TIER II HUMAN HEALTH CANCER VALUES

1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE

CAS RN: 75-27-4

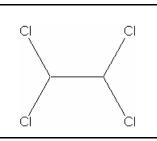
Water Solubility: 0.2962 g/100 mL

Log K_{ow} : 2.644^P

Risk Associated Dose: 5 x 10⁻⁵ mg/kg/day

Carcinogenicity Weight-of-

Evidence Classification: Class C; Possible human carcinogen



Standard

The human health cancer 1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane value for drinking water sources is 1.6 μ g/L. The human health cancer value for nondrinking water sources is 17 μ g/L.

Calculations

Bioaccumulation Factor:

BAF predicted based on Log K_{ow} and measured BCF (from Stephan 1993) Log $K_{ow} = 2.644$ (CLOGP), $K_{ow} = 440.6$, BCF = 8, Percent lipid = 4.8 Trophic level 4 FCM = 1.010; trophic level 3 FCM = 1.002

 $f_{\text{fd}} = 1/(1 + (0.00000024 \text{ kg/L})(K_{\text{ow}})) = 1.0$

Baseline BAF_{T3} = (1.010)[(8/1.0)-1](1/0.048) = 147.3

Baseline BAF_{T4} = (1.002)[(8/1.0)-1](1/0.048) = 146.1

Human health BAF_{T3} = [(147.3)(0.0182)+1](0.998) = 3.681

Human health BAF_{T4} = [(146.1)(0.0310)+1](0.998) = 5.530

Risk Associated Dose:

From the IRIS database:

RAD =
$$0.00001/q1^* = 0.00001/0.2$$

= $5 \times 10^{-5} \text{ mg/kg/day}$

Where:

<u>Calculation of Criteria:</u>

Non Drinking Water HCV =
$$[(5 \times 10^{-5})(70)]/0.01 + [(0.0036)(3.681) + (0.0114)(5.530)]$$

= 17 µg/L

Drinking Water HCV =
$$[(5 \times 10^{-5})(70)]/2 + [(0.0036)(3.681) + (0.0114)(5.530)]$$

= 1.6 µg/L

References

- 1. USEPA 1994. Integrated Risk Information System (IRIS database) chemical file for 1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane (CAS # 79-34-5).
- 2. Leo,A. and D.Weininger 1997. Daylight Software CLogP Version 3.15+ for Unix Pomona Medical Chemistry Project, Pomona College, Claremont, CA. Distributed by Daylight Chemical Information Systems, Inc., 3952 Claremont St., Irving, CA 92714 (Reference for the Log K_{ow})

Acronyms

ADE	Acceptable Daily Exposure
BAF	Bioaccumulation Factor
CAS RN	Chemical Abstract Service Registry Number
FCM	Food Chain Multiplier
IRIS	Integrated Risk Information System
K _{ow}	Octanol-Water Partition Coefficient
LOAEL	Lowest observed adverse effect level
NOAEL	No observed adverse effect level
P (superscript)	Predicted value
RPLC	Reverse-phase Liquid Chromatography
UF	Uncertainty factor

Revision History

September 29, 2000 - Values first developed. Noncancer criteria withdrawn.

Contact Information

David B. Kallander Water Quality Standards Section Indiana Department of Environmental Management 100 North Senate Ave., P.O. Box 6015 Indianapolis, IN 46206-6015 (317) 233-2472

Email: dkalland@dem.state.in.us