#### DOCUMENTATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL INDICATOR DETERMINATION

Interim Final 2/5/99

# RCRA Corrective Action Environmental Indicator (EI) RCRIS code (CA750)

#### Migration of Contaminated Groundwater Under Control

Faci	lity Name:	Envirite of Pennsylvania, Inc.	
Facility Address: Facility EPA ID #:		730 Vogelsong Road, York, PA 17404	
		PAD 01 015 4045	
gı	groundwater me	elevant/significant information on known and reasonably suspected releases to the a, subject to RCRA Corrective Action (e.g., from Solid Waste Management Units ed Units (RU), and Areas of Concern (AOC)), been considered in this EI determination?	
	X	If yes - check here and continue with #2 below.	
		If no – re-evaluate existing data, or	
		If data are not available skip to #8 and enter "IN" (more information needed) status code	

#### BACKGROUND

#### Definition of Environmental Indicators (for the RCRA Corrective Action)

Environmental Indicators (EI) are measures being used by the RCRA Corrective Action program to go beyond programmatic activity measures (e.g., reports received and approved, etc.) to track changes in the quality of the environment. The two EI developed to-date indicate the quality of the environment in relation to current human exposures to contamination and the migration of contaminated groundwater. An EI for non-human (ecological) receptors is intended to be developed in the future.

## Definition of "Current Human Exposures Under Controls" EI

A positive "Current Human Exposures Under Control" El determination ("YE" status code) indicates that there are no "unacceptable" human exposures to "contamination" (i.e., contaminants in concentrations in excess of appropriate risk-based levels) that can be reasonably expected under current land- and groundwater-use conditions (for all "contamination" subject to RCRA corrective action at or from the identified facility (i.e., site-wide)).

### Relationship of EI to Final Remedies

While Final remedies remain the long-term objective of the RCRA Corrective Action program, the EI are near-term objectives which are currently being used as Program measures for the Government Performance and Results Act of 1993 (GPRA). The "Migration of Contaminated Groundwater Under Control" EI pertains ONLY to the physical migration (i.e., further spread) of contaminated groundwater and contaminants within groundwater (e.g., non aqueous phase liquids or NAPLs). Achieving this EI does not substitute for achieving other stabilization or final remedy requirements and expectations associated with sources of contamination and the need to restore, wherever practicable, contaminated groundwater to be suitable for its designated current and future uses.

#### **Duration / Applicability of EI Determinations**

El Determinations status codes should remain in RCRIS national database ONLY as long as they remain true (i.e., RCRIS status codes must be changed when the regulatory authorities become aware of contrary information).

2.	Is <b>groundwater</b> known or reasonably suspected to be "contaminated" above appropriately protective risk based "levels" (applicable promulgated standards, as well as other appropriate standards, guidelines, guidance, or criteria) from releases subject to RCRA Corrective Action anywhere at, or from, the facility?	
		If yes – continue after identifying key contaminants, citing appropriate "levels," and referencing supporting documentation.
	X	If no – skip to #8 and enter "YE" status code, after citing appropriate "levels," and referencing supporting documentation to demonstrate that groundwater is not "contaminated."
		If unknown (for any media) – skip to #8 and enter "IN" status code.
Ratio	nale and Reference	(s):
The I	Facility property co	neists of approximately 5.3 acres and is surrounded by light industrial and commercial

The Facility property consists of approximately 5.3 acres and is surrounded by light industrial and commercial establishments in a business park. The Facility had its start in 1980 under the ownership of Liqwacon. The name was changed to Envirite of Pennsylvania, Inc. in 1982.

EPA completed an EI site-visit at Envirite on July 12, 2016 in order to evaluate the current environmental conditions and potential exposure pathways at the Facility. EPA used the 1999 USCOE Environmental Assessment Report as a background document and evaluated all release and potential release pathways noted in the Report.

The Facility has primarily accepted waste materials which are inorganic and aqueous from industries such as electroplaters, steel producers, and metal manufacturers. In the unloading areas aqueous and semi-solid wastes are pumped to tanks or receiving pits in the fully-enclosed processing building. Wastes are analyzed for treatability and compatibility with other wastes and to determine the appropriate treatment process. Then they are neutralized and stabilized through oxidation, reduction, precipitation and filtration and treatment trains which also may include the addition of kiln dust and cement products for stabilization. Neutralized and stabilized wastes are tested to ensure they do not exhibit any hazardous characteristics and have immobilized any hazardous constituents. They are then loaded onto trucks and sent off-site for disposal, and the effluent is discharged into the permitted process sewer system. In the event of a leak or spill, wastes are collected in segregated sump systems, analyzed and then processed in the applicable treatment area.

In November 1986, EPA approved a delisting petition for Envirite's treated metals-containing wastes. These treated wastes are no longer considered listed hazardous wastes, and may be disposed of in a non-hazardous waste landfill.

#### Groundwater

No known releases to groundwater have occurred.

#### References:

Environmental Assessment Inspection Report; USACE, dated April 5, 1999

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>"Contamination" and "contaminated" describes media containing contaminants (in any form, NAPL and/or dissolved, vapors, or solids, that are subject to RCRA) in concentrations in excess of appropriate "levels" (appropriate for the protection of the groundwater resource and its beneficial uses).

3.	Has the <b>migration</b> of contaminated groundwater <b>stabilized</b> (such that contaminated groundwater is expected to remain within "existing area of contaminated groundwater" as defined by the monitoring locations designated at the time of this determination)?	
	If yes - continue, after presenting or referencing the physical evidence (e.g., groundwater sampling/measurement/migration barrier data) and rationale why contaminated groundwater is expected to remain within the (horizontal or vertical) dimensions of the "existing area of groundwater contamination" <sup>2</sup> )	
	If no (contaminated groundwater is observed or expected to migrate beyond the designated locations defining the "existing area of groundwater contamination" <sup>2</sup> ) - skip to #8 and enter "NO" status code, after providing an explanation.	
	If unknown - skip to #8 and enter "IN" status code.	
Ratio	le and Reference(s):	

<sup>2 &</sup>quot;Existing area of contaminated groundwater" is an area (with horizontal and vertical dimensions) that has been verifiably demonstrated to contain all relevant groundwater contamination for this determination, and is defined by designated (monitoring) locations proximate to the outer perimeter of "contamination" that can and will be sampled/tested in the future to physically verify that all contaminated groundwater remains within this area, and that the further migration of "contaminated" groundwater is not occurring. Reasonable allowances in the proximity of the monitoring locations are permissible to incorporate formal remedy decisions (i.e., including public participation) allowing a limited area for natural attenuation.

If yes - continue after identifying potentially affected surface water bodies.
If no - skip to #7 (and enter a "YE" status code in #8, if #7 = yes) after providing an explanation and/or referencing documentation supporting that groundwater "contamination" does not enter surface water bodies.
If unknown - skip to #8 and enter "IN" status code.

5.	Is the <b>discharge</b> of "contaminated" groundwater into surface water likely to be " <b>insignificant</b> " (i.e., the maximum concentration <sup>3</sup> of each contaminant discharging into surface water is less than 10 times their appropriate groundwater "level," and there are no other conditions (e.g., the nature, and number, of discharging contaminants, or environmental setting), which significantly increase the potential for unacceptable impacts to surface water, sediments, or eco-systems at these concentrations)?
	If yes - skip to #7 (and enter "YE" status code in #8 if #7 = yes), after documenting: 1) the maximum known or reasonably suspected concentration <sup>3</sup> of key contaminants discharged above their groundwater "level," the value of the appropriate "level(s)," and if there is evidence that the concentrations are increasing; and 2) provide a statement of professional judgment/explanation (or reference documentation) supporting that the discharge of groundwater contaminants into the surface water is not anticipated to have unacceptable impacts to the receiving surface water, sediments, or eco-system.
	If no - (the discharge of "contaminated" groundwater into surface water is potentially significant) - continue after documenting: 1) the maximum known or reasonably suspected concentration of <u>each</u> contaminant discharged above its groundwater "level," the value of the appropriate "level(s)," and if there is evidence that the concentrations are increasing; and 2) for any contaminants discharging into surface water in concentrations <sup>3</sup> greater than 100 times their appropriate "level(s)," and if estimated total amount (mass in kg/yr) of each of these contaminants that are being discharged (loaded) into the surface water body (at the time of the determination), and identify if there is evidence that the amount of discharging contaminants is increasing.
	If unknown - enter "IN" status code in #8.

Rationale and Reference(s):

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> As measured in groundwater prior to entry to the groundwater-surface water/sediment interaction (e.g., hyporheic) zone.

6.	acceptable" (i.e.	ge of "contaminated" groundwater into surface water be shown to be "currently", not cause impacts to surface water, sediments or eco-systems that should not be allowed a final remedy decision can be made and implemented <sup>4</sup> )?  If yes - continue after either: 1) identifying the Final Remedy decision incorporating these conditions, or other site-specific criteria (developed for the protection of the site's surface water, sediments, and eco-systems), and referencing supporting documentation demonstrating that these criteria are not exceeded by the discharging groundwater; OR 2 providing or referencing an interim-assessment <sup>5</sup> appropriate to the potential for impact, that shows the discharge of groundwater contaminants into the surface water is (in the opinion of a trained specialists, including ecologist) adequately protective of receiving surface water, sediments, and eco-systems, until such time when a full assessment and final remedy decision can be made. Factors which should be considered in the interimassessment (where appropriate to help identify the impact associated with discharging groundwater) include: surface water body size, flow, use/classification/habitats and contaminant loading limits, other sources of surface water/sediment contamination, surface water and sediment sample results and comparisons to available and appropriate surface water and sediment "levels," as well as any other factors, such as effects on ecological receptors (e.g., via bio-assays/benthic surveys or site-specific ecological Risk Assessments), that the overseeing regulatory agency would deem appropriate for making
		the EI determination.
		If no - (the discharge of "contaminated" groundwater cannot be shown to be "currently acceptable") – skip to #8 and enter a "NO" status, after documenting the currently unacceptable impacts to the surface water body, sediments, and/or eco-systems.
		If unknown - skin to 8 and enter "IN" status code

Rationale and Reference(s):

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Note, because areas of inflowing groundwater can be critical habitats (e.g., nurseries or thermal refugia) for many species, appropriate specialist (e.g., ecologist) should be included in management decisions that could eliminate these areas by significantly altering or reversing groundwater flow pathways near surface water bodies.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The understanding of the impacts of contaminated groundwater discharges into surface water bodies is a rapidly developing field and reviewers are encouraged to look to the latest guidance for the appropriate methods and scale of demonstration to be reasonably certain that discharges are not causing currently unacceptable impacts to the surface waters, sediments or eco-systems.

7.	Will groundwater <b>monitoring</b> / measurement data (and surface water/sediment/ecological data, as necessary) be collected in the future to verify that contaminated groundwater has remained within the horizontal (or vertical, as necessary) dimensions of the "existing area of contaminated groundwater?"		
	If yes - continue after providing or citing documentation for planned activities or future sampling/measurement events. Specifically identify the well/measurement locations which will be tested in the future to verify the expectation (identified in #3) that groundwater contamination will not be migrating horizontally (or vertically, as necessary) beyond the "existing area of groundwater contamination."		
	If no - enter "NO" status code in #8.		
	If unknown - enter "IN" status code in #8.		

 Check the appropriate RCRIS status codes for the Migration of Contaminated Groundwater Under Control El (event code CA750), and obtain Supervisor (or appropriate Manager) signature and date on the El determination below (attach appropriate supporting documentation as well as a map of the facility).

<u>x</u>	YE - Yes, "Migration of contaminated Groundw verified. Based on a review of the information co has been determined that the "Migration of Conta Control" at the Envirite of Pennsylvania, Inc. fac located at 730 Vogelsong Road, York, PA 17404. indicates that the migration of "contaminated" groundwithin the "existing area of contaminated groundwevaluated when the Agency becomes aware of significant contaminated with the recommendation of the contaminated groundwevaluated when the Agency becomes aware of significant contaminated groundwevaluated when the Agency becomes aware of significant contaminated groundwevaluated when the Agency becomes aware of significant contaminated groundwevaluated when the Agency becomes aware of significant contaminated groundwevaluated when the Agency becomes aware of significant contaminated groundwevaluated when the Agency becomes aware of significant contaminated groundwevaluated when the Agency becomes aware of significant contaminated groundwevaluated when the Agency becomes aware of significant contaminated groundwevaluated groundwevaluated when the Agency becomes aware of significant contaminated groundwevaluated groundwevaluat	ntained in the minated Growility, EPA II Specificall bundwater is aminated growater" This	his EI determination, it bundwater" is "Under D # PAD 01 015 4045, ly, this determination s under control, and that boundwater remains determination will be re-
	NO - $$ Unacceptable migration of contaminated $g$	roundwater	is observed or expected.
	IN - More information is needed to make a deter	mination.	
Completed by:	(signature) Links Maty Soula	Date	08/12/2016
	(print) Linda Matyskiela		
	(title) Project Manager		
Supervisor:	(signature) Paul Gotthold, Associate Director	Date	8/16/2011
	(title) Office of PA Remediation		
	(EPA Region or State) EPA Region III		
Locations where	References may be found:		
US EPA	Region III		
Land and	Chemicals Division		
1650 Arc			
Philadelp	hia, PA 19103		
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