DOCUMENTATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL INDICATOR DETERMINATION

Interim Final 2/5/99

RCRA Corrective Action

Environmental Indicator (EI) RCRIS code (CA725) Current Human Exposures Under Control

Facility	Address:	1700 Fruitville Pike Rear, Lancaster, PA 17601				
Facility	EPA ID#:	PAD 00 302 6663				
l .	groundwater, sur	e relevant/significant information on known and reasonably suspected releases to soil, rface water/sediments, and air, subject to RCRA Corrective Action (e.g., from Solid Waste its (SWMU), Regulated Units (RU), and Areas of Concern (AOC)), been considered in this 1?				
	<u>X</u>	If yes - check here and continue with #2 below.				
		If no - re-evaluate existing data, or				
		If data are not available skip to #6 and enter"IN" (more information needed) status code.				

BACKGROUND

Facility Name:

<u>Definition of Environmental Indicators (for the RCRA Corrective Action)</u>

ALCOA, Inc.

Environmental Indicators (EI) are measures being used by the RCRA Corrective Action program to go beyond programmatic activity measures (e.g., reports received and approved, etc.) to track changes in the quality of the environment. The two EI developed to-date indicate the quality of the environment in relation to current human exposures to contamination and the migration of contaminated groundwater. An EI for non-human (ecological) receptors is intended to be developed in the future.

<u>Definition of "Current Human Exposures Under Control" EI</u>

A positive "Current Human Exposures Under Control" EI determination ("YE" status code) indicates that there are no "unacceptable" human exposures to "contamination" (i.e., contaminants in concentrations in excess of appropriate risk-based levels) that can be reasonably expected under current land- and groundwater-use conditions (for all "contamination" subject to RCRA corrective action at or from the identified facility (i.e., site-wide)).

Relationship of EI to Final Remedies

While Final remedies remain the long-term objective of the RCRA Corrective Action program the EI are near-term objectives which are currently being used as Program measures for the Government Performance and Results Act of 1993, GPRA). The "Current Human Exposures Under Control" EI are for reasonably expected human exposures under current land- and groundwater-use conditions ONLY, and do not consider potential future land- or groundwater-use conditions or ecological receptors. The RCRA Corrective Action program's overall mission to protect human health and the environment requires that Final remedies address these issues (i.e., potential future human exposure scenarios, future land and groundwater uses, and ecological receptors).

Duration / Applicability of EI Determinations

EI Determinations status codes should remain in RCRIS national database ONLY as long as they remain true (i.e., RCRIS status codes must be changed when the regulatory authorities become aware of contrary information).

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2. Are groundwater, soil, surface water, sediments, or air **media** known or reasonably suspected to be "**contaminated**" above appropriately protective risk-based "levels" (applicable promulgated standards, as well as other appropriate standards, guidelines, guidance, or criteria) from releases subject to RCRA Corrective Action (from SWMUs, RUs or AOCs)?

	Yes	<u>No</u>	<u>?</u>	Rationale / Key Contaminants
Groundwater	X			TCE and PCE - groundwater investigation.
Air (indoors) ²		X		No on-going operations.
Surface Soil (e.g., <2 ft)		X		Act 2 investigation.
Surface Water		X		groundwater investigation.
Sediment		X		groundwater investigation.
Subsurf. Soil (e.g., >2 ft)	\mathbf{X}			Chromium, cyanide in closed impoundments.
Air (outdoors)		X		no sources.

If no (for all media) - skip to #6, and enter "YE," status code after providing or citing appropriate "levels," and referencing sufficient supporting documentation demonstrating that these "levels" are not exceeded.

If yes (for any media) - continue after identifying key contaminants in each "contaminated" medium, citing appropriate "levels" (or provide an explanation for the determination that the medium could pose an unacceptable risk), and referencing supporting documentation.

If unknown (for any media) - skip to #6 and enter "IN" status code.

Rationale and Reference(s): ALCOA, Inc. ceased all manufacturing operations in 1987. Three surface impoundments, which contained hazardous constituents (chromium and cyanide), were stabilized and closed in November 1988, according to a PADEP-approved closure plan. The groundwater monitoring program indicates that there is little impact to the groundwater from the closed surface impoundments.

The groundwater quality has been monitored since 1983. Monitoring parameters which have been found above MCLs include TCE and PCE. These compounds are related to the former vapor degreaser, not the sludge storage impoundments. The degreaser was removed in 1987 and contaminated soils were removed from the area around and beneath the unit. A recovery well is used to keep the plume within the site boundaries, and ensure that the plume does not impact the wetlands and surface water tributary on site. The recovered groundwater is then sent to an air stripper. The maintenance of the groundwater recovery and monitoring system, as well as the impoundment caps is currently regulated under a PADEP Post-Closure Permit (1999). However, TCE and PCE monitoring results are provided to the Act 2 program, not PADEP Waste Management. Waste Management monitoring parameters include indicator parameters to ensure that the impoundments do not impact groundwater quality. Quarterly sampling changed to semi-annual sampling in 2000, and will continue through 2004, at which time only annual sampling will be required.

In 1991 and 1992, the buildings onsite, except the building housing the air stripper were demolished. Subsequently, the rest of the site was investigated under Pennsylvania's Land Recycling Program (Act 2). Contaminated soil was removed. What remains on-site is below the health-based standards used to screen sites for additional remedial action. The site has been redeveloped, however, ALCOA retains possession of the surface impoundments and the recovery system. ALCOA continues to maintain the area.

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References: Groundwater Monitoring Reports (1983-present)

Act 2 Final Report Approval (7/21/98)
PADEP Post-Closure Permit (1999)
CME for ALCOA, Inc. (1999)

Footnotes:

¹ "Contamination" and "contaminated" describes media containing contaminants (in any form, NAPL and/or dissolved, vapors, or solids, that are subject to RCRA) in concentrations in excess of appropriately protective risk-based "levels" (for the media, that identify risks within the acceptable risk range).

²Recent evidence (from the Colorado Dept. of Public Health and Environment, and others) suggest that unacceptable indoor air concentrations are more common in structures above groundwater with volatile contaminants than previously believed. This is a rapidly developing field and reviewers are encouraged to look to the latest guidance for the appropriate methods and scale of demonstration necessary to be reasonably certain that indoor air (in structures located above (and adjacent to) groundwater with volatile contaminants) does not present unacceptable risks.

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3. Are there **complete pathways** between "contamination" and human receptors such that exposures can be reasonably expected under the current (land- and groundwater-use) conditions?

Summary Exposure Pathway Evaluation Table

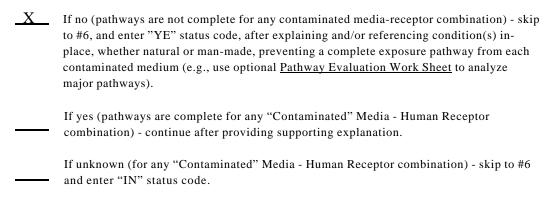
Potential **Human Receptors** (Under Current Conditions)

"Contaminated" Media	Residents	Workers	Day-Care	Construction	Trespassers	Recreation	Food
Groundwater	No	No	No	No			
Air (indoors)							
Soil (surface, e.g., <2 ft)							
Surface Water							
Sediment							
Soil (subsurface e.g., >2 f	t)			No			
Air (outdoors)							

Instructions for **Summary Exposure Pathway Evaluation Table**:

- 1. Strike-out specific Media including Human Receptors' spaces for Media which are not "contaminated" as identified in #2 above.
- 2. enter "yes" or "no" for potential "completeness" under each "Contaminated" Media -- Human Receptor combination (Pathway).

Note: In order to focus the evaluation to the most probable combinations some potential "Contaminated" Media - Human Receptor combinations (Pathways) do not have check spaces ("___"). While these combinations may not be probable in most situations they may be possible in some settings and should be added as necessary.



Rationale and Reference(s): The contaminated soils and waste materials in the surface impoundments have been capped, which will prevent direct contact to construction workers.

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The groundwater contamination is contained on-site, and there are no potable wells on site. The plume has not impacted the wetlands or the tributary to Little Conestoga Creek. Therefore, there is no complete human health exposure pathway for groundwater.

References: Groundwater Monitoring Reports (1983-present)

Act 2 Final Report Approval (7/21/98)
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³ Indirect Pathway/Receptor (e.g., vegetables, fruits, crops, meat and dairy products, fish, shellfish, etc.)

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4.	Can the exposures from any of the complete pathways identified in #3 be reasonably expected to be "significant" (i.e., potentially "unacceptable" because exposures can be reasonably expected to be: 1) greater in magnitude (intensity, frequency and/or duration) than assumed in the derivation of the acceptable "levels" (used to identify the "contamination"); or 2) the combination of exposure magnitude (perhaps even though low) and contaminant concentrations (which may be substantially above the acceptable "levels") could result in greater than acceptable risks)?					
		If no (exposures can not be reasonably expected to be significant (i.e., potentially "unacceptable") for any complete exposure pathway) - skip to #6 and enter "YE" status code after explaining and/or referencing documentation justifying why the exposures (from each of the complete pathways) to "contamination" (identified in #3) are not expected to be "significant."				
		If yes (exposures could be reasonably expected to be "significant" (i.e., potentially "unacceptable") for any complete exposure pathway) - continue after providing a description (of each potentially "unacceptable" exposure pathway) and explaining and/or referencing documentation justifying why the exposures (from each of the remaining complete pathways) to "contamination" (identified in #3) are not expected to be "significant."				
		If unknown (for any complete pathway) - skip to #6 and enter "IN" status code				
	Rationale and Re	ference(s):				

⁴ If there is any question on whether the identified exposures are "significant" (i.e., potentially "unacceptable") consult a human health Risk Assessment specialist with appropriate education, training and experience.

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5.	Can the "significant" exposures (identified in #4) be shown to be within acceptable limits?					
	If yes (all "significant" exposures have been shown to be within acceptable limits) - continue and enter "YE" after summarizing <u>and</u> referencing documentation justifying why all "significant" exposures to "contamination" are within acceptable limits (e.g., a site-specific Human Health Risk Assessment).					
	If no (there are current exposures that can be reasonably expected to be "unacceptable")- continue and enter "NO" status code after providing a description of each potentially "unacceptable" exposure.					
	If unknown (for any potentially "unacceptable" exposure) - continue and enter "IN" statucode					
	Rationale and Reference(s):					

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<u>X</u>	review of the information contained in this EI Determination, "Current Human Exp are expected to be "Under Control" at the ALCOA, Inc. facility, EPA ID #PAD 00 6663, located at 1700 Fruitville Pike Rear, Lancaster, PA 17601, under current reasonably expected conditions. This determination will be re-evaluated when the Agency/State becomes aware of significant changes at the facility. NO - "Current Human Exposures" are NOT "Under Control."						
		e information is needed to make a determi					
Completed by	(signature	>)		202/23/99			
Completed by	(signature	e) Linda A. Matyskiela		02/23/99			
Completed by	(signature	Linda A. Matyskiela Remedial Project Manager (Senior)					
Completed by Supervisor	(signature	Linda A. Matyskiela Remedial Project Manager (Senior) Updated	Date				
, ,	(signature (print) (title)	Linda A. Matyskiela Remedial Project Manager (Senior) Updated	Date	002			
, ,	(signature (print) (title)	Linda A. Matyskiela Remedial Project Manager (Senior) Updated	Date	002			

PADEP Southcentral Regional Office
909 Elmerton Ave
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Groundwater Monitoring Reports (1983-present); Act 2 Final Report Approval (7/21/98); PADEP Post-Closure Permit (1999); and CME for ALCOA, Inc. (1999)

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FINAL NOTE: THE HUMAN EXPOSURES ELIS A QUALITATIVE SCREENING OF EXPOSURES AND THE DETERMINATIONS WITHIN THIS DOCUMENT SHOULD NOT BE USED AS THE SOLE BASIS FOR RESTRICTING THE SCOPE OF MORE DETAILED (E.G., SITE-SPECIFIC) ASSESSMENTS OF RISK.