# AGENCY OF NATURAL RESOURCES DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION WATERSHED MANAGEMENT DIVISION ONE NATIONAL LIFE DRIVE, MAIN BUILDING, 2<sup>ND</sup> FLOOR MONTPELIER, VT 05620-3522

Permit No.: 3-0230

PIN: EJ95-0323

NPDES No.: VT0101273

# **DRAFT**DISCHARGE PERMIT

In compliance with the provisions of the Vermont Water Pollution Control Act as amended (10 V.S.A. chapter 47), the Vermont Water Pollution Control Permit Regulations as amended, and the federal Clean Water Act as amended (33 U.S.C. §1251 *et seq.*),

South Hero Fire District No. 4 28 Hill Road South Hero, Vermont 05486

(hereinafter referred to as the "Permittee") is authorized by the Secretary of Natural Resources (Secretary) to discharge from a facility located at:

28 Hill Road South Hero, Vermont

to Keeler Bay, Lake Champlain, Class B at the point of discharge in accordance with the following conditions.

This permit shall become effective on [Month] [Day], 2017.

This permit and the authorization to discharge shall expire on June 30, 2022.

Emily Boedecker, Commissioner Department of Environmental Conservation

Bv:	Date:
= ) :	2

Page 2 of 18

I.

# A. EFFLUENT LIMITS and MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

1. During the term of this permit, the Permittee is authorized to discharge from outfall serial number S/N 001: Treated filter backwash from a water filtration system to Keeler Bay, Lake Champlain. Such discharges shall be limited and monitored by the Permittee as specified below:

## For the Period of June 1 through September 30

EFFLUENT CHARACTERISTICS	DISCHARGE LIMITATIONS		MONITORING REQUIREMENTS	
	Monthly Average	Maximum Day	Measurement Frequency	Sample Type

Flow	8,000 gpd		$1 \times month$	Estimate <sup>1</sup>
Turbidity	25 NTU: June 1 – Sept 30		$1 \times month$	Grab
Total Residual Chlorine		1.0 mg/l	$1 \times month$	Grab
рН	6.5 to 8.5 SU		$1 \times month$	Grab

Samples collected in compliance with the monitoring requirements specified above shall be collected during a filter backwash discharge at the outfall if not submerged. If the lake level is too high to sample the discharge at the outfall, a sample shall be collected in the settling tank.

<sup>1.</sup> Flow shall be estimated on the cycle counters.

Page 3 of 18

# For the period of October 1 through May 31

EFFLUENT	DISCHARGE LIMITATIONS		MONITORING REQUIREMENTS	
CHARACTERISTICS	Monthly Average	Maximum Day	Measurement Frequency	Sample Type

Flow	8,000 gpd		$1 \times \text{month}$	Estimate <sup>1</sup>
Turbidity	10 NTU: Oct. 1 – May 31		$1 \times month$	Grab
Total Residual Chlorine		1.0 mg/l	$1 \times month$	Grab
рН	6.5 to 8.5 SU		$1 \times month$	Grab

Samples collected in compliance with the monitoring requirements specified above shall be collected during a filter backwash discharge at the outfall if not submerged. If the lake level is too high to sample the discharge at the outfall, a sample shall be collected in the settling tank.

<sup>1.</sup> Flow shall be estimated on the cycle counters.

Page 4 of 18

#### 2. Special Conditions

**a.** The discharge of corrosion control products that contain priority pollutants (i.e. zinc) or phosphorus is prohibited without approval from the Agency.

- **b.** Sludge depth shall be measured in the settling tank at a minimum of twice per year, once in May and once in October. The dates of the measurements and the sludge depths shall be reported on the appropriate discharge monitoring report.
- **c.** The accumulated sludge shall be removed from the settling tank at a minimum of once every 2 years (biennially) or as necessary to comply with the effluent limitations specified in Condition I.A.1 above. The dates and volumes of sludge removed shall be included on the discharge monitoring report. The sludge shall be managed in accordance with Condition II.A.8 of this permit.
- **d.** This discharge shall not contain a visible sheen, foam, or floating solids or cause a visible discoloration of the receiving water.
- **e.** This discharge shall not cause or contribute to a violation of the Water Quality Standards in the receiving water.

#### **B. REAPPLICATION**

If the Permittee desires to continue to discharge after the expiration of this permit, the Permittee shall reapply on the application forms then in use at least 180 days before this permit expires.

Reapply for a Discharge Permit by: December 31, 2021

#### C. OPERATING FEES

This discharge is subject to operating fees as required by 3 V.SA. § 2822.

#### D. MONITORING AND REPORTING

#### 1. Sampling and Analysis

The sampling, preservation, handling, and analytical methods used shall conform to the test procedures published in 40 C.F.R. Part 136.

The permittee shall use sufficiently sensitive test procedures (i.e., methods) approved under the Code of Federal Regulations, Title 40, Part 136 for the analysis of the pollutants or pollutant parameters specified in Condition I.A. above.

Samples shall be representative of the volume and quality of effluent discharged over the sampling and reporting period. All samples are to be taken during normal operating hours. The Permittee shall identify the effluent sampling location used for each discharge.

Page 5 of 18

### 2. Reporting

The Permittee is required to submit monthly reports of monitoring results on Discharge Monitoring Report (DMR) form WR-43. Reports are due on the 15th day of each month, beginning with the month following the effective date of this permit. When the Permittee submits DMRs using an electronic system designated by the Agency, it is not required to submit hard copies of DMRs.

If, in any reporting period, there has been no discharge, the Permittee must submit that information by the report due date.

Signed copies of these, and all other reports required herein, shall be submitted to the Secretary at the following address:

Agency of Natural Resources Department of Environmental Conservation Watershed Management Division One National Life Drive, Main Building, 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor Montpelier VT 05620-3522

All reports shall be signed:

- a. In the case of corporations, by a principal executive officer of at least the level of vice president, or his/her duly authorized representative, if such representative is responsible for the overall operation of the facility from which the discharge described in the permit form originates and the authorization is made in writing and submitted to the Agency;
- **b.** In the case of a partnership, by a general partner;
- **c.** In the case of a sole proprietorship, by the proprietor; or
- **d.** In the case of a municipal, State, or other public facility, by either a principal executive officer, ranking elected official, or other duly authorized employee.

#### 3. Recording of Results

The Permittee shall maintain records of all information resulting from any monitoring activities required, including:

- **a.** The exact place, date, and time of sampling or measurements;
- **b.** The individual(s) who performed the sampling or measurements;
- **c.** The dates and times the analyses were performed;
- **d.** The individual(s) who performed the analysis;

**DRAFT** PERMIT NO.: 3-0230 Page 6 of 18

**e.** The analytical techniques and methods used including sample collection handling and preservation techniques;

- **f.** The results of such analyses.
- **g.** The records of monitoring activities and results, including all instrumentation and calibration and maintenance records; and
- **h.** The original calculation and data bench sheets of the operator who performed analysis of the influent or effluent pursuant to requirements of Section I.A of this permit.

The results of monitoring requirements shall be reported (in the units specified) on the DMR WR-43 or other forms approved by the Agency.

#### 4. Additional Monitoring

If the Permittee monitors any pollutant at the location(s) designated herein more frequently than required by this permit, using approved analytical methods as specified above, the results of such monitoring shall be included in the calculation and reporting of the values required in the DMR WR-43. Such increased frequency shall also be indicated.

Page 7 of 18

#### II. GENERAL CONDITIONS

#### A. MANAGEMENT REQUIREMENTS

#### 1. Facility Modification / Change in Discharge

All discharges authorized herein shall be consistent with the terms and conditions of this permit. The discharge of any pollutant more frequently than, or at a level in excess of, that identified and authorized by this permit shall constitute a violation of the terms and conditions of this permit. Such a violation may result in the imposition of civil and/or criminal penalties pursuant to 10 V.S.A. chapters 47, 201, and/or 211. Any anticipated facility alterations or expansions or process modifications which will result in new, different, or increased discharges of any pollutants must be reported by submission of a new permit application or, if such changes will not violate the effluent limitations specified in this permit, by notice to the Agency of such changes. Following such notice, the permit may be modified to specify and limit any pollutants not previously limited.

## 2. Noncompliance Notification

- **a.** The Permittee shall give advance notice to the Agency of any planned changes in the permitted facility or activity which may result in noncompliance with permit requirements.
- **b.** In the event the Permittee is unable to comply with any of the conditions of this permit due, among other reasons, to:
  - i. Breakdown or maintenance of waste treatment equipment (biological and physicalchemical systems including all pipes, transfer pumps, compressors, collection ponds or tanks for the segregation of treated or untreated wastes, ion exchange columns, or carbon absorption units);
  - ii. Accidents caused by human error or negligence;
- iii. Any unanticipated bypass or upset which exceeds any effluent limitation in the permit;
- iv. Violation of a maximum day discharge limitation for any of the pollutants listed by the Agency in this permit; or
- v. Other causes such as acts of nature,

the Permittee shall provide notice as specified in subdivisions (c) and (d) of this subsection.

- c. Pursuant to 10 V.S.A. §1295, notice for "untreated discharges," as defined.
  - i. Public notice. For "untreated discharges" an operator of a wastewater treatment facility or the operator's delegate shall as soon as possible, but no longer than one

**DRAFT** PERMIT NO.: 3-0230 Page 8 of 18

hour from discovery of an untreated discharge from the wastewater treatment facility, post on a publicly accessible electronic network, mobile application, or other electronic media designated by the Secretary an alert informing the public of the untreated discharge and its location, except that if the operator or his or her delegate does not have telephone or Internet service at the location where he or she is working to control or stop the untreated discharge, the operator or his or her delegate may delay posting the alert until the time that the untreated discharge is controlled or stopped, provided that the alert shall be posted no later than four hours from discovery of the untreated discharge.

- ii. Agency notification. For "untreated discharges" an operator of a wastewater treatment facility shall within 12 hours from discovery of an untreated discharge from the wastewater treatment facility notify the Secretary and the local health officer of the municipality where the facility is located of the untreated discharge. The operator shall notify the Secretary through use of the Department of Environmental Conservation's online event reporting system. If, for any reason, the online event reporting system is not operable, the operator shall notify the Secretary via telephone or e-mail. The notification shall include:
  - (1) The specific location of each untreated discharge, including the body of water affected. For combined sewer overflows, the specific location of each untreated discharge means each outfall that has discharges during the wet weather storm event.
  - (2) Except for discharges from a wastewater treatment facility to a separate storm sewer system, the date and approximate time the untreated discharge began.
  - (3) The date and approximate time the untreated discharge ended. If the untreated discharge is still ongoing at the time of reporting, the entity reporting the untreated discharge shall amend the report with the date and approximate time the untreated discharge ended within three business days of the untreated discharge ending.
  - (4) Except for discharges from a wastewater treatment facility to a separate storm sewer system, the approximate total volume of sewage and, if applicable, stormwater that was released. If the approximate total volume is unknown at the time of reporting, the entity reporting the untreated discharge shall amend the report with the approximate total volume within three business days.
  - (5) The cause of the untreated discharge and a brief description of the noncompliance, including the type of event and the type of sewer structure involved.
  - (6) The person reporting the untreated discharge.

**DRAFT** PERMIT NO.: 3-0230 Page 9 of 18

**d.** For any non-compliance not covered under Section II.A.2.b. of this permit, an operator of a wastewater treatment facility or the operator's delegate shall notify the Agency within 24 hours of becoming aware of such condition and shall provide the Agency with the following information, in writing, within five days:

- i. Cause of non-compliance;
- **ii.** A description of the non-complying discharge including its impact upon the receiving water;
- **iii.** Anticipated time the condition of non-compliance is expected to continue or, if such condition has been corrected, the duration of the period of non-compliance;
- iv. Steps taken by the Permittee to reduce and eliminate the non-complying discharge; and
- **v.** Steps to be taken by the Permittee to prevent recurrence of the condition of non-compliance.

### 3. Operation and Maintenance

All waste collection, control, treatment, and disposal facilities shall be operated in a manner consistent with the following:

- a. The Permittee shall, at all times, maintain in good working order and operate as efficiently as possible all treatment and control facilities and systems (and related appurtenances) installed or used by the Permittee to achieve compliance with the terms and conditions of this permit. Proper operation and maintenance also includes adequate laboratory controls and appropriate quality assurance procedures. This provision requires the operation of back-up or auxiliary facilities or similar systems which are installed by the Permittee only when the operation is necessary to achieve compliance with the conditions of this permit;
- **b.** The Permittee shall provide an adequate operating staff which is duly qualified to carry out the operation, maintenance, and testing functions required to insure compliance with the conditions of this permit; and
- **c.** The operation and maintenance of this facility shall be performed only by qualified personnel.

#### 4. Quality Control

The Permittee shall calibrate and perform maintenance procedures on all monitoring and analytical instrumentation at regular intervals to ensure accuracy of measurements, or shall ensure that both activities will be conducted.

The Permittee shall keep records of these activities and shall provide such records upon request of the Agency.

DRAFT PERMIT NO.: 3-0230 Page 10 of 18

The Permittee shall analyze any additional samples as may be required by the Agency to ensure analytical quality control.

#### 5. Bypass

The bypass of facilities (including pump stations) is prohibited, except where authorized under the terms and conditions of an Emergency Pollution Permit issued pursuant to 10 V.S.A. § 1268. It shall not be a defense for the Permittee in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of this permit.

#### 6. Duty to Mitigate

The Permittee shall take all reasonable steps to minimize or prevent any adverse impact to waters of the State resulting from non-compliance with any condition specified in this permit, including accelerated or additional monitoring as necessary to determine the nature and impact of the non-complying discharge.

#### 7. Records Retention

All records and information resulting from the monitoring activities required by this permit including all records of analyses performed, all calibration and maintenance of instrumentation records and all original chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation, copies of all reports required by this permit, and records of all data used to complete the application for this permit shall be retained for a minimum of three years, and shall be submitted to the Agency upon request. This period shall be extended during the course of unresolved litigation regarding the discharge of pollutants or when requested by the Agency.

#### 8. Solids Management

Collected screenings, sludges, and other solids removed in the course of treatment and control of wastewaters shall be stored, treated and disposed of in accordance with 10 V.S.A. chapter 159 and with the terms and conditions of any certification, interim or final, transitional operation authorization or order issued pursuant to 10 V.S.A. chapter 159 that is in effect on the effective date of this permit or is issued during the term of this permit.

#### 9. Emergency Pollution Permits

Maintenance activities, or emergencies resulting from equipment failure or malfunction, including power outages, which result in an effluent which exceeds the effluent limitations specified herein, shall be considered a violation of the conditions of this permit, unless the Permittee immediately applies for, and obtains, an emergency pollution permit under the provisions of 10 V.S.A. § 1268. The Permittee shall notify the Agency of the emergency situation by the next working day.

10 V.S.A. § 1268 reads as follows:

Page 11 of 18

When a discharge permit holder finds that pollution abatement facilities require repairs, replacement or other corrective action in order for them to continue to meet standards specified in the permit, he may apply in the manner specified by the secretary for an emergency pollution permit for a term sufficient to effect repairs, replacements or other corrective action. The permit may be issued without prior public notice if the nature of the emergency will not provide sufficient time to give notice; provided that the secretary shall give public notice as soon as possible but in any event no later than five days after the effective date of the emergency pollution permit. No emergency pollution permit shall be issued unless the applicant certifies and the secretary finds that:

- (1) there is no present, reasonable alternative means of disposing of the waste other than by discharging it into the waters of the state during the limited period of time of the emergency;
- (2) the denial of an emergency pollution permit would work an extreme hardship upon the applicant;
- (3) the granting of an emergency pollution permit will result in some public benefit;
- (4) the discharge will not be unreasonably harmful to the quality of the receiving waters;
- (5) the cause or reason for the emergency is not due to willful or intended acts or omissions of the applicant.

Application shall be made to the Secretary at the following address: Agency of Natural Resources, Department of Environmental Conservation, One National Life Drive, Main Building, 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor, Montpelier VT 05620-3522.

#### 10. Power Failure

In order to maintain compliance with the effluent limitations and prohibitions of this permit, the Permittee shall either:

- **a.** Provide an alternative power source sufficient to operate the wastewater control facilities, or if such alternative power source is not in existence,
- **b.** Halt, reduce or otherwise control production and/or all discharges upon the reduction, loss, or failure of the primary source of power to the wastewater control facilities.

#### **B. RESPONSIBILITIES**

#### 1. Right of Entry

The Permittee shall allow the Agency or authorized representative, upon the presentation of proper credentials:

Page 12 of 18

**a.** To enter upon the Permittee's premises where a regulated facility or activity is located or conducted, or where records must be kept under the conditions of this permit;

- **b.** To have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records required to be kept under the terms and conditions of this permit;
- **c.** To inspect, at reasonable times, any facilities, equipment (including monitoring and control equipment), practices, or operations regulated or required under this permit; and
- **d.** To sample or monitor, at reasonable times, for the purposes of assuring permit compliance or as otherwise authorized by the federal Clean Water Act, any substances or parameters at any location.

#### 2. Transfer of Ownership or Control

This permit is not transferable without prior written approval of the Agency. All application and operating fees must be paid in full prior to transfer of this permit. In the event of any change in control or ownership of facilities from which the authorized discharges emanate, the Permittee shall provide a copy of this permit to the succeeding owner or controller and shall send written notification of the change in ownership or control to the Agency at least 30 days in advance of the proposed transfer date. The notice to the Agency shall include a written agreement between the existing and new Permittees containing a specific date for transfer of permit responsibility, coverage, and liability between them. The Permittee shall also inform the prospective owner or operator of their responsibility to make an application for transfer of this permit.

This request for transfer application must include as a minimum:

- **a.** A properly completed application form provided by the Agency and the applicable processing fee.
- **b.** A written statement from the prospective owner or operator certifying:
  - i. The conditions of the operation that contribute to, or affect, the discharge will not be materially different under the new ownership;
  - **ii.** The prospective owner or operator has read and is familiar with the terms of the permit and agrees to comply with all terms and conditions of the permit; and
  - **iii.** The prospective owner or operator has adequate funding to operate and maintain the treatment system and remain in compliance with the terms and conditions of the permit.
- **c.** The date of the sale or transfer.

DRAFT PERMIT NO.: 3-0230 Page 13 of 18

The Agency may require additional information dependent upon the current status of the facility operation, maintenance, and permit compliance.

#### 3. Confidentiality

Pursuant to 10 V.S.A. § 1259(b):

Any records, reports or information obtained under this permit program shall be available to the public for inspection and copying. However, upon a showing satisfactory to the secretary that any records, reports or information or part thereof, other than effluent data, would, if made public, divulge methods or processes entitled to protection as trade secrets, the secretary shall treat and protect those records, reports or information as confidential. Any records, reports or information accorded confidential treatment will be disclosed to authorized representatives of the state and the United States when relevant to any proceedings under this chapter.

Claims for confidentiality for the following information will be denied:

- **a.** The name and address of any permit applicant or Permittee.
- **b.** Permit applications, permits, and effluent data.
- **c.** Information required by application forms, including information submitted on the forms themselves and any attachments used to supply information required by the forms.

#### 4. Permit Modification, Suspension, and Revocation

After notice and opportunity for a hearing, this permit may be modified, suspended, or revoked in whole or in part during its term for cause including the following:

- **a.** Violation of any terms or conditions of this permit;
- **b.** Obtaining this permit by misrepresentation or failure to disclose fully all relevant facts; or
- **c.** A change in any condition that requires either a temporary or permanent reduction or elimination of the permitted discharge.

The filing of a request by the Permittee for a permit modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination, or a notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance shall not stay any permit condition.

The Permittee shall provide to the Agency, within a reasonable time, any information which the Agency may request to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating this permit or to determine compliance with this permit. The Permittee shall also furnish to the Agency upon request, copies of records required to be kept by this permit

Page 14 of 18

#### 5. Toxic Effluent Standards

If a toxic effluent standard or prohibition (including any schedule of compliance specified in such effluent standard or prohibition) is established under section 307(a) of the Clean Water Act for a toxic pollutant which is present in the Permittee's discharge and such standard or prohibition is more stringent than any limitation upon such pollutant in this permit, then this permit shall be modified or revoked and reissued in accordance with the toxic effluent standard or prohibition and the Permittee so notified.

#### 6. Oil and Hazardous Substance Liability

Nothing in this permit shall be construed to preclude the institution of legal action or relieve the Permittee from any responsibilities, liabilities, or penalties to which the Permittee is or may be subject under 10 V.S.A. §1281.

#### 7. Civil and Criminal Liability

Except as provided in, "Bypass" (Section II.A.5), "Emergency Pollution Permits" (Section II.A.9), and "Power Failure" (Section II.A.10), nothing in this permit shall be construed to relieve the Permittee from civil or criminal penalties for noncompliance. Civil and criminal penalties for non-compliance are provided for in 10 V.S.A. Chapters 47, 201 and 211.

#### 8. State Laws

Nothing in this permit shall be construed to preclude the institution of any legal action or relieve the Permittee from any responsibilities, liabilities, or penalties established pursuant to any applicable state law or regulation under authority preserved by Section 510 of the Clean Water Act.

#### 9. Property Rights

Issuance of this permit does not convey any property rights in either real or personal property, or any exclusive privileges, nor does it authorize any injury to private property or any invasion of personal rights, nor any infringement of federal, state, or local laws or regulations.

#### 10. Other Information

If the Permittee becomes aware that it failed to submit any relevant facts in a permit application, or submitted incorrect information in a permit application or in any report to the Agency, it shall promptly submit such facts or information.

#### 11. Severability

The provisions of this permit are severable, and if any provision of this permit, or the application of any provision of this permit to any circumstance, is held invalid, the

**DRAFT** PERMIT NO.: 3-0230 Page 15 of 18

application of such provision to other circumstances, and the remainder of this permit, shall not be affected thereby.

# 12. Authority

This permit is issued under authority of 10 V.S.A. §§1258 and 1259 of the Vermont Water Pollution Control Act, the Vermont Water Pollution Control Permit Regulation, and Section 402 of the Clean Water Act, as amended.

Page 16 of 18

#### III.

#### A. OTHER REQUIREMENTS

This permit shall be modified, suspended or revoked to comply with any applicable effluent standard or limitation issued or approved under Sections 301(b)(2)(C) and (D), 304(b)(2), and 307(a)(2) of the Clean Water Act, if the effluent standard or limitation so issued or approved:

- 1. Contains different conditions or is otherwise more stringent than any effluent limitation in the permit, or
- 2. Controls any pollutant not limited in the permit.

The permit as modified under this paragraph shall also contain any other requirements of the Vermont Water Pollution Control Act then applicable.

#### **B. DEFINITIONS**

For purposes of this permit, the following definitions shall apply.

**Agency** – The Vermont Agency of Natural Resources

**Annual Average** - The highest allowable average of daily discharges calculated as the sum of all daily discharges (mg/L, lbs or gallons) measured during a calendar year divided by the number of daily discharges measured during that year.

**Average** – The arithmetic means of values taken at the frequency required for each parameter over the specified period.

**Bypass** – The intentional diversion of waste streams from any portion of the treatment facility

The Clean Water Act – The federal Clean Water Act, as amended (33 U.S.C. § 1251, et seq.).

**Composite Sample** – A sample consisting of a minimum of one grab sample per hour collected during a 24-hour period (or lesser period as specified in the section on Monitoring and Reporting) and combined proportionally to flow over that same time period.

**Daily Discharge** – The discharge of a pollutant measured during a calendar day or any 24-hour period that reasonably represents the calendar day for purposes of sampling.

For pollutants with limitations expressed in pounds the daily discharge is calculated as the total pounds of pollutants discharged over the day.

For pollutants with limitations expressed in mg/L the daily discharge is calculated as the average measurement of the pollutant over the day.

**Discharge** – Any wastes, directly or indirectly, that are placed, deposited or emitted into waters of the state.

Page 17 of 18

**Grab Sample** – An individual sample collected in a period of less than 15 minutes.

**Incompatible Substance** – Any waste being discharged into the treatment works which interferes with, passes through without treatment, or is otherwise incompatible with said works or would have a substantial adverse effect on these works or on water quality. This includes all pollutants required to be regulated under the Clean Water Act.

**Instantaneous Maximum** – A value not to be exceeded in any grab sample.

**Major Contributing Industry** – One that: (1) has a flow of 50,000 gallons or more per average work day; (2) has a flow greater than five percent of the flow carried by the municipal system receiving the waste; (3) has in its wastes a toxic pollutant in toxic amounts as defined in standards issued under Section 307(a) of the Clean Water Act; or (4) has a significant impact, either singly or in combination with other contributing industries, on a publicly owned treatment works or on the quality of effluent from that treatment works.

**Maximum Day** (maximum daily discharge limitation) – The highest allowable "daily discharge" (mg/L, lbs or gallons).

**Mean** – The mean value is the arithmetic mean.

**Monthly Average** (average monthly discharge limitation) – The highest allowable average of daily discharges (mg/L, lbs or gallons) over a calendar month, calculated as the sum of all daily discharges (mg/L, lbs or gallons) measured during a calendar month divided by the number of daily discharges measured during that month.

**NPDES** – The National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System.

**Secretary** – The Secretary of the Agency of Natural Resources

**State Certifying Agency** Agency of Natural Resources

Department of Environmental Conservation

Watershed Management Division

One National Life Drive, Main Building, 2nd Floor

Montpelier VT 05620-3522

**Waste --** Effluent, sewage or any substance or material, liquid, gaseous, solid or radioactive, including heated liquids, whether or not harmful or deleterious to waters.

**Waste Management Zone** – A specific reach of Class B waters designated by a permit to accept the discharge of properly treated wastes that prior to treatment contained organisms pathogenic to human beings. Throughout the receiving waters, water quality criteria must be achieved but increased health risks exist due to the authorized discharge.

**Weekly Average** - (Average weekly discharge limitation) - The highest allowable average of daily discharges (mg/L, lbs or gallons) over a calendar week, calculated as the sum of all daily

Page 18 of 18

discharges (mg/L, lbs or gallons) measured during a calendar week divided by the number of daily discharges measured during that week.

# AGENCY OF NATURAL RESOURCES DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION WATERSHED MANAGEMENT DIVISION ONE NATIONAL LIFE DRIVE, MAIN BUILDING, 2<sup>ND</sup> FLOOR MONTPELIER, VT 05620-3522

# FACT SHEET (July 2017)

# NATIONAL POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM (NPDES) PERMIT TO DISCHARGE TO WATERS OF THE UNITED STATES

**PERMIT NO**: 3-0230 **PIN**: EJ95-0323 **NPDES NO**: VT0101273

#### NAME AND ADDRESS OF APPLICANT:

South Hero Fire District No. 4 28 Hill Street South Hero, VT 05486

#### NAME AND ADDRESS OF FACILITY WHERE DISCHARGE OCCURS:

South Hero Fire District No. 4 28 Hill Street South Hero, VT

**RECEIVING WATER:** Keeler Bay, Lake Champlain

**CLASSIFICATION:** Class B. Class B waters are suitable for swimming and other forms of water-based recreation, and irrigation of crops and other agricultural uses without treatment; good aesthetic value; aquatic biota and wildlife sustained by high quality aquatic habitat; suitable for boating, fishing, and other recreational uses; acceptable for public water supply with filtration and disinfection. A waste management zone is a specific reach of Class B waters designated by a permit to accept the discharge of properly treated wastes that prior to treatment contained organisms pathogenic to human beings.

#### I. Proposed Action, Type of Facility, and Discharge Location

The Vermont Agency of Natural Resources (Agency) received a renewal application for the permit to discharge into the designated receiving water from the above-named applicant on October 5, 2015. At this time the Agency has made a tentative decision to reissue the discharge permit. The facility is engaged in the treatment of filter backwash from a water filtration system. The discharge is from the outfall of the South Hero Fire District No. 4 Water Treatment Facility to Keeler Bay in Lake Champlain.

Page 2 of 5

#### II. Description of Discharge

The facility is engaged in the treatment of filter backwash and from a water filtration system. Backwash and flushing water is discharged from the three water treatment filters to a 3,000-gallon surge tank and then to a 10,000-gallon settling tank. The discharge is then piped towards the lake where the discharge either flows overland or directly into Keeler Bay in Lake Champlain depending on the lake level.

#### III. Limitations and Conditions

The draft permit contains limitations for flow, turbidity, total residual chlorine, and pH. The effluent limitations of the draft permit and the monitoring requirements, may be found on the following pages of the draft permit:

Effluent Limitations: Page 2 and 3 Monitoring Requirements: Page 2 and 3

## IV. Statutory and Regulatory Authority

#### A. Clean Water Act and NPDES Background

Congress enacted the Clean Water Act (CWA or Act), "to restore and maintain the chemical, physical, and biological integrity of the Nation's waters." CWA § 101(a). To achieve this objective, the CWA makes it unlawful for any person to discharge any pollutant into the waters of the United States from any point source, except as authorized by specified permitting sections of the Act, one of which is Section 402. CWA §§ 301(a), 402(a). Section 402 establishes one of the CWA's principal permitting programs, the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES). Under this section of the Act, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) may "issue a permit for the discharge of any pollutant, or combination of pollutants" in accordance with certain conditions. CWA § 402(a). The State of Vermont has been delegated by EPA to administer the NPDES Program in Vermont. NPDES permits generally contain discharge limitations and establish related monitoring and reporting requirements. CWA § 402(a)(1) - (2).

Section 301 of the CWA provides for two types of effluent limitations to be included in NPDES permits: "technology-based" limitations and "water quality-based" limitations. CWA §§ 301, 303, 304(b); 40 C.F.R. Parts 122, 125, 131. Technology-based limitations, generally developed on an industry-by-industry basis, reflect a specified level of pollutant-reducing technology available and economically achievable for the type of facility being permitted. CWA § 301(b). As a class, WWTFs must meet performance-based requirements based on available wastewater treatment technology. CWA § 301(b)(1)(B). The performance level for WWTFs is referred to as "secondary treatment." Secondary treatment is comprised of technology-based requirements expressed in terms of BOD5, TSS, and pH. 40 C.F.R. Part 133.

Water quality-based effluent limits, on the other hand, are designed to ensure that state water quality standards are achieved, irrespective of the technological or economic considerations that inform technology-based limits. Under the CWA, states must develop water quality

standards for all water bodies within the state. CWA § 303. These standards have three parts: (1) one or more "designated uses" for each water body or water body segment in the state; (2) water quality "criteria," consisting of numerical concentration levels and/or narrative statements specifying the amounts of various pollutants that may be present in each water body without impairing the designated uses of that water body; and (3) an antidegradation provision, focused on protecting high quality waters and protecting and maintaining water quality necessary to protect existing uses. CWA § 303(c)(2)(A); 40 C.F.R. § 131.12. The applicable water quality standards for this permit are the 2017 Vermont Water Quality Standards (Environmental Protection Rule, Chapter 29a).

A permit must include limits for any pollutant or pollutant parameter (conventional, non-conventional, toxic, and whole effluent toxicity) that is or may be discharged at a level that causes or has "reasonable potential" to cause or contribute to an excursion above any water quality standard, including narrative water quality criteria. See 40 C.F.R. § 122.44(d)(1). An excursion occurs if the projected or actual in-stream concentration exceeds the applicable criterion. A NPDES permit must contain effluent limitations and conditions in order to ensure that the discharge does not cause or contribute to water quality standard violations.

Receiving stream requirements are established according to numerical and narrative standards adopted under state law for each stream classification. When using chemical-specific numeric criteria from the State's water quality standards to develop permit limits, both the acute and chronic aquatic life criteria are used and expressed in terms of maximum allowable in stream pollutant concentrations. Acute aquatic life criteria are generally implemented through maximum daily limits and chronic aquatic life criteria are generally implemented through average monthly limits.

Where a state has not established a numeric water quality criterion for a specific chemical pollutant that is present in the effluent in a concentration that causes or has a reasonable potential to cause a violation of narrative water quality standards, the permitting authority must establish effluent limits in one of three ways: based on a "calculated numeric criterion for the pollutant which the permitting authority demonstrates will attain and maintain applicable narrative water quality criteria and fully protect the designated use;" on a "case-by-case basis" using CWA Section 304(a) recommended water quality criteria, supplemented as necessary by other relevant information; or, in certain circumstances, based on an "indicator parameter." 40 C.F.R. § 122.44(d)(1)(vi)(A-C).

The state rules governing Vermont's NPDES permit program are found in the Vermont Water Pollution Control Permit Regulations (Environmental Protection Rule, Chapter 13).

#### B. Reasonable Potential Determination

Due to the small volume of the discharge and large size of the receiving water (Lake Champlain) a reasonable potential determination was waived for this facility.

That decision is attached to this Fact Sheet as Attachment A.

#### C. Anti-Backsliding

Section 402(o) of the CWA provides that certain effluent limitations of a renewed, reissued, or modified permit must be at least as stringent as the comparable effluent limitations in the previous permit. EPA has also promulgated anti-backsliding regulations which are found at 40 C.F.R. § 122.44(l). Unless applicable anti-backsliding exemptions are met, the limits and conditions in the reissued permit must be at least as stringent as those in the previous permit.

# V. Receiving Water

The receiving water for this discharge is Keeler Bay, Lake Champlain.

#### VI. Permit Basis and Explanation of Effluent Limitation Derivation

#### History and Summary:

The South Hero Fire District No. 4 operates a water treatment facility. This permit authorizes the discharge of treated filter backwash to Keeler Bay in Lake Champlain that is necessary for plant operation.

Flow - The effluent flow limitation remains at 8,000 gallons per day and is estimated monthly.

**Turbidity** – The turbidity limit remains 25 NTU during the period of June 1<sup>st</sup> through September 30<sup>th</sup> and 10 NTU during the period of October 1<sup>st</sup> through May 31<sup>st</sup>. Monthly monitoring is unchanged from the current permit.

**Total Residual Chlorine** – The Total Residual Chlorine limit of 1.0 mg/l and the monthly monitoring remains unchanged from the current permit.

**pH** - The pH limitation remains at 6.5 - 8.5 Standard Units as specified in Section 3-01 B.9 in the Vermont Water Quality Standards. Monitoring remains monthly.

## VII. <u>Procedures for Formulation of Final Determinations</u>

The public comment period for receiving comments on this draft permit is from **August 10, 2017 through September 11, 2017** during which time interested persons may submit their written views on the draft permit. All written comments received by 4:30 PM on **September 11, 2017** will be retained by the Agency and considered in the formulation of the final determination to issue, deny or modify the draft permit. The period of comment may be extended at the discretion of the Agency.

Written comments should be sent to:

Agency of Natural Resources
Department of Environmental Conservation
Watershed Management Division
One National Life Drive, Main Building, 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor
Montpelier, VT 05620-3522

Comments may also be faxed to: 802-828-1544 or submitted by e-mail using the e-mail comment provisions included at http://www.watershedmanagement.vt.gov/

Any interested person or groups of persons may request or petition for a public hearing with respect to this draft permit. Any such request or petition for a public hearing shall be filed within the public comment period described above and shall indicate the interest of the party filing such request and the reasons why a hearing is warranted.

The Agency will hold a hearing if there is significant public interest in holding such a hearing. Any public hearing brought in response to such a request or petition will be held in the geographical area of the proposed discharge or other appropriate area, at the discretion of the Agency and may, as appropriate, consider related groups of draft permits. Any person may submit oral or written statements and data concerning the draft permit at the public hearing. The Agency may establish reasonable limits on the time allowed for oral statements and may require the submission of statements in writing. All statements, comments, and data presented at the public hearing will be retained by the Agency and considered in the formulation of the final determination to issue, deny, or modify the draft permit.

The complete application, draft permit, and other information are on file and may be inspected by appointment on the 2<sup>nd</sup> floor of the Main Building at One National Life Drive, Montpelier, Vermont. Copies may be obtained by calling 802-828-1535 from 7:45 AM to 4:30 PM Monday through Friday, and will be made at a cost based upon the current Secretary of State Official Fee Schedule for Copying Public Records. The draft permit and fact sheet may also be viewed on the Watershed Management Division's website at <a href="http://www.watershedmanagement.vt.gov/">http://www.watershedmanagement.vt.gov/</a>

# Agency of Natural Resources Department of Environmental Conservation

#### Watershed Management Division 1 National Life Drive 2 Main 802-828-1535

#### **MEMORANDUM**

To: Allison Lowry, Wastewater Program (WWP)

From: Rick Levey, Monitoring, Assessment and Planning Program (MAPP) Rick Levey 07/10/17

Cc: Pete LaFlamme, Director, WSMD

Jessica Bulova, Manager, WWP

Date: July 10, 2017

Subject: South Hero Fire District No. 4 Reasonable Potential Determination Decision

#### Facility:

South Hero Fire District No. 4 Permit No. 3-0230 NPDES No. VT0101273

Hydrology for South Hero Fire District No. 4 used in this evaluation:

**Design Flow:** 0.008 MGD = 0.012 CFS **Receiving Water:** Keeler Bay, Lake Champlain

MAPP has evaluated the request to waive the Reasonable Potential Determination for the South Hero Fire District No. 4 Water Filtration System and has determined that it is not necessary due to the extremely small size of the South Hero Fire District No. 4 discharge, and the large size of the receiving water which is Keeler Bay, Lake Champlain.

Specifically, South Hero Fire District No. 4 is permitted to discharge 8,000 GPD (0.008 MGD), from treated filter backwash from a water filtration system. The Waste Management Zone (WMZ) which is designated as a 200-foot radius around outfall would provide 1:350 dilution, were the facility to be operating at full design flow (0.008 MGD), and assuming a conservative lake depth of 3 feet.

Using the Total Residual Chlorine (TRC) permit limit of 1.0 mg/L at these conditions the calculated TRC concentration attributable to the discharge is  $2.8 \mu g/L$ - TRC,  $1/4^{th}$  of the chronic criteria for TRC. This also illustrates the deminimus impact other pollutants within this discharge would pose to receiving waters, though it is not likely other pollutants would be present within this discharge. Considering this factor, MAPP concurs with the Wastewater Program that this facility and its discharge as currently operated and permitted, does not have the potential to cause measurable change in the receiving water.

# AGENCY OF NATURAL RESOURCES DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION WATERSHED MANAGEMENT DIVISION 1 NATIONAL LIFE DRIVE – MAIN 2 MONTPELIER, VERMONT 05620-3522

NOTICE: DRAFT DISCHARGE PERMIT

PUBLIC NOTICE NUMBER: 3-0230

PUBLIC COMMENT PERIOD: August 10, 2017 – September 11, 2017

**PERMITTEE INFORMATION** 

PERMITTEE NAME: South Hero Fire District No. 4

PERMITTEE ADDRESS: 28 Hill Street

South Hero, Vermont 05486

PERMIT NUMBER: 3-0230

PROJECT ID NUMBER: EJ95-0323

**DISCHARGE INFORMATION** 

NATURE: Treated filter backwash from a water filtration system

VOLUME: 8,000 gallons per day

RECEIVING WATER: Keeler Bay, Lake Champlain

EXPIRATION DATE: June 30, 2022

DESCRIPTION: This is a draft discharge permit proposed for issuance to South Hero

Fire District No. 4 for the discharge of treated filter backwash from a water filtration system from their facility on Hill Street to Keeler

Bay in Lake Champlain.

#### **TENTATIVE DETERMINATIONS**

Tentative determinations regarding effluent limitations and other conditions to be imposed on the pending Vermont permit have been made by the State of Vermont Agency of Natural Resources (VANR). The limitations imposed will assure that the Vermont Water Quality Standards and applicable provisions of the Federal Clean Water Act, PL 92-500, as amended, will be met.

#### **FURTHER INFORMATION**

The complete application, proposed permit, and other information are on file and may be inspected by appointment on the 2<sup>nd</sup> floor of the Main Building at 1 National Life Drive, Montpelier, Vermont. Copies, obtained by calling 802-828-1535 from 7:45 AM to 4:30 PM Monday through Friday, will be made at a cost based upon the current Secretary of State Official Fee Schedule for Copying Public Records. The draft permit and fact sheet may also be viewed on the Division's website at <a href="http://dec.vermont.gov/watershed/wastewater/public-notices--fact-sheets--draft-permits">http://dec.vermont.gov/watershed/wastewater/public-notices--fact-sheets--draft-permits</a>.

#### PUBLIC COMMENTS/PUBLIC HEARINGS

Written public comments on the proposed permit are invited and must be received on or before the close of the business day (4:30 pm) on **September 11, 2017** to the Agency of Natural Resources, Department of Environmental Conservation, Watershed Management Division, 1 National Life Drive – Main 2, Vermont 05620-3522. Comments may also be submitted by e-mail using the e-mail comment provisions included at <a href="http://dec.vermont.gov/watershed/wastewater/public-notices--fact-sheets--draft-permits">http://dec.vermont.gov/watershed/wastewater/public-notices--fact-sheets--draft-permits</a>. All comments received by the above date will be considered in formulation of the final determinations.

During the notice period, any person may submit a written request to this office for a public meeting to consider the proposed permit. The request must state the interest of the party filing such request and the reasons why a meeting is warranted. A meeting will be held if there is a significant public interest (including the filing of requests or petitions for such meeting) in holding such a meeting.

### FINAL ACTION/RIGHTS TO APPEAL TO THE ENVIRONMENTAL COURT

At the conclusion of the public notice period and after consideration of additional information received during the public notice period, VANR will make a final determination to issue or to deny the permit. Pursuant to 10 V.S.A. Chapter 220, any appeal of this decision must be filed with the clerk of the Environmental Court within 30 days of the date of the decision. The appellant must submit the Notice of Appeal and include the applicable filing fee, payable to the state of Vermont.

The Notice of Appeal must specify the parties taking the appeal and the statutory provision under which each party claims party status; must designate the act or decision appealed from; must name the Environmental Court; and must be signed by the appellant or their attorney. In addition, the appeal must give the address or location and the description of the property, project or facility with which the appeal is concerned and the name of the applicant or any permit involved in the appeal.

The appellant must also serve a copy of the Notice of Appeal in accordance with Rule 5(b)(4)(B) of the Vermont Rules for Environmental Court Proceedings.

The address for the Vermont Environmental Court is: Vermont Superior Court, Environmental Division, 32 Cherry Street, 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor, Suite 303, Burlington VT 05401 (Tel. (802) 951-1740). For further information, see the Vermont Rules for Environmental Court Proceedings, available online at <a href="https://www.vermontjudiciary.org">www.vermontjudiciary.org</a>.

Emily Boedecker, Commissioner Department of Environmental Conservation