

#### Directed Inspection & Maintenance: An Overview of Gas STAR Practices





Technology Transfer Workshop June 8, 2005 Midland , Texas

#### Outline

Background
Phase I - Study
Pipeline Leak Study
Monument Gas Plant
Phase II - Study





#### Background

# ★ GRI Study – D I & M

# ★D I & M - BMP

# **Dynegy's experience with DI&M**



#### **Phase I Study**

**★** Two DMS facilities in study

★ Cost was \$ 30 K

Amount methane saved = 100 MMSCF/yr (\$700K @ \$7/MSCF)

Savings Realized within 18 Months – Largest Cost-Effective Leaks Repaired



# **Chico Gas Plant**







# **Chico Gas Plant – Old Flares**





## **Chico Gas Plant – New Flare**





#### **Economics of LAUF**

#### Lost and Unaccounted For Product Potential \$ Savings Equating Pure Methane Leak Rate to Dollars





#### **Optical Remote Leak Detection**

Infrared Differential Absorption ★ Mid wave Infrared - 3 to 5 µm ★ Long wave Infrared - 8 to 11 µm ★ Visible - 0.4 to 1.0 Microns ★ Near IR -0.9 to 1.6 Microns Remote sensing is the science and art of obtaining information about an object, area, or phenomenon through the analysis of data acquired by a device that is not in contact with the object, area, or phenomenon under investigation.

From Remote Sensing and Image Interpretation, Lilles and and Kiefer, 1987





## Similar to Gas Chromatography



#### Active vs. Passive Imaging



Active techniques employ an artificial radiation source (e.g. a microwave transmitter, a laser, a thermal heater, etc.) for illumination of the target area

Passive techniques utilize the naturally occurring ambient radiation



#### Passive Remote Optical Infrared Leak Detection, Quantification, and Speciation





PAT





# LSI Camera Visualizes Gasoline Vapor

#### ★ Field Portable

- **+** Rugged
- **+** Reliable
- ★ Repeatable
- **\*** Sensitivity
- Ease of Use Doesn't Require Frequent Adjustment
- Capable of Identifying "Inaccessible" Leaks



## LSI Leak Surveys Video Imagery





#### Flange Leak

#### **Buried Pipeline Leak**

# **Infrared LSI Camera**





# **High Volume Sampler**





### **Pipeline Leak Study**

Driving – visible signs (e.g. vegetation stress)

- Driving with sniffer trucks twice a year
- ★25 40 miles per day



## **Pipeline Leak Study**

- Mass Balance Discrepancy Identified Need for Survey
- Infrared Remote Sensing from helicopter
- ★ 200-400 miles per day
- Amount of methane estimated at ~146 MM SCF /yr or (0.5 MMSCFD)







- Infrared survey conducted to identify sources of leakage
- ~200 leaking sources identified
- Largest opportunities blow down vents and valve packing
- Amount of methane saved is ~146 MMSCF/yr \$1022K
  @ \$7/MSCF



- ★26 engines to be replaced with integral electric compression
- 18, 500 HP Replaced
- Amount of fuel saved is 1.5 BCF/yr and Corresponding CO2 Reductions











**Cost of this project \$ 8.3 MM** 

- Amount of fugitive methane losses saved is ~41 MMSCF/yr
- Ancillary Benefit Criteria (e.g. NOx) and HAPs pollutant reduction



# Phase II Study

**★** Eunice Gas Plant and upstream compressors

#### Chico Gas Plant Retest and upstream compressors

Included the LSI Infra red camera (tool kit)



# **Eunice Plant – Engine Room**



























# **Chico Plant**







#### **Future Plans**

 Coordinated Efforts for Sharing BMPs with Field Operations and Maintenance Personnel in 2005.
 Increase management commitment through awareness of cost effective opportunities
 Dynegy is evaluating implementing D, I & M system

wide



#### **Contact Information**

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