## TIER I HUMAN HEALTH NONCANCER CRITERIA

## **ACETONE**

CAS RN: 67-64-1

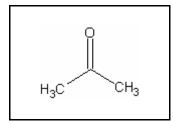
Water Solubility:

 $Log K_{ow}$ :  $-0.24^{P}$ 

Reference Dose: 0.1 mg/kg/day

Carcinogenicity Weight-of-

Evidence Classification: Class D; Not classifiable



#### Standard

The human health noncancer acetone criterion for drinking water sources is  $2,800 \mu g/L$ . The human health noncancer criterion for nondrinking water sources is  $220,000 \mu g/L$ .

#### **Calculations**

#### Bioaccumulation Factor:

BAF predicted based on Log K<sub>ow</sub>

Log 
$$K_{ow}$$
 = -0.24 (CLOGP program),  $K_{ow}$  = 0.5754  
Trophic level 3 FCM = 1.0; trophic level 4 FCM = 1.0

$$f_{fd} = 1/(1+(0.00000024 \text{ kg/L})(K_{ow})) = 1.0$$

Baseline BAF<sub>T3</sub> = (FCM)(
$$K_{ow}$$
) = (0.5754)(1.0) = 0.5754

Baseline BAF<sub>T4</sub> = 
$$(0.5754)(1.0) = 0.5754$$

Human health BAF<sub>T3</sub> = 
$$[(0.5754)(0.0182)+1](1.0) = 1.0105$$

Human health BAF<sub>T4</sub> = [(0.5754)(0.0310)+1](1.0) = 1.0178

### Acceptable Daily Exposure:

From the IRIS database:

Critical Effect: Increased liver and kidney weights and nephrotoxicity

$$ADE = \frac{NOAEL}{UF} = \frac{100 \text{ mg/kg-day}}{1000} = 0.1 \text{ mg/kg/d}$$

#### Calculation of Criteria:

Non Drinking Water HNC = 
$$[(0.1)(70)(0.8)]/0.01+[(0.0036)(1.0105)+(0.0114)(1.0178)]$$
  
= 220,000 µg/L

Drinking Water HNC = 
$$[(0.1)(70)(0.8)]/2+[(0.0036)(1.0105)+(0.0114)(1.0178)]$$
  
= 2,800 µg/L

### References

- 1. Leo,A. and D.Weininger 1997. Daylight Software CLogP Version 3.15+ for Unix Pomona Medical Chemistry Project, Pomona College, Claremont, CA. Distributed by Daylight Chemical Information Systems, Inc., 3952 Claremont St., Irving, CA 92714 (Reference for the Log K<sub>ow</sub>).
- 2. USEPA 1986. Integrated Risk Information System (IRIS database) chemical file for acetone (67-64-1).

# **Acronyms/Abbreviations**

ADE	Acceptable Daily Exposure
BAF	Bioaccumulation Factor
CAS RN	Chemical Abstract Service

	Registry Number
FCM	Food Chain Multiplier
IRIS	Integrated Risk Information System
K <sub>ow</sub>	Octanol-Water Partition Coefficient
LOAEL	Lowest observed adverse effect level
NOAEL	No observed adverse effect level
P (superscript)	Predicted value
UF	Uncertainty factor

# **Revision History**

May 4, 1998 - Criteria first developed March 20, 2000 - Criteria rechecked. ADE from IRIS used instead of one from Michigan DEQ. Fact sheet updated.

## **Contact Information**

David B. Kallander Water Quality Standards Section Indiana Department of Environmental Management 100 North Senate Ave., P.O. Box 6015 Indianapolis, IN 46206-6015 (317) 233-2472

Email: dkalland@dem.state.in.us