#### DOCUMENTATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL INDICATOR DETERMINATION

Interim Final 2/5/99

# **RCRA Corrective Action**

# Environmental Indicator (EI) RCRIS code (CA725) Current Human Exposures Under Control

Facility Name:	Boeing Company
Facility Address:	West of Stewart Avenue and North of Route 291, Ridley, PA 19078
Facility EPA ID #:	PAD096837356
groundwater,	ble relevant/significant information on known and reasonably suspected releases to soil, surface water/sediments, and air, subject to RCRA Corrective Action (e.g., from Solid Waste Units (SWMU), Regulated Units (RU), and Areas of Concern (AOC)), been <b>considered</b> in ination?
<u>X</u>	_ If yes - check here and continue with #2 below.
	_ If no - re-evaluate existing data, or
	if data are not available skip to #6 and enter"IN" (more information needed) status code.
BACKGROUND	

# <u>Definition of Environmental Indicators (for the RCRA Corrective Action)</u>

Environmental Indicators (EI) are measures being used by the RCRA Corrective Action program to go beyond programmatic activity measures (e.g., reports received and approved, etc.) to track changes in the quality of the environment. The two EI developed to-date indicate the quality of the environment in relation to current human exposures to contamination and the migration of contaminated groundwater. An EI for non-human (ecological) receptors is intended to be developed in the future.

#### **Definition of "Current Human Exposures Under Control" EI**

A positive "Current Human Exposures Under Control" EI determination ("YE" status code) indicates that there are no "unacceptable" human exposures to "contamination" (i.e., contaminants in concentrations in excess of appropriate risk-based levels) that can be reasonably expected under current land- and groundwater-use conditions (for all "contamination" subject to RCRA corrective action at or from the identified facility (i.e., site-wide)).

#### **Relationship of EI to Final Remedies**

While Final remedies remain the long-term objective of the RCRA Corrective Action program the EI are near-term objectives which are currently being used as Program measures for the Government Performance and Results Act of 1993, GPRA). The "Current Human Exposures Under Control" EI are for reasonably expected human exposures under current land- and groundwater-use conditions ONLY, and do not consider potential future land- or groundwater-use conditions or ecological receptors. The RCRA Corrective Action program's overall mission to protect human health and the environment requires that Final remedies address these issues (i.e., potential future human exposure scenarios, future land and groundwater uses, and ecological receptors).

### **Duration / Applicability of EI Determinations**

EI Determinations status codes should remain in RCRIS national database ONLY as long as they remain true (i.e., RCRIS status codes must be changed when the regulatory authorities become aware of contrary information).

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2. Are groundwater, soil, surface water, sediments, or air **media** known or reasonably suspected to be "**contaminated**" above appropriately protective risk-based "levels" (applicable promulgated standards, as well as other appropriate standards, guidelines, guidance, or criteria) from releases subject to RCRA Corrective Action (from SWMUs, RUs or AOCs)?

	Yes	No	?	Rationale / Key Contaminants
Groundwater	X			See below
Air (indoors) <sup>2</sup>		X		No indoor air pathway associated with SWMU
Surface Soil (e.g., <2 ft)		X		See below
Surface Water		X		No known or reasonably suspected surface water
				impacts above risk based levels from SWMU
Sediment		X		No known or reasonably suspected sediment impacts
				above risk based levels from SWMU
Subsurf. Soil (e.g., >2 ft)		X		See below
Air (outdoors)		X		No known or reasonably suspected impacts above risk
				based levels from SWMU

If no (for all media) - skip to #6, and enter "YE," status code after providing or citing appropriate "levels," and referencing sufficient supporting documentation demonstrating that these "levels" are not exceeded.



If yes (for any media) - continue after identifying key contaminants in each "contaminated" medium, citing appropriate "levels" (or provide an explanation for the determination that the medium could pose an unacceptable risk), and referencing supporting documentation.

If unknown (for any media) - skip to #6 and enter "IN" status code.

### Rationale and Reference(s):

Based on historic site activities and site investigations completed by Boeing, VOCs, SVOCs, and PP metals were below the PADEP Act 2 Non-Residential Statewide Health Standard with the exception of benzo(a)pyrene, dibenzo(a,h)anthracene, arsenic, lead, trichloroethene, napthalene, benzo(b)fluorthene, benzene, mercury, and chrysene. These contaminants were above PADEP Act 2 Non-Residential Statewide Health Standard.Both PADEP and EPA agreed that the indicated contaminants can be effectively managed under Act 2 Site-Specific Standard based on Pathway Elimination. The direct pathway from soils does not exist due to either the existing concrete slab or the presence of asphalt paved surface.

It was determined that the site is underlain by one hydraulic unit. A low level volatile organic plume was detected within this hydraulic unit. Past natural attenuation remediation reports indicated that the lateral extent of the plume decreased in size. To further support the decreasing plume status, fate and transport analysis indicated that this plume was shrinking. As such, the plume would not impact potential receptors, Delaware River and /or Crum Creek, at any time in the future. The groundwater beneath the Boeing property is shallow and there is no reasonable expectation that this groundwater will ever be used as a potable supply.

References: (1) PADEP Act 2 Final Report letter of October 9, 1998. (2) PADEP Act 2 Final Report letter of March 21, 2001. (3) PADEP Act 2 Final Report letter of July 22, 2003. (4) PADEP Act 2 Final Report letter of February 10, 2005.

#### Footnotes:

<sup>1</sup> "Contamination" and "contaminated" describes media containing contaminants (in any form, NAPL and/or dissolved, vapors, or solids, that are subject to RCRA) in concentrations in excess of appropriately protective risk-based "levels" (for the media, that identify risks within the acceptable risk range).

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Recent evidence (from the Colorado Dept. of Public Health and Environment, and others) suggest that unacceptable indoor air concentrations are more common in structures above groundwater with volatile contaminants than previously believed. This is a rapidly developing field and reviewers are encouraged to look to the latest guidance for the appropriate methods and scale of demonstration necessary to be reasonably certain that indoor air (in structures located above (and adjacent to) groundwater with volatile contaminants) does not present unacceptable risks.

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3. Are there **complete pathways** between "contamination" and human receptors such that exposures can be reasonably expected under the current (land- and groundwater-use) conditions?

## **Summary Exposure Pathway Evaluation Table**

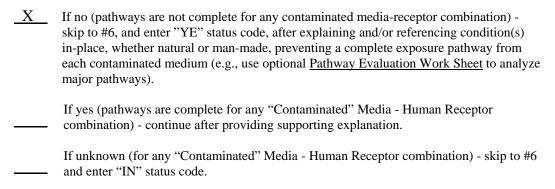
#### Potential **Human Receptors** (Under Current Conditions)

"Contaminated" Media	Residents	Workers	Day-Care	Construction	Trespassers	Recreation	$Food^3$
Groundwater	No	No	No	No			No
Air (indoors)	No	No	No				
Soil (surface, e.g., <2 ft)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Surface Water	No	No			No	No	No
Sediment	No	No			No	No	No
Soil (subsurface e.g., >2 ft)				No			No
Air (outdoors)	No	No	No	No	No		

Instructions for **Summary Exposure Pathway Evaluation Table**:

- 1. Strike-out specific Media including Human Receptors' spaces for Media which are not "contaminated" as identified in #2 above.
- 2. enter "yes" or "no" for potential "completeness" under each "Contaminated" Media -- Human Receptor combination (Pathway).

Note: In order to focus the evaluation to the most probable combinations some potential "Contaminated" Media - Human Receptor combinations (Pathways) do not have check spaces ("\_\_\_\_"). While these combinations may not be probable in most situations they may be possible in some settings and should be added as necessary.



#### **Rationale and Reference(s):**

See Section 1 for rationale. In addition, the groundwater pathway for workers is not complete due to public water supply for site drinking water. Residents have no access to surface water and sediments due to the site being fenced and secured. All construction activities may include contact soil and groundwater are addressed by on-site approval procedures and industrial safety manual and/or engineering controls.

References: (1) PADEPAct 2 Final Report letter of October 9, 1998. (2) Boeing Act 2 Final Report of July 13, 1998. (3) PADEP Act 2 Final Report letter of March 21, 2001. (4) Boeing Act 2 Final Report of February 20, 2001. (5) PADEP Act 2 Final Report letter of July 22, 2003. (6) Boeing Act 2 Final Report of

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April 14, 2003. (7) PADEP Act 2 Final Report letter of February 10, 2005. (8) Boeing Act 2 Final Report of November 10, 2004.

<sup>3</sup> Indirect Pathway/Receptor (e.g., vegetables, fruits, crops, meat and dairy products, fish, shellfish, etc.)

Can the exposures from any of the complete pathways identified in #3 be reasonably expected to be

4.

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"significant" (i.e., potentially "unacceptable" because exposures can be reasonably expected to be: 1) greater in magnitude (intensity, frequency and/or duration) than assumed in the derivation of the acceptable "levels" (used to identify the "contamination"); or 2) the combination of exposure magnitude (perhaps even though low) and contaminant concentrations (which may be substantially above the acceptable "levels") could result in greater than acceptable risks)?

X	If no (exposures can not be reasonably expected to be significant (i.e., potentially "unacceptable") for any complete exposure pathway) - skip to #6 and enter "YE" status code after explaining and/or referencing documentation justifying why the exposures (from each of the complete pathways) to "contamination" (identified in #3) are not expected to be "significant."				
	If yes (exposures could be reasonably expected to be "significant" (i.e., potentially "unacceptable") for any complete exposure pathway) - continue after providing a description (of each potentially "unacceptable" exposure pathway) and explaining and/or referencing documentation justifying why the exposures (from each of the remaining complete pathways) to "contamination" (identified in #3) are not expected to be "significant."				
	If unknown (for any complete pathway) - skip to #6 and enter "IN" status code				
	Reference(s):				

See above Sections 1, 2 and 3

4 If there is any question on whether the identified exposures are "significant" (i.e., potentially "unacceptable") consult a human health Risk Assessment specialist with appropriate education, training and experience.

5. Can the "significant" exposures (identified in #4) be shown to be within acceptable limits?

	If yes (all "significant" exposures have been shown to be within acceptable limits) - continue and enter "YE" after summarizing <u>and</u> referencing documentation justifying why all "significant" exposures to "contamination" are within acceptable limits (e.g., a site-specific Human Health Risk Assessment).
	If no (there are current exposures that can be reasonably expected to be "unacceptable")-continue and enter "NO" status code after providing a description of each potentially "unacceptable" exposure.
	If unknown (for any potentially "unacceptable" exposure) - continue and enter "IN" status code
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**Rationale and Reference(s):** 

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6.	(CA725), and ob	neck the appropriate RCRIS status codes for the Current Human Exposures Under Control EI event code (A725), and obtain Supervisor (or appropriate Manager) signature and date on the EI determination below and attach appropriate supporting documentation as well as a map of the facility):						
	<u>X</u>	review of the are expected 837 356, loc conditions.	e information contained in this E to be "Under Control" at the Bo ated at Ridley Township, PA 190	er Control" has been verified. Based on a I Determination, "Current Human Exposures" being Company facility, EPA ID # PAD 096 078 under current and reasonably expected aluated when the Agency/State becomes				
		NO - "Current Human Exposures" are NOT "Under Control."						
		IN - More	information is needed to make a	determination.				
	Completed by	(signature) (print) (title)	signed Hon Lee Remedial Project Manager	Date <u>11-3-05</u>				
	Supervisor	(signature) (print) (title) (EPA Region	signed Paul Gotthold PA Operations Branch Chief on or State) US EPA Region 3	Date <u>11-3-05</u>				
	Locations whe	re References	s may be found:					
	US EAP Region EPA Administr		1650 Arch Street, Philadelphia,	PA 19103-3029				
	Contact telepho	one and e-mai	il numbers:					
	(name (phone (e-mai	e #) 215-8	Lee 14-3419 m@epa.gov					

FINAL NOTE: THE HUMAN EXPOSURES EI IS A QUALITATIVE SCREENING OF EXPOSURES AND THE DETERMINATIONS WITHIN THIS DOCUMENT SHOULD NOT BE USED AS THE SOLE BASIS FOR RESTRICTING THE SCOPE OF MORE DETAILED (E.G., SITE-SPECIFIC) ASSESSMENTS OF RISK.