any of the purposes specified in 38 U.S.C. 1810(a) only if:

(2)(i) Except as to refinancing loans pursuant to 38 U.S.C. 1810(a)(8), the loan including any scheduled deferred interest added to principal, does not exceed the reasonable value of the property or projected reasonable value of a new home which is security for a graduated payment mortgage loan, as appropriate, as determined by the Administrator, and

(ii) For the purpose of determining the reasonable value of a graduated payment mortgage loan to purchase a new home, the reasonable value of the property as of the time the loan is made shall be calculated to increase at a rate not in excess of 2.5 percent per year, but in no event may the projected value of the property exceed 115 percent of the initially established reasonable value, and (38 U.S.C. 1803(d)(2))

[FR Doc. 82-9516 Filed 4-7-82; 8:45 am] BHLLING CODE \$320-01-M

### ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

40 CFR Part 52

[A-3-FRL-2081-3]

Approval and Promulgation of Implementation Plans; Approval of Revision of the Maryland State Implementation Plan

**AGENCY:** Environmental Protection Agency.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This notice announces EPA's approval of a revision of the Maryland State Implementation Plan (SIP). The revision fulfills the requirements of Section 127-Public Notification, and Section 121—Intergovernmental Consultation, of the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1977. The revision provides a plan for: (1) Adequately notifying the public of National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS) exceedances, (2) informing the public of health hazards associated with these exceedances, (3) promoting public participation in the State's air quality planning process, and (4) ensuring proper intergovernmental cooperation between all agencies involved in the State's air quality planning process. EFFECTIVE DATE: This action will be effective June 7, 1982 unless notice is received that someone wishes to submit

adverse or critical comments.

ADDRESSES: Copies of the revision and accompanying documents are available for inspection during normal business hours at the following offices:

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region III, Air Media & Energy Branch, Curtis Building, Tenth Floor, Sixth & Walnut Streets, Philadelphia, PA 19106, Attn: Patricia Sheridan

Maryland Department of Health & Mental Hygiene, Air Management Administration, 201 W. Preston Street, Baltimore, Maryland 21201, Attn: George P. Ferreri

Public Information Reference Unit, Room 2922, EPA Library, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M Street, SW., Washington, D.C. 20460

The Office of the Federal Register, 1100 L Street, NW., Room 8401, Washington, D.C. 20408

All comments should be addressed to: Henry J. Sokolowski, P.E.; Chief, MD– DE–DC Metro Section (3AW12), Air Media & Energy Branch, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region III, Curtis Building, Tenth Floor, Sixth & Walnut Streets, Philadelphia, PA 19106, Attn: AH037MD

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Cynthia A. Clark (3AW12), U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region III, Sixth & Walnut Streets, Philadelphia, PA 19106, telephone: 215/597-9377.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On October 8, 1981, the State of Maryland submitted for EPA approval a revision of the Maryland State Implementation Plan (SIP). The revision consists of two parts: 1) procedures for public notification as required by Section 127 of the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1977, and 2) mechanisms to provide adequate intergovernmental consultation on SIP revisions and other air quality actions, as required by Section 121 of the Clean Air Act, as amended.

1. Public Notification—Section 127 of the Clean Air Act requires each State to incorporate in its SIP provisions for notifying the public when and where any national primary amblent air quality standard is exceeded. Notification must also advise the public of health hazards associated with such pollution. The State must also inform the public of ways in which they can participate in regulatory and other efforts to improve air quality.

In order to meet these requirements, Maryland's Air Management Administration (AMA) of the Department of Health and Mental Hygiene performs several functions. AMA reports the Pollution Standard

Index (PSI) as described in Appendix G of 40 CFR 58.40, for the Baltimore Metropolitan Area and the Maryland portion of the Washington, D.C. Metropolitan Area. The index for the highest recorded pollutant, general air quality, and health advisory information is reported to the public through a recorded telephone message. The index is also reported by the C&P Telephone Company, the Associated Press, United Press International, the National Weather Service, and the D.C. Lung Association.

The State also issues an annual air quality report. The report includes summaries of air quality data for the preivous year in the two metropolitan areas. Future reports will also include a table listing all exceedances of the primary ambient air quality standards and information on health effects associated with exceedances of the standards. The report is sent to many organizations and individuals including EPA, local governments, libraries, environmental groups, community leaders, and private citizens. A press release furnishing an analysis of the report and announcing the availability of the report to the public will be distributed beginning with the next report.

In an effort to maintain a high degree of public participation in air quality issues, AMA incorporates a number of elements into its planning and regulatory programs. Information on the State's air pollution control program is made available in various forms such as newsletters and slide presentations and is widely distributed.

AMA receives input on air quality issues from a number of advisory committees and through meetings with special interest groups and public hearings. Also, all letters and requests for information are answered promptly.

2. Intergovernmental Consultation—Section 121 of the 1977 Clean Air Act directs the State to provide a satisfactory process for consulting all affected organizations during the development of the State Implementation Plan. 40 CFR Part 51 Subpart M describes procedures the State must follow in order to fulfill the requirements of Section 121. To satisfy these requirements, the State has established an intergovernmental consultation program which includes the elements described below.

The State has identified all organizations that participate in the development, implementation, and enforcement of the SIP. Among these are State agencies, County and local government agencies and regional

planning organizations. Additionally, two regional planning agencies are certified as Section 174 agencies for the purpose of transportation control planning within their respective air quality control regions.

All organizations that are involved in the SIP process may not have the same degree of interest in all elements of the SIP. The State developed a matrix which identifies each element of the SIP and the level of participation of each of the organizations. This will ensure that each organization is fully informed of all SIP activities affecting it and has the opportunity for regular and frequent involvement in the SIP development process.

Additional mechanisms used to ensure an efficient and functional consultation process include the use of State and Metropolitan A-95 Clearinghouses to disseminate information to and solicit comments from affected organizations; the use of advisory committees; public hearings; and direct mailings of information to private citizens and interested groups. The State is proposing to add several elements to its program. These include submitting draft SIP revisions to all affected organizations prior to finalizing the revision, developing a monthly summary sheet containing current information for distribution to all interested parties, developing a contract system for delegating responsibility for specific SIP revisions to affected agencies, and designating an intergovernmental coordinator within AMA.

The entire SIP revision was the subject of a public hearing on July 14, 1981, in accordance with requirements of 40 CFR 51.4. The revision satisfies all Federal requirements and recommendations and is approvable by EPA.

The public is advised that these actions will be effective 60 days from the publication date of this notice. However, if notice is received within 30 days that someone wishes to submit adverse or critical comments, this action will be withdrawn and subsequent notices will be published before the effective date. One notice will withdraw the final action and another will begin a new rulemaking by announcing a proposal of the action and establishing a comment period.

The Office of Management and Budget has exempted this rule from the requirements of Section 3 of Executive Order 12291.

Under 5 U.S.C. 605(b), I have certified that SIP approvals do not have a significant economic impact on a

substantial number of small entities. (See 46 FR 8709.)

Under Section 307(b)(1) of the Act, petitions for judicial review of this action must be filed in the United States Court of Appeals for the appropriate circuit by (insert 60 days from today). This action may not be challenged later in proceedings to enforce its requirements. (see 307(b)(2).)

### List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 52

Air Pollution Control, Ozone, Sulfur oxides, Nitrogen dioxide, Lead, Particulate matter, Carbon monoxide, Hydrocarbons.

(42 U.S.C. 7401-642)

Dated: March 31, 1982.

Anne M. Gorsuch,

Administrator.

Note.—Incorporation by reference of the State Implementation Plan for the State of Maryland was approved by the Director of the Federal Register on July 1, 1981.

# PART 52—APPROVAL AND PROMULGATION OF IMPLEMENTATION PLANS

Part 52 of Title 40, Code of Federal Regulations is amended as follows:

#### Subpart V-Maryland

In § 52.1070, Paragraph (c)(63) is added to read as follows:

§ 52.1070 Identification of plan.

c) \*. \*

(63) A revision submitted by the State of Maryland on October 8, 1981 detailing a plan for satisfying requirements of Sections 127 and 121 of the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1977

[FR Doc. 82-8558 Filed 4-7-82; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 8560-50-M

## GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

41 CFR Ch. 101

[FPMR Temp. Reg. E-78]

#### Use of Self-Service Pumps

**AGENCY:** General Services Administration.

**ACTION:** Temporary regulation.

SUMMARY: GSA Bulletin FPMR G-139 dated March 1, 1979, suggested that agency officials "\* \* \* maximize the use of self-service pumps by their motor vehicle operators." This regulation, recognizing the potential cost savings, makes the use of self-service pumps mandatory for Government motor vehicle operators who purchase gasoline

at commercial service stations with selfservice pumps by using the Standard Form 149, U.S. Government National Credit Card, or other method of payment.

DATES: Effective date: April 8, 1982. Expiration date: March 31, 1983.

### FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Mr. Larry Frisbee, Federal Fleet Management Division, Office of Motor Equipment (202–275–1021).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: GSA has determined that this rule is not a major rule for the purposes of Executive Order 12291, dated February 17, 1981, because it is not likely to result in an annual effect on the economy of \$100 million or more; a major increase in costs to consumers or others; or significant adverse effects. GSA has based all administrative decisions underlying this rule on adequate information concerning the need for, and consequences of, this rule; has determined that the potential benefits to society from this rule outweigh the potential costs and has maximized the net benefits; and has chosen the alternative approach involving the least net cost to society. (Sec. 205(c), 63 Stat. 390; 40 U.S.C. 486(c))

In 41 CFR Chapter 101, the following temporary regulation is added to the

Appendix at the end of Subchapter E to read as follows:

### Federal Property Management Regulations

[Temporary Regulation E-78]

To: Heads of Federal agencies Subject: Use of Self-Service Pumps

- 1. Purpose. This regulation establishes policy and prescribes procedures for use of self-service pumps for refueling Government motor vehicles.
- Effective date. This regulation is effective upon publication in the Federal Register.
- 3. Expiration date. This regulation expires March 31, 1983, unless revised or superseded.
- 4. Background. With the increase in the availability of self-service pumps at commercial service stations during the late 1970's, the General Services Administration (GSA) issued GSA **Bulletin Federal Property Management** Regulation (FPMR) G-139, Use of Self-Service Pumps, on March 1, 1979. This step was taken in order to realize the 2 to 5 cents per gallon savings available at the self-service pumps. The Bulletin strongly suggested that agency officials take action to maximize the use of selfservice pumps by their motor vehicle operators. Because the price differential between the two types of service has