Chesapeake Bay Program Wastewater Facility and BMP Implementation Data Submission Specifications and Requirements

Updated December 2020

The Watershed Technical Workgroup and Wastewater Treatment Workgroup of the Water Quality Goal Implementation Team coordinate with the Chesapeake Bay Program's staff and the Management Board to establish data submission requirements that meet the communications and management needs of the Chesapeake Bay Program. Implementation Grant or Work Plan deliverables must include schedules for submission of point source and nonpoint source nutrient and sediment reduction activities for use in Chesapeake Bay Watershed Model annual assessment scenarios. The following wastewater facility and BMP implementation data submission requirements were developed by the Water Quality Goal Implementation Team's Wastewater Treatment Workgroup and Watershed Technical Workgroup to meet Chesapeake Bay Program Watershed Model requirements. With the exception of the EPA required dates for reporting stated on Pages 12 – 13 of this Attachment, the following information reflects both workgroups' latest agreements and minimum data requirements.

Jurisdictions are required to submit quality assured data by the established due dates. If necessary, base implementation grant funds should be used by the jurisdiction to ensure compliance with the due dates and data quality requirements. Recipients are to follow the output requirements stated in the General Guidance portion of this document.

QUALITY ASSURANCE PROJECT PLANS

Quality Assurance Project Plans (QAPPs) for the collection and use of environmental data are required from the seven watershed jurisdictions. These QAPPs, in part, document how jurisdictions are reporting implementation data for progress scenarios. They need to be up to date to assist in facilitation of the grant monitoring process by CBIG and CBRAP project officers – as well as to accommodate work of the CBP BMP Verification Adhoc Action Team and the Water Quality GIT and its workgroups, specifically each jurisdiction's BMP verification program plans. Additionally, jurisdictions are expected to update their QAPPs when new data sources and methods become available which enable them to enhance reporting of existing or newly approved BMPs. QAPPs are required for all data described in this document.

DATA SUBMISSIONS FOR WASTEWATER FACILITIES, CSOs, BIO-SOLIDS,-SPRAY IRRIGATION ON AG AND NON-AG LANDS, RAPID INFILTRATION BASINS, AND LARGE ON-SITE SYSTEMS

Facility Requirements:

Significant Facilities

All jurisdictions submit wastewater facility Discharge Monitoring Report (DMR) data via the CBPO Point Source data submission tool for all significant dischargers within their portions of the Chesapeake Bay watershed. A significant discharger is a facility that is on the significant

facility list in a jurisdictional Watershed Implementation Plan and meets <u>one</u> of the following criteria:

- In West Virginia, Delaware, Pennsylvania and New York Facility treating domestic wastewater and the design flow is greater than or equal to 0.4 million gallons per day (MGD).
- In Maryland Facility treating domestic wastewater and the design flow is greater than or equal to 0.5 MGD.
- In Virginia Facility treating domestic wastewater and the existing design flow is greater than or equal to 0.5 MGD west of the fall line or 0.1 MGD east of the fall line.
- In the District of Columbia DC Water's Blue Plains wastewater treatment plant is the only significant facility located in the District. DC Water submits data to EPA CBPO directly, rather than to the jurisdiction (DC's Department of Energy and Environment).
- Industrial facilities with a nutrient load equivalent to 3,800 total phosphorus (TP) lbs/year or 27,000 total nitrogen (TN) lbs/year.
- Any other municipal and industrial wastewater facilities assigned with individual waste load allocations within a jurisdictional Watershed Implementation Plan.

Non-significant Facilities

Any wastewater treatment facilities reported by jurisdictions under non-significant category and not meeting the above definition are non-significant facilities. In the past, for jurisdictions that did not provide annual DMR data or state-specific default values for non-significant facilities, the estimated one-time data have been added to the annually submitted datasets at the CBPO prior to the progress model runs. Starting with the 2014 progress data submission, jurisdictions are required to provide data, either measured DMR data or state-specific default values, for all their significant and non-significant facilities in their annual progress run data submission. CBPO's Point Source data submission application allows the states to access DMR data for nonsignificant facilities if data are available. If there are no annual DMR available for some or all non-significant facilities, the state estimated one-time data, default state-specific values, or previous years' data could be used for these non-significant facilities in the report; these are available in the Point Source data submission application. CBPO staff will provide the states with previous, if necessary, non-significant input decks to assist in this effort. This approach will let the jurisdictions have full control and understanding of what data are included in the wastewater input decks for each model run.

Data Requirements:

Jurisdictions are required to submit monthly concentration and flow data for all parameters listed below for each significant discharger facilities within their portion of the Chesapeake Bay watershed. The QAQC procedures listed in Figure 1 should be performed prior to data submission; the Point Source application performs these QAQC procedures and has more information about each QAQC check.

<u>At Facility Level</u>: Data must be provided for those municipal, industrial, and federal facilities as defined above as "significant dischargers" of total nitrogen and total phosphorus to the Bay watershed. The jurisdictions must annually update their facility list, especially for significant

dischargers and identify the newly added or removed facilities in the annual data report. The location (county, latitude/longitude) of discharge point, significant or non-significant, facility type (municipal or industrial), ownership (federal or non-federal) and design flow (MGD) must be reported for newly added facilities using **the Point Source data submission tool.**

At the Monthly Level: Concentration and flow data for the 10 identified parameters must be provided for each outfall. Jurisdictions will submit all parameters in each month's data record for each facility. Data for the following parameters will be submitted: average monthly flows and average monthly concentrations of NH3, TKN (or TON), NO23 (or NO2+NO3), TN, PO4, TP, CBOD5 (preferable) or BOD5, DO and TSS. All nitrogen species need to be reported as nitrogen; all phosphorus species need to be reported as phosphorus.

In the absence of monthly monitored concentration data for one or more of the above listed 10 parameters for a facility, the jurisdiction will submit the CBP Water Quality Goal Implementation Team's Wastewater Treatment Workgroup agreed to default concentration data or calculated data based on the species relationship listed in Table 1. All default or calculated data must be flagged with an appropriate description such as:

- Average of reported monthly data;
- Default value agreed by the workgroup;
- Default value based on state specific information;
- Default value based on SIS database;
- Calculated as 67% of TP by CBP species ratio;
- Calculated as NO23=TN-TKN; and
- Net Value (the influent concentration or load is subtracted).

The Point Source data submission application will automatically make calculations and provide the appropriate description, as appropriate, when data are presented to the data submitter. The loading data of industrial facilities with river/stream water uptake should be reported as net loads with average monthly flow and net concentrations for that respective month, as quantified. Jurisdictions not having some of these parameters should report what's available and missing elements will be defaulted according to rules established by the CBP Wastewater Treatment Workgroup. CBPO expects jurisdictions to continue to improve tracking and reporting of data so that currently missing parameters are captured and reported in the future.

Wastewater Data Reports:

Each Bay Jurisdiction, with the exception of DC, is required to submit the following wastewater data for annual progress model run (notes, the Point Source application **should** be used to create and submit items 1, 2, and 3; DC Water is responsible for the submissions covering the area in their domain.):

1. DMR Data: **DMR data are** traditionally used for significant facility data. However, thanks to the efforts of many jurisdictions to require nutrient monitoring for some of their non-significant facilities, more and more non-significant facilities have nutrient DMR

- data. Although DMR data are required only for significant facilities, we encourage the Bay jurisdictions to report any available nutrient DMR data for non-significant facilities.
- State-Specific Defaults: Estimated or default values should be submitted for those nonsignificant facilities that do not have any nutrient DMR data or are decided by the jurisdictions to use the state default values.
- 3. Facility Information Updates: Any changes or updates to the facility information **should be submitted**. Any facilities that are newly added to the data report or closed during the progress year should be **updated using the Active/Inactive status in the Point Source data submission tool**. Any changes on SIG/NONSIG for a facility between significant and non-significant status should also be included.
- 4. CSO Reduction Tables: The CSO tables are for reporting any CSO control progresses in term of the percent load reduction achieved and the acreages of separation completed.

Each jurisdictional agency that controls the wastewater, CSO, and biosolids data <u>MUST</u> review all wastewater facility data for accuracy prior to submission to EPA CBPO. The required quality assurance and quality control procedures are listed in Figure 1.

Additional specifications for DC Water wastewater and CSO data reporting

CBPO can facilitate formatting DC Water wastewater progress data and check quality control, including the flow allocation among the regions Blue Plains serves—for the data period July 1, **2020** through June 30, **2021** by the deadline for data submissions, December 1, **2021**. If quality data **are** not received by the deadline, the default is to use the previous year's information unless that yields a net benefit to the composite discharge.

Assistance is appreciated from DOEE and MWCOG in the timely reporting of data to the EPA Chesapeake Bay Program as it relates to model calibration, historical data needs, as well as growth and projected capacity information as requested for watershed implementation plan milestones assessments. The annual data reporting would also include daily CSO overflow estimates and LTCP progress data (separation acres and location, storage captured, and equivalent acres retrofitted with green infrastructure).

Transition to Reporting through ICIS-NPDES and CBPO tool

Since 2014, EPA has been working through the Water Quality Goal Implementation Team's (WQGIT) Wastewater Treatment Workgroup and directly with the six states and the District of Columbia on leveraging ICIS-NPDES to report wastewater facility data. The recently finalized national NPDES E-Reporting rule will bring additional changes and requirements, which will affect how jurisdictions submit their wastewater facility data. CBPO has developed a "hybrid" reporting solution that will pull data directly from ICIS-NPDES but also allow states the opportunity to review, supplement, and quality assure their data through a separate tool and interface managed by CBPO. DMR data reported to ICIS-NPDES and state specific default values of non-significant facilities will be submitted to CBPO through this tool. Development of the first version of this tool was completed in 2018.

Following the completion of this tool, CBPO asked the jurisdictions to begin transitioning to this new approach (which includes reporting of data in ICIS-NPDES) for submitting their wastewater treatment facility data. The specific requirements and guidelines for these submissions,

including how non-significant facilities will be addressed, has been reviewed and finalized with the jurisdictions' input working through the WQGIT's Wastewater Treatment Workgroup.

Beginning with 2018 Progress, submissions came through ICIS-NPDES and the hybrid CBPO tool for use with the Phase 6 model. Case-by-case exceptions can be granted for a portion of the data, but it's expected the bulk of the information will come through ICIS-NPDES. Data **are** due December 1, **2021** for most jurisdictions with a two-month extension for VA. For 2019 Progress **and beyond**, it is anticipated that all jurisdictions will use the PS tool for reporting all facility data.

Bio-Solids, Spray Irrigation, Large Monitored Onsite System & Rapid Infiltration Basin Data
As requested by the CBP partnership, the partnership's Phase 6 Watershed Model has been built to include and track nutrient loads from these new wastewater sources. CBPO expects jurisdictions to provide available bio-solids, spray irrigation, large monitored onsite system and rapid infiltration basin data where these nutrients are applied to the land. The data are to include, where available, the location (county, latitude and longitude) of application, mass of bio-solids or volume of irrigation/large onsite system/rapid infiltration basin, concentrations of nutrients, and the year of applications. The data specifications are detailed in the data template listed in the next section.

It is expected that jurisdiction will annually submit updates to their bio-solids, spray irrigation, large onsite system and rapid infiltration data by December 1st, whenever new data is available. When new data is not available, a CBP protocol exists to use default numbers for these categories. The defaults are the previous year's data.

Data Table Template:

The data table templates for CSO, bio-solid, spray irrigation, large onsite system and rapid infiltration data are included in the Excel file found at: https://pointsource.chesapeakebay.net/Home/NonWastewater.

<u>Data Due Dates</u>: Detailed information about the reporting due dates are provided in a specific section on the data reporting frequency beginning on Page 11 of this attachment.

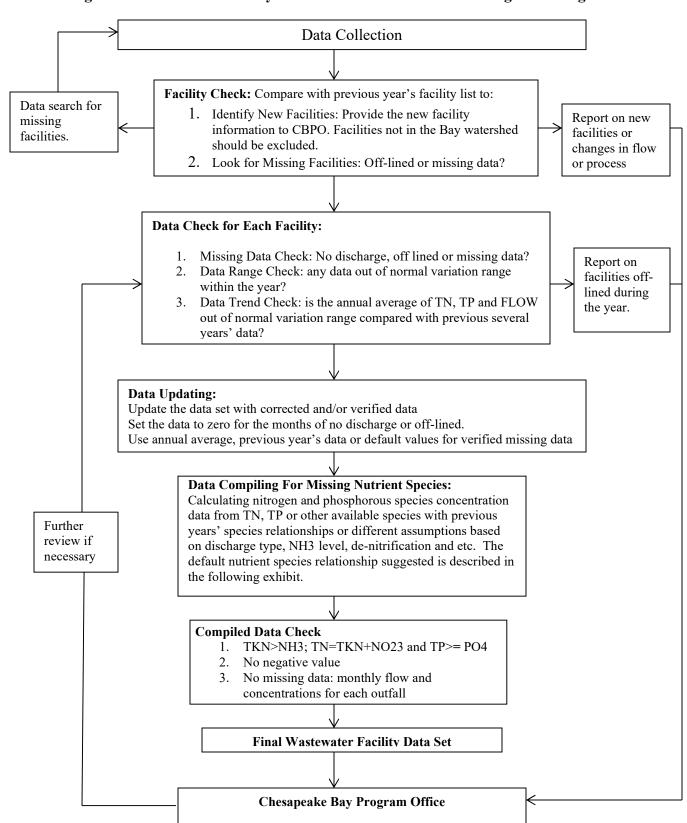


Figure 1: Wastewater Facility Nutrient and TSS Data Processing Flow Diagram

Table 1: Species Relationship

Type of Facility		NH ₃ /NO ₂₃ /TON (w/o Nitrification)	NH ₃ /NO ₂₃ /TON (w/ Nitrification)++	NH ₃ /NO ₂₃ /TON (w/Denitrification)
Municipalities (phase IV)		80/5/15 ⁽¹⁾	7/85/8	12/73/15
Municipalities (phase V)		80/3/17**	7/80/13**	12/73/15 ⁽²⁾
Industries Chemical		7/85/8+	7/85/8+	
	Pulp & Paper	1/0/99**		
	Poultry Facilities w/BNR			8/75/17**
	Nonchemical (includes seafood, poultry, & food processors w/out BNR)	80/3/17**	7/85/8+	8/75/17**

⁽¹⁾ Stearns and Wheler recommended 80/0/20; however, the PSWG felt that there would often be minimal (5%) NOx present.

^{**} Updated, as based on an analysis of actual data from plants operating in Virginia.

Type of Facility	Facilities w/out TP Control PO ₄ /TOP ratio	Facilities With TP Control PO ₄ /TOP Ratio
All	71/29 ^a	67/33 ^a

^a determined by averaging the actual data from MD and VA plants (including Blue Plains for "with TP Reduction". Facility with TP Control is defined as a facility having a permit limit for total phosphorus.

Period	TSS Default (All jurisdictions)	TSS Default w/out NRT	TSS Default w/ NRT
1985-1990 ^b	45		
1990-2000	25		
2000-2010		15	8

Type of Facility	DO concentration 1985-1990	DO Concentration 1990-2010
All	4.5 mg/l ^(b)	5.0 mg/l

⁽b) takes into account a number of NMP facilities operating across the watershed.

⁽²⁾ Unchanged from the ratio recommended by Stearns and Wheler in Phase IV.

⁺⁺Apply this relationship wherever NH3 limits apply

⁺Assumed by performing an analysis of MD chemical industry wastewater effluents which showed it is very close to the relationship for nitrifying sewage. This would apply to all chemical discharges and assumes that wastewaters are treated chemically and thus would not vary as for sewage relationships

BMP, LAND USE AND ANIMAL SUBMISSION INFORMATION

Non-point source (non-wastewater) data are collected for the following purposes:

- 1) To assess existing and new BMP projects through the reporting of implementation, inspection, maintenance, and retirement dates.
- 2) Update annual estimates of construction and harvested forest acres through the reporting of permitted, disturbed acres for each category including estimates of any unpermitted acres.
- 3) Update model estimates of permitted animals and manure nutrient concentrations for poultry and swine every two years for use in the next milestone period.

Reporting BMP Implementation:

BMP implementation information is used to create annual progress scenarios using the CBP Watershed Model (WSM) and to make assessments and report out restoration efforts. Practice and program implementation data – outside of wastewater concentration and flow data – must be submitted independently via the National Environmental Information Exchange Network (NEIEN), creating XML formats and using the BMP schema.

EPA CBPO will not accept data in formats of Microsoft Excel, Access, or ASCII for practice implementation data submissions, unless specified by one of the Water Quality GIT workgroups. Also, jurisdictions are responsible for re-submitting data through NEIEN for corrections and additions, not CBPO personnel, unless the correction or revision is on the Bay Programs office side of the exchange.

The NEIEN BMP data exchange is capable of accepting current and historical BMP data submissions. At a minimum for annual model progress assessments, recipients should submit BMP data for the period of July 1– June 30 for the model year of the June date. Data outside these temporal ranges can be accepted through NEIEN and used by the Chesapeake Bay Program based on guidance of CBP subject matter experts and the Watershed Technical Workgroup.

Jurisdictions are to report BMPs as they occur on the landscape at the most site-specific scale that conforms with legal and programmatic constraints, and at a scale compatible to data input for the Chesapeake Bay Program partnership modeling tools. Other key elements of reported BMP data are accurate implementation, maintenance, and inspection dates, pass/fail inspection results, BMP names as tracked by jurisdictions, and relevant attributes of each project like the source of data (e.g., agency). All required fields for NEIEN-reported BMPs need to be complete. Jurisdictions should also utilize the latest versions of the following NEIEN technical documents and submission instructions at http://webservices.chesapeakebay.net/schemas/:

- Document_Exchange_Template_xls
- NEIEN Appendix P6
- Codes List P6
- Codes List Tables Phase6
- NEIEN Submission Instructions

Nutrient and sediment reduction activities that have not been approved for use in progress runs by the partnership will not be credited in the tools. Additionally, BMPs reported for credit need to adhere to the definition of the BMP as approved through the Water Quality Goal Implementation Team or higher or formalized by the CBP Partnership prior to establishment of the "Protocol for the Development, Review and Approval of Loading and Effectiveness Estimates for Nutrient and Sediment Controls in the Chesapeake Bay Watershed Model." Definitions for all BMPs can be found by downloading the "Source Data" from the CAST documentation page located at: https://cast.chesapeakebay.net/. Additionally, the NEIEN Appendix lists all approved and interim BMPs.

Requesting New BMP Reporting Options:

Jurisdictions often track BMPs or units under different names than those used by the CBP. The NEIEN_Appendix_P6 allows jurisdictions to continue to track BMPs and units in unique ways and to be able to submit this information through NEIEN. Any requests for changes to the NEIEN Appendix should be made to the Watershed Technical Workgroup by August 31 for that year's model progress assessment. The Watershed Technical Workgroup is responsible for approving the NEIEN Appendix by August 31.

Jurisdictions may also request a review of their unique resource improvement practices for inclusion in the NEIEN Appendix and availability for progress reporting. These practices include BMPs that offer scientifically similar nutrient and sediment benefits as currently approved Chesapeake Bay Program or NRCS practices, but may be designed and/or operated differently. To request review of functionally equivalent practices, jurisdictions must provide a written report that describes the technical specifications of the functionally equivalent practice(s) to the appropriate Chesapeake Bay Program sector workgroup (Agriculture, Forestry, Stormwater or Wastewater) by June 1 of the progress assessment year. The sector workgroup and Watershed Technical Workgroup will then review the report and recommend accepting or rejecting the functionally equivalent practice(s) for that year's progress reporting.

BMP implementation reporting is for changes in management – as the model simulates and estimates conditions based on inputs and assumptions. Changes in management action include: implementation of a new BMP; maintenance of an existing BMP (not to be reported as a new practice); or renewal of practices such as nutrient management plans. Reporting existing practices in a new year under a new BMP name due to a reinterpretation of the BMP definitions is not a change in management, nor is reporting historical practices as if they were implemented in the data year of the progress assessment. The expectation is that new BMPs are tracked, not estimated (for example) by looking at available acres in the model and determining a percent implementation – which is, in turn, converted to acres and submitted as if tracked. This does not apply to BMPs where surveying is a Bay Program-approved collection method and reporting implementation levels as a percent is allowed.

Quality Control/Assurance of BMP Implementation Data:

Jurisdictions are solely responsible for checking their own implementation data for duplicate, missing, or mistakenly reported data prior to submission – for all sources of data, including but

not limited to: NRCS and FSA; federal agency data; state agency and local data. All changes to the data must be made by jurisdictions in NEIEN. The CBPO will not change any data outside of NEIEN for progress reporting purposes unless expressly directed to do so by EPA and the jurisdiction. Part of this quality control process is careful review by jurisdictions of the following parent and sub-reports provided to the jurisdictions by CBPO:

- NEIEN Errors— available via an FTP site and through CAST at
 https://cast.chesapeakebay.net/Home/TMDLTrackingReports; provides details of all
 NEIEN data submitted, indicating if data are in error (or successes) according to NEIEN
 specifications
- Implementation Dates available via an FTP site **and through CAST at**https://cast.chesapeakebay.net/Home/TMDLTrackingReports; provides detailed implementation, maintenance, inspection and retirement data for all NEIEN data submitted, indicating if data fall within the approved BMP lifespan or not.
- Credit Duration available via an FTP site and through CAST at
 https://cast.chesapeakebay.net/Home/TMDLTrackingReports
 ; provides detailed information on the total amount of a BMP credited and what would be credited with no expiration for all NEIEN data submitted.
- BMP Validation available via CAST; provides list of any invalid data that matches NEIEN specifications but does not match CAST specifications.
- Submitted Versus Credited available via CAST; provides total units of BMPs submitted by land use type to CAST
- BMP Summary available via CAST; provides summarized total units of broader BMP categories

Jurisdictions should also provide up-to-date documentation explaining methods for estimating and reporting BMP implementation and wastewater data through updates to their BMP Verification Program Plans, also known as Quality Assurance Project Plans – prior to submission of the data. For complete guidance on BMP verification and what's needed in Verification Program Plans, see

https://www.chesapeakebay.net/what/programs/bmp introduction to bmp verification

BMP verification is the process that includes initial inspection, follow-up checks and evaluation of BMP performance. The Bay Program verification documentation includes:

- Verification guidance for each source sector;
- Information on access to federal cost-shared practice data;
- Enhanced collection and reporting of agricultural cost shared practices; and
- A report on CBP resource improvement practice definition and verification visual indicators.

The most recent versions of each jurisdiction's approved BMP Verification Program Plans are at: http://www.chesapeakebay.net/what/programs/bmp_introduction_to_bmp_verification/bmp_additional_resources

It is expected that jurisdictions address all outstanding comments on their BMP Verification Program Plans from EPA. Addressing these comments and data problems should occur after

submission of the BMP data and EPA's review of progress but by no later than **February 8th** of each year to ensure full credit of quality data. Any outstanding verification issues after publication of progress scenario results should be addressed through updates to the QAPP prior to next year's progress and verification submission of QA/QC'd BMP and wastewater data at the beginning of December.

Reporting Construction and Harvested Forest Acres:

Jurisdictions should report the number of permitted, disturbed acres of construction and forest clearing by county, as well as an estimate of those acres that were not permitted. BMPs should then be submitted on only the permitted acres.

Reporting Animal Information:

Animal data will be updated in the Phase 6 Watershed Model every two years. This may be done through the reporting of permitted and unpermitted animals, and the reporting of animal manure nutrient concentrations for poultry and swine.

Jurisdictions should provide the fraction of animal type by county that is considered "permitted" either through an EPA or state program. These data will be used to update the land use acres for permitted feeding operations and unpermitted feeding operations once every two years.

For accounting for benefits of animal feed/diet for poultry and swine, jurisdictions are to provide to CBPO manure/litter data in the format described in the poultry litter and swine manure reporting templates which can be found at:

http://www.chesapeakebay.net/channel_files/24341/poultry_and_swine_nutrients_reporting_tem_plate_09152016.xlsx. Data should be provided for the last three years, if possible, and updated each year to reflect new litter/manure samples. Jurisdictions who don't report volume data will receive default values according to rules established by the CBP Agriculture Workgroup. These data will be reviewed by the Partnership for use in estimating manure nutrients once every two years.

WASTEWATER FACILITY AND BMP IMPLEMENTATION REPORTING FREQUENCY

Annual progress reporting of wastewater data and non-wastewater BMPs are an output of CBPO grants. Grant recipients are expected to provide CBPO with complete, quality-assured data in the proper formats. This will enable CBPO to begin immediate processing as a CBP Partnership Chesapeake Bay Watershed Model annual progress scenario. It is expected that the following schedule and deadlines are followed:

- July 31 of the relevant model year BMP listing, descriptions, and mapping due from jurisdictions for any proposed BMPs that will be submitted for that year's progress assessment that are NOT included in the NEIEN Appendix.
- July 31– Requests to modify the NEIEN Schema or Plug-In due.

- August 31– Final requests for changes to the NEIEN Appendix due to the Watershed Technical Workgroup. The Watershed Technical Workgroup is responsible for approving the NEIEN Appendix and codes list by August 31 of the relevant model year.
- August 31 Data submissions and descriptions due for: 1) permitted forest harvest acres,
 2) continually disturbed and permitted construction acres including estimates of any unpermitted acres,
 3) CAFO/AFO animal splits by county,
 4) nutrient concentrations in manure for poultry and swine
- September 1 Jurisdictions are encouraged to begin submitting their BMP implementation to NEIEN for the progress assessment. Ongoing review of submissions will occur between September and December, with the expectation that December 1 submissions are final.
- No later than December 1 Final BMP submissions for the previous July 1 to June 30 data period due from jurisdictions for the **2021** Progress Phase 6 model assessment both wastewater data and non-wastewater BMPs. Wastewater data includes the categories CSO, bio-solids, spray irrigation, large onsite systems, and rapid infiltration.
- Updates to jurisdictions' BMP Verification Program Plans (QAPPs) due describing new data sources and changes to methods of tracking, reporting, and verification that pertain to the data submitted for the 2021 Progress model assessment. Additional revisions to the jurisdictions' QAPPs may be necessary after December 1 as a result of EPA's review of each jurisdictions' 2021 Progress submission.
- February 7 Final progress run information for progress available to jurisdictions needed for outside reporting of progress on commitments and to keep results relevant.

This schedule may not apply to the wastewater sector for the Commonwealth of Virginia, which may submit its data in accordance with the Nutrient Allocation Compliance and Reporting requirements under Section 62.1-44.19:18 of the Virginia Code.

The Virginia wastewater data will be submitted through ICIS-NPDES and the hybrid CBPO tool using the following schedule:

Due January 31, 2022 for data covering the period January 1, 2021 – December 31, 2021.

In the event that data are not submitted in time, are inaccurate, or do not use the appropriate NEIEN or wastewater formats for the CBPO to calculate annual progress, Milestones, or other scenarios, CBPO will use the previous year's QA'd data submitted by the jurisdiction or will not account for implementation of the BMP or control measures or reassign acres to other land uses in the segment. In the event that the data does not follow approved CBP verification guidance or an assurance of quality of submitted BMP data is not described in an up-to-date QAPP, CBPO will use the previous year's QA'd data submitted by the jurisdiction or will not account for implementation of the BMP or control measures or reassign acres to other land uses in the segment.

Grant recipients can use CBIG and CBRAP grant funds to support these data submission activities.