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Method 365.4: Phosphorous, Total (Colorimetric, Automated, Block Digester AA II)

METHOD #: 365.4	Pending Approval for NPDES, CWA (Issued 1974)
TITLE:	Phosphorous, Total (Colorimetric, Automated, Block Digester AA II)
ANALYTE:	CAS # P Phosphorus 7723-14-0
INSTRUMENTATION:	Autoanalyzer
STORET No.	00665

- 1.0 Scope and Application
 - 1.1 This method covers the determination of total phosphorus in drinking water, surface water and domestic and industrial wastes. The applicable range of this method is 0.01 to 20 mg P/L.
- 2.0 Summary of Method
 - 2.1 The sample is heated in the presence of sulfuric acid, K_2SO_4 and $HgSO_4$ for two and one half hours. The residue is cooled, diluted to 25 mL and placed on the AutoAnalyzer for phosphorus determination.
- 3.0 Sample Handling and Preservation
 - 3.1 Sample containers may be of plastic material, such as a cubitainer, or of Pyrex glass.
 - 3.2 If the analysis cannot be performed the day of collection, the sample should be preserved by the addition of 2 mL of conc. H_2SO_4 per liter and refrigeration at 4°C.
- 4.0 Apparatus
 - 4.1 Block Digester BD-40
 - 4.2 Technicon Method No. 327-74W for Phosphorus
- 5.0 Reagents
 - 5.1 Mercuric sulfate: Dissolve 8 g red mercuric oxide (HgO) in 50 mL of 1:4 sulfuric acid (10 conc. H_2SO_4 : 40 mL distilled water) and dilute to 100 mL with distilled water.
 - 5.2 Digestion solution: (Sulfuric acid-mercuric sulfate-potassium sulfate solution): Dissolve 133 g of K_2SO_4 in 600 mL of distilled water and 200 mL of conc. H_2SO_4 . Add 25 mL of mercuric sulfate solution (5.1) and dilute to 1 liter.
 - 5.3 Sulfuric acid solution (0.72 N): Add 20 mL of conc. sulfuric acid to 800 of distilled water, mix and dilute to 1 liter.
 - 5.4 Molybdate/antimony solution: Dissolve 8 g of ammonium molybdate and 0.2g of antimony potassium tartrate in about 800 mL of distilled water and dilute to

1 liter.

- 5.5 Ascorbic acid solution: Dissolve 60 g of ascorbic acid in about 600 mL of distilled water. Add 2 mL of acetone and dilute to 1 liter.
- 5.6 Diluent water: Dissolve 40 g of NaCl in about 600 mL of distilled water and dilute to 1 liter.
- 5.7 Sulfuric acid solution, 4%: Add 40 mL of conc. sulfuric acid to 800 mL of ammonia-free distilled water, cool and dilute to 1 liter.

6.0 Procedure

Digestion

- 6.1 To 20 or 25 mL of sample, add 5 mL of digestion solution and mix. (Use a vortex mixer).
- 6.2 Add 4-8 Teflon boiling chips. Too many boiling chips will cause the sample to boil over.
- 6.3 With Block Digester in manual mode set low and high temperature at 160°C and preheat unit to 160°C. Place tubes in digester and switch to automatic mode. Set low temperature timer for 1 hour. Reset high temperature to 380°C and set timer for 2 1/2 hours.
- 6.4 Cool sample and dilute to 25 mL with distilled water. If TKN is determined the sample should be diluted with ammonia-free water.

Colorimetric Analysis

- 6.4.1 Check the level of all reagent containers to ensure an adequate supply.
- 6.4.2 Excluding the molybdate/antimony line, place all reagent lines in their respective containers, connect the sample probe to the Sampler IV and start the proportioning pump.
- 6.4.3 Flush the Sampler IV wash receptacle with about 25 mL of 4% sulfuric acid (5.7).
- 6.4.4 When reagents have been pumping for at least five minutes, place the molybdate/antimony line in its container and allow the system to equilibrate.
- 6.4.5 After a stable baseline has been obtained, start the sampler.
- 7.0 Calculations
 - 7.1 Prepare a standard curve by plotting peak heights of processed standards against concentration values. Compute concentrations by comparing sample peak heights with the standard curve.
- 8.0 Precision and Accuracy
 - 8.1 In a single laboratory (EMSL) using sewage sample containing total P at levels of 0.23, 1.33, and 2.0, the precision was \pm 0.01, \pm 0.04, and \pm 0.06, respectively.
 - 8.2 In a single laboratory (EMSL) using sewage samples of concentration 1.84 and 1.89, the recoveries were 95 and 98%, respectively.

Bibliography

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- 2. Gales, M.E. and Booth, R.L., "Evaluation of Organic Nitrogen Methods", EPA Office of Research and Monitoring, June, 1972.
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- 4. Technicon "Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen and Total Phosphorus BD-40 Digestion Procedure for Water", August, 1974.
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