TIER II HUMAN HEALTH NONCANCER VALUES

TRIBUTYLTIN OXIDE

CAS RN: 56-35-9

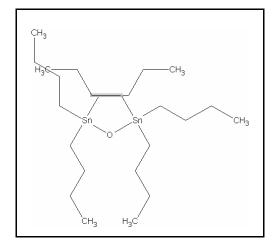
Water Solubility: <0.1 g/100 mL at 21.5 C

 $Log K_{ow}$: 4.25^P

Reference Dose: 0.0003 mg/kg/day

Carcinogenicity Weight-of-

Evidence Classification: Class D; Not Classifiable.



Standard

The human health noncancer tributyltin value for drinking water sources is 3.3 μ g/L. The human health noncancer value for nondrinking water sources is 5.4 μ g/L.

Calculations

Bioaccumulation Factor:

BAF predicted based on Log K_{ow} and measured BCF (from EPA 1991) Log $K_{ow} = 4.25$ (CLOGP), $K_{ow} = 17782.79$

BCF = 312, Percent lipid = 4.8; Trophic level 3 FCM = 1.315

Trophic level 4 FCM = 1.097;

 $f_{fd} = 1/(1 + (0.00000024 \text{ kg/L})(K_{ow})) = 0.996$

Baseline BAF_{T3} = (1.067)[(312/0.996)-1](1/0.01) = 8556.584

Baseline BAF_{T4} = (1.014)[(312/0.996)-1](1/0.01) = 7131.571

Human health BAF_{T3} = [(8556.584)(0.0182)+1](0.996) = 156.0638

Human health BAF_{T4} = [(7131.571)(0.0310)+1](0.996) = 221.1349

Acceptable Daily Exposure:

From the IRIS database:

Critical Effect: decreased growth rate, food consumption, and organ weights

$$ADE = \underbrace{NOAEL}_{UF} = \underbrace{0.03 \text{ mg/kg-day}}_{100} = 0.0003 \text{ mg/kg/d}$$

Calculation of Criteria:

Non Drinking Water HNV =
$$[(0.0003)(70)(0.8)]/0.01+[(0.0036)(156.064)+(0.0114)(221.13)]$$

= 5.4 µg/L

Drinking Water HNV =
$$[(0.0003)(70)(0.8)]/2+[(0.0036)(156.064)+(0.0114)(221.13)]$$

= 3.3 µg/L

References

- 1. US EPA 1997. Integrated Risk Information System (IRIS database) chemical file for 1,2-dichlorobenzene (CAS # 56-35-9).
- 2. Miller, M.M., S.P. Wasik, G.-L. Huang, W.-Y. Shiu, and D. Mackay 1985. Relationships between octanol-water coefficient and aqueous solubility. Environ. Sci. Technol. 19: 522-529. (Reference for the Log K_{ow}).

Acronyms

ADE	Acceptable Daily Exposure
BAF	Bioaccumulation Factor
CAS RN	Chemical Abstract Service Registry Number
FCM	Food Chain Multiplier
IRIS	Integrated Risk Information System
K _{ow}	Octanol-Water Partition Coefficient
LOAEL	Lowest observed adverse effect level
NOAEL	No observed adverse effect level
P (superscript)	Predicted value
UF	Uncertainty factor

Revision History

September 16, 1998 - Values first developed September 27, 2000 - Values rechecked. NOAEL updated. Fact sheet updated.

Contact Information

David B. Kallander Water Quality Standards Section Indiana Department of Environmental Management 100 North Senate Ave., P.O. Box 6015 Indianapolis, IN 46206-6015 (317) 233-2472

Email: dkalland@dem.state.in.us