

OHIO EPA SURFACE WATER QUALITY CRITERION FACT SHEET

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Chemical Name: 2,5-Dinitrotoluene Developed by: Chris J. SkalskiCAS # 619-15-8 Data Retrieval Date: 12-06-01Internal Code # --- Fact Sheet Preparation Date: 3-01-06ACUTE DATA

<u>SPECIES</u>	<u>EC₅₀/LC₅₀</u> <u>(µg/l)</u>	<u>TEST TYPE^a</u>	<u>DURATION</u> <u>(HOURS)</u>	<u>SMAV^b</u> <u>(µg/l)</u>	<u>GMAV^b</u> <u>(µg/l)</u>	<u>REFERENCE</u> <u>NUMBER</u>
Cladoceran <i>Daphnia magna</i>	3,400	S,U	48	3,400	3,400	1
Fathead Minnow <i>Pimephales promelas</i>	1,300	S,U	96	1,300	1,300	1
	1,300	S,U	96			2

^a S = static; U = unmeasured.^b SMAV = Species Mean Acute Value; GMAV = Genus Mean Acute Value.CHRONIC DATA

<u>SPECIES</u>	<u>CHRONIC VALUE</u> <u>(µg/l)</u>	<u>METHOD</u>	<u>SMCV^a</u> <u>(µg/l)</u>	<u>GMCV^a</u> <u>(µg/l)</u>	<u>REFERENCE</u> <u>NUMBER</u>
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None Available

^a SMCV = Species Mean Chronic Value; GMCV = Genus Mean Chronic Value.REFERENCES

1. Pearson, J.G., J.P. Glennon, J.J. Barkley and J.W. Highfill. 1979. An Approach to the Toxicological Evaluation of a Complex Industrial Wastewater. In: L.L. Marking and R.A. Kimerle (Eds.), Aquatic Toxicology and Hazard Assessment, 2nd Symposium, ASTM STP 667, Philadelphia, PA:284-301.
2. Bailey, H.C. and R.J. Spanggord. 1983. The Relationship Between the Toxicity and Structure of Nitroaromatic Chemicals. In: W.E. Bishop, R.D. Cardwell and B.B. Heidolph (Eds.), Aquatic Toxicology and Hazard Assessment, 6th Symposium, ASTM STP 802, Philadelphia, PA:98-107.

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CALCULATION OF ACUTE AQUATIC VALUE (AAV)^a

<u>Data Requirement</u> OAC 3745-1-36(A)(1)	<u>SPECIES</u>	<u>GMAV</u> ($\mu\text{g/l}$)
(c)	Fathead Minnow	1,300
(d)	<i>Daphnia magna</i>	3,400

Secondary Acute Factor (SAF) = 13.0

Secondary Acute Value (SAV) = Lowest GMAV \div SAF
 = 1,300 \div 13.0
 = 100 $\mu\text{g/l}$

Tier II Acute Aquatic Value (AAV) = SAV \div 2
 = 100 \div 2
 = 50 $\mu\text{g/l}$

CALCULATION OF CHRONIC AQUATIC VALUE (CAV)^a

Experimentally determined Acute-Chronic Ratios (ACRs):

<u>SPECIES</u>	<u>ACUTE VALUE</u> ($\mu\text{g/l}$)	<u>CHRONIC VALUE</u> ($\mu\text{g/l}$)	<u>ACUTE-CHRONIC</u> <u>RATIO</u>	<u>SPECIES MEAN</u> <u>ACR</u>
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None Available

Secondary Acute-Chronic Ratio (SACR) = $\sqrt[3]{(18)(18)(18)} = 18$

Chronic Aquatic Value (CAV) = SAV \div SACR
 = 100 \div 18
 = 5.6 $\mu\text{g/l}$

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^aSee Ohio Administrative Code 3745-1-36 effective February 22, 2002.