

10 CSR 10-5.330 Control of Emissions From Industrial Surface Coating Operations

(1) Applicability.

(A) This rule shall apply throughout St. Louis City and Jefferson, St. Charles, Franklin and St. Louis Counties.

(B) This rule shall apply to any installation with actual emissions of volatile organic compounds (VOCs) from surface coating operations, including related cleaning activities, of at least three (3) tons per twelve (12)-month rolling period, before consideration of controls

(C) This rule is only applicable to the surface coating of manufactured items intended for distribution in commerce to persons other than the person or legal entity performing the surface coating.

(D) Exemptions. This rule is not applicable to the following:

1. Motor vehicle refinishing;
2. Customizing top coating of motor vehicles, if production is less than thirty-five (35) vehicles per day;
3. Surface coating that is part of janitorial, building, and installation maintenance operations;
4. Research and development, performance testing, and quality control of coatings and surface coated products;
5. Aerosol coatings;
6. Field application of architectural coatings to buildings, building components, and stationary structures;
7. Powder coatings;
8. Surface coating and cleaning of aerospace vehicles or components at an aerospace manufacture or rework installation that—
 - A. Is subject to the requirements and/or aerospace-specific exemptions of 10 CSR 10-5.295; or
 - B. Is not subject to 10 CSR 10-5.295 because the installation's potential to emit volatile organic compounds from aerospace surface coating and cleaning is twenty-five (25) tons per year or less;
9. Surface coating and cleaning of wood furniture or wood furniture components at a wood furniture manufacturing installation that—

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A. Is subject to the requirements and/or wood furniture-specific exemptions of 10 CSR 10-5.530; or

B. Is not subject to 10 CSR 10-5.530 because the installation's potential to emit volatile organic compounds from wood furniture coating and cleaning is less than twenty-five (25) tons per year;

10. Surface coating and cleaning operations that are subject to a Reasonably Available Control Technology determination under 10 CSR 10-5.520;

11. Application and storage of traffic coatings that are subject to the requirements of 10 CSR 10-5.450;

12. Printing operations that are subject to the requirements of 10 CSR 10-5.340 or 10 CSR 10-5.442;

13. Surface coating and cleaning of articles used for internal company operations, including, but not limited to, work stands; scaffolding; jigs; tooling; dollies; tow bars; aircraft ground support equipment; portable equipment used for maintenance, testing, fabrication, or repair; toolboxes; storage bins; shelving; and other manufacturing or warehouse support items;

14. Surface coating operations which do not have a VOC limit in section (3) of this rule;

15. Adhesives and sealants that contain less than 0.17 pounds of VOC per gallon of coating (less water and exempt compounds) as applied;

16. Cyanoacrylate adhesives;

17. Adhesives, sealants, adhesive primers, and sealant primers that are supplied by the manufacturer or supplier in containers with a net volume of sixteen (16) fluid ounces or less, or a net weight of one (1) pound or less, except plastic cement welding adhesives and contact adhesives;

18. Contact adhesives that are supplied by the manufacturer or supplier in containers with a net volume of one (1) gallon or less; and

19. Adhesives, sealants, adhesive primers, sealant primers, surface preparation, and cleanup solvents that are used in the following operations:

A. Tire repair operations, provided the adhesive is labeled for tire repair only;

B. Assembly, repair, and manufacture of aerospace or undersea-based weapon systems;

C. Solvent welding operations used in the manufacture of medical devices or in the manufacture of medical equipment; and

D. Plaque laminating operations in which adhesives are used to bond clear, polyester acetate laminate to wood with lamination equipment installed prior to July 1, 1992.

(E) Once an installation exceeds the applicability level of this rule, it shall remain subject to this rule until it can demonstrate, to the satisfaction of the director, that the actual total VOC emissions from surface coating operations, including related cleaning activities and before consideration of controls, is below three (3) tons per twelve (12)-month rolling period for sixty (60) consecutive months.

(2) Definitions of certain terms specified in this rule may be found in 10 CSR 10-6.020

(3) General Provisions. General provisions for specific coatings may be found in the following subsections of section (3) of this rule:

Coating	Subsection
Large Appliance Coatings	(3)(A)
Metal Furniture Coatings	(3)(B)
Automobile and Light-Duty Truck Assembly Coatings	(3)(C)
Paper, Film, and Foil Coatings	(3)(D)
Magnet Wire Coatings	(3)(E)
Coil Coatings	(3)(F)
Can Coatings	(3)(G)
Vinyl and Fabric Coatings	(3)(H)
Flat Wood Paneling Coatings	(3)(I)
Miscellaneous Metal and Plastic Parts Coatings	(3)(J)
Industrial Adhesive Application	(3)(K)

(A) Large Appliance Coatings.

1. The requirements in this subsection apply to the surface coating of doors, cases, lids, panels, and interior support parts of the following residential and commercial products:

A. Washers;

B. Dryers;

C. Ranges;

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- D. Refrigerators;
- E. Freezers;
- F. Water heaters;
- G. Dishwashers;
- H. Trash compactors;
- I. Air conditioners; and
- J. Other similar products.

2. Emission limits.

A. Prior to March 1, 2012, no owner or operator of a surface coating unit subject to this subsection may cause, allow, or permit the discharge into the ambient air of any VOCs in excess of the following, as delivered to the coating applicator(s):

Large Appliance Coatings	
Coating Category	Emission Limit pounds of VOC per gallon of coating (minus water and exempt compounds)
Topcoat	2.8
Final Repair	6.5

B. On or after March 1, 2012, no owner or operator of a surface coating unit subject to this subsection may cause, allow, or permit the discharge into the ambient air of any VOCs in excess of the following, as delivered to the coating applicator(s):

Large Appliance Coatings		
Coating Category	Emission Limit pounds of VOC per gallon of coating (minus water and exempt compounds)	
	Baked	Air Dried
General, One Component	2.3	2.3
General, Multi Component	2.3	2.8
Extreme High Gloss	3.0	2.8
Extreme Performance	3.0	3.5
Heat Resistant	3.0	3.5
Metallic	3.5	3.5
Pretreatment Coatings	3.5	3.5
Solar Absorbent	3.0	3.5
Repair and Touch Up	6.5	6.5

3. Method and determination of compliance. The emission limits in paragraph (3)(A)2. of this rule shall be achieved through one (1) of the following:

A. VOC content of coatings. Determine the daily volume-weighted average VOC content of all coatings used in a surface coating unit, expressed as pounds of VOC per gallon of coating (minus water and exempt compounds) per subparagraph (5)(C)3.A. of this rule. The surface coating unit is in compliance if this value is less than or equal to the emission limits in paragraph (3)(A)2. of this rule;

B. Combination of VOC content of coatings and add-on controls. Calculate the required control system efficiency per paragraph (5)(C)4. of this rule. The surface coating unit is in compliance if the actual overall control system efficiency is greater than or equal to the required control system efficiency; or

C. Control system. If a control system is used to achieve compliance, the overall control system efficiency must be ninety percent (90%) or greater.

4. Application equipment. On or after March 1, 2012, one (1) or a combination of the following equipment shall be used for coating application, unless achieving compliance by using an add-on control system per subparagraph (3)(A)3.C. of this rule:

- A. Electrostatic equipment;
- B. High-volume low-pressure (HVLP) spray equipment;
- C. Flow coating;
- D. Roller coating;
- E. Dip coating, including electrodeposition;
- F. Airless spray;
- G. Air-assisted airless spray;
- H. Ink jet technology; and

I. Other coating application method capable of achieving a transfer efficiency equivalent or better than achieved by HVLP spraying.

5. Work practices. On or after March 1, 2012, work practices shall be used to minimize VOC emissions from solvent storage, mixing operations, and handling operations for coatings, thinners, cleaning materials, and waste materials. Work practices shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

A. Store all VOC-containing coatings, thinners, and cleaning materials in closed containers;

B. Ensure that mixing and storage containers used for VOC-containing coatings, thinners, coating related waste, and cleaning materials are kept closed at all times except when depositing or removing these materials;

C. Minimize spills of VOC-containing coatings, thinners, and cleaning materials;

D. Clean up spills immediately;

E. Convey any coatings, thinners, and cleaning materials in closed containers or pipes from one (1) location to another; and

F. Minimize VOC emissions from the cleaning of application, storage, mixing, and conveying equipment by ensuring that equipment cleaning is performed without atomizing the cleaning solvent and all spent solvent is captured in closed containers.

6. The VOC limits in paragraph (3)(A)2. of this rule do not apply to the following types of coatings and coating operations:

A. Stencil coatings;

B. Safety-indicating coatings;

C. Solid film lubricants; or

D. Electric-insulating and thermal-conducting coatings.

(B) Metal Furniture Coatings.

1. The requirements in this subsection apply to surface coating of any furniture made of metal or any metal part that will be assembled with other metal, wood, fabric, plastic, or glass parts to form a furniture piece.

2. Emission limits.

A. Prior to March 1, 2012, no owner or operator of a surface coating unit subject to this subsection may cause, allow, or permit the discharge into the ambient air of any VOCs in excess of three (3.0) pounds of VOC per gallon of coating (minus water and exempt compounds) as delivered to the coating applicator(s).

B. On or after March 1, 2012, no owner or operator of a surface coating unit subject to this subsection may cause, allow, or permit the discharge into the ambient air of any VOCs in excess of the following, as delivered to the coating applicator(s):

Metal Furniture Coatings		
Coating Category	Emission Limit pounds of VOC per gallon of coating (minus water and exempt compounds)	
	Baked	Air Dried
General, One Component	2.3	2.3
General, Multi Component	2.3	2.8
Extreme High Gloss	3.0	2.8
Extreme Performance	3.0	3.5
Heat Resistant	3.0	3.5
Metallic	3.5	3.5
Pretreatment Coatings	3.5	3.5
Solar Absorbent	3.0	3.5

3. Method and determination of compliance. The emission limits in paragraph (3)(B)2. of this rule shall be achieved through one (1) of the following:

A. VOC content of coatings. Determine the daily volume-weighted average VOC content of all coatings used in a surface coating unit, expressed as pounds of VOC per gallon of coating (minus water and exempt compounds) per subparagraph (5)(C)3.A. of this rule. The surface coating unit is in compliance if this value is less than or equal to the emission limits in paragraph (3)(B)2. of this rule;

B. Combination of VOC content of coatings and add-on controls. Calculate the required control system efficiency per paragraph (5)(C)4. of this rule. The surface coating unit is in compliance if the actual overall control system efficiency is greater than or equal to the required control system efficiency; or

C. Control system. If a control system is used to achieve compliance, the overall control system efficiency must be ninety percent (90%) or greater.

4. Application equipment. On or after March 1, 2012, one (1) or a combination of the following equipment shall be used for coating application, unless achieving compliance by using an add-on control system per subparagraph (3)(B)3.C. of this rule:

- A. Electrostatic equipment;
- B. HVLP spray equipment;
- C. Flow coating;
- D. Roller coating;
- E. Dip coating, including electrodeposition;
- F. Airless spray;
- G. Air-assisted airless spray;
- H. Ink jet technology; and

I. Other coating application method capable of achieving a transfer efficiency equivalent or better than achieved by HVLP spraying.

5. Work practices. On or after March 1, 2012, work practices shall be used to minimize VOC emissions from solvent storage, mixing operations, and handling operations for coatings, thinners, cleaning materials, and waste materials. Work practices shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

A. Store all VOC-containing coatings, thinners, and cleaning materials in closed containers;

B. Ensure that mixing and storage containers used for VOC-containing coatings, thinners, coating related waste, and cleaning materials are kept closed at all times except when depositing or removing these materials;

C. Minimize spills of VOC-containing coatings, thinners, and cleaning materials;

D. Clean up spills immediately;

E. Convey any coatings, thinners, and cleaning materials in closed containers or pipes from one (1) location to another; and

F. Minimize VOC emissions from the cleaning of application, storage, mixing, and conveying equipment by ensuring that equipment cleaning is performed without atomizing the cleaning solvent and all spent solvent is captured in closed containers.

6. The VOC limits in paragraph (3)(B)2. of this rule do not apply to the following types of coatings and coating operations:

- A. Stencil coatings;
- B. Safety-indicating coatings;
- C. Solid film lubricants; and
- D. Electric-insulating and thermal-conducting coatings.

(C) Automobile and Light-Duty Truck Assembly Coatings.

1. The requirements in this subsection apply to automobile and light-duty truck surface coating operations performed in an automobile or light-duty truck assembly installation.

2. Emission limits.

A. Prior to March 1, 2012, no owner or operator of an automobile or light-duty truck assembly installation may cause, allow, or permit the discharge into the ambient air of any VOC in excess of the following:

Automobile and Light-Duty Truck Assembly Coatings	
Coating Category	Emission Limit
Topcoat	15.1 pounds of VOC per gallon of coating solids deposited
Spray Primer or Primer Surfacer	15.1 pounds of VOC per gallon of coating solids deposited
Electrodeposition Primer	1.4 pounds of VOC per gallon of coating solids deposited
Final Repair	4.8 pounds of VOC per gallon of coating (minus water and exempt compounds)
Miscellaneous Metal Parts, Extreme Performance, and Air Dried Coatings	3.5 pounds of VOC per gallon of coating (minus water and exempt compounds)
All Other Coatings	3.0 pounds of VOC per gallon of coating (minus water and exempt compounds)

B. On or after March 1, 2012, no owner or operator of an automobile or light-duty truck assembly installation may cause, allow, or permit the discharge into the ambient air of any VOC in excess of the following:

Automobile and Light-Duty Truck Assembly Coatings			
Coating Category	Emission Limit		
	$R_T < 0.040$	$0.040 \leq R_T < 0.160$	$R_T \geq 0.160$
Electrodeposition primer (EDP)	No VOC Emission Limit	$0.7 \times 350^{0.160-R_T}$ pounds of VOC per gallon of coating solids deposited	0.7 pounds of VOC per gallon of coating solids deposited
Primer-surfacer	12.0 pounds of VOC per gallon of coating solids deposited		
Topcoat	12.0 pounds of VOC per gallon of coating solids deposited		
Combined Primer-Surfacer and Topcoat	12.0 pounds of VOC per gallon of coating solids deposited		
Final repair	4.8 pounds of VOC per gallon of coating (minus water and exempt compounds)		

Miscellaneous Materials	
Material	Emission Limit pounds of VOC per gallon of coating (minus water and exempt compounds)
Automobile and light-duty truck glass bonding primer	7.5
Automobile and light-duty truck adhesive	2.1
Automobile and light-duty truck cavity wax	5.4
Automobile and light-duty truck sealer	5.4
Automobile and light-duty truck deadener	5.4
Automobile and light-duty truck gasket/gasket-sealing material	1.7
Automobile and light-duty truck underbody coating	5.4
Automobile and light-duty truck trunk interior coating	5.4
Automobile and light-duty truck bedliner	1.7
Automobile and light-duty truck weatherstrip adhesive	6.3
Automobile and light-duty truck lubricating wax/compound	5.8

3. Method and determination of compliance. The emission limits in paragraph (3)(C)2. of this rule shall be achieved through the following:

A. Spray primer; primer-surfacer; topcoat; and combined primer-surfacer and topcoat. The VOC emission rate, expressed as pounds of VOC per gallon of coating solids deposited, is determined by the procedures in the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) document *Protocol for Determining the Daily Volatile Organic Compound Emission Rate of Automobile and Light-Duty Truck Primer-Surfacer and Topcoat Operations* (EPA-453/R-08-002), dated September 2008. The surface coating unit is in compliance if the emission rate is less than or equal to the emission limit in paragraph (3)(C)2. of this rule;

B. Electrodeposition primer (EDP). Determine the monthly volume-weighted average VOC emission rate of the EDP coating unit, expressed as pounds of VOC per gallon of coating solids deposited, per subparagraph (5)(C)3.D. of this rule. The EDP coating unit is in compliance if this value is less than or equal to the emission limit in paragraph (3)(C)2. of this rule;

C. Final repair coatings. Determine the daily volume-weighted average VOC content of all coatings used in a surface coating unit, expressed as pounds of VOC per gallon of coating (minus water and exempt compounds) per subparagraph (5)(C)3.A. of this rule. The surface coating unit is in compliance if this value is less than or equal to the emission limits in paragraph (3)(C)2. of this rule; and

D. All other coatings. Determine the monthly volume-weighted average VOC content of all coatings used in a surface coating unit, expressed as pounds of VOC per gallon of coating (minus water and exempt compounds) per subparagraph (5)(C)3.E. of this rule. The surface coating unit is in compliance if this value is less than or equal to the emission limit in paragraph (3)(C)2. of this rule.

4. Work practices and work practice plan.

A. Work practices. On or after March 1, 2012, work practices shall be used to minimize VOC emissions from storage, mixing operations, and handling operations for coatings, thinners, cleaning materials, and waste materials. Work practices shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

(I) Store all VOC-containing coatings, thinners, and cleaning materials in closed containers;

(II) Ensure that mixing and storage containers used for VOC-containing coatings, thinners, coating related waste, and cleaning materials are kept closed at all times except when depositing or removing these materials;

(III) Minimize spills of VOC-containing coatings, thinners, and cleaning materials;

(IV) Clean up spills immediately;

(V) Convey any coatings, thinners, and cleaning materials in closed containers or pipes from one (1) location to another; and

(VI) Minimize VOC emissions from the cleaning of application, storage, mixing, and conveying equipment by ensuring that equipment cleaning is performed without atomizing the cleaning solvent and all spent solvent is captured in closed containers.

B. Work practice plan. Installations subject to subparagraph (3)(C)4.A. of this rule shall develop and implement a work practice plan to minimize VOC emissions from cleaning and purging of equipment associated with all coating operations for which emission limits are specified in paragraph (3)(C)2. of this rule. The plan shall specify practices and procedures to ensure that VOC emissions from the following operations are minimized:

(I) Vehicle body wiping;

(II) Coating line purging;

(III) Flushing of coating systems;

(IV) Cleaning of spray booth grates;

(V) Cleaning of spray booth walls;

(VI) Cleaning of spray booth equipment;

(VII) Cleaning external spray booth areas; and

(VIII) Other housekeeping measures, such as keeping solvent-laden rags in closed containers.

(D) Paper, Film, and Foil Coatings.

1. The requirements in this subsection apply to paper, film, and foil coating operations, with the exception of the following:

A. Paper, film, and foil surface coating units with potential to emit below twenty-five (25) tons per year of VOC from coating, prior to controls;

B. Coating performed on or in-line with any offset lithographic, screen, letterpress, flexographic, rotogravure, or digital printing press that is part of a printing process; and

C. Size presses and on-machine coaters on papermaking machines that apply sizing or water-based clays.

2. Emission limits.

A. Prior to March 1, 2012, no owner or operator of a surface coating unit subject to this subsection may cause, allow, or permit the discharge into the ambient air of any VOCs in excess of two and nine-tenths (2.9) pounds of VOC per gallon of coating (minus water and exempt compounds) as delivered to the coating applicator(s).

B. On or after March 1, 2012, no owner or operator of a surface coating unit subject to this subsection may cause, allow, or permit the discharge into the ambient air of any VOCs in excess of the following, as delivered to the coating applicator(s):

Paper, Film, and Foil Coatings	
Coating Category	Emission Limit pounds of VOC per pound of coating solids
Pressure sensitive tape and label	0.2
Paper, film, and foil surface coating (not including pressure sensitive tape and label)	0.4

3. Method and determination of compliance. The emission limits in paragraph (3)(D)2. of this rule shall be achieved through one (1) of the following:

A. VOC content of coatings.

(I) Prior to March 1, 2012. Determine the daily volume-weighted average VOC content of all coatings used in a surface coating unit, expressed as pounds of VOC per gallon of coating (minus water and exempt compounds) per subparagraph (5)(C)3.A. of this rule. The surface coating unit is in compliance if this value is less than or equal to the emission limit in paragraph (3)(D)2. of this rule.

(II) On or after March 1, 2012. Determine the daily mass-weighted average VOC content of all coatings used in a surface coating unit, expressed as pounds of VOC per pound of coating solids per subparagraph (5)(C)3.C. of this rule. The surface coating unit is in compliance if this value is less than or equal to the emission limits in paragraph (3)(D)2. of this rule; or

B. Control system. If a control system is used to achieve compliance, the overall control system efficiency must be ninety percent (90%) or greater.

4. Work practices. On or after March 1, 2012, work practices shall be used to minimize VOC emissions from solvent storage, mixing operations, and handling operations for coatings, thinners, cleaning materials, and waste materials. Work practices shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

A. Store all VOC-containing coatings, thinners, and cleaning materials in closed containers;

B. Ensure that mixing and storage containers used for VOC-containing coatings, thinners, coating related waste, and cleaning materials are kept closed at all times except when depositing or removing these materials;

C. Minimize spills of VOC-containing coatings, thinners, and cleaning materials;

D. Clean up spills immediately;

E. Convey any coatings, thinners, and cleaning materials in closed containers or pipes from one (1) location to another; and

F. Minimize VOC emissions from the cleaning of application, storage, mixing, and conveying equipment by ensuring that equipment cleaning is performed without atomizing the cleaning solvent and all spent solvent is captured in closed containers.

(E) Magnet Wire Coatings.

1. The requirements in this subsection apply to the coating of electrically insulating varnish or enamel to aluminum or copper wire for use in electrical machinery.

2. Emission limits. No owner or operator of a surface coating unit subject to this subsection may cause, allow, or permit the discharge into the ambient air of any VOCs in excess of one and seven-tenths (1.7) pounds of VOC per gallon of coating (minus water and exempt compounds) as delivered to the coating applicator(s).

3. Method and determination of compliance. The emission limits in paragraph (3)(E)2. of this rule shall be achieved through one (1) of the following:

A. VOC content of coatings. Determine the daily volume-weighted average VOC content of all coatings used in a surface coating unit, expressed as pounds of VOC per gallon of coating (minus water and exempt compounds), per subparagraph (5)(C)3.A. of this rule. The surface coating unit is in compliance if this value is less than or equal to the emission limit in paragraph (3)(E)2. of this rule;

B. Combination of VOC content of coatings and add-on controls. Calculate the required control system efficiency per paragraph (5)(C)4. of this rule. The surface coating unit is in compliance if the actual overall control system efficiency is greater than or equal to the required control system efficiency; or

C. Control system. If a control system is used to achieve compliance, the overall control system efficiency must be ninety percent (90%) or greater.

(F) Coil Coatings.

1. The requirements in this subsection apply to the surface coating of any flat metal sheet or strip that comes in rolls or coils.

2. Emission limits. No owner or operator of a surface coating unit subject to this subsection may cause, allow, or permit the discharge into the ambient air of any VOCs in excess of two and six-tenths (2.6) pounds of VOC per gallon of coating (minus water and exempt compounds) as delivered to the coating applicator(s).

3. Method and determination of compliance. The emission limits in paragraph (3)(F)2. of this rule shall be achieved through one (1) of the following:

A. VOC content of coatings. Determine the daily volume-weighted average VOC content of all coatings used in a surface coating unit, expressed as pounds of VOC per gallon of coating (minus water and exempt compounds), per subparagraph (5)(C)3.A. of this rule. The surface coating unit is in compliance if this value is less than or equal to the emission limit in paragraph (3)(F)2. of this rule;

B. Combination of VOC content of coatings and add-on controls. Calculate the required control system efficiency per paragraph (5)(C)4. of this rule. The surface coating unit is in compliance if the actual overall control system efficiency is greater than or equal to the required control system efficiency; or

C. Control system. If a control system is used to achieve compliance, the overall control system efficiency must be ninety percent (90%) or greater.

(G) Can Coatings.

1. The requirements in this subsection apply to the surface coating of cans.

2. Emission limits. No owner or operator of a surface coating unit subject to this subsection may cause, allow, or permit the discharge into the ambient air of any volatile organic compounds, as delivered to the coating applicator(s), in excess of the following:

Can Coatings	
Coating Category	Emission Limit pounds of VOC per gallon of coating (minus water and exempt compounds)
2-Piece Exterior Sheet Basecoat	2.8
2- and 3-Piece Interior Body Spray	4.2
2-Piece End Exterior	4.2
3-Piece Side Seam	5.5
End Seal Compound	3.7

3. Method and determination of compliance. The emission limits in paragraph (3)(G)2. of this rule shall be achieved through one (1) of the following:

A. VOC content of coatings. Determine the daily volume-weighted average VOC content of all coatings used in a surface coating unit, expressed as pounds of VOC per gallon of coating (minus water and exempt compounds), per subparagraph (5)(C)3.A. of this rule. The surface coating unit is in compliance if this value is less than or equal to the emission limit in paragraph (3)(G)2. of this rule;

B. Combination of VOC content of coatings and add-on controls. Calculate the required control system efficiency per paragraph (5)(C)4. of this rule. The surface coating unit is in compliance if the actual overall control system efficiency is greater than or equal to the required control system efficiency; or

C. Control system. If a control system is used to achieve compliance, the overall control system efficiency must be ninety percent (90%) or greater.

(H) Vinyl and Fabric Coatings.

1. The requirements in this subsection apply to vinyl coating and fabric coating.

2. Emission limits. No owner or operator of a surface coating unit subject to this subsection may cause, allow, or permit the discharge into the ambient air of any volatile organic compounds, as delivered to the coating applicator(s), in excess of the following:

Vinyl and Fabric Coatings	
Coating Category	Emission Limit pounds of VOC per gallon of coating (minus water and exempt compounds)
Vinyl	3.8
Fabric	2.9

3. Method and determination of compliance. The emission limits in paragraph (3)(H)2. of this rule shall be achieved through one (1) of the following:

A. VOC content of coatings. Determine the daily volume-weighted average VOC content of all coatings used in a surface coating unit, expressed as pounds of VOC per gallon of coating (minus water and exempt compounds), per subparagraph (5)(C)3.A. of this rule. The surface coating unit is in compliance if this value is less than or equal to the emission limit in paragraph (3)(H)2. of this rule;

B. Combination of VOC content of coatings and add-on controls. Calculate the required control system efficiency per paragraph (5)(C)4. of this rule. The surface coating unit is in compliance if the actual overall control system efficiency is greater than or equal to the required control system efficiency; or

C. Control system. If a control system is used to achieve compliance, the overall control system efficiency must be ninety percent (90%) or greater.

(I) Flat Wood Paneling Coatings.

1. The requirements in this subsection apply to the coating of the following:

A. Printed interior panels made of hardwood plywood and thin particleboard;

B. Natural finish hardwood plywood panels;

C. Hardboard paneling with Class II finishes;

D. Exterior siding; and

E. Tileboard.

2. Emission limits. On or after March 1, 2012, no owner or operator of a surface coating unit subject to this subsection may cause, allow, or permit the discharge into the ambient air of any VOCs in excess of two and one-tenths (2.1) pounds of VOC per gallon of coating (minus water and exempt compounds) as delivered to the coating applicator(s).

3. Method and determination of compliance. The emission limits in paragraph (3)(I)2. of this rule shall be achieved through one (1) of the following:

A. VOC content of coatings. Determine the daily volume-weighted average VOC content of all coatings used in a surface coating unit, expressed as pounds of VOC per gallon of coating (minus water and exempt compounds), per subparagraph (5)(C)3.A. of this rule. The surface coating unit is in compliance if this value is less than or equal to the emission limit in paragraph (3)(I)2. of this rule;

B. Combination of VOC content of coatings and add-on controls. Calculate the required control system efficiency per paragraph (5)(C)4. of this rule. The surface coating unit is in compliance if the actual overall control system efficiency is greater than or equal to the required control system efficiency; or

C. Control system. If a control system is used to achieve compliance, the overall control system efficiency must be ninety percent (90%) or greater.

4. Work practices. On or after March 1, 2012, work practices shall be used to minimize VOC emissions from solvent storage, mixing operations, and handling operations for coatings, thinners, cleaning materials, and waste materials. Work practices shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

A. Store all VOC-containing coatings, thinners, and cleaning materials in closed containers;

B. Ensure that mixing and storage containers used for VOC-containing coatings, thinners, coating related waste, and cleaning materials are kept closed at all times except when depositing or removing these materials;

C. Minimize spills of VOC-containing coatings, thinners, and cleaning materials;

D. Clean up spills immediately;

E. Convey any coatings, thinners, and cleaning materials in closed containers or pipes from one (1) location to another; and

F. Minimize VOC emissions from the cleaning of application, storage, mixing, and conveying equipment by ensuring that equipment cleaning is performed without atomizing the cleaning solvent and all spent solvent is captured in closed containers.

(J) Miscellaneous Metal and Plastic Parts Coatings.

1. The requirements in this subsection apply to the surface coating of all other miscellaneous metal and plastic parts including, but not limited to, the following:

A. Large and small farm implements and machinery;

B. Railroad cars;

C. Small household appliances;

D. Office equipment;

E. Commercial and industrial machinery and equipment;

F. Any other industrial category that coats metal parts or products under the Standard Industrial Classification Code of major groups #33, #34, #35, #36, #37, #38, and #39;

G. Fabricated metal products;

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- H. Molded plastic parts;
- I. Automotive or transportation equipment;
- J. Interior or exterior automotive parts;
- K. Construction equipment;
- L. Motor vehicle accessories;
- M. Bicycles and sporting goods;
- N. Toys;
- O. Recreational vehicles;
- P. Pleasure craft (recreational boats);
- Q. Extruded aluminum structural components;
- R. Heavy-duty vehicles;
- S. Lawn and garden equipment;
- T. Business machines;
- U. Laboratory and medical equipment;
- V. Electronic equipment;
- W. Steel drums;
- X. Metal pipes; and

Y. Prefabricated architectural components when the coating is applied in a surface coating unit as defined in 10 CSR 10-6.020.

2. Emission limits.

A. Prior to March 1, 2012, no owner or operator of a surface coating unit subject to this subsection may cause, allow, or permit the discharge into the ambient air of any VOCs in excess of the following, as delivered to the coating applicator(s):

Coating Category	Emission Limit pounds of VOC per gallon of coating (minus water and exempt compounds)
	Metal Parts
Clear Coat	4.3
Extreme Performance Coatings	3.5
Air Dried Coatings	3.5
All Other Coatings	3.0
Plastic Parts	3.5
Railroad Cars	3.5
Farm Implements and Machinery	3.5
Heavy-Duty Trucks	3.5
Mail Boxes and Shutters	3.5

B. On or after March 1, 2012, no owner or operator of a surface coating unit subject to this subsection may cause, allow, or permit the discharge into the ambient air of any VOCs in excess of the following, as delivered to the coating applicator(s):

Metal Parts and Products Coatings		
Coating Category	Emission Limit pounds of VOC per gallon of coating (minus water and exempt compounds)	
	Air Dried	Baked
General, One Component	2.8	2.3
General, Multi Component	2.8	2.3
Camouflage	3.5	3.5
Clear Coat	4.3	4.3
Electric-Insulating Varnish	3.5	3.5
Etching Filler	3.5	3.5
Extreme High Gloss	3.5	3.0
Extreme Performance	3.5	3.0
Heat Resistant	3.5	3.0
High Performance Architectural	6.2	6.2
High Temperature	3.5	3.5
Metallic	3.5	3.5
Military Specification	2.8	2.3
Mold Seal	3.5	3.5
Pan Backing	3.5	3.5
Prefabricated Architectural	3.5	2.3
Pretreatment Coatings	3.5	3.5
Repair and Touch Up	3.5	3.0
Silicone Release	3.5	3.5
Solar Absorbent	3.5	3.0
Vacuum Metalizing	3.5	3.5
Drum, New, Exterior	2.8	2.8
Drum, New, Interior	3.5	3.5
Drum, Reconditioned, Exterior	3.5	3.5
Drum, Reconditioned, Interior	4.2	4.2

Pleasure Craft Coatings	
Coating Category	Emission Limit pounds of VOC per gallon of coating (minus water and exempt compounds)
Extreme High Gloss Topcoat	5.0
High Gloss Topcoat	3.5
Pretreatment Wash Primer	6.5
Finish Primer/Surfacer	5.0
High Build Primer/Surfacer	2.8
Aluminum Substrate Antifoulant	4.7
Other Substrate Antifoulant	3.3
Antifoulant Sealer/Tie	3.5
All Other	3.5

Motor Vehicle Materials	
Coating Category	Emission Limit pounds of VOC per gallon of coating (minus water and exempt compounds)
Motor Vehicle Cavity Wax	5.4
Motor Vehicle Sealer	5.4
Motor Vehicle Deadener	5.4
Motor Vehicle Gasket/Gasket- Sealing Material	1.7
Motor Vehicle Underbody	5.4
Motor Vehicle Trunk Interior	5.4
Motor Vehicle Bedliner	1.7
Motor Vehicle Lubricating Wax/Compound	5.8

3. Method and determination of compliance. The emission limits in paragraph (3)(J)2. of this rule shall be achieved through one (1) of the following:

A. VOC content of coatings. Determine the daily volume-weighted average VOC content of all coatings used in a surface coating unit, expressed as pounds of VOC per gallon of coating (minus water and exempt compounds), per subparagraph (5)(C)3.A. of this rule. The surface coating unit is in compliance if this value is less than or equal to the emission limit in paragraph (3)(J)2. of this rule;

B. Combination of VOC content of coatings and add-on controls. Calculate the required control system efficiency per paragraph (5)(C)4. of this rule. The surface coating unit is in compliance if the actual overall control system efficiency is greater than or equal to the required control system efficiency; or

C. Control system. If a control system is used to achieve compliance, the overall control system efficiency must be ninety percent (90%) or greater.

4. Application equipment. On or after March 1, 2012, one (1) or a combination of the following equipment shall be used for coating application, unless achieving compliance by using an add-on control device per subparagraph (3)(J)3.C. of this rule:

- A. Electrostatic equipment;
- B. HVLP spray equipment;
- C. Flow coating;
- D. Roller coating;
- E. Dip coating, including electrodeposition;
- F. Airless spray;
- G. Air-assisted airless spray;
- H. Ink jet technology; and

I. Other coating application method capable of achieving a transfer efficiency equivalent or better than achieved by HVLP spraying.

5. Work practices. On or after March 1, 2012, work practices shall be used to minimize VOC emissions from solvent storage, mixing operations, and handling operations for coatings, thinners, cleaning materials, and waste materials. Work practices shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

A. Store all VOC-containing coatings, thinners, and cleaning materials in closed containers;

B. Ensure that mixing and storage containers used for VOC-containing coatings, thinners, coating related waste, and cleaning materials are kept closed at all times except when depositing or removing these materials;

C. Minimize spills of VOC-containing coatings, thinners, and cleaning materials;

D. Clean up spills immediately;

E. Convey any coatings, thinners, and cleaning materials in closed containers or pipes from one (1) location to another; and

F. Minimize VOC emissions from the cleaning of application, storage, mixing, and conveying equipment by ensuring that equipment cleaning is performed without atomizing the cleaning solvent and all spent solvent is captured in closed containers.

6. For metal parts coatings, the VOC limits in paragraph (3)(J)2. of this rule do not apply to the following types of coatings and coating operations:

A. Stencil coatings;

B. Safety-indicating coatings;

C. Solid film lubricants;

D. Electric-insulating and thermal-conducting coatings;

E. Magnetic data storage disk coatings; and

F. Plastic extruded onto metal parts to form a coating.

7. For metal parts coatings, the application equipment requirements in paragraph (3)(J)4. of this rule do not apply to the following types of coatings and coating operations:

A. Touch-up coatings;

B. Repair coatings; and

C. Textured coatings.

8. For plastic parts coatings, the VOC limits in paragraph (3)(J)2. of this rule do not apply to the following types of coatings and coating operations:

A. Touch-up and repair coatings;

B. Stencil coatings applied on clear or transparent substrates;

C. Clear or translucent coatings;

D. Coatings applied at a paint manufacturing installation while conducting performance tests on the coatings;

E. Any individual coating category used in volumes less than fifty (50) gallons in any one (1) year, if substitute compliant coatings are not available, provided that the total usage of all such coatings does not exceed two hundred (200) gallons per year, per installation;

F. Reflective coating applied to highway cones;

G. Mask coatings that are less than one-half (0.5) millimeter thick (dried) and the area coated is less than twenty-five (25) square inches;

H. Electromagnetic interference and radio frequency interference (EMI/RFI) shielding coatings; and

I. Heparin-benzalkonium chloride (HBAC)-containing coatings applied to medical devices, provided that the total usage of all such coatings does not exceed one hundred (100) gallons per year, per installation.

9. For plastic parts coatings, the application equipment requirements in paragraph (3)(J)4. of this rule do not apply to airbrush operations using five (5) gallons or less per year of coating.

10. For automobile, transportation, or business machine plastic parts coatings, the VOC limits in paragraph (3)(J)2. of this rule do not apply to the following types of coatings and coating operations:

A. Texture coatings;

B. Vacuum metalizing coatings;

C. Gloss reducers;

D. Texture adhesion primers;

E. Electrostatic preparation coatings;

F. Resist coatings; and

G. Stencil coatings.

11. For pleasure craft surface coating operations, the application equipment requirements in paragraph (3)(J)4. of this rule do not apply to extreme high gloss coatings.

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12. The limits for military specification coatings in subparagraph (3)(J)2.B. of this rule do not apply to coatings that meet the following criteria:

A. The coating is applied to military equipment used for national defense;

B. The coating performance is critical to the successful operation of the military equipment;

C. The coating is mandated in a specification or contract and a substitution of coatings that meet the VOC limits in subparagraph (3)(J)2.B. of this rule is prohibited; and

D. The director grants approval for the use of the coating at the installation.

13. The limits for pleasure craft coatings in subparagraph (3)(J)2.B. do not apply to pleasure craft touch-up and repair coatings supplied by the manufacturer or supplier in containers with a net volume of one (1) liter or less.

(K) Industrial Adhesive Application.

1. The requirements in this subsection apply to adhesive application processes.

2. Emission limits.

A. On or after March 1, 2012, no owner or operator of an adhesive application process subject to this subsection may cause, allow, or permit the discharge into the ambient air of any VOCs in excess of the following, as delivered to the coating applicator(s):

Category	Emission Limit pounds of VOC per gallon of coating (minus water and exempt compounds)
Adhesives Applied to the Specific Substrates	
Reinforced Plastic Composites	1.7
Flexible Vinyl	2.1
Metal	0.3
Porous Material (Except Wood)	1.0
Rubber	2.1
Wood	0.3
Other Substrates	2.1
Specialty Adhesive Application Processes	
Ceramic Tile Installation	1.1
Contact Adhesive	2.1
Cove Base Installation	1.3
Floor Covering Installation, Indoor	1.3
Floor Covering Installation, Outdoor	2.1
Floor Covering Installation, Perimeter Bonded Sheet Vinyl	5.5
Metal to Urethane/Rubber Molding or Casting	7.1
Motor Vehicle Adhesive	2.1
Motor Vehicle Weatherstrip Adhesive	6.3
Multipurpose Construction	1.7
Plastic Solvent Welding, ABS	3.3
Plastic Solvent Welding, Except ABS	4.2
Sheet Rubber Lining Installation	7.1
Single-Ply Roof Membrane Installation/Repair, Except EPDM Glue	2.1
Structural Glazing	0.8
Thin Metal Laminating	6.5
Tire Repair	0.8
Waterproof Resorcinol	1.4
Adhesive Primer Application Processes	
Motor Vehicle Glass Bonding Primer	7.5
Plastic Solvent Welding Adhesive Primer	5.4
Single-Ply Roof Membrane Adhesive Primer	2.1
Other Adhesive Primer	2.1

B. The VOC limits in subparagraph (3)(K)2.A. of this rule for adhesives or adhesive primers applied to particular substrates shall apply as follows:

(I) If an adhesive is subject to a specific VOC limit in subparagraph (3)(K)2.A., the specific limit is applicable rather than an adhesive-to-substrate limit; and

(II) When an adhesive is used to bond dissimilar substrates, the applicable substrate category with the highest VOC content shall be the limit.

3. Method and determination of compliance. The emission limits in paragraph (3)(K)2. of this rule shall be achieved through one (1) of the following:

A. VOC content of coatings. Determine the daily volume-weighted average VOC content of all coatings used in an adhesive application process, expressed as pounds of VOC per gallon of coating (minus water and exempt compounds) per subparagraph (5)(C)3.A. of this rule. The adhesive application process is in compliance if this value is less than or equal to the emission limits in paragraph (3)(K)2. of this rule;

B. Combination of VOC content of coatings and add-on controls. Calculate the required control system efficiency per paragraph (5)(C)4. of this rule. The adhesive application process is in compliance if the actual overall control system efficiency is greater than or equal to the required control system efficiency; or

C. Control system. If a control system is used to achieve compliance, the overall control system efficiency must be eighty-five percent (85%) or greater.

4. Application equipment. On or after March 1, 2012, one (1) or a combination of the following equipment shall be used for adhesive application, unless achieving compliance by using an add-on control device per subparagraph (3)(K)3.C. of this rule:

A. Electrostatic spray;

B. HVLP spray;

C. Flow coat;

D. Roller coat or hand application, including non-spray application methods similar to hand- or mechanically-powered caulking gun, brush, or direct hand application;

E. Dip coat, including electrodeposition;

F. Airless spray;

G. Air-assisted airless spray;

H. Ink jet technology; and

I. Other coating application method capable of achieving a transfer efficiency equivalent or better than achieved by HVLP spraying.

5. Work practices. On or after March 1, 2012, work practices shall be used to minimize VOC emissions from solvent storage, mixing operations, and handling operations for coatings, thinners, cleaning materials, and waste materials. Work practices shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

A. Store all VOC-containing coatings, thinners, and cleaning materials in closed containers;

B. Ensure that mixing and storage containers used for VOC-containing coatings, thinners, coating related waste, and cleaning materials are kept closed at all times except when depositing or removing these materials;

C. Minimize spills of VOC-containing coatings, thinners, and cleaning materials;

D. Clean up spills immediately;

E. Convey any coatings, thinners, and cleaning materials in closed containers or pipes from one (1) location to another; and

F. Minimize VOC emissions from the cleaning of application, storage, mixing, and conveying equipment by ensuring that equipment cleaning is performed without atomizing the cleaning solvent and all spent solvent is captured in closed containers.

(4) Reporting and Record Keeping.

(A) The owner or operator of a surface coating unit covered under this rule shall keep records as necessary to determine compliance. Records kept should be appropriate for the facility, their products, and operations. These may include, as applicable, one (1) or more of the following:

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1. Current list of coatings used and the VOC content as applied;
2. Daily volume usage of each coating;
3. Records of the weighted average VOC content for each coating type included in averaging for coating operations that achieve compliance through coating VOC content or a combination of coating VOC content and control system;
4. Annual VOC emissions from surface coating equipment cleaning; and
5. All test results to determine capture efficiency, control efficiency, and coating properties.

(B) Records such as daily production rates may be substituted for actual daily coating use measurements provided the owner submits a demonstration, approved by the director, that these records are adequate for the purposes of this rule.

(C) Any owner or operator using an emission control device to achieve compliance shall maintain daily records of key system operating parameters for emission control equipment including, but not limited to:

1. Identification of the type of emissions control system used;
2. Hours of operation;
3. Routine and non-routine maintenance, including dates and duration of any outages;
4. Records of test reports conducted;
5. An owner or operator of a surface coating unit employing a thermal or catalytic oxidizer to achieve compliance shall comply with the following requirements:

A. Continuous temperature monitoring and recording equipment shall be installed and operated to accurately measure the operating temperature(s) for the control device; and

B. The following information shall be collected and recorded each day of operation of the surface coating unit and the control device:

(I) A log or record of the operating time for the control device, monitoring equipment, and the associated surface coating unit;

(II) For thermal oxidizers, all three (3)-hour periods of operation during which the average combustion temperature was more than fifty degrees Fahrenheit (50 °F) below the average combustion temperature during the most recent emission test that demonstrated that the surface coating unit was in compliance; and

(III) For catalytic oxidizers, all three (3)-hour periods of operation during which the average temperature of the exhaust gases immediately before the catalyst bed was more than fifty degrees Fahrenheit (50 °F) below the average temperature of the exhaust gases during the most recent emission test that demonstrated that the surface coating unit was in compliance, and all three (3)-hour periods during which the average temperature difference across the catalyst bed was less than eighty percent (80%) of the average temperature difference during the most recent emission test that demonstrated that the surface coating operation was in compliance; and

6. An owner or operator of a surface coating unit employing a carbon adsorption system to achieve compliance shall comply with the following requirements:

A. The following types of monitoring and recording equipment shall be installed and operated for the carbon adsorption system:

(I) A continuous emission monitoring and recording system that is capable of accurately measuring and recording the concentration of organic compounds in the exhaust gases from the carbon adsorption system;

(II) Monitoring and recording equipment that is capable of accurately measuring and recording the total mass steam flow rate for each regeneration cycle of each carbon bed; and

(III) Monitoring and recording equipment that is capable of accurately measuring and recording the temperature of each carbon bed after regeneration (and after completion of any cooling cycle(s)); and

B. The following information shall be collected and recorded each day of operation of the surface coating unit and the carbon adsorption system:

(I) A log or record of the operating time for the carbon adsorption system, monitoring equipment, and the associated surface coating unit;

(II) For a carbon adsorption system that employs a continuous emission monitoring and recording system to measure and record the concentration of organic compounds in the exhaust gases, all three (3)-hour periods of operation during which the average concentration level or reading in the exhaust gases is more than twenty percent (20%) greater than the exhaust gas organic compound concentration level or reading measured by the most recent performance test that demonstrated that the surface coating unit was in compliance;

(III) For a carbon adsorption system that employs monitoring and recording equipment to measure and record the total mass steam flow rate for each regeneration cycle of each carbon bed, all carbon bed regeneration cycles during which the total mass steam flow rate was more than ten percent (10%) below the total mass steam flow rate during the most recent performance test that demonstrated that the surface coating unit was in compliance; and

(IV) For a carbon adsorption system that employs monitoring and recording equipment to measure and record the temperature of each carbon bed after regeneration (and after completion of any cooling cycle(s)) was more than ten percent (10%) greater than the carbon bed temperature during the most recent performance test that demonstrated that the surface coating unit was in compliance.

(D) Records required under subsections (4)(A) through (4)(C) of this rule shall be retained by the owner or operator for a minimum of five (5) years. These records shall be made available to the director upon request.

(5) Test Methods.

(A) Test Methods for Control Systems. Owners or operators demonstrating compliance with the provisions of this rule via a control system shall determine the overall control system efficiency as the product of the capture efficiency and control device efficiency, using the following test methods:

1. The VOC concentration of gaseous air streams shall be determined with a test consisting of three (3) separate runs, each lasting a minimum of sixty (60) minutes using one (1) of the following methods as specified by 40 CFR 60, Appendix A-Reference Methods:

A. Method 18-Measurement of Gaseous Organic Compound Emissions by Gas Chromatography;

B. Method 25-Determination of Total Gaseous Non-methane Organic Emissions as Carbon; or

C. Method 25A—Determination of Total Gaseous Organic Concentration Using Flame Ionization Analyzer;

2. Sample and velocity traverses shall be determined by using one (1) of the following methods as specified by 40 CFR 60, Appendix A—Reference Methods:

A. Method 1—Sample and Velocity Traverses for Stationary Sources; or

B. Method 1A—Sample and Velocity Traverses for Stationary Sources with Small Stacks or Ducts;

3. Velocity and volumetric flow rates shall be determined by using one (1) of the following methods as specified by 40 CFR 60, Appendix A—Reference Methods:

A. Method 2—Determination of Stack Gas Velocity and Volumetric Flow Rate (Type S Pitot Tube);

B. Method 2A—Direct Measurement of Gas Volume Through Pipes and Small Ducts;

C. Method 2C—Determination of Stack Gas Velocity and Volumetric Flow Rate in Small Stacks or Ducts (Standard Pitot Tube);

D. Method 2D—Measurement of Gas Volumetric Flow Rates in Small Pipes and Ducts;

E. Method 2F—Determination of Stack Gas Velocity and Volumetric Flow Rate With Three-Dimensional Probes;

F. Method 2G—Determination of Stack Gas Velocity and Volumetric Flow Rate With Two-Dimensional Probes; or

G. Method 2H—Determination of Stack Gas Velocity Taking Into Account Velocity Decay Near the Stack Wall;

4. To analyze the exhaust gases, use the method in 10 CSR 10-6.030(3);

5. To measure the moisture in the stack gas, use the method in 10 CSR 10-6.030(4); and

6. To determine capture efficiency, use the procedure in 10 CSR 10-6.030(20).

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(B) Test Methods for Determining Coating Properties. The coating properties in paragraphs (5)(B)1. through (5)(B)6. of this rule shall be determined from the coating manufacturer's supplied data or the method referenced in 10 CSR 10-6.030(14)(C). If there is a discrepancy between the manufacturer's supplied data and the method referenced in 10 CSR 10-6.030(14)(C), compliance shall be based on the method referenced in 10 CSR 10-6.030(14)(C).

1. Density of coating, D_c .

A. Electrodeposition primer. For electrodeposition primer, the coating density shall be as received.

B. All other coatings. For all other coatings, the coating density shall be as applied.

2. Volume fraction of solids in the coating, V_s .

A. Electrodeposition primer. For electrodeposition primer, the volume fraction of solids in the coating shall be as received.

B. All other coatings. For all other coatings, the volume fraction of solids in the coating shall be as applied.

3. Weight fraction of exempt compounds in the coating, W_E .

4. Weight fraction of regulated VOC in the coating, W_o . This value does not include the weight fraction of water or exempt compounds.

A. Electrodeposition primer. For electrodeposition primer, the weight fraction of VOC in the coating shall be as received.

B. All other coatings. For all other coatings, the weight fraction of VOC in the coating shall be as applied.

5. Weight fraction of solids in the coating, W_s .

6. Weight fraction of water in the coating, W_w .

(C) Other Test Methods and Calculations.

1. Calculating the VOC content of the coating.

A. The VOC content of the coating as applied, expressed as pounds of VOC per gallon of coating (minus water and exempt compounds), shall be determined using Equation (1) as follows:

$$B = \frac{D_c \times W_o}{1 - \left(\frac{D_c \times W_w}{8.33} \right) - \left(\frac{m D_c \times W_{E_j}}{\sum_{j=1} D_{E_j}} \right)} \quad (1)$$

Where:

B = VOC content of the coating as applied, expressed as pounds of VOC per gallon of coating (minus water and exempt compounds);

D_c = density of coating as applied, expressed as pounds per gallon;

W_o = weight fraction of regulated VOC in the coating, as applied.

This value does not include the weight fraction of water or exempt compounds;

W_w = weight fraction of water in the coating, as applied;

W_E = weight fraction of exempt compounds in the coating, as applied;

D_E = density of each exempt compound, expressed as pounds per gallon;

m = number of exempt compounds in the coating; and

8.33 = density of water, expressed as pounds per gallon.

B. The VOC content of the coating as applied, expressed as pounds of VOC per gallon of coating solids, shall be determined using Equation (2) as follows:

$$B_s = \frac{D_c \times W_o}{V_s} \quad (2)$$

Where:

B_s = VOC content of the coating as applied, expressed as pounds of VOC per gallon of coating solids;

D_c = density of coating as applied, expressed as pounds per gallon;

W_o = weight fraction of regulated VOC in the coating, as applied.

This value does not include the weight fraction of water or exempt compounds; and

V_s = volume fraction of solids in the coating, as applied.

C. The VOC content of the coating as applied, expressed as pounds of VOC per pound of coating solids, shall be determined using Equation (3) as follows:

$$B_{MWS} = \frac{D_c \times W_o}{D_c \times W_s} \quad (3)$$

Where:

B_{MWS} = VOC content of the coating as applied, expressed as pounds of VOC per pound of coating solids;

D_c = density of coating as applied, expressed as pounds per gallon;

W_o = weight fraction of regulated VOC in the coating, as applied.

This value does not include the weight fraction of water or exempt compounds; and

W_s = weight fraction of solids in the coating, as applied.

2. Equivalent emission limits. Emission limits expressed as pounds of VOC per gallon of coating (minus water and exempt compounds) shall be converted to an equivalent emission limit expressed as pounds of VOC per gallon of coating solids using Equation (4) as follows:

$$L_s = \frac{L}{\left(1 - \frac{L}{7.36} \right)} \quad (4)$$

Where:

L_s = emission limit expressed as pounds of VOC per gallon of coating solids;

L = emission limit expressed as pounds of VOC per gallon of coating (minus water and exempt compounds); and

7.36 = average density of solvents, in pounds per gallon, used to originally establish the emission limits.

3. Weighted averaging.

A. The daily volume-weighted average VOC content of all coatings used in a surface coating unit, expressed as pounds of VOC per gallon of coating (minus water and exempt compounds), shall be calculated using Equation (5) as follows:

$$DAVG_{vw} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (A_i \times B_i)}{C} \quad (5)$$

Where:

$DAVG_{vw}$ = daily volume-weighted average VOC content, expressed as pounds of VOC per gallon of coating (minus water and exempt compounds);

A = daily gallons of each coating used (minus water and exempt compounds) in a surface coating unit;

B = VOC content of the coating as applied, expressed as pounds of VOC per gallon of coating (minus water and exempt compounds). This is determined by subparagraph (5)(C)1.A. of this rule;

C = total daily gallons of coatings used (minus water and exempt compounds) in a surface coating unit; and

n = number of coatings used in a surface coating unit.

B. The daily volume-weighted average VOC content of all coatings used in a surface coating unit, expressed as pounds of VOC per gallon of coating solids, shall be calculated using Equation (6) as follows:

$$DAVG_{VWS} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (A_{Si} \times B_{Si})}{C_s} \quad (6)$$

Where:

$DAVG_{VWS}$ = daily volume-weighted average VOC content, expressed as pounds of VOC per gallon of coating solids;

A_S = daily gallons of coating solids for each coating used in a surface coating unit;

B_S = VOC content of the coating as applied, expressed as pounds of VOC per gallon of coating solids. This is determined by subparagraph (5)(C)1.B. of this rule;

C_S = total daily gallons of coatings solids used in a surface coating unit; and

n = number of coatings used in a surface coating unit.

C. The daily mass-weighted average VOC content of all coatings used in a surface coating unit, expressed as pounds of VOC per pound of coating solids, shall be calculated using Equation (7) as follows:

$$DAVG_{MWS} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (A_{MWSi} \times B_{MWSi})}{C_{MWS}} \quad (7)$$

Where:

$DAVG_{MWS}$ = daily mass-weighted average VOC content, expressed as pounds of VOC per pound of coating solids;

A_{MWS} = daily pounds of coating solids for each coating used in a surface coating unit;

B_{MWS} = VOC content of the coating as applied, expressed as pounds of VOC per pound of coating solids. This is determined by subparagraph (5)(C)1.C. of this rule;

C_{MWS} = total daily pounds of coatings solids used in a surface coating unit; and

n = number of coatings used in a surface coating unit.

D. The monthly volume-weighted average VOC emission rate of an electrodeposition primer, expressed as pounds of VOC per gallon of coating solids deposited, shall be determined using Equation (8) as follows:

$$MAVG_{VWS} = \left[\frac{\sum_{i=1}^n L_{Ci}D_{Ci}W_{oi} + \sum_{j=1}^m LD_jD_{Dj}}{\sum_{i=1}^n L_{Ci}V_{Si}} \right] X[1-E/100] \quad (8)$$

Where:

MAVG_{VWS} = monthly volume-weighted average VOC emission rate of the electrodeposition primer, expressed as pounds of VOC per gallon of coating solids deposited;

L_C = monthly volume of each coating consumed, as received, expressed as gallons;

D_C = density of each coating as received, expressed as pounds per gallon;

W_o = weight fraction of VOC in each coating, as received;

L_D = monthly volume of each type of VOC dilution solvent added to the coating, expressed as gallons;

D_D = density of each type of VOC dilution solvent added to the coating, expressed as pounds per gallon;

V_S = volume fraction of solids in each coating as received, expressed as gallons of solids per gallon of coating;

E = overall control system efficiency;

n = number of coatings used; and

m = number of VOC dilution solvents used.

E. The monthly volume-weighted average VOC content of all coatings used in a surface coating unit, expressed as pounds of VOC per gallon of coating (minus water and exempt compounds), shall be calculated using Equation (9) as follows:

$$MAVG_{VW} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (A_i \times B_i)}{C} \quad (9)$$

Where:

MAVG_{VW} = monthly volume-weighted average VOC content as applied, expressed as pounds of VOC per gallon of coating (minus water and exempt compounds);

A = monthly gallons of each coating used (minus water and exempt compounds) in a surface coating unit;

B = VOC content of the coating as applied, expressed as pounds of VOC per gallon of coating (minus water and exempt compounds), as delivered to the coating applicator. This is determined by subparagraph (5)(C)1.A. of this rule;

C = total monthly gallons of coatings used (minus water and exempt compounds) in a surface coating unit; and

n = number of coatings used in a surface coating unit.

4. The required control system efficiency shall be determined using Equation (10) as follows:

$$R = \left[\frac{(DAVG_{VWS} - L_S)}{DAVG_{VWS}} \right] \times 100 \quad (10)$$

Where:

R = required control system efficiency;

DAVG_{VWS} = daily volume-weighted average VOC content of all coatings used in a surface coating unit, expressed as pounds of VOC per gallon of coating solids, per subparagraph (5)(C)3.B. of this rule; and

L_S = emission limits expressed as pounds of VOC per gallon of coating solids, per paragraph (5)(C)2. of this rule.

10 CSR 10-5.330

EPA Rulemakings

CFR: 40 C.F.R. 52.1320(c)
FRM: 77 FR 3144 (1/23/12)
PRM: 76 FR 66013
State Submission: 1/17/2007
State Final: section 643.050, RSMo Supp. 2010; effective Aug. 30, 2011.
APDB File: MO-305
Description: This rule was revised to exempt facilities that are regulated under other rules that limit emissions of VOCs and incorporate changes in RACT for surface coating operations in the St. Louis Ozone nonattainment area to be consistent with the current federal RACT CTGs.

CFR: 40 C.F.R. 52.1320(c)
FRM: 66 FR 37904 (7/20/01)
PRM: 66 FR 37941 (7/20/01)
State Submission: 2/21/01
State Final: 10 C.S.R. 10-5 (1/30/01)
APDB File: MO-183
Description: This rule was revised to delete conditions for aerospace manufacture and rework facilities which are also contained in rule 10 C.S.R. 10-5.295, Control of Emissions From Aerospace Manufacture and Rework Facilities.

CFR: 40 C.F.R. 52.1320(c)(79)(i)(B)
FRM: 59 FR 43480 (8/24/94), Correction Notice 60 FR 16806 (4/3/95)
PRM: 57 FR 32191 (7/21/92)
State Submission: 11/20/91
State Proposal: 16 MR 989 (7/1/91)
State Final: 10 C.S.R. 10-5 (11/29/91)
APDB File: MO-100
Description: This revision updates this rule to include the correct reference method specified in 10 C.S.R. 10-6.030.

CFR: 40 C.F.R. 52.1320(c)(72)(i)(A)(B)(C)
FRM: 55 FR 213 (11/2/90)
PRM: 55 FR 27657 (7/5/90)
State Submission: 1/11/90
State Proposal: 14 MR 932 (7/17/89)
State Final: 14 MR 1501 (11/16/89)
APDB File: MO-75
Description: This revision rescinds the existing St. Louis industrial surface coating VOC RACT rule, and a new rule was adopted which clarifies source application levels, and compliance methods and test procedures.

CFR: 40 C.F.R. 52.1320(c)(50)
FRM: 50 FR 14925 (4/16/85)
PRM: 49 FR 42749 (10/24/84)
State Submission: 1/24/84
State Proposal: 8 MR 977 (9/1/83)
State Final: 9 MR 249 (1/3/84)
APDB File: MO-57
Description: The EPA approved a revision to the rule which added an emission limitation for coating of plastic parts.

CFR: 40 C.F.R. 52.1320(c)(25)(i)
FRM: 46 FR 20172 (4/3/81)
PRM: 45 FR 84099 (12/22/80)
State Submission: 9/2/80
State Proposal: 5 MR 380 (4/1/80)
State Final: 5 MR 1139 (9/2/80)
APDB File: MO-12
Description: The EPA approved revisions to the rule which added emission limitations for miscellaneous metal parts, aerospace assembly and components, railroad cars, farm implements and machinery, heavy-duty trucks, and other metal parts; and changed the applicability limit to 10 TPY for miscellaneous metal parts. Exemptions for airplanes, auto refinishing, customized top coating of autos and trucks, marine vessels, and aerospace components were approved.

CFR: 40 C.F.R. 52.1320(c)(16)(xi)
FRM: 45 FR 24140 (4/9/80) and 45 FR 46806 (7/11/80) (correction)
PRM: 44 FR 61384 (10/25/79)
State Submission: 6/29/79
State Proposal: 4 MR 93 (2/1/79)
State Final: 4 MR 607 (7/2/79)
APDB File: MO-01
Description: The EPA approved a new regulation as part of the 1979 ozone plan. The rule established emission limits on surface coating of magnet wire, metal furniture, auto and light-duty trucks, paper, vinyl, fabric, coils, and cans. Provisions for alternative compliance plans and exemptions for sources emitting less than 50 TPY were approved.

Difference Between the State and EPA-Approved Regulation

None.