issue new interest rates and factors promptly, so that the rates can reflect, as accurately as possible, current market conditions. The PBGC has found that the public interest is best served by issuing the rates and factors on a prospective basis so that plans may be able to calculate the value of plan benefits before submitting a notice of intent to terminate. Also, plans will be able to predict employer liability more accurately prior to plan termination. Moreover, because of the need to provide immediate guidance for the valuation of benefits under plans that will terminate on or after March 1, 1982, and because no adjustment by ongoing plans is required by this amendment, the PBGC finds that good cause exists for making the rates set forth in this amendment to the final regulation effective less than 30 days after publication.

The PBGC has determined that this is not a "major rule" under the criteria set forth in Executive Order 12291, February 17, 1981 (46 FR 13193), because it will not result in an annual effect on the economy of $100 million or more, a major increase in costs for consumers or individual industries, or significant adverse effects on competition, employment, investment, productivity, innovation or competition.

PART 2619—VALUATION OF PLAN BENEFITS IN NON-MULTIEMPLOYER PLANS

In consideration of the foregoing, Part 2619 of Chapter XXVI, Title 29, Code of Federal Regulations, is hereby amended as follows:

1. The authority citation for Part 2619 is as follows:

Authority.—Secs. 4002(b)(3), 4041(b), 4044, 4062(b)(1)(A), Pub. L. 93-406, 88 Stat. 1004, 1020, 1025-27, 1029, (1974) as amended by secs. 403(1), 403(d) and 402(a)(7), Pub. L. 96-364, 94 Stat. 1302, 1301, 1299, (1980) (29 U.S.C. 1302, 1341, 1344, 1362).

2. Rate Set 32 of Appendix B is revised and Rate Set 33 of Appendix B is added to read as follows:

Appendix B—Interest Rates and Quantities Used To Value Immediate and Deferred Annuities

In the table that follows, the immediate annuity rate is used to value immediate annuities, to compute the quantity "G_y" for deferred annuities and to value both portions of a refund annuity. An interest rate of 5% shall be used to value death benefits other than the decreasing term insurance portion of a refund annuity. For deferred annuities, k_1, k_2, k_3, n_1, and n_2 are defined in § 2619.45.

Rate set	For plans with a valuation date		Immediate annuity rate	Deferred annuities				
	On or after	Before		k_1	k_2	k_3	n_1	n_2
*	*	*	*	*				
32	Feb. 1, 1982	Mar. 1, 1982	10.75	1.1000	1.0875	1.0400	7	8
33	Mar. 1, 1982		11.00	1.1025	1.0900	1.0400	7	8

Robert E. Nagle,

Executive Director, Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation.

[FR Doc. 82-3821 Filed 2-11-82; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7708-01-M

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

40 CFR Part 52

[A-8-FRL-2041-4]

Approval and Promulgation of State Implementation Plans; Utah

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency.

ACTION: Final rulemaking.

SUMMARY: This action approves a revision to the Utah State Implementation Plan (SIP) submitted by the Governor on August 17, 1981, which includes a State program for prevention of significant deterioration (PSD). In conjunction with approval of this plan EPA removes the federal PSD program as it applies to lands under State jurisdiction. EPA proposed approval on November 17, 1981 (46 FR 56462), and requested public comments. No adverse comments were received and no new issues were raised. These changes were submitted under requirements of Part C of the Clean Air Act.

DATE: This action is effective February 12, 1982.

ADDRESSES: Copies of the revision are available for public inspection beween 8:00 a.m. and 4:00 p.m. Monday through Friday at the following offices:

Environmental Protection Agency, Region VIII, Air Programs Branch, 1860 Lincoln Street, Denver, Colorado 80295

Environmental Protection Agency, Public Information Reference Unit, Waterside Mall, 401 M Street, SW, Washington, D.C. 20460

The Office of the Federal Register, 1100 L Street, NW, Room 8401, Washington, D.C. 20408

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: David S. Kircher, Air Programs Branch, Environmental Protection Agency, 1860 Lincoln Street, Denver, Colorado 80295, (303) 837-3711.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On August 17, 1981, the Governor of Utah submitted a revision to its State Implementation Plan (SIP) which included revisions to Regulation 3.6 for the prevention of significant deterioration (PSD) of air quality. EPA reviewed their revision, found no major deficiencies, and, on November 17, 1981, (46 FR 56462) proposed approval.

In that proposal EPA described the requirements of Part C of the Clean Air Act, explained how the State of Utah complied with those requirements and requested public comments. While no adverse comments were received, EPA did receive a request for an additional 30 day comment period. However, that request was denied for the following reasons:

(1) The State had provided several opportunities for input during their rulemaking proceedings;

(2) The State provisions are practically identical to EPA's regulations and require very little time for review.

(3) The State and EPA are operating duplicative programs until EPA's approval is finalized.

As explained in the proposed approval, there is one major difference between the State and Federal programs. That difference is that the State's regulation does not necessarily apply on Indian Reservations. Therefore, EPA approves the State regulation and removes the federal regulation except as it applies on Indian Reservations.

EPA finds good cause exists for making the action taken in this notice immediately effective for the following reasons:

(1) The implementation plan revision is already in effect under state law or regulation and EPA approval poses no additional regulatory burden; and

(2) EPA and the State are operating identical programs and this approval removes duplicative requirements.

Pursuant to the provisions of the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 605(b)), I hereby certify that this action will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. This action only approves state actions. It imposes no new requirements

Under Section 307(b)(1) of the Clean Air Act, judicial review of this action is available only by the filing of a petition for review in the United States Court of Appeals for the appropriate circuit within 60 days of today. Under Section 307(b)(2) of the Clean Air Act, the requirements which are the subject of today's notice may *not* be challenged later in civil or criminal proceedings brought by EPA to enforce these requirements.

The Office of Management and Budget has exempted this rule from the requirements of section 3 of Executive Order 12291.

(Sec. 110, Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7410))

Dated: February 4, 1982.

Anne M. Gorsuch,

Administrator.

Note.—Incorporation by reference of the State Implementation Plan for the State of Utah was approved by the Director of the Federal Register on July 1, 1981.

PART 52—APPROVAL AND PROMULGATION OF IMPLEMENTATION PLANS

Title 40, Part 52 of the Code of Federal Regulations is amended as follows:

Subpart TT—Utah

1. In § 52.2320, paragraph (c)(10) is added as follows:

§ 52.2320 Identification of plan.

* * * * *

(c) * * *

(10) Provisions to meet the requirements of Part C of the Clean Air Act, as amended in 1977, were submitted on August 17, 1981.

2. Section 52.2346 is revised to read as follows:

§ 52.2346 Significant deterioration of air quality.

(a) The Utah plan, as submitted, is approved as meeting the requirements of Part C, Title I, of the Clean Air Act, except that it does not apply to sources proposing to construct on Indian Reservations.

(b) *Regulation for Prevention of Significant Deterioration of Air Quality.* The provisions of § 52.21 (b) through (v) are hereby incorporated by reference and made a part of the Utah State Implementation Plan and are applicable to proposed major stationary sources or major modifications to be located on Indian Reservations.

[FR Doc. 82-3755 Filed 2-11-82; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560-38-M

40 CFR Part 81

[A-5-FRL-2043-6]

Designation of Areas for Air Quality Purposes, Michigan; Correction

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Final rulemaking, correction.

SUMMARY: EPA is correcting an error in the Michigan's Saginaw County Redesignation final rule, dated September 21, 1981 (46 FR 46574).

On January 7, 1982, the State of Michigan notified EPA that one error existed in the table describing the attainment status designation. This action corrects that error.

EFFECTIVE DATE: This correction notice becomes effective March 15, 1982.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Anne Ernstein, Regulatory Analysis Section, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 230 South Dearborn Street, Chicago, Illinois 60604, (312) 886-6036.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Pursuant to section 107(d) of the Clean Air Act, the State of Michigan on March 19, 1981 requested EPA to make a change in the attainment status of Saginaw County for carbon monoxide. EPA's notice of final rulemaking on this request was published on September 21, 1981 (46 FR 46574). On January 7, 1982 the State of Michigan notified EPA that one error was contained in the tables describing the attainment status designation. EPA reexamined this designation and is making the following corrections as requested by the State.

PART 81—DESIGNATION OF AREAS FOR AIR QUALITY PLANNING PURPOSES

§ 81.323 [Corrected]

Due to a typographical error in the table for § 81.323, on page 46575, of the issue of September 21, 1981, the phrase "southern half" was inadvertently left out of the description of the nonattainment area.

On page 46575, in the table for "Michigan—CO" under § 81.323, the third sentence under the entry for Saginaw County is corrected to read:

* * * The NAA is bounded on the north by the northern boundary of the southern half of the SW and SE quarters of Section 7 and the northern boundary of the southern half of the SW and SE quarters of Section 8 from N. 6th to Findley Road.

Pursuant to the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 605(b), the Administrator certified on January 27, 1981 (46 FR 8709) that the attached rule will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. This action only corrects errors in codification. It will impose no new requirements.

This regulation is exempted from review by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) under Section 3 of Executive Order 12291.

(Sec. 107, Clean Air Act, as amended)

Dated: January 29, 1982.

David Kee,

Acting Regional Administrator.

[FR Doc. 82-3684 Filed 2-11-82; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560-38-M

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Land Management

43 CFR Part 1780

[Circular No. 2496]

Advisory Committee; Cooperative Relations

AGENCY: Bureau of Land Management, Interior.

ACTION: Final rulemaking.

SUMMARY: This final rulemaking amends existing regulations pertaining to membership on citizen advisory bodies to change certain fixed terms to staggered terms, thereby providing greater continuity in operation and greater economy in maintenance. Authority for these adjustments is contained in the Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. Appendix 1) and the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.).

EFFECTIVE DATE: March 15, 1982.

ADDRESS: Any suggestions or inquiries should be addressed to: Director (150) Bureau of Land Management, 1800 C Street NW., Washington, D.C. 20240.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Teddy W. Roe, (202) 343-2054.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This final rulemaking is concerned with establishing a staggered-term basis for membership on the National Public Lands Advisory Council and the Bureau's many district advisory councils. Its purpose is to provide greater continuity on these important citizen advisory bodies and to promote efficiency in their maintenance by spreading out the work associated with the appointing process.

Previously, the 17 members of the national council served two-year terms which expired on December 31, 1981. Under this rulemaking, the council's membership is expanded to 21, with