Region 3 Plan Summary Lancaster County, Pennsylvania 8-Hour Ozone Area

Title: Maintenance Plan for the Lancaster County 8-hour Ozone Attainment Area

Federal Register Dates: May 15, 2007, 72 FR 27265 (Proposed Rule); July 6, 2007, 72 FR 36889 (Final Rule).

EPA Effective Date: July 6, 2007

State Submittal Date: September 20, 2006; revision submitted on November 8, 2006.

Affected Area: Lancaster County

Summary of the Plan - Key Features:

2004 attainment year; projections to 2009 and 2018 The Lancaster Area plan shows maintenance of the 8-hour ozone NAAQS by

demonstrating that current and future emissions of VOC and NOx remain at or below the attainment year 2004 emissions levels throughout the Lancaster Area through the year 2018.

Monitoring Network: There is currently one monitor measuring ozone in the Lancaster Area. PADEP will continue to operate its current air quality monitor in accordance with 40 CFR part 58.

Contingency Plan Triggers:

Contingency measures will be considered if for two consecutive years the fourth highest eight-hour ozone concentrations at the Lancaster Area monitor are above 84 ppb. If this trigger point occurs, the Commonwealth will evaluate whether additional local emission control measures should be implemented in order to prevent a violation of the air quality standard.

Contingency measures will be considered in the event that a violation of the 8-hour ozone standard occurs at the Lancaster County, Pennsylvania monitor

Contingency Measures:

Contingency measures to be considered for the Tioga Area will include, but not limited to the following:

Non-Regulatory Measures:

Voluntary diesel engine "chip reflash" - installation of software to correct the defeat device option on certain heavy-duty diesel engines.

Diesel retrofit, including replacement, repowering or alternative fuel use, for public or private

local onroad or offroad fleets

Idling reduction technology for Class 2 yard locomotives

- Idling reduction technologies or strategies for truck stops, warehouses and other freighthandling facilities
- Accelerated turnover of lawn and garden equipment, especially commercial equipment, including promotion of electric equipment
- Additional promotion of alternative fuel (e.g., biodiesel) for home heating and agricultural use

Regulatory Measures

Additional controls on consumer products

Additional control on portable fuel containers

Schedule: The plan lays out a process to have any regulatory contingency measures in effect within 19 months of the trigger. The plan also lays out a process to implement the non-regulatory contingency measures within 12–24 months of the trigger.

1. Source Category		2009 VOC emissions	2018 VOC emissions
Point*	8.1	8.7	11.0
Area	24.4	24.2	27.2
Mobile	19.8	14.3	7.8
Nonroad	17.3	15.0	11.9
Total	69.6	62.2	57.9

Total VOC Emissions for 2004-2018 (TPD)

* The stationary point source emissions shown here do not include available banked emission credits.

Total NOx Emissions for 2004-2018 (TPD)

Source Category	2004 NOx emissions		2018 NOx emissions
Point*	3.9	4.1	4.6
Area	2.6	2.8	2.9

Mobile	32.3	22.3	9.0
Nonroad	13.2	10.8	6.8
Total	52.0	39.9	23.2

* The stationary point source emissions shown here do not include available banked emission credits.

EPA Region 3 Contact: Ellen Wentworth (3AP21), U.S. EPA Region III 1650 Arch Street, Philadelphia, PA 19103-2029 (215) 814-2034; wentworth.ellen@epa.gov