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# TIER II ACUTE AND CHRONIC AQUATIC LIFE VALUES FOR 2,4-DICHLOROPHENOXYACETIC ACID (2,4-D)

#### Standard:

The procedures described in the Tier II methodology indicate that, except possibly where a locally important species is very sensitive, aquatic organisms should not be affected unacceptably if the four (4) day average concentration of 2,4-D does not exceed 380  $\mu$ g/L more than once every three (3) years on the average and if the one (1) hour average concentration does not exceed 2,500  $\mu$ g/L more than once every three (3) years on the average.

### Calculations:

## Acute Aquatic Life:

SAV = lowest GMAV/SAF

Lowest GMAV =  $30,166 \mu g/L$ SAF = 6.1

 $SAV = 30,166/6.1 = 4,945 \mu g/L$ 

SMC =  $SAV/2 = 4,945/2 = 2,500 \mu g/L$ 

## Chronic Aquatic Life:

SCV = SAV/SACR

SACR = 13.14 (Geometric mean of 18, 18, 7)

 $SCV = 4,945/13.14 = 380 \mu g/L$ 

## Calculation of ACR's

#### Ceriodaphnia dubia

 $NOEC = 23,300 \mu g/L$ 

 $LOEC = 48,800 \mu g/L$ 

CV = Geometric Mean of 23300 and 48800 = 33,720

ACR = 236,000/33,720 = 7.0

Table 1. GMAVs and SMAVs for 2,4-D

Genus Mean Acute Value (µg/L)	Species	Species Mean Acute Value Acute- Reference (µg/L) Chronic Ratio Number	:
30,166	Cladoceran Daphnia magna	25,000 1	
	Cladoceran <u>Daphnia magna</u>	36,400 1	
320,000	Fathead Minnow <u>Pimephales promelas</u>	320,000 1	
157,733	Bluegill <u>Lepomis macrochirus</u>	263,000 1	
	Pumpkinseed <u>Lepomis gibbosus</u>	94,600 3	
358,000	Rainbow Trout Oncorhynchus mykiss	358,000 1	
122,200	Annelid <u>Lumbriculus variegatus</u>	122,200 2	
236,000	Cladoceran Ceriodaphnia dubia	236,000 3	
52,952	Striped Bass  Morone saxatilis	70,100 3	
	White Perch  Morone americanus	40,000 3	
300,600	American Eel	300,600 3	
37,768	Carp Cyprinus carpio	134,800 4	

Carp Cyprinus carpio	24,150	5
Carp Cyprinus carpio	31,250	5
Carp Cyprinus carpio	20,000	6

### References:

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