



Category 1 / Category 2 Vessel Port Underway Split for 2011 National Emission Inventory

U.S. EPA Emission Inventory Conference, San Diego, CA
April 12 - 16, 2015

Richard Billings
Eastern Research Group

PROCEDURES FOR EMISSION
INVENTORY PREPARATION
VOLUME IV: MOBILE SOURCES

BY

TECHNICAL SUPPORT DIVISION
OFFICE OF AIR QUALITY PLANNING AND STANDARDS

AND

EMISSION CONTROL TECHNOLOGY DIVISION
OFFICE OF MOBILE SOURCES

OFFICE OF AIR QUALITY PLANNING AND STANDARDS
U. S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
RESEARCH TRIANGLE PARK, NC 27711

JULY 1989

Introduction

where f_{di} = the apportioning factor for distillate fuel sold in port i ,

$N_{i<18}$ = the number of vessels with less than 18 feet of draft using port i ,

$N_{i\geq 18}$ = the number of vessels with 18 feet or more of draft using port i ,

$N_{s<18}$ = the number of vessels with less than 18 feet of draft using all ports within the state, and

$N_{s\geq 18}$ = the number of vessels with 18 feet or more of draft using all ports within the state.

In Equation 7-6, larger vessels (those drawing 18 feet or more) are weighted by a factor of 2, which accounts for both the greater quantity of fuel used by these vessels while moving, and the use of auxiliary power generation systems by these larger vessels while at dockside. The estimated quantity of distillate fuel sold in port i is the product of the total distillate fuel sold in the state for marine use and the apportioning factor, f_{di} .

All of the fuel sold in port i is not used there. An assumption can be made, however, that 25 percent of the residual oil and 75 percent of the distillate oil sold in port i is used there. This is based on methods developed by the EPA. The total estimated quantities of residual and distillate oil used in port i are:

$$Q_{ri} = 0.25 \times f_{ri} \times Q_{rs} \text{ for residual, and} \quad (7-7a)$$

$$Q_{di} = 0.75 \times f_{di} \times Q_{ds} \text{ for distillate} \quad (7-7b)$$

where Q_{ri} and Q_{di} = the quantities of residual and distillate oil, respectively, used in port i ;

f_{ri} and f_{di} = the apportioning factors for residual and distillate oil, computed from Equations 7-5 and 7-6, respectively, and

Q_{rs} and Q_{ds} = the total quantities of residual and distillate oil sold in the state for marine use, from Reference 11.

To estimate emissions, an emission factor is applied to the quantities Q_{ri} and Q_{di} . These emission factors are found in AP-Table 7-2 for motor vessels and Table

Category 1/2 Census



CATEGORY 2 VESSEL CENSUS, ACTIVITY, AND SPATIAL ALLOCATION ASSESSMENT AND CATEGORY 1 AND CATEGORY 2 IN-PORT/AT-SEA SPLITS

Prepared for:

John Mueller and Penny Carey
Office of Transportation and Air Quality
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
Ann Arbor, MI 48105

Prepared by:

Eastern Research Group, Inc.
1600 Perimeter Park Drive
Morrisville, NC 27560

February 16, 2007



C1/C2 Vessel Categories / Data Source

Vessel Type	Vessel Characteristics	Activity	Spatial elements
Tugboats	American Waterways Operators U.S. Coast Guard Merchant Vessels of the U.S. U.S. ACE Waterborne Transportation Lines of the U.S. Inland River Record IHS Registry of Ships American Bureau of Shipping	American Waterways Operators U.S. ACE Waterborne Commerce. U.S. Coast Guard Vessel Movement Database	BTS Transportation Atlas U.S. ACE Waterborne Commerce. U.S. ACE Waterborne Transportation Lines of the U.S. U.S. ACE Waterway Link Commodity Data
Commercial Fishing	U.S. Coast Guard Merchant Vessels of the U.S. California Commercial fishing Data Alaska CFEC permits Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife.	NOAA, National Marine Fisheries Service	NOAA, National Marine Fisheries Service
Coast Guard	U.S. Coast Guard Website		U.S. Coast Guard Website
Ferries	Inland River Record American Bureau of Shipping	American Public Transportation Association, Public Transportation Fact book	BTS National Ferry Data base
Small deepwater cargo vessels	IHS Register of Ships American Bureau of Shipping	U.S. ACE Vessel Clearance and Entrance Data U.S. Coast Guard Vessel Movement Database	BTS Transportation Atlas U.S. ACE Waterway Link Commodity Data
Offshore support vessels	Offshore Marine Service Association Rig zone U.S. Coast Guard Merchant Vessels of the U.S. Offshore Support Vessels of the World.	BOEM Gulf of Mexico emission inventory Workboat (publication)	BOEM Gulf of Mexico emission inventory EPA 2011 NEI data file
Great Lake Vessels	IHS Register of Ships American Bureau of Shipping	U.S. ACE Vessel Clearance and Entrance Data U.S. Coast Guard Vessel Movement Database	BTS Transportation Atlas U.S. ACE Waterway Link Commodity Data
Research Vessels	IHS Register of Ships American Bureau of Shipping	University of Delaware database of Research vessels University- National Laboratory System Ocean Physics Laboratory	University of Delaware database of Research vessels University- National Laboratory System



General Approach

Data Compilation / Activity Estimation

$$\text{Thp-hr}_{ij} = \text{VP}_i \times \text{UR}_i \times \text{EN}_i \times \text{HP}_{ij} \times \text{DO}_{ij} \times 24 \times \text{LF}_{ij}$$

Where:

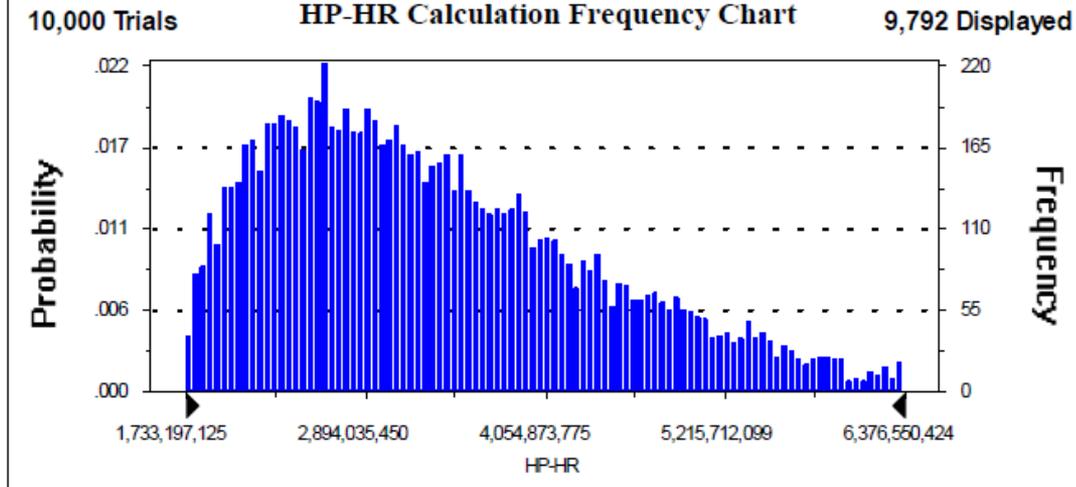
- Thp-hr_{ij} = Total horsepower hours for vessel type i in mode j
- VP_i = Population of vessel type i
- UR_i = Utilization rate for vessel fleet i
- EN_i = Average number of engines on vessel type i
- HP_{ij} = Horsepower of vessel type i
- DO_{ij} = Days of operation for vessel type i in mode j
- 24 = Hours per day
- LF_{ij} = Load factor of vessel type i propulsion engines in mode j
- i = Vessel type (i.e., deep water, tow, ferries commercial fishing, Great Lakes, Coast Guard, offshore support, and research)
- J = Mode of operation (i.e, underway cruise, underway idle)

Variance / Uncertainty

Table 1-3. Category 2 Propulsion Horsepower Hours by Vessel Type

Vessel Type	Mean Values (million hp-hrs)	Standard Deviation (million hp-hrs)
Deep Water	2,666	698
Towboat	7,920	3,020
Ferry	1,464	443
Fishing	3,413	1,143
Great Lakes	1,393	405
Coast Guard	1,441	496
Offshore	27,810	11,933
Research	654	217

Figure 3-5 - Commercial Fishing Vessel
HP-HR Calculation Frequency Chart



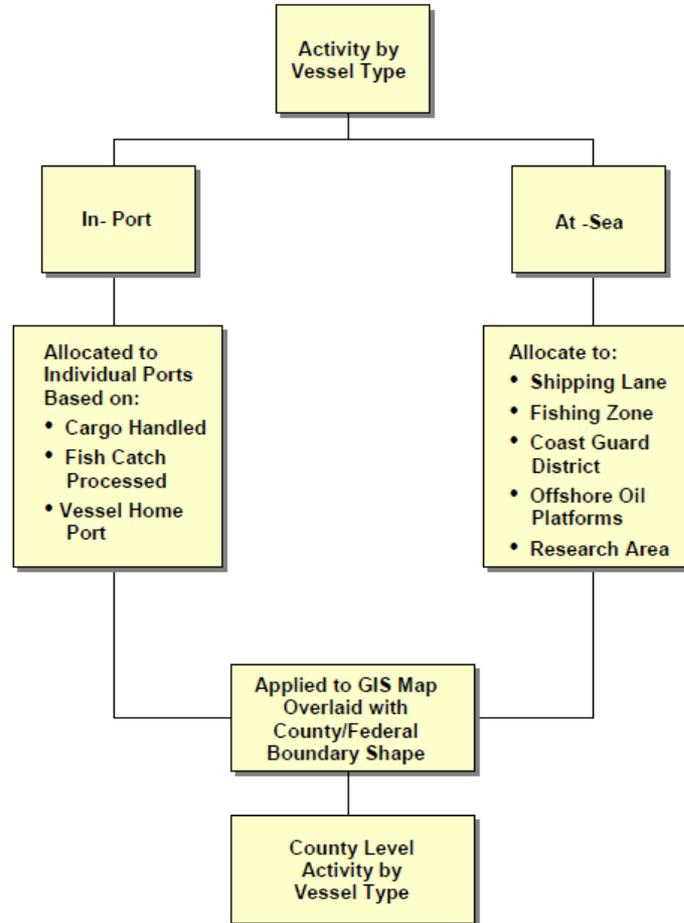


Port/Underway splits

Table 1-4. Average In-Port and At-Sea Fraction by Vessel Type for Vessels Equipped with 2 Propulsion Engines

Vessel Type	In-Port	At-Sea
Towboats	17%	83%
Fishing	5%	95%
Offshore	4%	96%
Ferries	65%	35%
Deepwater	1%	99%
Research	1%	99%
Great Lakes	1%	99%
Government	59%	41%
Weighted Average	10%	90%

General Approach Spatial Allocations



Example of Spatial Allocations

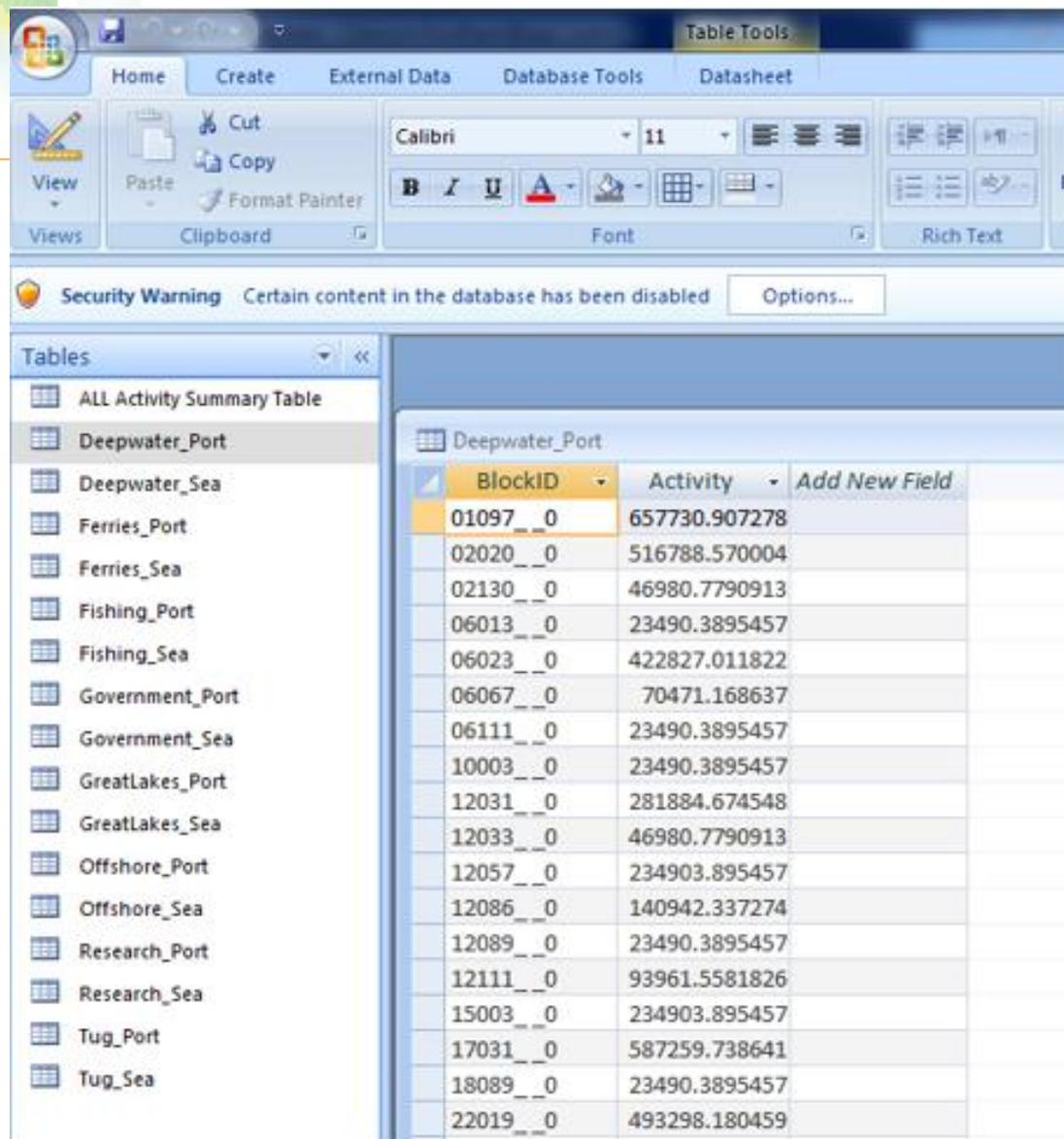


Figure B-1. Tug/Towboat In-Port Activity



Figure B-2. Tug/Towboat At-Sea Activity

Data Generated



The screenshot displays the Microsoft Access interface. The ribbon at the top includes 'Table Tools' with sub-tabs for 'Home', 'Create', 'External Data', 'Database Tools', and 'Datasheet'. The 'Datasheet' view is active, showing a table named 'Deepwater_Port'. The table has two columns: 'BlockID' and 'Activity'. The data is as follows:

BlockID	Activity
01097__0	657730.907278
02020__0	516788.570004
02130__0	46980.7790913
06013__0	23490.3895457
06023__0	422827.011822
06067__0	70471.168637
06111__0	23490.3895457
10003__0	23490.3895457
12031__0	281884.674548
12033__0	46980.7790913
12057__0	234903.895457
12086__0	140942.337274
12089__0	23490.3895457
12111__0	93961.5581826
15003__0	234903.895457
17031__0	587259.738641
18089__0	23490.3895457
22019__0	493298.180459

2011 Summary Results

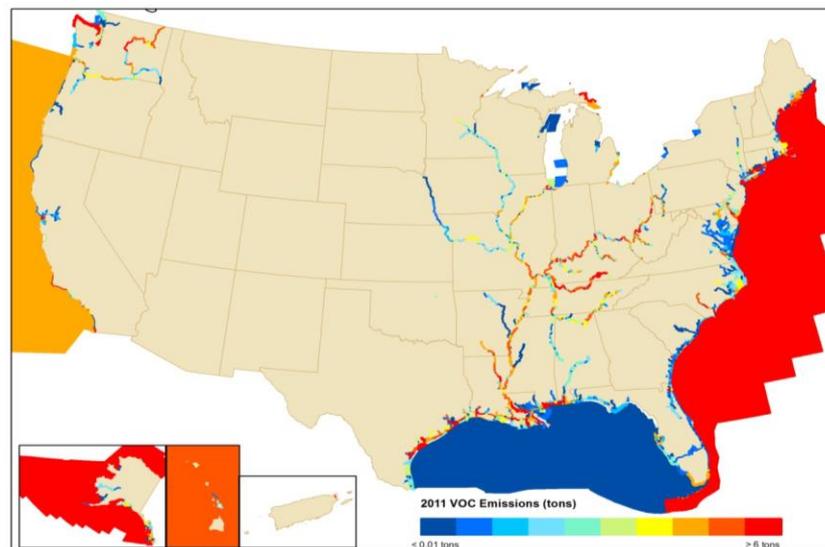
The activity for port and underway operations for all C1/C2 vessel types were aggregated and used as a weight factor for each allocation block and vessel operations using the following equation:

$$SA_{iJ} = A_{iJ} / \sum A_{iJ}$$

Where:

- SA_{iJ} = Spatial activity factor for vessel type i operating in block J
- A_{iJ} = Census Report activity for vessel type i in block J
- i = Vessel type (e.g., tug, ferry, fishing) and operation (i.e., port, underway)
- J = Specific spatial block

Vessel Type	% of Port Activity	% of Sea Activity
Deepwater	0.0791%	7.8333%
Ferries	2.8246%	1.5210%
Fishing	0.5064%	9.6219%
Government	2.5239%	1.7539%
GreatLake	0.0413%	4.0934%
Support (Offshore & Research)	1.7766%	43.9192%
Tugs	3.9959%	19.5094%
Total	11.7479%	88.2521%





Improvements

- Disaggregation of Port of Southern Louisiana and Baton Rouge port emissions to include extended boundaries of the ports
- Disaggregation of CT and MA ferry activities to all ports that reported ferry traffic in BTS' National Census of Ferry Operators
- Reviewed tug data to check high activity in the Ohio River area



Conclusions...

- Use of the C1/C2 census data allowed for a better approximation of port and underway activities
- Allowed activity to be developed for different vessels categories
- Planning to update the C1/C2 census data and apply the kw-hrs to emission factors to get 2014 emissions for NEI.



Acknowledgments

- **EPA staff that supported this effort,**
 - Laurel Driver
 - Penny Carey
 - Brian Timin
- **Staff who work on the original C1/C2 report**
 - Dr. James Corbett
 - Sam Wells
 - Guiselle Aldrete
- **Staff who helped with the 2011 CMV NEI**
 - Roger Chang
 - Heather Perez
 - Jennifer Sellers



Questions?

