

Partner Reflections and Perspectives Oil and Natural Gas Corporation Ltd



Narain Lal

Chief- Carbon Management & Sustainability
Oil & Natural Gas Corp. Ltd (ONGC), India

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ONGC-Tripura Power Company (P) Ltd.



(A Government of India Enterprise)



ONGC TERI Biotech Limited

Presentation overview



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ONGC , GMI & Natural Gas STAR International

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ONGC's Emission Reduction Projects:

- Case Study 1: Methane Leak Detection and Quantification
- Case Study 2: Vapor Recovery for Storage Tanks
- Case Study 3: Snapshots of few projects
- Case Study 4: Out reach campaign

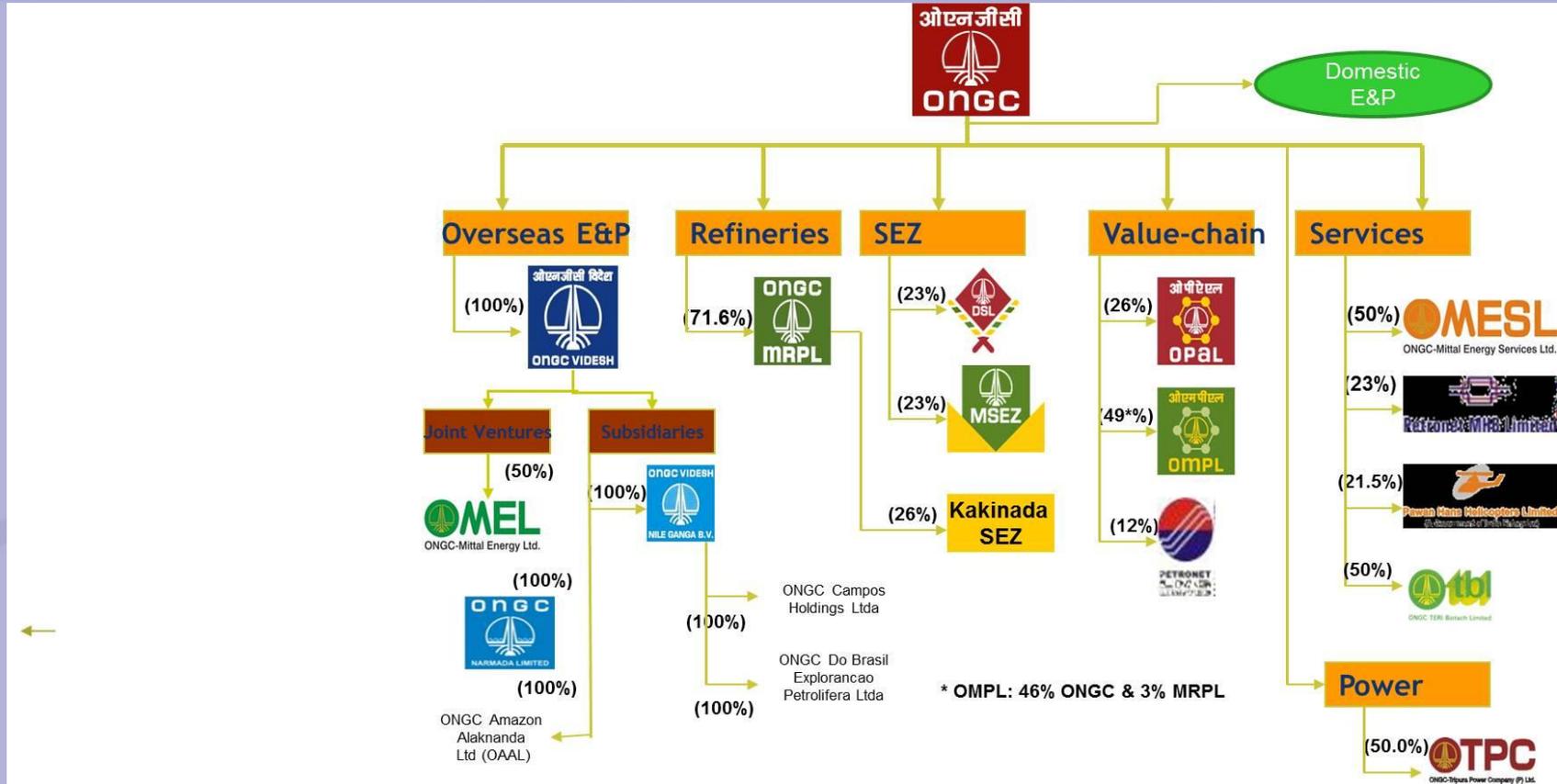
3

Conclusions

4

Acknowledgements / Thank You / Questions

ONGC: The Company



ONGC- E&P Global Footprints

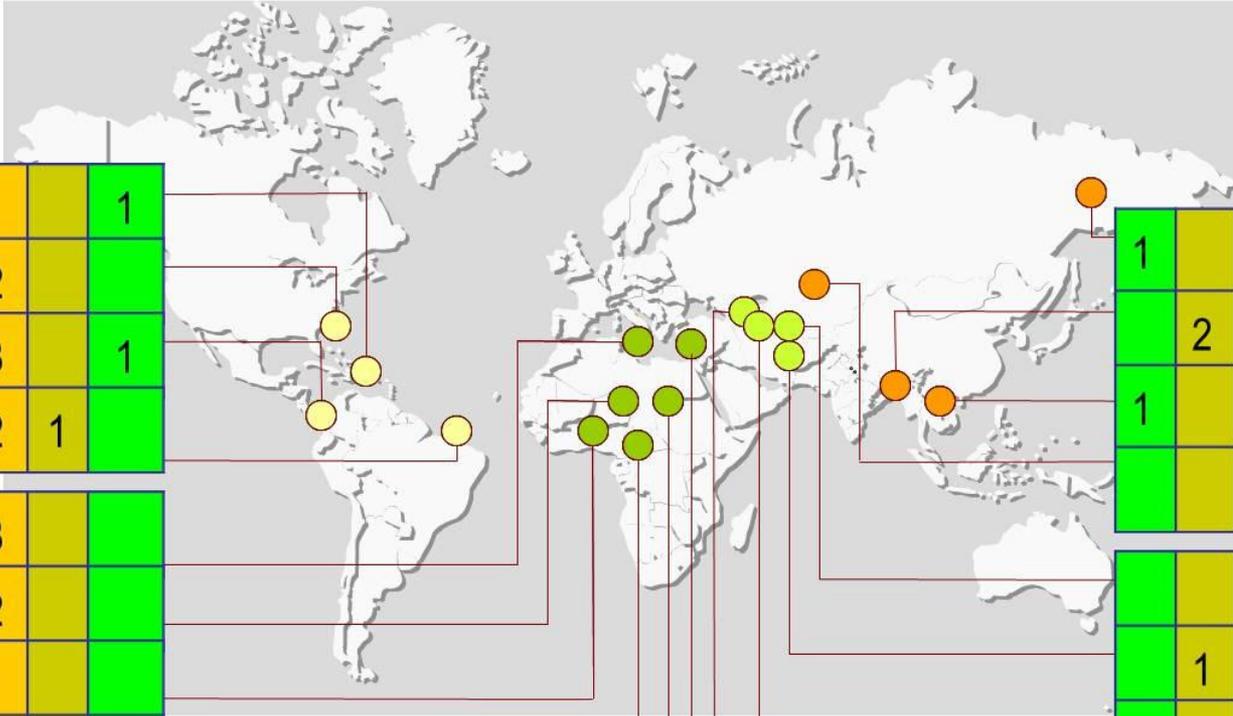


32 Projects in 16 Countries

14 Exploration

7 Development

11 Producing



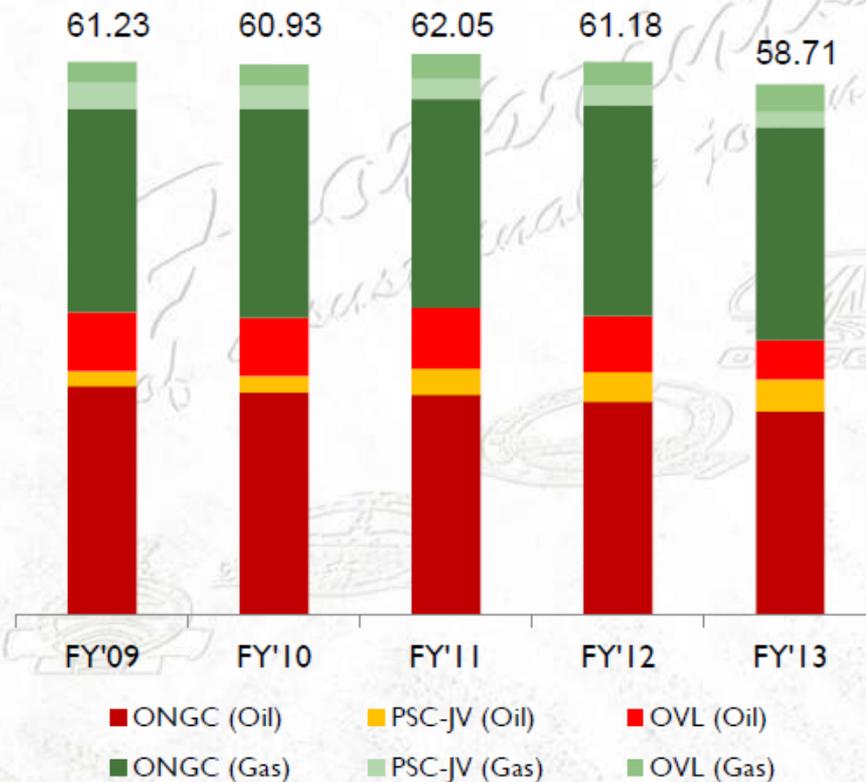
Venezuela			1
Cuba	2		
Colombia	3		1
Brazil	2	1	
Libya	3		
Nigeria	2		
Nigeria	1		
Congo Br	1		
Sudan	1		2

1			Russia
	2	3	Myanmar
1		2	Vietnam
		1	Turkmenistan
		1	Iran
	1		Qatar
		1	Iraq
1		1	Syria

Egypt		2	
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ONGC Group: Production

▶ Lower production in FY'13 due to situations in Sudan & Syria and natural decline in domestic production.



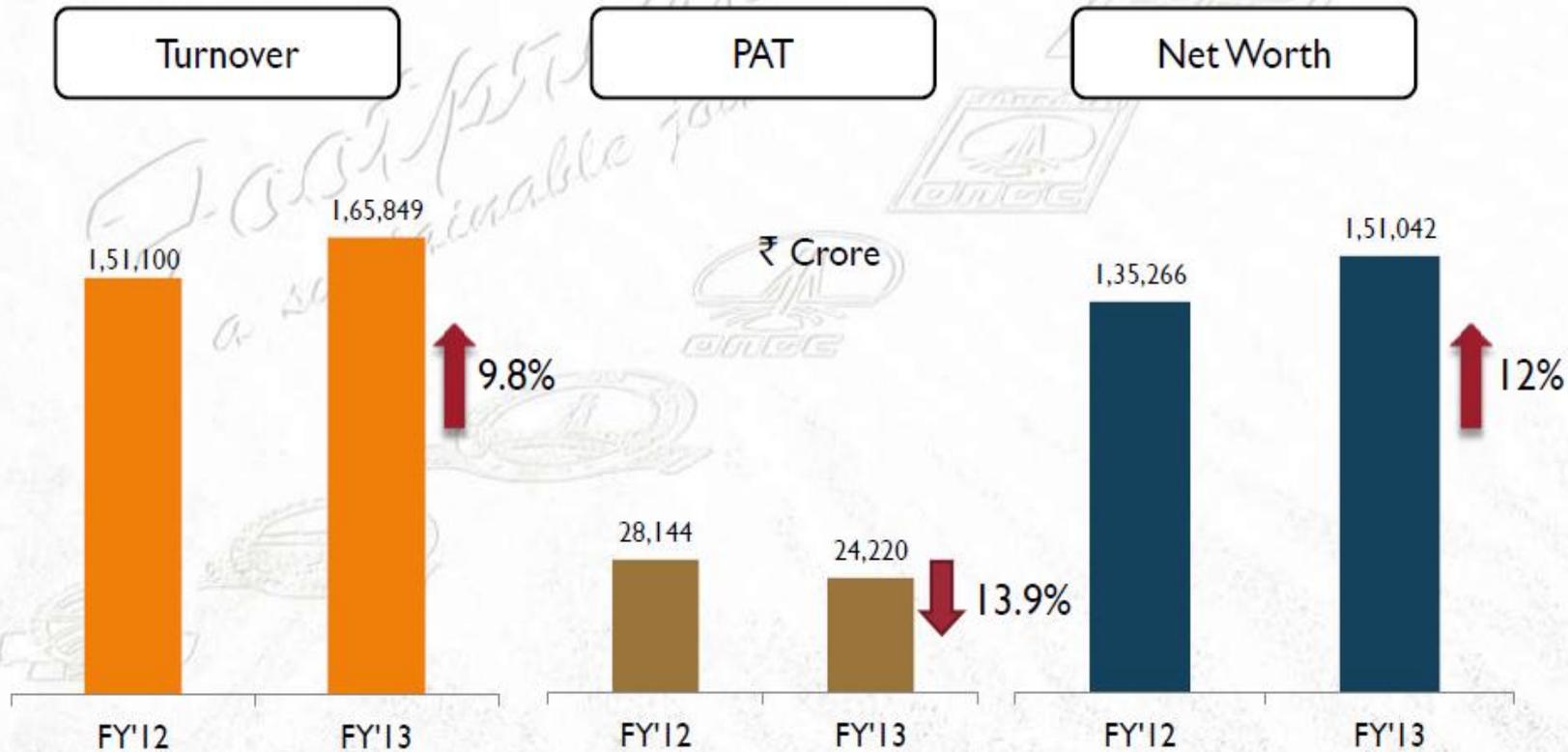
FY'13				
	ONGC	JV	OVL	Total
Oil	22.56	3.56	4.34	30.46
Gas	23.55	1.78	2.92	28.25
O+OEG	46.11	5.34	7.26	58.71

FY'12				
	ONGC	JV	OVL	Total
Oil	23.71	3.21	6.21	33.13
Gas	23.32	2.19	2.54	28.05
O+OEG	47.03	5.40	8.75	61.18

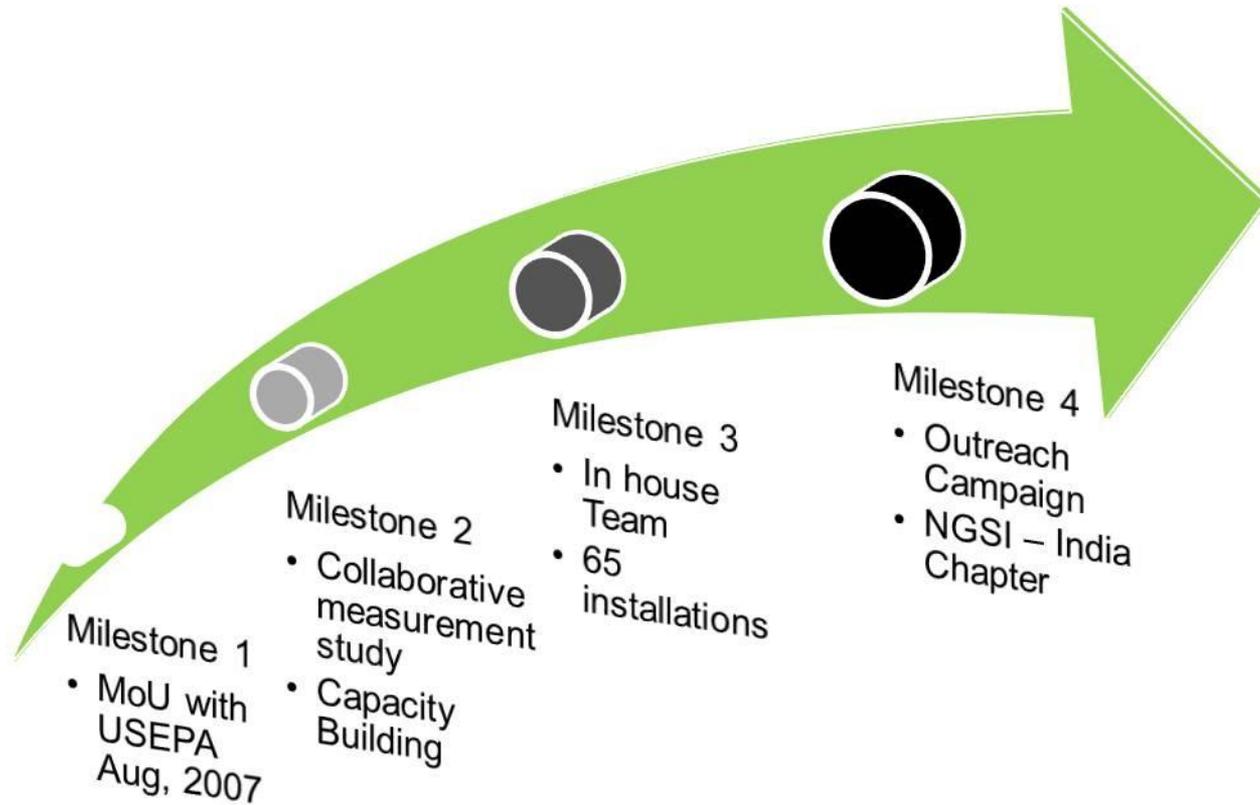
ONGC Group: Financial Performance

\$ 27.5 billion company

▶ Highest-ever Turnover; up 9.8%



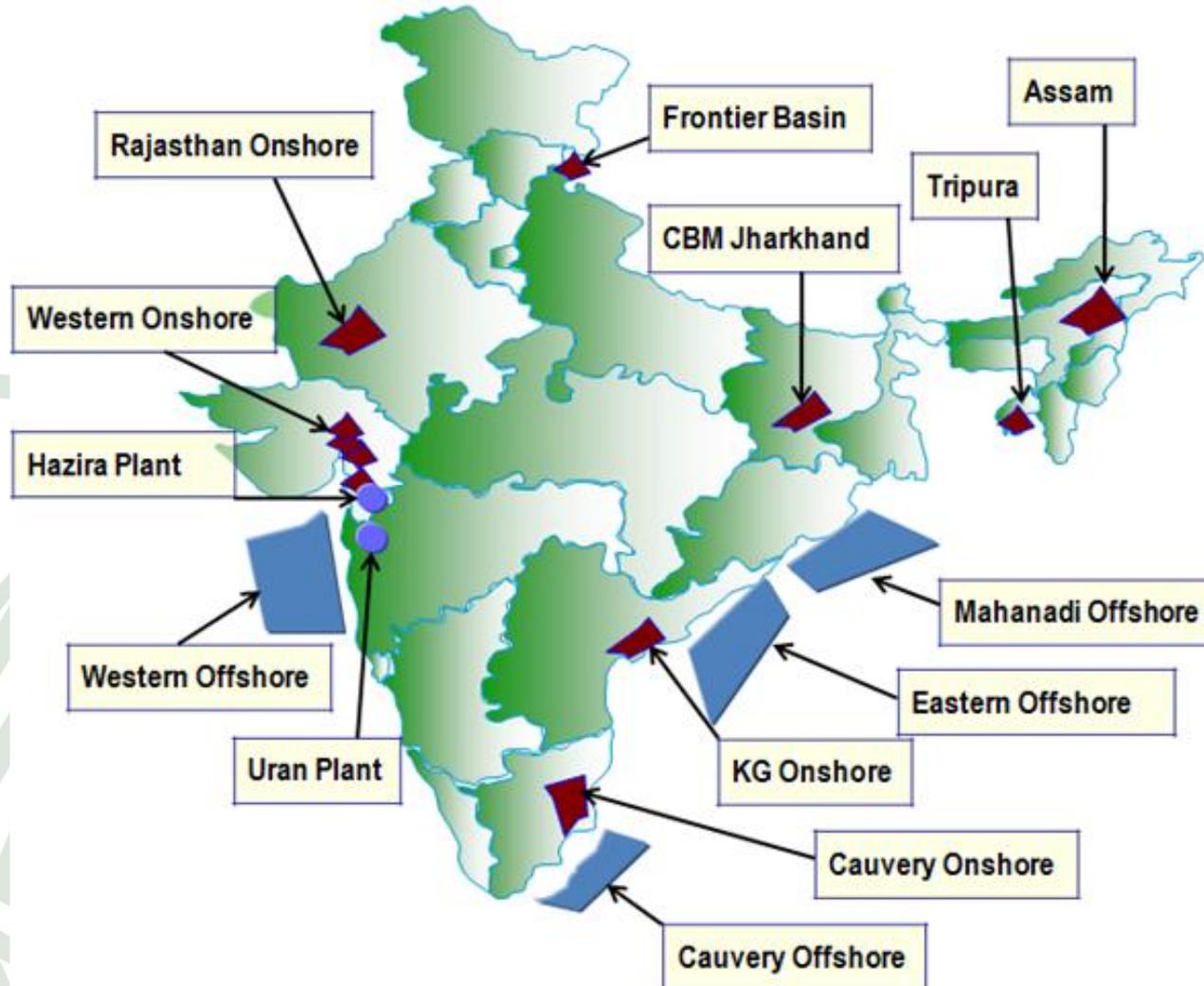
GMI: Journey in ONGC



GMI - Natural Gas STAR International & ONGC

- ▶ Oil and Natural Gas Corporation Limited (ONGC): National Oil Company of India
- ▶ Gas STAR created in U.S. – 1993; expanded internationally in 2006
- ▶ Aug 2007: Signed Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) with US EPA and thereby joined the program in August 2007 through a MoU
- ▶ GMI is now an activity of ONGC's GHG Management Program.
- ▶ In the year 2012-13 we have reduced GHG by 5% from our domestic operation

ONGC India Operations





- May 2008 & Nov 2009: Seven onsite collaborative measurement studies
- Leak survey at 65 installations by ONGC in-house team
- Identified over 500 leaking points
- Quantified over 50 million m³ (MMSCM) of fugitive hydrocarbons
- Reduced methane emissions over 14 MMSCM:

- 2008-09 : 3.20 MMCM
- 2009-10 : 4.72 MMCM
- 2010-11 : 0.63 MMCM
- 2011-12 : 1.99 MMCM
- 2012-13 : 2.44 MMSCM
- 2013-14 : (Under audit)

Environmental benefit: reductions over 185,000 tCO₂e

Emissions & Revenue Opportunities

Asset	No of Leaks & vents	Methane (MMSCM/Year)	Revenue Rs/ year
Ahmedabad	35	0.86	Approx. 17 crores (Gas value at Rs 8000/thousand m ³)
Mehsana	38	1.70	
Ankleshwar	100	10.65	
Assam	88	0.90	
Cauvery	61	0.85	
Tripura	21	0.14	
Uran	12	0.15	
Mumbai Offshore	20	1.80	
Rajamundry	40	1.50	
Hazira	75	2.10	
Total	500	20.05	



Case Study 1: Methane Leak Detection

- ONGC benefitted substantially from identifying and repairing equipment leaks using directed inspection and maintenance (DI&M) at more than 60 of its facilities
- Total capital costs for a DI&M program included primarily equipment costs & man hour costs
- Annual costs include the labor and repair necessary to repair all leaks at each facility
- Taking into account capital and annual costs, this project yields a very good payback
- Since DI&M is an operating practice, continual surveys are necessary to maintain the benefits

Case Study 2: Vapor Recovery for Storage Tanks

- Initial finding - Avg 20000 SCMD of wet vapour from Twin Intermediate Tanks
- C1 component (CH₄) = 22.5%
- **Capex:** Approx. Rs 13 crores (**USD 2.8 million**)
- **Opex:** Rs 42 Lakhs/Annum – cost of electricity to run the compressors
- **Approx. USD 100000**
- Total Power required-120 KW
 - Power required to drive the TVRU compressor- 60 KW
 - Power required to compress gas in CSU off gas compressors - 60 KW
- Revenue from VAP INR 10 crores per/year (**USD 2.2 Million approx**)
- **Payback -less than 2 years**

Existing TVRU – Uran Plant, ONGC



All the three projects have compelling payback

- Replacement of servo gas system by instrument air at GCP Kallol

Methane saving: 850 M3/Day

- Replacement of servo gas system by instrument air at three installations of RJY Asset

Methane saving: Approx 1200 M3/Day

- Tank Vapour Recovery by Ejector System at GCS Kuthalam

Methane saving: 200 M3/Day

Fiscal details of Implemented Projects

Project	Vapour /gas Recovered in SCMD	Methane Recovered in SCMD	Revenue Generated in INR/ Year	Capex in INR	Opex in INR/ Year	Pay back Period
TVRU, Uran	9000	2025	10 Crore	13 Crore	43 Lakh	< 2years
VRU-Ejector system, GCS Kuthalam	1000	200	30 Lakhs	5 Lakhs		< 1 year
Pneumatic system, GCS, Kallol	1035	850	20 Lakhs	5 Lakhs		< 1year
Pneumatic system, Rjy, Asset	1500	1200	34 Lakhs	81 Lakhs	20 Lakhs	2.4 year

ONGC outreach campaign: GMI Program



- Conducts regular programs at ONGC academy on ONGC GMI Program
- Disseminate the Program idea through structured forum like- Petrotech, Petrofed etc
- Recently conducted Leak Survey at Vijaipur Gas Processing complex of GAIL India Limited, the biggest gas utility of India
- Conducted the first ever NGSI India Meet towards creating a Natural Gas STAR community in India: All the major oil companies- ONGC, GAIL, Cairn India, PLL joined the campaign



ONGC GMI Team



ONGC USEPA Collaborative
GMI Team



A glimpse of NGSi India Meet- 2013



A glimpse of NGSi India Meet- 2013



NGSi-India Meet
(Natural Gas STAR International - India Meet)
August 12, 2013
Global Methane Initiative

Agenda

- 1. Introduction, Objectives, Rationale
- 2. Key goals
- 3. Identification of key methane sources from 25 (27) Indian refineries
- 4. Identification of 10 refineries with 175 t/d fugitive methane
- 5. Reduction of methane emissions
- 6. Methane capture and utilization
- 7. Methane capture and utilization
- 8. Methane capture and utilization
- 9. Methane capture and utilization
- 10. Methane capture and utilization

ONGC-GMI Program: Way Forward

- Strengthening ONGC GMI Program team
- Enhancement of infrastructure
- Relevant training to new team members
- Emission survey- Continuous survey
- Emission inventory
- Technology Interventions
- Corrective action thereof
- Yearly monitoring plan & reporting

Conclusion

Reduction of fugitive methane is

- Profitable
- Enhance Environmental performance
- Increase operational efficiency
- Challenging - Barrier exists

(technological, economic, lack of information, regulatory, focus, manpower, etc.)



Acknowledgements / Thank You / Questions

Mr Narain Lal

Group General Manager

Chief Carbon Management &
Sustainability Group, ONGC

GMI Implementation Manager

+91.11.22440829

chief_cmsg@ongc.co.in