

OHIO EPA SURFACE WATER QUALITY CRITERION FACT SHEET

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Chemical Name: 3,5-Dinitroaniline Developed by: Chris J. SkalskiCAS # 618-87-1 Data Retrieval Date: 12-06-01Internal Code # --- Fact Sheet Preparation Date: 3-01-06ACUTE DATA

<u>SPECIES</u>	<u>EC₅₀/LC₅₀</u> <u>(µg/l)</u>	<u>TEST TYPE^a</u>	<u>DURATION</u> <u>(HOURS)</u>	<u>SMAV^b</u> <u>(µg/l)</u>	<u>GMAV^b</u> <u>(µg/l)</u>	<u>REFERENCE</u> <u>NUMBER</u>
Cladoceran	14,700	S,U	48	8,957	8,957	1
<i>Daphnia magna</i>	3,760	S,M	48			2
	13,000	S,M	48			2
Channel Catfish	13,900	S,M	96	13,900	13,900	2
<i>Ictalurus punctatus</i>						
Bluegill	7,010	S,M	96	7,010	7,010	2
<i>Lepomis macrochirus</i>						
Rainbow Trout	2,990	S,M	96	2,990	2,990	2
<i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i>						
Fathead Minnow	21,400	S,U	96	21,300	21,300	1
<i>Pimephales promelas</i>	21,200	S,M	96			2

^a S = static; F= flow through; U = unmeasured; M = measured.^b SMAV = Species Mean Acute Value; GMAV = Genus Mean Acute Value.CHRONIC DATA

<u>SPECIES</u>	<u>CHRONIC VALUE</u> <u>(µg/l)</u>	<u>SMCV^a</u> <u>METHOD</u>	<u>GMCV^a</u> <u>(µg/l)</u>	<u>REFERENCE</u> <u>(µg/l)</u>	<u>NUMBER</u>
Cladoceran	2,410-4,560	Life Cycle	3,315	3,315	2
<i>Daphnia magna</i>	3,315				
Rainbow Trout	370-650	Early Life Stage	490	490	2
<i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i>	490				

^a SMCV = Species Mean Chronic Value; GMCV = Genus Mean Chronic Value.REFERENCES

1. Pearson, J.G., J.P. Glennon, J.J. Barkley and J.W. Highfill. 1979. An Approach to the Toxicological Evaluation of a Complex Industrial Wastewater. In: L.L. Marking and R.A. Kimerle (Eds.), Aquatic Toxicology and Hazard Assessment, 2nd Symposium, ASTM STP 667, Philadelphia, PA:284-301.

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2. Van der Schalie, W.H. 1983. The Acute and Chronic Toxicity of 3,5-Dinitroaniline, 1,3-Dinitrobenzene, and 1,3,5-Trinitrobenzene to Freshwater Aquatic Organisms. Technical Report 8305, U.S. Army Medical Bioengineering Research and Development Laboratory, Frederick, MD: 53 p.

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Chemical Name: 3,5-Dinitroaniline Developed by: Chris J. SkalskiCAS # 618-87-1 Data Retrieval Date: 12-06-01Internal Code # --- Fact Sheet Preparation Date: 3-01-06CALCULATION OF ACUTE AQUATIC VALUE (AAV)^a

<u>Data Requirement</u> <u>OAC 3745-1-36(A)(1)</u>	<u>SPECIES</u>	<u>GMAV</u> <u>(µg/l)</u>
(a)	Rainbow Trout	2,990
(b)	Bluegill	7,010
(c)	Channel Catfish	13,900
(d)	<i>Daphnia magna</i>	8,957

Secondary Acute Factor (SAF) = 7.0

Secondary Acute Value (SAV) = Lowest GMAV ÷ SAF

$$= 2,990 \div 7.0$$

$$= 427 = 430 \mu\text{g/l}$$

Tier II Acute Aquatic Value (AAV) = SAV ÷ 2

$$= 427 \div 2$$

$$= 214 = 210 \mu\text{g/l}$$

CALCULATION OF CHRONIC AQUATIC VALUE (CAV)^a

Experimentally determined Acute-Chronic Ratios (ACRs):

<u>SPECIES</u>	<u>ACUTE VALUE</u> <u>(µg/l)</u>	<u>CHRONIC VALUE</u> <u>(µg/l)</u>	<u>ACUTE-CHRONIC</u> <u>RATIO</u>	<u>SPECIES MEAN</u> <u>ACR</u>
Cladoceran <i>Daphnia magna</i>	6,991	3,315	2.11	2.11
Rainbow Trout <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i>	2,990	490	6.10	6.10

$$\text{Secondary Acute-Chronic Ratio (SACR)} = \sqrt[3]{(2.11)(6.10)(18)} = 6.14$$

Chronic Aquatic Value (CAV) = SAV ÷ SACR

$$= 427 \div 6.14$$

$$= 70 \mu\text{g/l}$$

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^a See Ohio Administrative Code 3745-1-36 effective February 22, 2002.