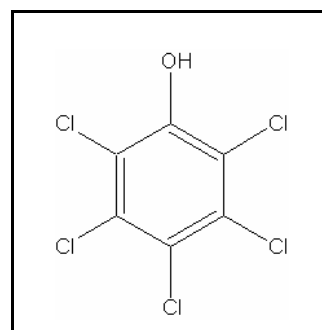




TIER I HUMAN HEALTH CANCER CRITERIA

PENTACHLOROPHENOL

CAS RN: 87-86-5
Water Solubility: 0.0014 g/100 mL
Log K_{ow} : 5.01
Risk Associated Dose: 8.333×10^{-5} mg/kg/day
Carcinogenicity Weight-of-Evidence Classification: Class B2; Probable human carcinogen



Standard

The human health cancer pentachlorophenol criterion for drinking water sources is 2.8 µg/L.
The human health cancer criterion for nondrinking water sources is 84 µg/L.

Calculations

Bioaccumulation Factor:

BAF predicted based on Log K_{ow} and measured BCF (from Stephan 1993)
Log K_{ow} = 5.01 (RPLC), K_{ow} = 102,329, BCF = 40.63, Percent lipid = 1
Trophic level 3 FCM = 3.181; trophic level 4 FCM = 2.612

$$f_{fd} = 1/(1+(0.00000024 \text{ kg/L})(K_{ow})) = 0.9760$$

$$\text{Baseline BAF}_{T3} = (3.181)[(40.63/0.9760)-1](1/0.01) = 129.2$$

$$\text{Baseline BAF}_{T4} = (2.612)[(40.63/0.9760)-1](1/0.01) = 106.1$$

$$\text{Human health BAF}_{T3} = [(129.2)(0.0182)+1](0.9760) = 3.272$$

$$\text{Human health BAF}_{T4} = [(106.1)(0.0310)+1](0.9760) = 4.187$$

Risk Associated Dose:

From the IRIS database:

$$\begin{aligned}\text{RAD} &= 0.00001/\text{q1}^* = 0.00001/0.12 \\ &= 8.333 \times 10^{-5}\end{aligned}$$

Where:

$$\begin{aligned}\text{RAD} &= \text{Risk Associated Dose (mg/kg/day)} \\ \text{q1}^* &= \text{Cancer Slope Factor}\end{aligned}$$

Calculation of Criteria:

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Non Drinking Water HCC} &= [(8.333 \times 10^{-5})(70)]/0.01 + [(0.0036)(3.272) + (0.0114)(4.187)] \\ &= 84 \mu\text{g/L}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Drinking Water HCC} &= [(8.333 \times 10^{-5})(70)]/2 + [(0.0036)(3.272) + (0.0114)(4.187)] \\ &= 2.8 \mu\text{g/L}\end{aligned}$$

References

1. USEPA 1993. Integrated Risk Information System (IRIS database) chemical file for pentachlorophenol (87-86-5).

Acronyms/Abbreviations

ADE	Acceptable Daily Exposure
BAF	Bioaccumulation Factor
CAS RN	Chemical Abstract Service Registry Number

FCM	Food Chain Multiplier
IRIS	Integrated Risk Information System
K _{ow}	Octanol-Water Partition Coefficient
LOAEL	Lowest observed adverse effect level
NOAEL	No observed adverse effect level
P (superscript)	Predicted value
UF	Uncertainty factor

Revision History

September 14, 2000 - Criteria first developed.

Contact Information

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