

# **Indiana Department of Environmental Management Office of Water - Water Quality Standards Section**

# TIER II HUMAN HEALTH NONCANCER VALUES

#### **FLUORANTHENE**

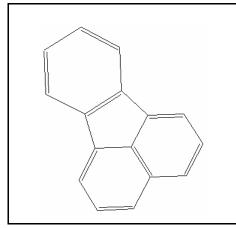
CAS RN: 95-94-3 Water Solubility: 0.265 mg/L

 $Log K_{ow}: 5.19$ 

Reference Dose: 0.042 mg/kg/day

Carcinogenicity Weight-of-

Evidence Classification: Class D; Not classifiable



#### **Standard**

The human health noncancer fluoranthene value for drinking water sources is  $9.4 \,\mu g/L$ . The human health noncancer value for nondrinking water sources is  $9.5 \,\mu g/L$ .

#### **Calculations**

#### Bioaccumulation Factor:

BAF predicted based on Log  $K_{ow}$  (from Stephan 1993) Log  $K_{ow} = 5.19$  (geometric mean of generator column and slow-stir methods),  $K_{ow} = 154,882$ ; trophic level 3 FCM = 4.188 Trophic level 4 FCM = 3.873;

 $f_{fd} = 1/(1+(0.00000024 \text{ kg/L})(K_{ow})) = 0.964$ 

Baseline BAF<sub>T3</sub> =  $(FCM)(K_{ow}) = (4.188)(154,882) = 648,646$ 

Baseline BAF<sub>T4</sub> = (3.873)(154,882) = 599,858

Human health BAF<sub>T3</sub> = [(648,646)(0.0182)+1](0.964) = 11,381

Human health BAF<sub>T4</sub> = [(599,858)(0.0310)+1](0.964) = 17,927

#### Acceptable Daily Exposure:

From the IRIS database:

$$ADE = \frac{NOAEL}{UF} = \frac{125 \text{ mg/kg-day}}{3000} = 0.04167 \text{ mg/kg/d}$$

#### Calculation of Criteria:

Non Drinking Water HNV = [(0.04167)(70)(0.8)]/0.01+[(0.0036)(11,381)+(0.0114)(17,927)]

$$= 9.5 \mu g/L$$

**Drinking Water HNV** = [(0.04167)(70)(0.8)]/2+[(0.0036)(11,381)+(0.0114)(17,927)]

$$= 9.4 \mu g/L$$

# References

- 1. Stephen, C.E. 1993. Derivation of Proposed Human Health and Wildlife Bioaccumulation Factors for the Great Lakes Initiative. Environmental Research Laboratory, Office of Research and Development, U.S. EPA, Duluth, MN.
- 2. USEPA 1996. Integrated Risk Information System (IRIS database) chemical file for fluoranthene (206-44-0).
- 3. Miller, M.M., S.P. Wasik, G.-L. Huang, W.-Y. Shiu, and D. Mackay 1985. Relationships between octanol-water coefficient and aqueous solubility. Environ. Sci. Technol. 19: 522-529. (Reference for the Log K<sub>ow</sub>)
- 4. de Bruijn, J., F. Busser, W. Seinen, and J. Hemens 1989. Determination of octanol/water partition coefficients for hydrophobic organic chemicals with the "slow-stirring" method. Environ. Toxicol. Chem. 8: 449-512. (Reference for the Log K<sub>ow</sub> value)

# **Acronyms/Abbreviations**

ADE	Acceptable Daily Exposure
BAF	Bioaccumulation Factor
CAS RN	Chemical Abstract Service Registry Number
FCM	Food Chain Multiplier
IRIS	Integrated Risk Information System
K <sub>ow</sub>	Octanol-Water Partition Coefficient
LOAEL	Lowest observed adverse effect level
NOAEL	No observed adverse effect level
P (superscript)	Predicted value
UF	Uncertainty factor

# **Revision History**

July 9, 1997 - Values first developed April 19, 2000 – Fact sheet updated. No modifications to vlaues.

# **Contact Information**

David B. Kallander Water Quality Standards Section Indiana Department of Environmental Management 100 North Senate Ave., P.O. Box 6015 Indianapolis, IN 46206-6015 (317) 233-2472

Email: dkalland@dem.state.in.us