\DATA\PCA\s1091017.D Seq. Line: 17 Injection Date : 9/15/1999 8:00:16 PM Vial : 17 Sample Name : water*5 Inj : : Vincent DeMatteo Acq. Operator Inj Volume : 1 μ l : C:\HPCHEM\2\METHODS\PCA.M Method : 9/9/1999 2:37:32 PM by skl Last changed ECDI A, (PCASE091017.D) 80000 60000 40000 20000 Area Percent Report Signal Sorted By 1.0000 Multiplier 1.0000 Dilution Signal 1: ECD1 A, Height Area Peak RetTime Type Width [Hz] [Hz*s] [min] 6.555 VV S 0.0188 1.15368e5 9.26431e4 7.165 VV S 0.0250 1.20446e5 7.02113e4 46.13520 7.494 BV T 0.0352 1527.20764 599.37421 0.58498 99198 8.052 VPAS 0.0278 2.37308e4 1.22525e4 9-16-99 30 \$83 2.61072e5 1.75706e5 Totals :

Figure 19. Representative Chromatogram of Pond Water Fortified at the 1.0 ppb Level with PCA and PCNB.

: C:\HPCHEM\1\DATA\101902.D File

Operator

: 19 Oct 1999 10:30 Acquired

using AcqMethod DEFAULT

GC/MS Ins Instrument : Sample Name: pcnb, 1 mg/ml Misc Info :

Vial Number: 2

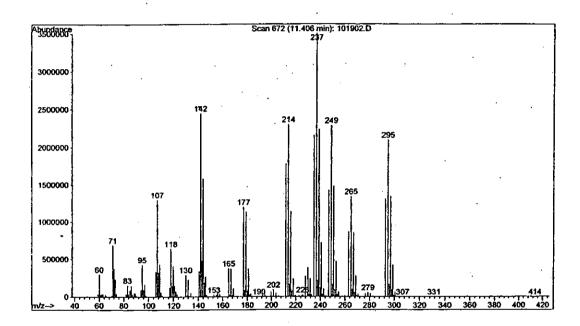


Figure 20. Mass Spectrum of PCNB



: C:\HPCHEM\1\DATA\101901.D File

Operator

: 19 Oct 1999 10:03 : GC/MS Ins

using AcqMethod DEFAULT

Acquired Instrument : Sample Name: pca, 1 mg/ml

Misc Info : Vial Number: 1

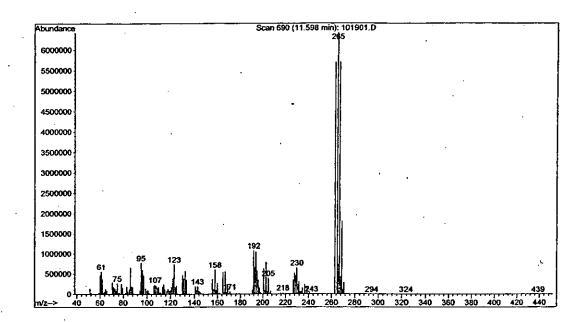


Figure 21. Mass Spectrum of PCA

: C:\HPCHEM\1\DATA\10219902.D File

Operator

21 Oct 1999 10:53 GC/MS Ins using AcqMethod PCA

Acquired Instrument :

Sample Name: Spiked water extract#sl092215

Misc Info : 1ppb level

Vial Number: 2

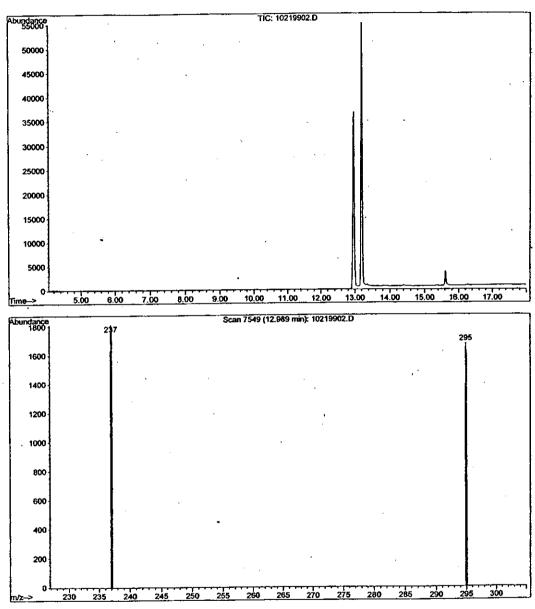


Figure 22. Selected Ion Chromatogram of Pond Water Fortified at 0.1 ppb with PCNB Showing the Selected Ions Used for Identification of PCNB.

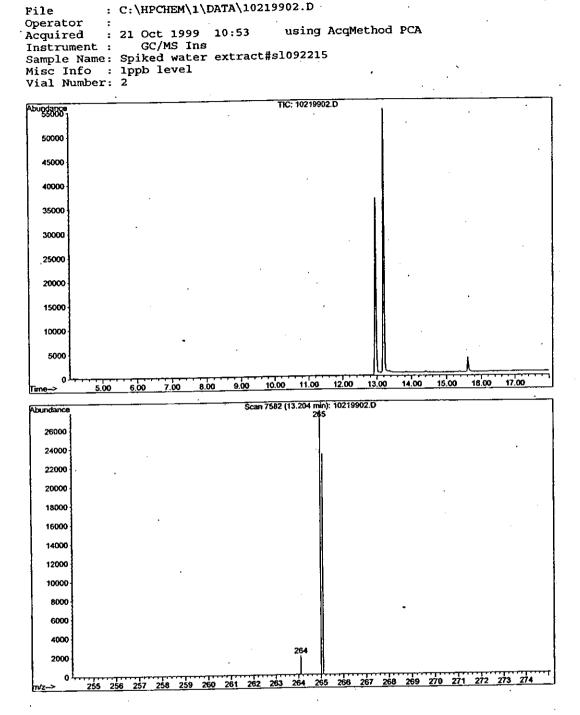


Figure 23. Selected Ion Chromatogram of Pond Water Fortified at 0.1 ppb With PCA Showing the Selected Ions Used for Identification of PCA.

APPENDIX A. CHARACTERIZATION OF POND WATER

Your Environmental Specialists Since 1969

HOOD STOWNS IN THE DESIGNATION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY

From:

9/30/99

0924991099

Water

9/24/99

Iniroyal Study #99198 - Preston Hill Pond

ABORATORIES, INC

Phone:219-424 1622 (800) 891-8442 Fax: 219-424-9124 e-mall: pknott@edglo.com 2121 E. Washington Bivd Fort Wayne, Indiana 46803

Shari K. Long

Uniroyal Chemical Company **Benson Road**

Middlebury

06749 Ե Report of Analysis

	Units Permit Limits Date/Time Analyst	mg/L 9/29/99 9:00:00 AM CI	S.U. 9/24/99 3:00:00 PM SB	UCL MA 00:02:0 00/70/0
	Result	9.02	0'2	<u>v</u>
	MDL R	0.5	_	-
	Method Code	EPA 415.1	EPA 150.1	FPA 130.7
	_	-		
1	Parameter	Dissolved Organic Carbon	T.	Total Hardness

Respectfully Submitted By:

Certification Number: INC0203

< is Less than reported method detection limit

Page 51 of 66