DOCUMENTATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL INDICATOR DETERMINATION

Interim Final 2/5/99

RCRA Corrective Action Environmental Indicator (EI) RCRIS code (CA750)

Migration of Contaminated Groundwater Under Control

| Facility Name: | Lucent Technologies | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|
| Facility Address: 4500 Laburnum Drive, Richmond, VA | | | | |
| Facility EPA ID #: | VAD066000993 | | | |
| groundwater me | l available relevant/significant information on known and reasonably suspected releases to the dwater media, subject to RCRA Corrective Action (e.g., from Solid Waste Management Units (U), Regulated Units (RU), and Areas of Concern (AOC)), been considered in this EI determination | | | |
| <u>X</u> | If yes - check here and continue with #2 below. | | | |
| | If no - re-evaluate existing data, or | | | |
| | if data are not available skip to #6 and enter "IN" (more information needed) status code. | | | |
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| | | | | |

BACKGROUND

Definition of Environmental Indicators (for the RCRA Corrective Action)

Environmental Indicators (EI) are measures being used by the RCRA Corrective Action program to go beyond programmatic activity measures (e.g., reports received and approved, etc.) to track changes in the quality of the environment. The two EI developed to-date indicate the quality of the environment in relation to current human exposures to contamination and the migration of contaminated groundwater. An EI for non-human (ecological) receptors is intended to be developed in the future.

Definition of "Migration of Contaminated Groundwater Under Control" EI

A positive "Migration of Contaminated Groundwater Under Control" EI determination ("YE" status code) indicates that the migration of "contaminated" groundwater has stabilized, and that monitoring will be conducted to confirm that contaminated groundwater remains within the original "area of contaminated groundwater" (for all groundwater "contamination" subject to RCRA corrective action at or from the identified facility (i.e., site-wide)).

Relationship of EI to Final Remedies

While Final remedies remain the long-term objective of the RCRA Corrective Action program the EI are near-term objectives which are currently being used as Program measures for the Government Performance and Results Act of 1993, GPRA). The "Migration of Contaminated Groundwater Under Control" EI pertains ONLY to the physical migration (i.e., further spread) of contaminated ground water and contaminants within groundwater (e.g., non-aqueous phase liquids or NAPLs). Achieving this EI does not substitute for achieving other stabilization or final remedy requirements and expectations associated with sources of contamination and the need to restore, wherever practicable, contaminated groundwater to be suitable for its designated current and future uses.

Duration / Applicability of EI Determinations

EI Determinations status codes should remain in RCRIS national database ONLY as long as they remain true (i.e., RCRIS status codes must be changed when the regulatory authorities become aware of contrary information).

| 2. | Is groundwater known or reasonably suspected to be "contaminated" above appropriately protective "levels" (i.e., applicable promulgated standards, as well as other appropriate standards, guidelines, guidance, or criteria) from releases subject to RCRA Corrective Action, anywhere at, or from, the facility? | | |
|----|--|--|--|
| | X If yes - continue after identifying key contaminants, citing appropriate "levels," and referencing supporting documentation. | | |
| | If no - skip to #8 and enter "YE" status code, after citing appropriate "levels," and referencing supporting documentation to demonstrate that groundwater is not "contaminated." | | |
| | If unknown - skip to #8 and enter "IN" status code. | | |
| | Rationale and Reference(s): Groundwater in monitoring wells exceeds MCLs for the following constituents. MEC, TCA, DCA, and DCE. | | |
| | References include: | | |
| | "Bi-Annual Operation and Maintenance Assessment Report for: Groundwater Remediation System Lucent Technologies Richmond, Virginia - February 1997 to February 1999." dated August 9, 1999 | | |
| | "Bi-Annual Operation and Maintenance Assessment Report for: Groundwater Remediation System Lucent Technologies Richmond, Virginia - February 1999 to February 2001." dated August 30, 2001 | | |
| | "Bi-Annual Operation and Maintenance Assessment Report for: Groundwater Remediation System Lucent Technologies Richmond, Virginia - February 2001 to February 2003." dated August 5, 2003 | | |

Footnote:

¹"Contamination" and "contaminated" describes media containing contaminants (in any form, NAPL and/or dissolved, vapors, or solids, that are subject to RCRA) in concentrations in excess of appropriate "levels" (appropriate for the protection of the groundwater resource and its beneficial uses).

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3. Has the **migration** of contaminated groundwater **stabilized** (such that contaminated groundwater is expected to remain within "existing area of contaminated groundwater" as defined by the monitoring locations designated at the time of this determination)?

| X | If yes - continue, after presenting or referencing the physical evidence (e.g., groundwater sampling/measurement/migration barrier data) and rationale why contaminated groundwater is expected to remain within the (horizontal or vertical) dimensions of the "existing area of groundwater contamination" ²). |
|---|--|
| | If no (contaminated groundwater is observed or expected to migrate beyond the designated locations defining the "existing area of groundwater contamination" ²) - skip to #8 and enter "NO" status code, after providing an explanation. |
| | If unknown - skip to #8 and enter "IN" status code. |

Rationale and Reference(s):

In September 1996 EPA issued an Administrative Order requiring groundwater remediation, through a pump and treat system to drinking water standards. That system included twelve groundwater extraction wells; a treatment system with strippers, carbon adsorption, solvent recovery, chemical feed and iron removal; and environmental sampling of surface water, groundwater and associated reporting.

In the Spring of 2000, Lucent, now known as Agere Systems Inc., implemented a series of improvements to enhance performance of the existing groundwater remediation system. These enhancements included:

- installation of four new perimeter extraction wells to cut off flow along an apparent preferential pathway;
- installation of a new extraction well in the source area;
- modification of the three existing extraction wells and the new source area extraction well to vacuum-enhanced recovery;
- rehabilitation of the perimeter extraction wells; and,
- revision of the operation and maintenance of the extraction and treatment system to minimize downtime.

A review of the groundwater data collected to monitor the performance of the remediation system indicates that overall the facility contaminants of concern have been contained, the levels have been reduced and the groundwater recovery system is operating as intended. Agere will continue to operate the groundwater recovery system with EPA and State oversight.

References include:

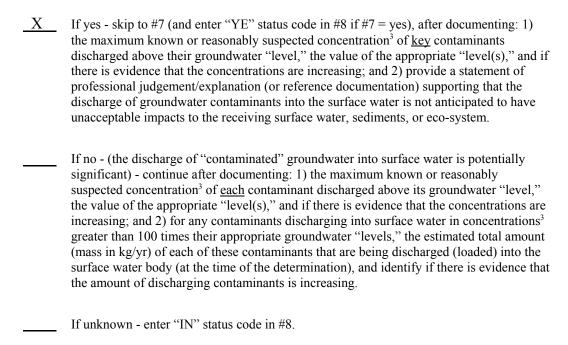
"Bi-Annual Operation and Maintenance Assessment Report for: Groundwater Remediation System Lucent Technologies Richmond, Virginia - February 2001 to February 2003." dated August 5, 2003

Groundwater Remediation Progress Report, dated August 13, 2004

² "existing area of contaminated groundwater" is an area (with horizontal and vertical dimensions) that has been verifiably demonstrated to contain all relevant groundwater contamination for this determination, and is defined by designated (monitoring) locations proximate to the outer perimeter of "contamination" that can and will be sampled/tested in the future to physically verify that all "contaminated" groundwater remains within this area, and that the further migration of "contaminated" groundwater is not occurring. Reasonable allowances in the proximity of the monitoring locations are permissible to incorporate formal remedy decisions (i.e., including public participation) allowing a limited area for natural attenuation.

| 4. | Does "contaminated" groundwater discharge into surface water bodies? | | |
|----|---|--|--|
| | X If yes - continue after identifying potentially affected surface water bodies. | | |
| | If no - skip to #7 (and enter a "YE" status code in #8, if #7 = yes) after providing an explanation and/or referencing documentation supporting that groundwater "contamination" does not enter surface water bodies. | | |
| | If unknown - skip to #8 and enter "IN" status code. | | |
| | Rationale and Reference(s): | | |
| | Gillie Creek and associated tributaries are located downgradient of the facility, and a wetland area lies between the creek and Interstate 64. Both Gillie Creek and the wetland receive groundwater discharge from the vicinity of the site. | | |

5. Is the **discharge** of "contaminated" groundwater into surface water likely to be **"insignificant"** (i.e., the maximum concentration³ of each contaminant discharging into surface water is less than 10 times their appropriate groundwater "level," and there are no other conditions (e.g., the nature, and number, of discharging contaminants, or environmental setting), which significantly increase the potential for unacceptable impacts to surface water, sediments, or eco-systems at these concentrations)?



Rationale and Reference(s):

The overall surface water trend is represented by monitoring stations SW15 and SW21 located in Gillie Creek. The overall downward trend at stations SW15 and SW 21 indicates that the source of the contaminants of concern discharging into Gillie Creek has been depleted. No contaminant has been reported in SW21 above the cleanup goal since February 1999 (nine sampling events), and no contaminants have been detected above the cleanup goal in SW15 since November 1995 (21 consecutive events).

As a result of a recent policy change this environmental indicator evaluation did not consider sediments or eco systems.

Reference Include:

"Bi-Annual Operation and Maintenance Assessment Report for: Groundwater Remediation System Lucent Technologies Richmond, Virginia - February 2001 to February 2003." dated August 5, 2003

Groundwater to Surface Water Interaction Guidance FAQs - http://www.epa.gov/correctiveaction

³ As measured in groundwater prior to entry to the groundwater-surface water/sediment interaction (e.g., hyporheic) zone.

| 5 . | Can the discharge of "contaminated" groundwater into surface water be shown to be " currently acceptable " (i.e., not cause impacts to surface water, sediments or eco-systems that should not be allowed to continue until a final remedy decision can be made and implemented ⁴)? | | |
|------------|---|--|--|
| | If yes - continue after either: 1) identifying the Final Remedy decision incorporating these conditions, or other site-specific criteria (developed for the protection of the site's surface water, sediments, and eco-systems), and referencing supporting documentation demonstrating that these criteria are not exceeded by the discharging groundwater; OR 2) providing or referencing an interim-assessment, ⁵ appropriate to the potential for impact, that shows the discharge of groundwater contaminants into the surface water is (in the opinion of a trained specialists, including ecologist) adequately protective of receiving surface water, sediments, and eco-systems, until such time when a full assessment and final remedy decision can be made. Factors which should be considered in the interim-assessment (where appropriate to help identify the impact associated with discharging groundwater) include: surface water body size, flow, use/classification/habitats and contaminant loading limits, other sources of surface water/sediment contamination, surface water and sediment sample results and comparisons to available and appropriate surface water and sediment "levels," as well as any other factors, such as effects on ecological receptors (e.g., via bio-assays/benthic surveys or site-specific ecological Risk Assessments), that the overseeing regulatory agency would deem appropriate for making the EI determination. | | |
| | If no - (the discharge of "contaminated" groundwater can not be shown to be "currently acceptable") - skip to #8 and enter "NO" status code, after documenting the currently unacceptable impacts to the surface water body, sediments, and/or eco-systems. | | |
| | If unknown - skip to 8 and enter "IN" status code. | | |
| | Rationale and Reference(s): | | |

7. Will groundwater **monitoring** / measurement data (and surface water/sediment/ecological data, as

⁴ Note, because areas of inflowing groundwater can be critical habitats (e.g., nurseries or thermal refugia) for many species, appropriate specialist (e.g., ecologist) should be included in management decisions that could eliminate these areas by significantly altering or reversing groundwater flow pathways near surface water bodies.

⁵ The understanding of the impacts of contaminated groundwater discharges into surface water bodies is a rapidly developing field and reviewers are encouraged to look to the latest guidance for the appropriate methods and scale of demonstration to be reasonably certain that discharges are not causing currently unacceptable impacts to the surface waters, sediments or eco-systems.

necessary) be collected in the future to verify that contaminated groundwater has remained within the horizontal (or vertical, as necessary) dimensions of the "existing area of contaminated groundwater?"

| groundwater contamination will not be migrating horizontally (or vertically, as necessar beyond the "existing area of groundwater contamination." If no - enter "NO" status code in #8. If unknown - enter "IN" status code in #8. | <u>X</u> | If yes - continue after providing or citing documentation for planned activities or future sampling/measurement events. Specifically identify the well/measurement locations which will be tested in the future to verify the expectation (identified in #3) that | | | |
|--|----------|---|--|--|--|
| | | | | | |
| If unknown - enter "IN" status code in #8. | | If no - enter "NO" status code in #8. | | | |
| | | If unknown - enter "IN" status code in #8. | | | |

Rationale and Reference(s):

Groundwater and surface water samples are collected semi-annually from multiple monitoring wells, extractions wells and surface water locations. This long-term monitoring is a requirement of an Administrative Order issued to Lucent Technologies Inc. and will continue until the established clean-up goals at all identified points of compliance have been achieved and Lucent can demonstrate no further exceedence of the clean-up goals for a subsequent period of three years. This long-term monitoring data is documented in a Bi-Annual O&M Assessment Report, required by the order, and is reviewed to evaluate the effectiveness of the groundwater remediation system.

References Include:

Initial Administrative Order, U.S. EPA Docket No. RCRA-III-084-CA

EI (event code CA750), and obtain Supervisor (or appropriate Manager) signature and date on the EI determination below (attach appropriate supporting documentation as well as a map of the facility).

| X | YE - Yes, "Migration of Contaminated Groundwater Under Control" has been verified. Based on a review of the information contained in this EI determination, it has been determined that the "Migration of Contaminated Groundwater" is "Under Control" at the Lucent Technologies facility, EPA ID # VAD066000993, located at 4500 Laburnum Drive, Richmond, VA. Specifically, this determination indicates that the migration of "contaminated" groundwater is under control, and that monitoring will be conducted to confirm that contaminated groundwater remains within the "existing area of contaminated groundwater" This determination will be re-evaluated when the Agency becomes aware of significant changes at the facility. | | | | |
|------------------|--|-----------------------------------|------------------|------------------------|--|
| | NO - Unacc | eptable migration of contaminated | d groundwater is | s observed or expected | |
| | IN - More in | nformation is needed to make a de | termination. | | |
| | | | | | |
| Completed by | (signature) | /s/ | Date | 8/24/04 | |
| | (print) | Russell H. Fish | | | |
| | (title) | Project Manager | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Supervisor | (signature) | /s/ | Date | 8/24/04 | |
| | (print) | Robert Greaves | | | |
| | (title) | Chief, General Operations Branc | ch | | |
| | (EPA Regio | n or State) Region III | | | |
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| Locations where | References m | nav be found: | | | |
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| EPA file room. | | | | | |
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