

## TIER II ACUTE AND CHRONIC AQUATIC LIFE VALUES FOR BARIUM

### Standard:

The procedures described in the Tier II methodology indicate that, except possibly where a locally important species is very sensitive, aquatic organisms should not be affected unacceptably if the four (4) day average concentration of barium does not exceed 0.14 mg/L more than once every three (3) years on the average and if the one (1) hour average concentration does not exceed 1.3 mg/L more than once every three (3) years on the average.

### Calculations:

#### Acute Aquatic Life:

$$\text{SAV} = \text{lowest GMAV/SAF}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Lowest GMAV} &= 33.65 \text{ mg/L} \\ \text{SAF} &= 13.0\end{aligned}$$

$$\text{SAV} = 33.65/13.0 = 2.588 \text{ mg/L}$$

$$\text{SMC} = \text{SAV}/2 = 2.588/2 = \mathbf{1.3 \text{ mg/L}}$$

#### Chronic Aquatic Life:

$$\text{SCV} = \text{SAV/SACR}$$

$$\text{SACR} = 18$$

$$\text{SCV} = 2.588/18 = \mathbf{0.14 \text{ mg/L}}$$

### Notes:

This chemical was not reviewed in the Michigan study. However, this study was QC'd and found acceptable for use in the calculation of other criteria by the Michigan study.

Table 1. GMAVs and SMAVs for barium

<u>Genus Mean Acute Value (mg/L)</u>	<u>Species</u>	<u>Species Mean Acute Value (mg/L)</u>	<u>Acute- Chronic Ratio</u>	<u>Reference Number</u>
410	Cladoceran <u>Daphnia magna</u>	410		1
33.65	Tubificid Worm <u>Tubifex tubifex</u>	33.65		2

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References:

1. LeBlanc, G.A. 1980. Acute toxicity of priority pollutants to water flea (Daphnia magna). Bull. Environ. Contam. Toxicol. 24(5): 684-691.
2. Khangarot, B.S. 1991. Toxicity of metals to a freshwater tubificid worm, Tubifex tubifex (Muller). Bull. Environ. Contam. Toxicol. 46: 906-912.

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