CLEAN Nutrient Center

Assessing Nutrient Management Tradeoffs and Targets under Land Use and Climate Uncertainty

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Mission of CLEAN

Create knowledge

Build capacity

Forge collaborations

To develop and demonstrate sustainable solutions for reduction of nutrient pollution at the system level



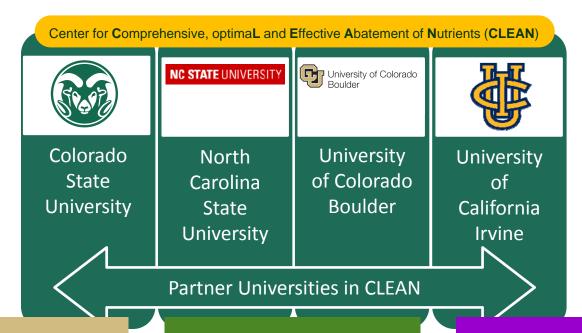








Our Partners



- Metro Wastewater Reclamation
- City of Fort Collins Utilities
- Colorado Water Innovation Cluster
- City of Raleigh,
 Durham, Cary, and
 Greensboro

- EPA Region 8
- CDPHE
- USDA-ARS
- USDA-NRCS
- USDA-ERS
- USGS
- NCDENR

- Colorado Corn
- Colorado Livestock Association
- Wright Water Engineers
- HACH CO.
- In Situ.
- North Carolina Farm Bureau

Operational Goals



Develop data analysis, modeling, and decision tools (assessment & prioritization)



Develop and demonstrate sustainable solutions (wastewater, stormwater, agriculture, streams)



Identify incentives and market-based policies that enhance adoption and facilitate trading

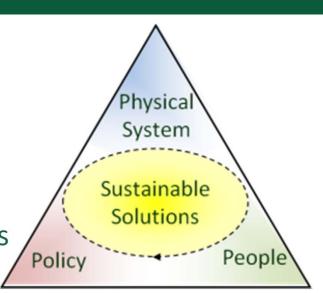
Center Programs

- Research on nutrient sources, solutions, policy, and risks
- Demonstrations in different zones and at various scales
- Working Groups to facilitate engagement

Center Themes

Theme I: Understanding the Physical System

- Project 1: Urban Wastewater
- Project 2: Urban Stormwater
- Project 3: Agricultural practices
- Project 4: Fluvial Systems/Riparian Zones



Theme II: Understanding People & Policy

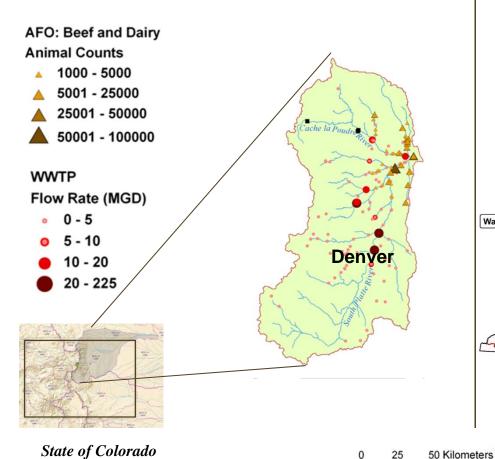
Project 5: Incentives and Trading

Theme III: Assessment & Decision Making

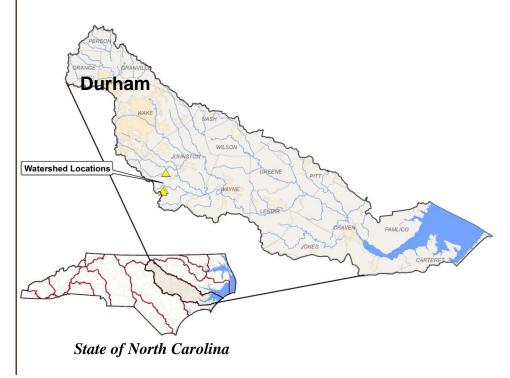
- Project 6: Assessment Tools
- Project 7: Decision Analysis Dashboard

Study Areas

South Platt River Basin, CO

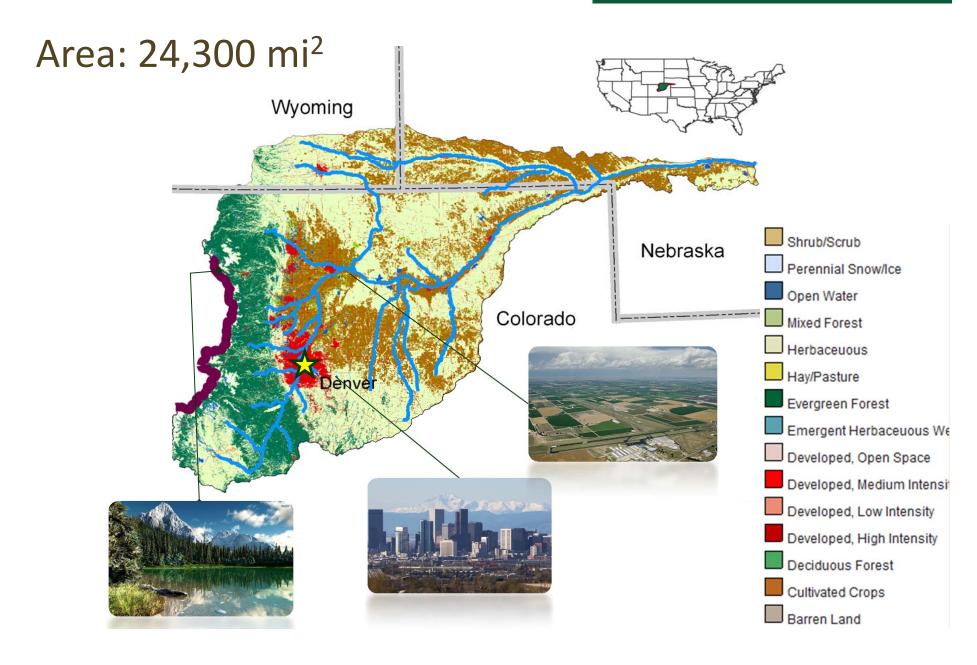


Neuse River Basin, NC



50 Miles

South Platte River Basin



Assess the effects, costs and likelihood of adoption of strategies relevant to municipal water and wastewater management



Assess reliability and resiliency of solutions

- WWTP nutrient removal/recovery technologies
- Water/wastewater management







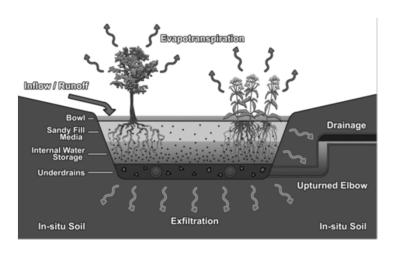


Design and demonstrate retrofits to popular SCMs so that these modifications can potentially see widespread use across the USA



- Wet retention ponds with upflow filters
- Bioretention & internal water storage zones
- Permeable pavement, runoff harvesting









To understand how effectiveness of agricultural conservation practices for N and P control varies with:

- Their landscape position
- Physical characteristics of the farm
- Proximity to perennial streams and irrigation ditches

To understand and characterize socioeconomic factors that influence (facilitate or impede) adoption of agricultural practices







- Nutrient/manure management
- Tillage/residue management
- CAFO waste management
- Irrigation water management
- Fencing and cattle exclusion
- Buffer strips
- Field borders
- Grassed Waterways

Paired Watershed Analysis

Edge-of-Field Monitoring

Watershed Modeling (SWAT-CP & SPARROW)







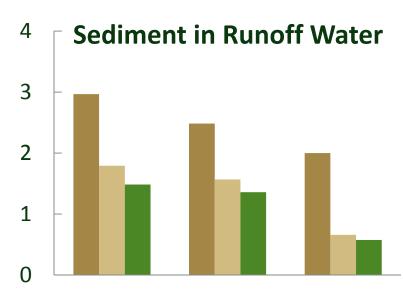


Irrigation/Tillage/ Manure

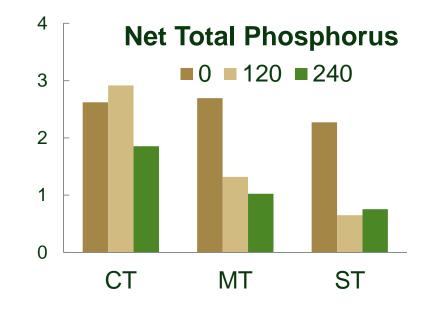












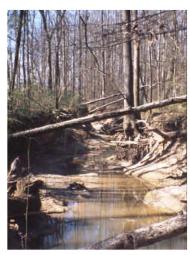
Assess effects of fluvial erosion processes on nutrient delivery and estimate costeffectiveness of various rehabilitation strategies



- Ecological engineering practices
- Stream/riparian restoration







Identify effective incentives for adoption and develop context-appropriate approaches for nutrient credit trading



Likelihood of Adoption

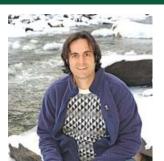
- Incentives
- Barriers
- Institutional agreements
- Particular focus on prior appropriation vs.
 riparian water management doctrine

Nutrient Trading

- Fixed-credit trading
- Performance-based trading

Project 6: Assessment

Develop and disseminate a nationally-applicable data-analysis and modeling system that facilitate:

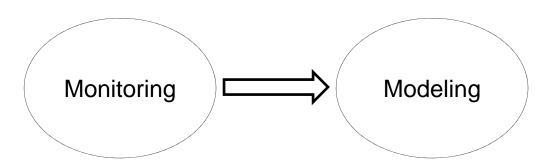


 Identify major watersheds that account for a substantial portion of N and P loads (at HUC8 or similar scales)



 Assess effects of nutrient abatement options and potential changes in land use and climate on a HUC12 or similar scale.



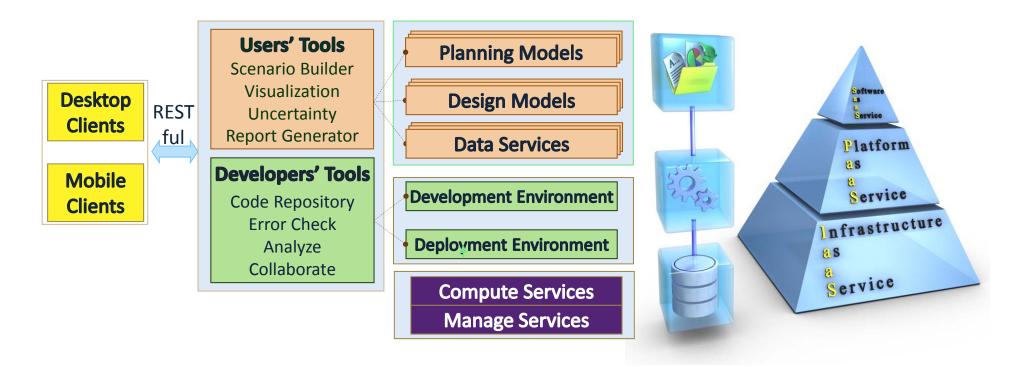


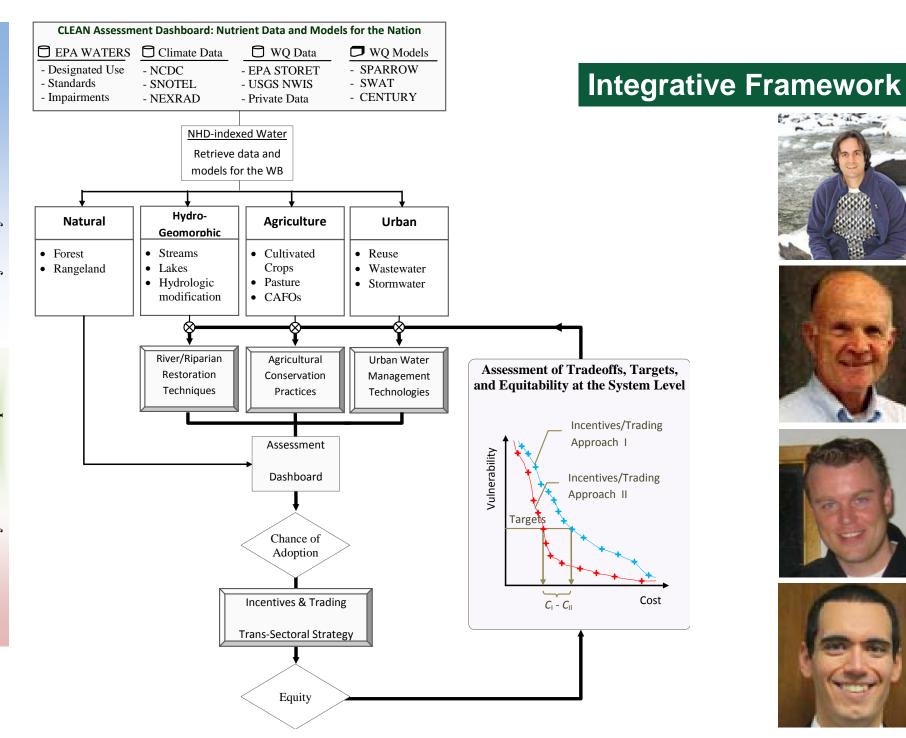


Project 6: eRAMS

The eRAMS technology:

- Cloud computing
- Platform-independent, highly accessible
- Computationally scalable





Project 7: Integration

System-Level Optimal Solutions



Metrics for Integration at The System Level

MCDA Dashboard of Total Performance



Maximized Reliability & Resilience



Maximized Equity



Maximized Likelihood of Adoption



Minimized Total Cost



Minimized Nutrient Pollution



Demonstration Projects

Research Projects Community
Involvement
& Outreach

Community Engagement

Quarterly meetings with sector-specific subcommittees to learn about technological and policy research priorities.

Bi-annual meetings with the entire community to:

- Share successful and failed programs
- Learn from communities, regulators and managers about preferences, priorities and concerns
- Provide training on using tools and information by different sectors

Community Engagement

Working with local and state agencies to develop tools for assessment and decision analysis, e.g.,

- Prioritization of HUC12 subwatersheds within HUC8 watersheds
- Number of samples required to report compliance with targets
- Tools for permitting purposes
- Nutrient reductions benefits by technology
- Statewide water quality (decadal) assessment

