

TIER II WILDLIFE VALUE FOR ETHYLENE GLYCOL

The ethylene glycol wildlife value for waters within the Great Lakes Basin is 73,000 µg/L.

Calculations:

BAF predicted based on Log K_{ow}

Log K_{ow} = -1.37 (CLOGP program), K_{ow} = 0.04266

Trophic level 3 FCM = 1.000; trophic level 4 FCM = 1.000

$$f_{fd} = 1/(1+(0.00000024 \text{ kg/L})(K_{ow})) = 1.0$$

$$\text{Baseline BAF}_{T3} = (\text{FCM})(K_{ow}) = (1.0)(0.04266) = 0.04266$$

$$\text{Baseline BAF}_{T4} = (1.0)(0.04266) = 0.04266$$

$$\text{Human health BAF}_{T3} = [(0.04266)(0.0182)+1](1.0) = 1.0$$

$$\text{Human health BAF}_{T4} = [(0.04266)(0.0310)+1](1.0) = 1.0$$

Mammalian Value (mg/L)

Test Dose: 200 mg/kg/d (from DePass et al. 1986)

Uncertainty factor = 10 (interspecies extrapolation)

$$\text{WV (Mink)} = ((200)(0.8)(1/10))/(0.081+(0.159 \times 1.0)+(0.0177 \times 0)) = 66.54$$

$$\text{WV (Otter)} = ((200)(7.4)(1/10))/(0.6+(0.976 \times 1.0)+((0.244 \times 1.0)) = 81.15$$

$$\text{WV (mammals)} = 73.49$$

Wildlife Value

WV = 73,000 µg/L (mammalian wildlife value)

References:

1. DePass, L.R., R.H. Garman, M.D. Woodside, W.E. Giddens, R.R. Maronpot, and C.S. Weil 1986. Chronic toxicity and oncogenicity studies of ethylene glycol in rats and mice. *Fundamental and Applied Toxicology* 7: 547-565.

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