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The History and Generality of AQUATOX, a Robust Mechanistic Model

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In 1990 aquatic fate, toxicology, and ecosystem submodels were coupled to "close the loop," representing both direct and indirect effects; the model is also a platform to which other environmental stressors may be added for extensive analysis



AQUATOX Background and History

Consistent and deliberative development

- Integrated ecosystem fate and effects model first envisioned 30 years ago
- Jon Clough, programmer, and Marge Wellman, EPA Project Manager, for 20 years
- QA/QC for every formulation and code, entire model peer-reviewed by 3 external EPA panels
- Specific applications reviewed by *ad hoc* panels

Background:

- CLEAN, Lakes George & Wingra, International Biological Program, 1970-1974
- CLEANER, 6 European lakes, funded by National Science Foundation and EPA Athens Lab, 1975-1979
- **PEST**, chemical fate and bioaccumulation model funded by **EPA Athens Lab** (Larry Burns), 1979-1980

Early History:

- EPA Off. Prevention, Pesticides, & Toxic Substances (Dave Mauriello, Rufus Morison, Don Rodier)
 - Unfunded proposal, 1980
 - Workshop, Baltimore, *specifications for model*, 1987
 - 1st publication, symposium proceedings, EPA Athens Lab, 1988
 - Initial development, EPA OPPTS purchase order through Corvallis Lab (Hal Kibby), 1989-1990
- Used in Environmental Risk Assessment class, Indiana Univ. School Public & Environmental Affairs, 1991-1992
- Potential use in assessment of corn pesticides, Abt Associates, 1993-1995

AQUATOX History continued

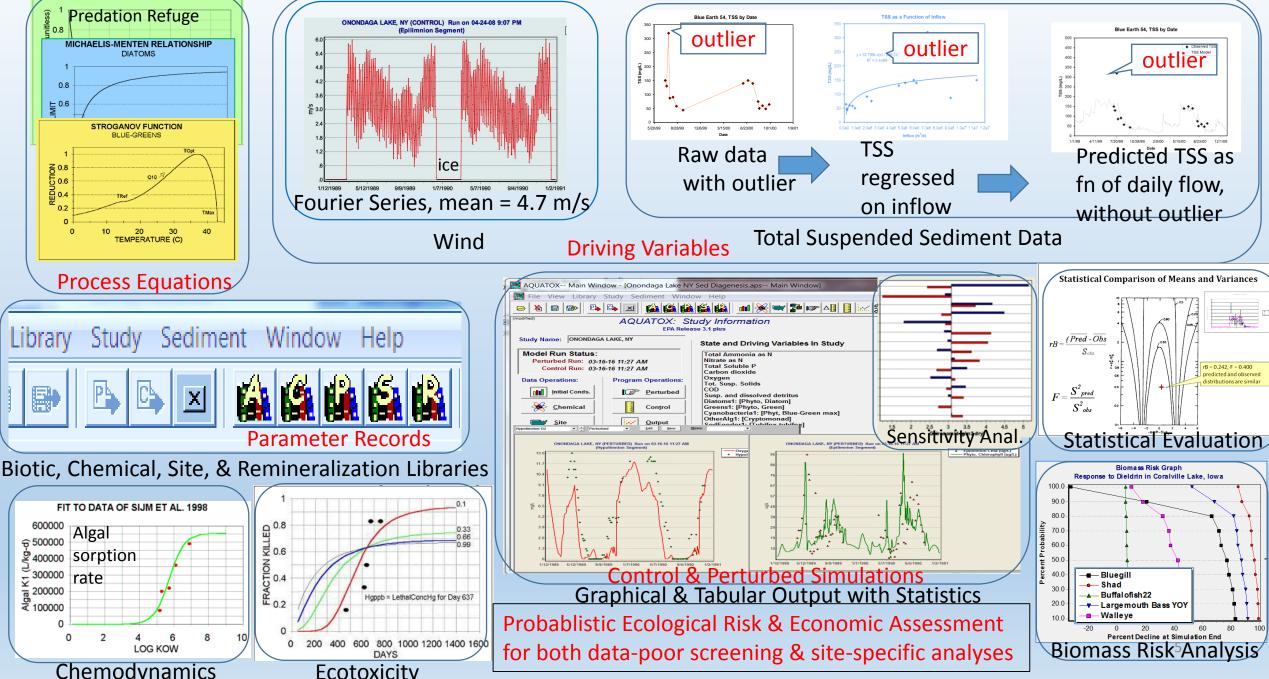
Development, EPA Office of Water (Russ Kinerson, Marge Wellman, Jim Carleton), 1995-2014

- Coded for Windows, 1995
- Verification, 1997:
 - Lake Onondaga NY, Coralville Res. Iowa, PCBs in Lake Ontario food web
- Linkage to BASINS (HSPF, SWAT) 2001
- Periphyton submodel, verification Walker Branch TN, 2001-2002
- Simultaneous calibration across nutrient gradient, 2004
 - Crow Wing, Rum, and Blue Earth Rivers MN
- Sediment diagenesis, sediment impacts, CaCO₃ pcpt and P sorption 2005
- Water quality criteria, Lower Boise River ID, Tenkiller Lake OK, 2005-2008
- Sensitivity and uncertainty analysis, 2009-2010
- Feasibility of modeling FL streams with minimal data, 2010
- Linkage to Web-based toxcity estimation database (ICE), 2010
- Water quality criteria, DeGray AR, Tenkiller OK Reservoirs, 2011
- CO2Sys linkage verified with Venice Lagoon data, 2011
- Bioacccumulation of PFOS in riverine foodweb, 2012
- Internal nutrients, 2014

AQUATOX History continued

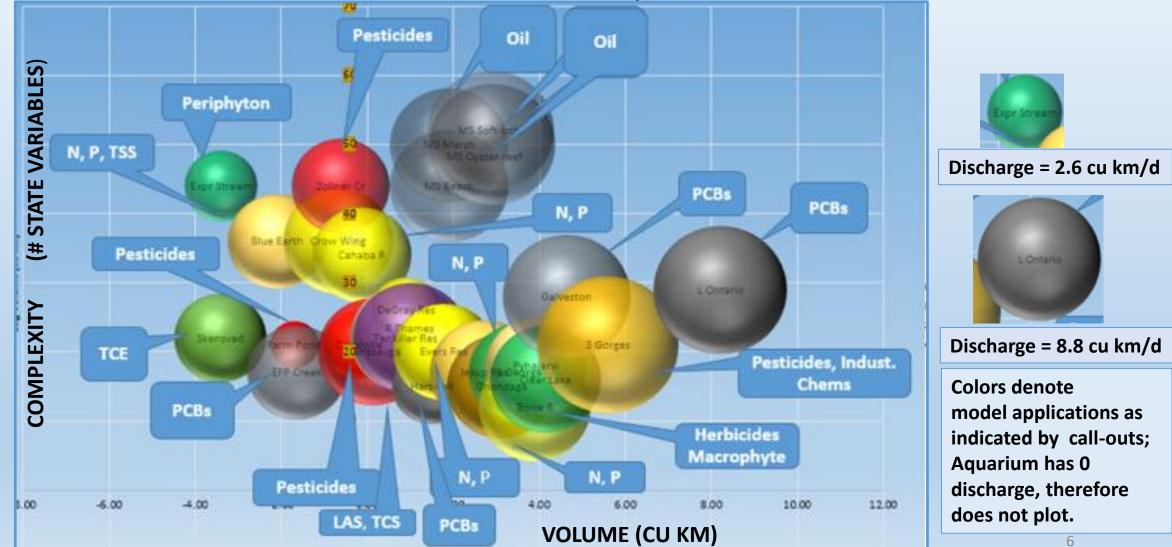
- Development, EPA Off. Prev., Pest., & Toxic Sub. (Dave Mauriello, Don Rodier), 1996-2003
 - Validation: pesticides, nonylphenol, PCP in pond & stream mesocosms, 1996-1997
 - Wizard, enhanced graphics, context-sensitive Help file, 2001
 - Galveston Bay TX canonical environment for assessment of industrial chemicals, 2002
 - PFOS submodel, 2002-2003
 - Risk assessment of legacy contaminated sediments, Coralville IA, 2002
- Impact of surfactants on periphyton, Procter & Gamble, 1998-2000
- Assessment of remedial scenarios, PCBs in Housatonic River, EPA Region I, 1998-2001
- Periphyton-nutrient TMDL, Cahaba River, Jefferson Co. AL (Don Blancher), 2001-2002
- Comparison with other bioaccumulation models, EPA Athens, 2004
- Risk assessment of atrazine, EPA Off. Pesticide Program (Frankenberry), 2004-2006
- Biotic indices, impact of construction in watersheds, Fort Benning GA, Army, 2008-2011
- Anadromous fish submodel, Columbia River Inter-Tribal Fish Commission, 2011-2012
- Model support for TMDL of Lower Boise River, Idaho Dept. Environ. Quality, 2013-2014
- Impacts of BP Oil on Natural Resources of MS and AL, MDEQ & ADEM (USM, Berger Don Blancher), 2012-2015
 - Marsh-Edge, Oyster Reef, Sandy Open-water , Protected, Exposed, and Nourished Beach

AQUATOX: Flexible Integration of Empirical & Mechanistic Constructs

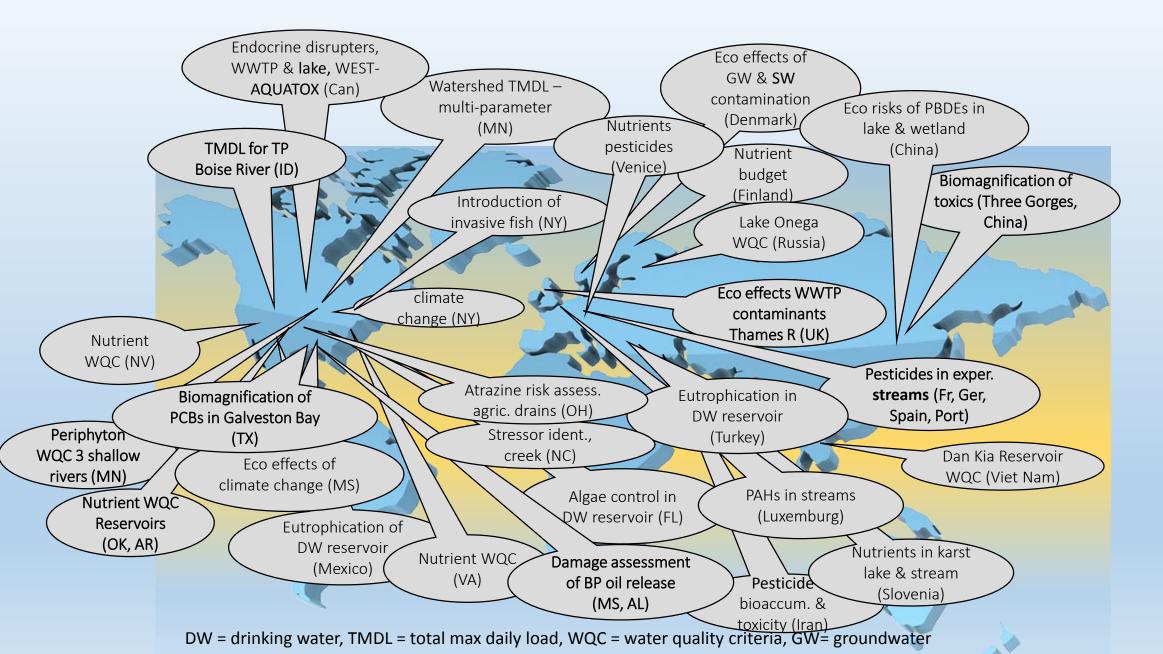


MODEL DOMAIN

AQUATOX spans a range of environmental conditions and applications from a simple aquarium with HCB and a macrophyte to the Three Gorges Reservoir in China with farm runoff and industrial pollution



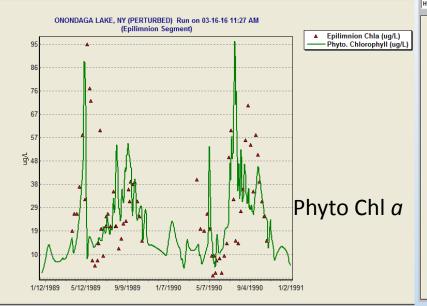
Worldwide applications of AQUATOX

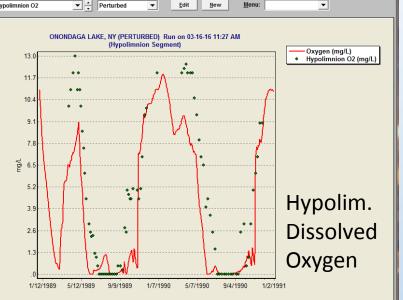


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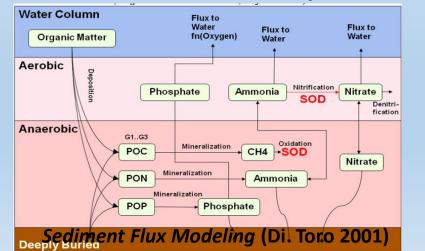
Calibration, sensitivity analysis, and verification/validation: Lake Onondaga NY is a well-studied hypereutrophic system that served as a test case for improvements to the model & forecasting impacts of wastewater diversion & climate change

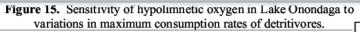


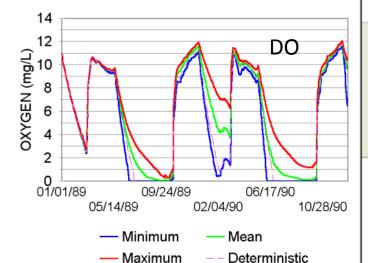




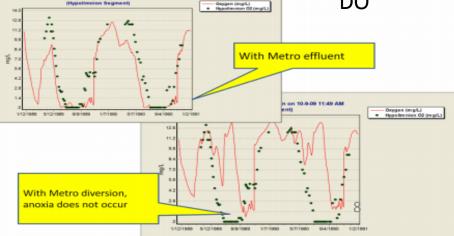
Formulations, such as remineralization from anaerobic sediments were incorporated



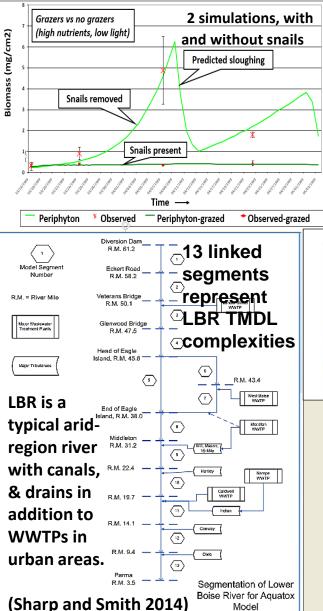






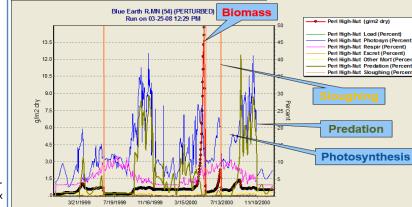


Periphyton model has proven to be robust, with numerous applications ranging from screening model, with little or no site calibration, to detailed TMDL model

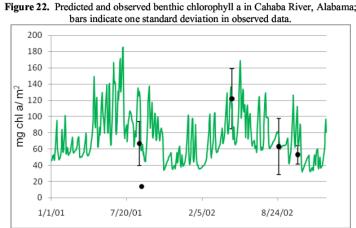


Initial calibration and verification of periphyton model was based on a series of experiments that manipulated nutrient levels, ambient light and grazing pressure by snails in Walker Branch TN, and in adjacent experimental stream (Rosemond, 1993).







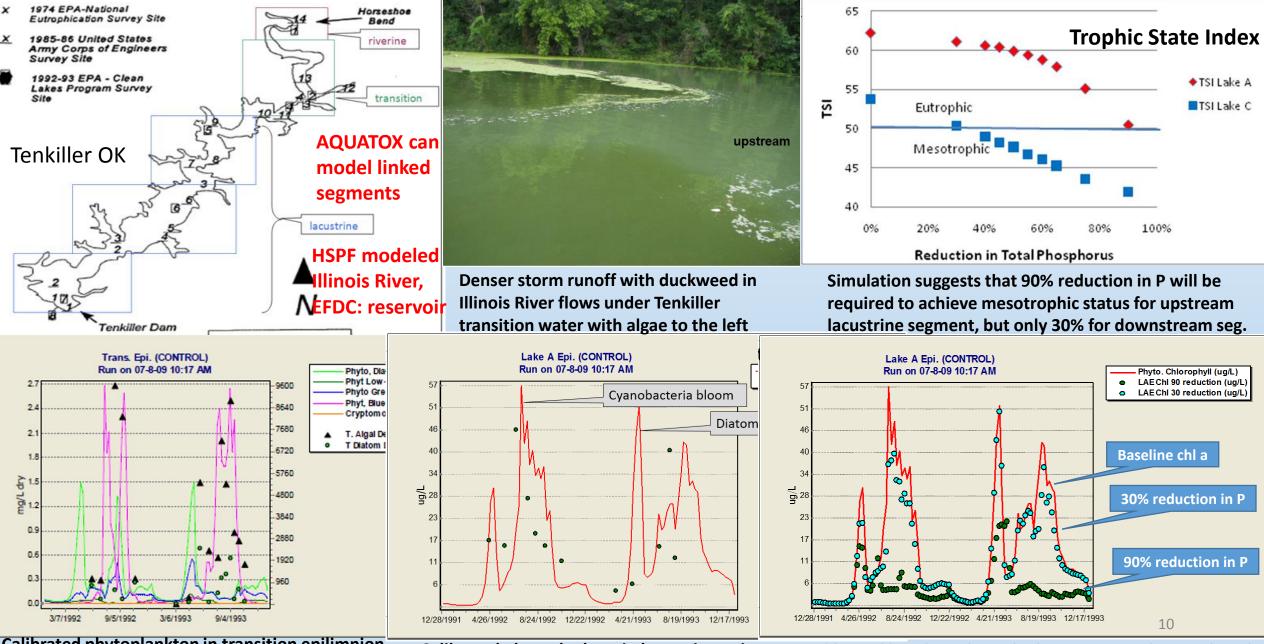


The model was also calibrated with data from the Cahaba River, AL. The model seems to give a reasonable fit to the observed data, considering the spread in the observations as indicated by the error bars (+/- 1 standard deviation). Furthermore, it was calibrated with data from 3 MN rivers with very different N, P, TSS. More recently it was used by IDEQ in the 60-mi Lower Boise R TMDL. Model application is transparent; can "drill down" to see process dynamics, such as algal rates and photosynthesis limitations.



WERF used model without calibration as a screeninglevel model

AQUATOX has been linked to watershed and hydrodynamic models and used to analyze eutrophication and contamination in stratified reservoirs such as Tenkiller Oklahoma

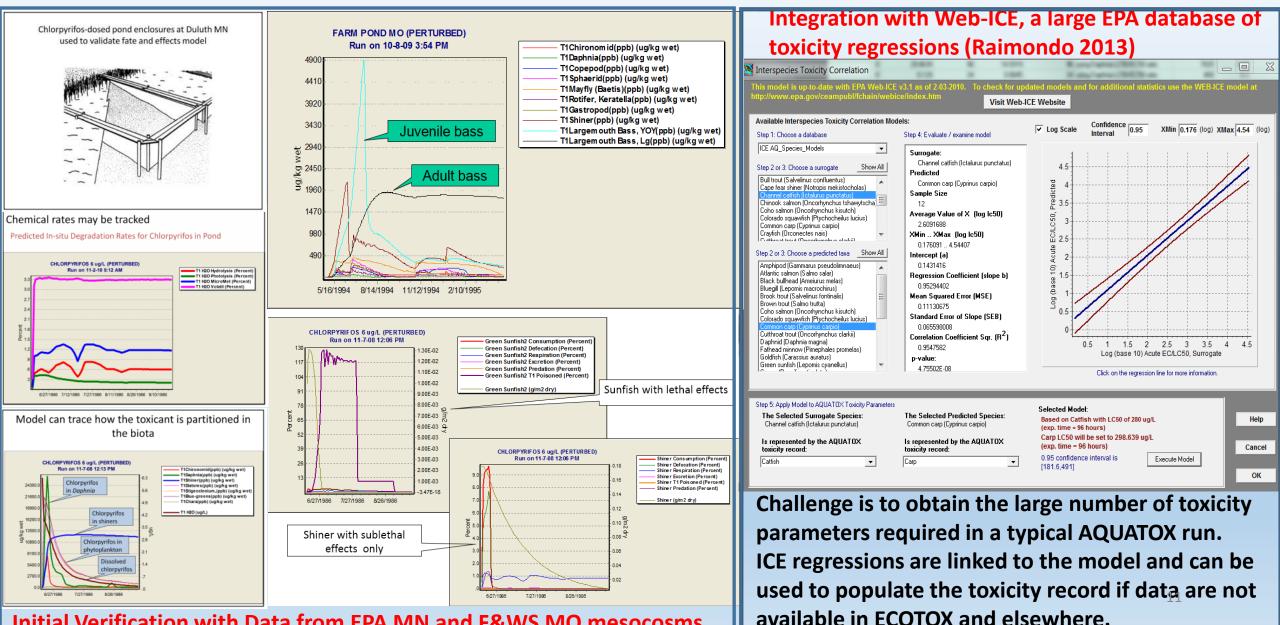


Calibrated phytoplankton in transition epilimnion

Calibrated phytoplankton in lacustrine epi.

Calibrated baseline phytoplankton compared to predicted

Ecotoxicity is a function of internal concentrations of toxicants; external submodel is available if required for mode of action or if uptake and clearance are rapid



Initial Verification with Data from EPA MN and F&WS MO mesocosms

In addition to ecotoxicity, AQUATOX provides a quantitative platform to evaluate multiple environmental stressors acting singly or together



Zollner Creek OR, a TMDL site, exemplifies the action of multiple stressors from ag runoff: sediments, nutrients, and pesticides (including legacy in soil, dieldrin, and one exceeding state criterion, for concentration in water, chlorpyrifos); these affect growth and mortality of fish, including anadromous lamprey and salmon; in addition, tissue concentrations exceed action levels, resulting in fishery advisories. Case study developed as demonstration by Dr. Richard Park, Eco Modeling, for Columbia

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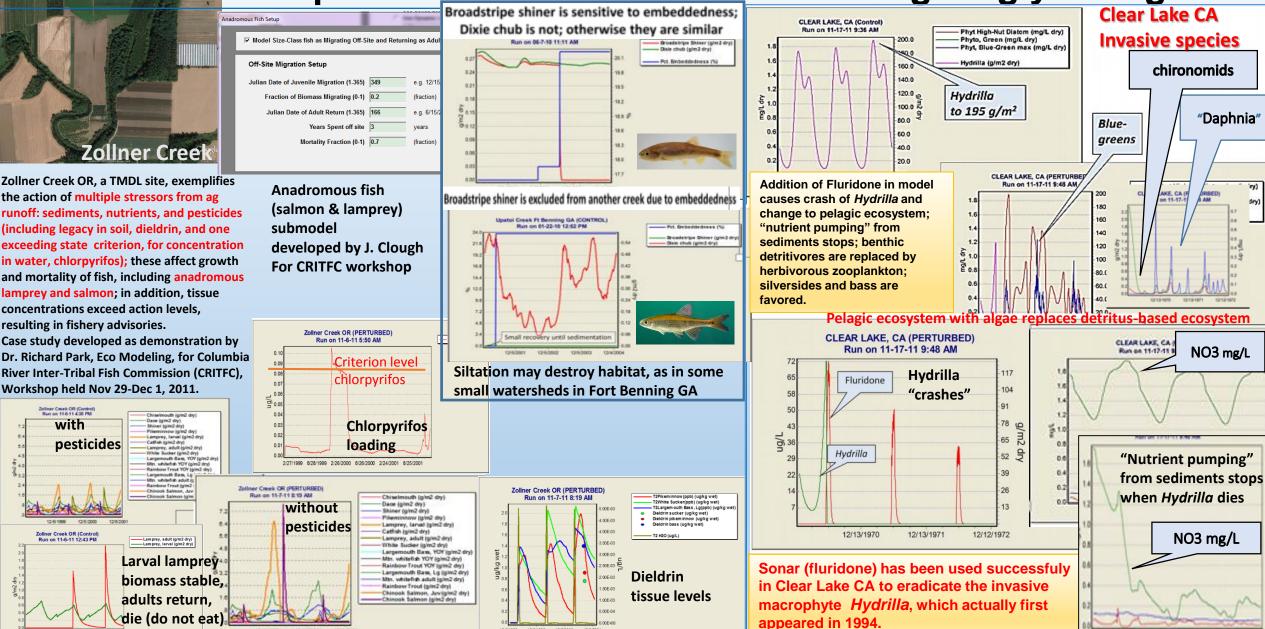
12/5/2000

Colliner Creek OR (Contro Run on 11-6-11-4-35 PM

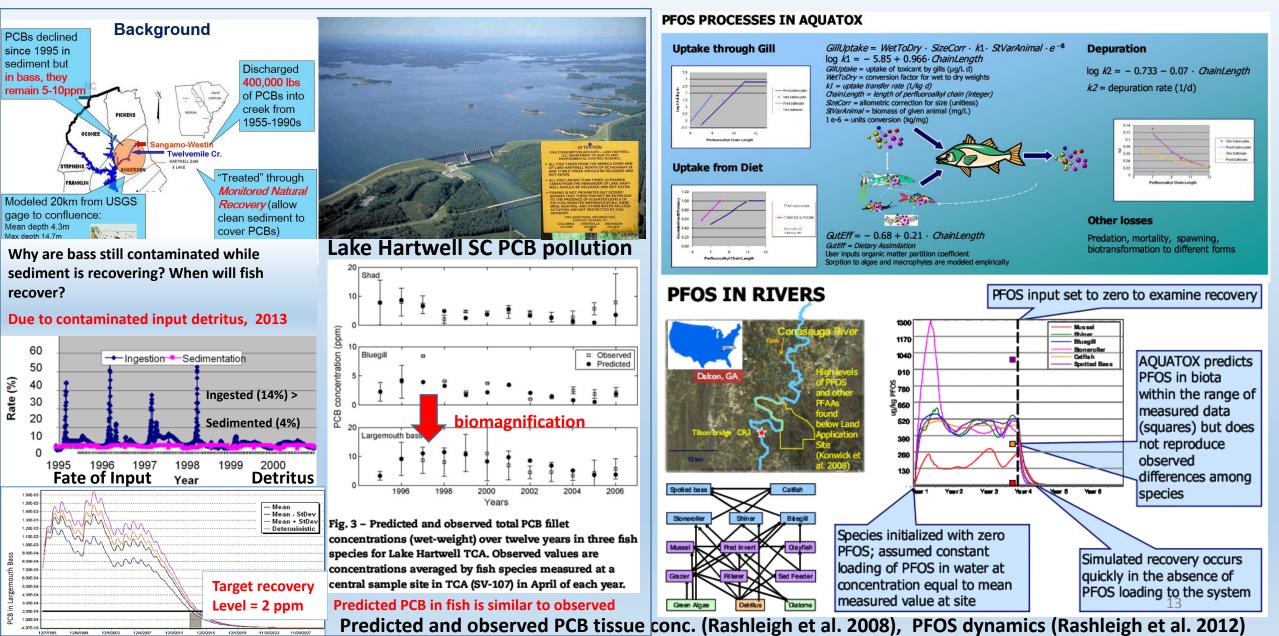
Zollner Creek OR (Contro Run on 11-6-11 12:43 PM

with

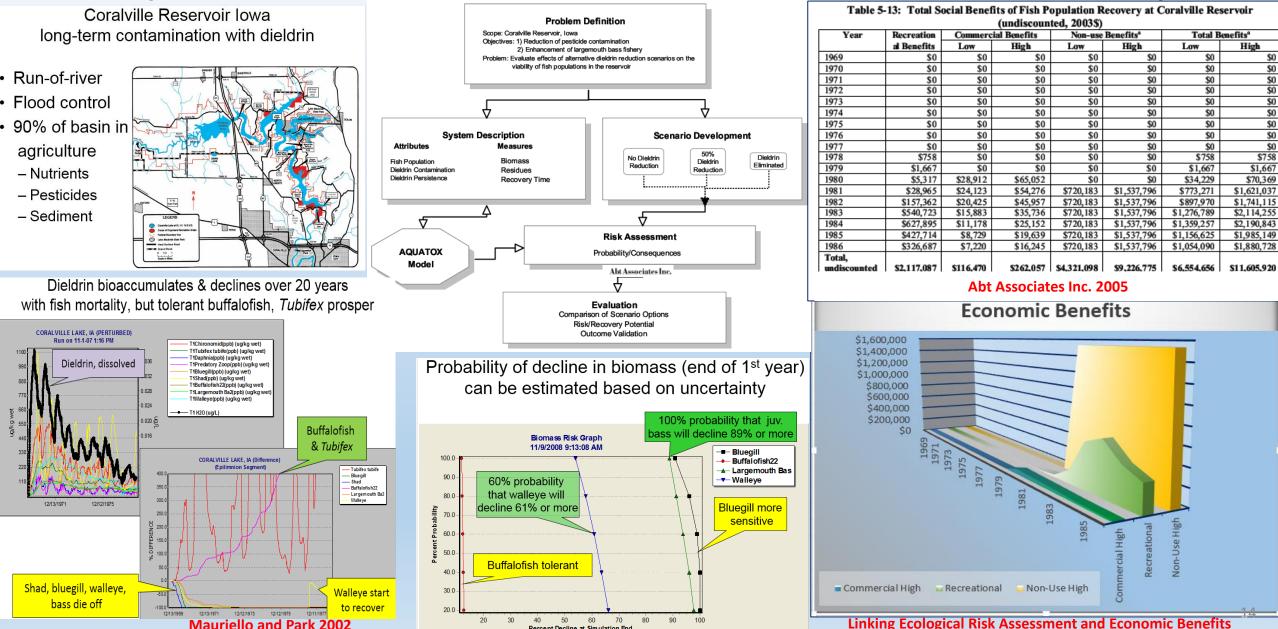
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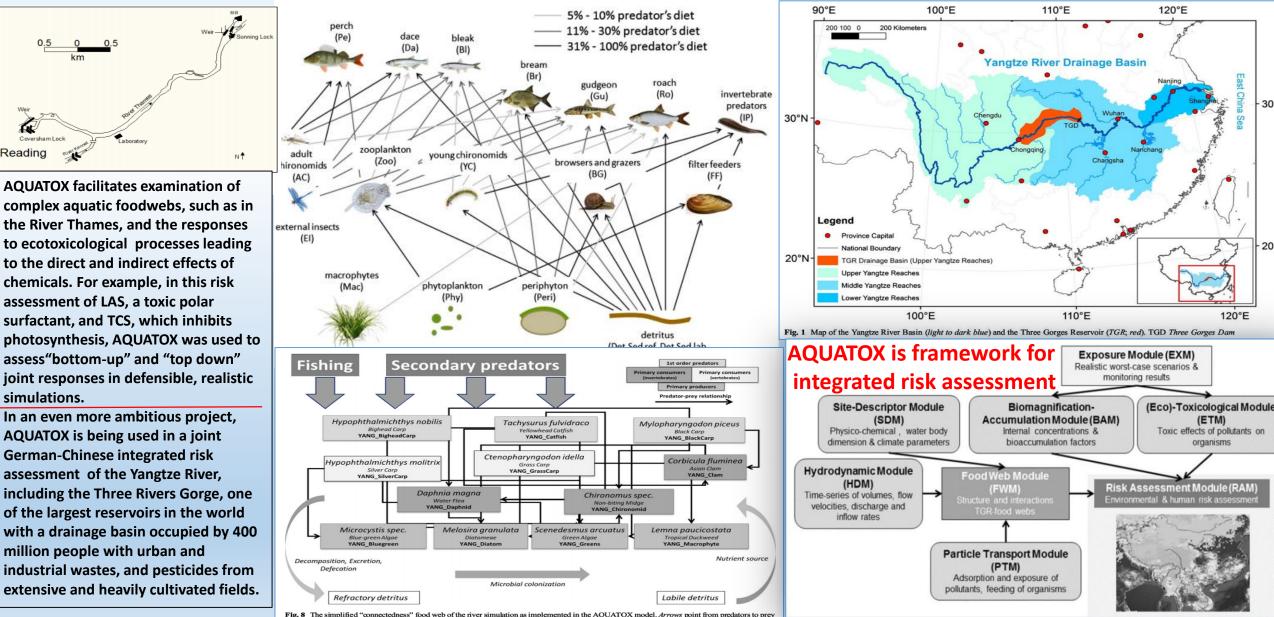
Chemical fate, bioaccumulation, and ecotoxicological processes are fully integrated in aquatic ecosystem model for analyzing both direct and indirect effects



AQUATOX was developed originally for use in Ecological Risk Analysis and can be readily applied in Economic Benefit Analysis



AQUATOX was successfully applied in risk assessment of two common house-hold products in the large and complex ecosystem of the River Thames, UK (Lombardo et al. 2015). Currently it is being used as the framework for an integrated environmental risk assessment of the Yangtze River (Scholz-Starke et al.2013)



Numerous endpoints facilitate analyses and document conclusions; transparent model output meets regulatory and litigation requirements

Interpretation facilitated by qualitative and quantitative endpoints (concentration, process rates, limitations to photosynthesis) Wide variety of stressors can be simulated together or separately

Designed to *isolate stressor effects*

- **Perturbed** simulation *with* stressor
- Baseline simulation without stressor paired simulations
- Joint plots of baseline and perturbed results (for example, biomass, chlorophyll a, DO, Secchi depth)
 - Difference graphs subtract perturbed results from baseline
 - Steinhaus plots quantitative differences: dissimilarity indices
 - Biomass maximum, minimum, mean, mode, variance, std dev. for given or repeating period
 - Trophic state indices especially algal concentrations
 - Summary output
 - Biomass of commercial spp. (oysters, shrimp. Redfish, etc.)
 - Gross primary production
 - Net primary production
 - Annual secondary production
 - Communiuty respiration
 - Turnover
 - Production/Respiration
 - Time to recovery for persistent & biomagnified contaminants
 - Percent exceedance and duration graphs (example: "Phyto. Chlorophyll (ug/L) is exceeded 12.1% of the time.")

