TIER II HUMAN HEALTH CANCER VALUES

HEPTACHLOR

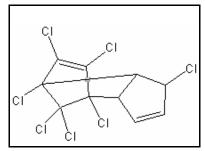
CAS RN: 76-44-8 Water Solubility: 0.18 mg/L Log K_{ow} : 4.60^P

Risk Associated Dose: 2.222 x 10⁻⁶ mg/kg/day

Carcinogenicity Weight-of-

Evidence Classification: Class B2; Probable human

Carcinogen



Standard

The human health cancer heptachlor value for drinking water sources is $0.0016 \mu g/L$. The human health cancer value for nondrinking water sources is $0.0016 \mu g/L$.

Calculations

Bioaccumulation Factor:

BAF predicted based on Log $K_{\rm ow}$ and measured BCF (from Stephan 1993) Log $K_{\rm ow} = 4.60$ (CLOGP method), $K_{\rm ow} = 39,811$, BCF = 1,469, Percent lipid = 0.01 Trophic level 3 FCM = 1.950; trophic level 4 FCM = 1.459

 $f_{fd} = 1/(1 + (0.00000024 \text{ kg/L})(K_{ow})) = 0.9905$

Baseline BAF_{T3} = (1.950)[(1,469/0.9905)-1](1/0.01) = 287,028

Baseline BAF_{T4} = (1.459)[(1,469/0.9905)-1](1/0.01) = 220,055

Human health BAF_{T3} = [(287,028)(0.0182)+1](0.9905) = 5,175

Human health BAF_{T4} = [(220,055)(0.0310)+1](0.9905) = 6,758

Acceptable Daily Exposure:

From the IRIS database:

RAD =
$$0.00001/q1^* = 0.00001/4.5$$

= $2.222 \times 10^{-6} \text{ mg/kg/day}$

Where:

RAD = Risk Associated Dose (mg/kg/day)

$$q1^*$$
 = Cancer Slope Factor

Calculation of Criteria:

Non Drinking Water HCV = $[(2.222 \times 10^{-6})(70)]/0.01 + [(0.0036)(5175) + (0.0114)(6758)]$

$$= 0.0016 \mu g/L$$

Drinking Water HCV = $[(2.222 \times 10^{-6})(70)]/2 + [(0.0036)(5175) + (0.0114)(6758)]$

 $= 0.0016 \mu g/L$

References

- 1. USEPA 1993. Integrated Risk Information System (IRIS database) chemical file heptachlor (76-44-8).
- 2. Leo,A. and D.Weininger 1997. Daylight Software CLogP Version 3.15+ for Unix Pomona Medical Chemistry Project, Pomona College, Claremont, CA. Distributed by Daylight Chemical Information Systems, Inc., 3952 Claremont St., Irving, CA 92714 (Reference for the Log K_{ow})

Acronyms

ADE	Acceptable Daily Exposure
BAF	Bioaccumulation Factor
CAS RN	Chemical Abstract Service Registry Number
FCM	Food Chain Multiplier
IRIS	Integrated Risk Information System
K _{ow}	Octanol-Water Partition Coefficient
LOAEL	Lowest observed adverse effect level
NOAEL	No observed adverse effect level
P (superscript)	Predicted value
UF	Uncertainty factor

Revision History

March 7, 2000 - Criteria first developed

Contact Information

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