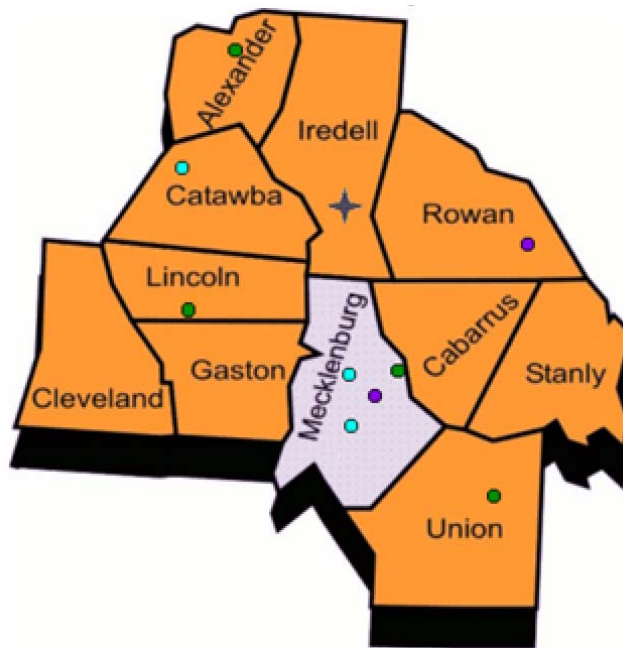


2016-2017 Annual Monitoring Network Plan for the North Carolina Division of Air Quality

Volume 2

Site Descriptions by Division of Air Quality Regional Office and Metropolitan Statistical Area

C. The Mooresville Monitoring Region



July 1, 2016

Table of Contents

List of Figures	2
List of Tables	3
C. The Mooresville Monitoring Region.....	4
(1) Hickory-Lenoir-Morganton MSA	4
(2) Cleveland County	13
(3) Charlotte-Gastonia-Concord MSA	14
(4) Stanly County	23
Appendix C.1 Annual Network Site Review Forms for 2015	24
Appendix C-2. Scale of Representativeness	39

List of Figures

Figure C1. The Mooresville monitoring region.....	4
Figure C2. Locations of monitors in the Hickory-Lenoir-Morganton MSA	4
Figure C3. Taylorsville Liledoun ozone monitoring site, 37-003-0005	5
Figure C4. Looking north from the Taylorsville-Liledoun site	6
Figure C5. Looking west from the Taylorsville-Liledoun site	6
Figure C6. Looking east from the Taylorsville-Liledoun site	6
Figure C7. Looking south from the Taylorsville-Liledoun site.....	6
Figure C8. Relationship between old Waggin Trail site (to the north) and Taylorsville Liledoun site (to the south).....	7
Figure C9. Lenoir ozone and sulfur dioxide monitoring site.....	7
Figure C10. Looking north from the Lenoir site.....	8
Figure C11. Looking northeast from the Lenoir site	8
Figure C12. Looking northwest from the Lenoir site	9
Figure C13. Looking west from the Lenoir site.....	9
Figure C14. Looking southwest from the Lenoir site.....	9
Figure C15. Looking east from the Lenoir site.....	9
Figure C16. Looking southeast from the Lenoir site	9
Figure C17. Looking south from the Lenoir site	9
Figure C18. Hickory fine particle monitoring site.....	10
Figure C19. Looking north from the Hickory site	10
Figure C21. Looking northwest from the Hickory site.....	11
Figure C20. Looking northeast from the Hickory site.....	10
Figure C24. Looking east from the Hickory site	11
Figure C22. Looking west from the Hickory site	11

Figure C23. Looking southwest from the Hickory site	11
Figure C25. Looking southeast from the Hickory site.....	11
Figure C26. Looking south from the Hickory site.....	11
Figure C27. Monitoring sites in the Charlotte-Concord-Gastonia MSA.....	14
Figure C28. Crouse Ozone monitoring site	15
Figure C29. Looking north from the Crouse site.....	16
Figure C30. Looking northwest from the Crouse site.....	16
Figure C31. Looking west from the Crouse site.....	17
Figure C32. Looking northeast from the Crouse site.....	16
Figure C33. Looking east from the Crouse site	16
Figure C34. Looking southeast from the Crouse site	17
Figure C35. Looking southwest from the Crouse site	17
Figure C36. Looking south from the Crouse site.....	17
Figure C37. The Rockwell ozone, fine particle and precursor site, 37-159-0021	18
Figure C38. Looking north from the Rockwell site.....	18
Figure C39. Looking northwest from the Rockwell site.....	18
Figure C40. Looking west from the Rockwell site.....	19
Figure C41. Looking southwest from the Rockwell site	19
Figure C42. Looking northeast from the Rockwell site.....	18
Figure C43. Looking east from the Rockwell site	18
Figure C44. Looking southeast from the Rockwell site	19
Figure C45. Looking south from the Rockwell site.....	19
Figure C46. Monroe ozone monitoring site, 37-179-0003	21
Figure C47. Looking north from the Monroe site.....	22
Figure C48. Looking west from the Monroe site.....	22
Figure C49. Looking east from the Monroe site.....	22
Figure C50. Looking south from the Monroe site	22

List of Tables

Table C1. Site Table for Taylorsville-Liledoun.....	5
Table C2. Site Table for Lenoir	8
Table C3. Site Table for Hickory.....	12
Table C4. Site Table for Crouse	15
Table C5. Site Table for Rockwell	19
Table C6. Site Table for Monroe Middle School	21
Table C7. Site Type Appropriate Siting Scales	39

C. The Mooresville Monitoring Region

The Mooresville monitoring region, shown in Figure C1, consists of four areas: (1) the eastern portion of the Hickory-Lenoir-Morganton metropolitan statistical area, MSA, (Alexander and Catawba counties), (2) Cleveland County, (3) the Charlotte MSA (Cabarrus, Gaston, Iredell, Lincoln, Mecklenburg, Rowan and Union counties) and (4) Stanly County.

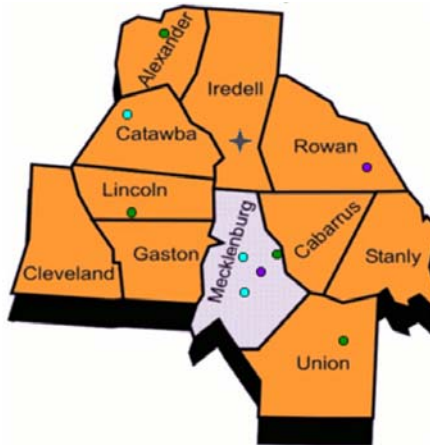
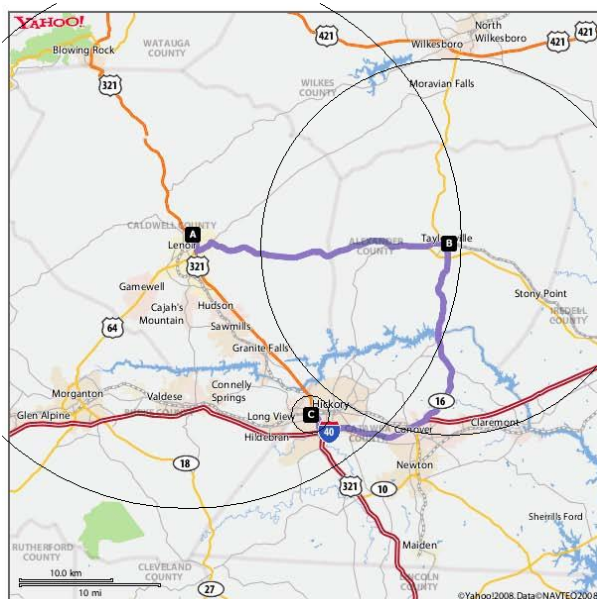


Figure C1. The Mooresville monitoring region
The dots show the approximate locations of most monitoring sites in this region

(1) Hickory-Lenoir-Morganton MSA

The Hickory-Lenoir-Morganton MSA consists of four counties: Alexander, Burke, Caldwell and Catawba County. The major urban areas are the Cities of Hickory, Lenoir and Morganton. The DAQ currently operates three monitoring sites in the Hickory-Lenoir-Morganton MSA. These sites are located at Taylorsville-Liledoun in Alexander County, Lenoir in Caldwell County and the Hickory Water Tower in Catawba County. The locations of these monitors are shown in Figure C2.



A is the Lenoir ozone monitoring site; B is the Taylorsville-Liledoun ozone monitoring site; C is the Hickory particle monitoring site. Circles around the monitors show the scale of representation (Lenoir is regional - 50 Km plus; Taylorsville Liledoun is urban - 4 to 50 Km; Hickory is neighborhood - 0.5 to 4 Km).

Figure C2. Locations of monitors in the Hickory-Lenoir-Morganton MSA

At the Taylorsville-Liledoun site, DAQ operates a seasonal ozone monitor. Figure C3 shows the site.

Table C1 summarizes monitoring information for the site. Figure C4 through Figure C7 show views looking north, east, south and west. This site was established as the downwind site for the Hickory-Lenoir-Morganton MSA in 2013 to replace the Taylorsville-Waggin Trail site. The DAQ requests that the 2014 and 2015 data from the Liledoun site be combined with the 2013 data from the Taylorsville site to provide a valid design value for recommended designations due in 2016. This site is the design value monitor for the MSA. 40 CFR 58 Appendix D requires the Hickory-Lenoir-Morganton MSA to have two ozone monitoring sites.



Figure C3. Taylorsville Liledoun ozone monitoring site, 37-003-0005

Table C1. Site Table for Taylorsville-Liledoun

Site Name:	Taylorsville Liledoun		AQS Site Identification Number:	37-003-0005	
Location:	700 Liledoun Road, Taylorsville, North Carolina				
CBSA:	Hickory-Lenoir-Morganton, NC			CBSA #:	25860
Latitude	35.9139	Longitude	-81.19	Datum:	WGS84
Elevation	365 meters				
Parameter Name	Method	Method Reference ID	Sample Duration	Sampling Schedule	
Ozone	Instrumental with ultra violet photometry (047)	EQOA-0880-047	1-Hour	Apr. 1 to Oct. 31	
Date Monitor Established:	Ozone			Aug. 2, 2013	
Nearest Road:	Liledoun Road	Traffic Count:	6600	Year of Count:	2013
Parameter Name	Distance to Road	Direction to Road	Monitor Type	Statement of Purpose	
Ozone	218 meters	Southeast	SLAMS	Real-time AQI reporting and forecasting. Compliance w/NAAQS.	
Parameter Name	Monitoring Objective	Scale	Suitable for Comparison to NAAQS	Proposal to Move or Change	
Ozone	General Background	Urban	Yes	Season will start Mar. 1 in 2017	
Meets Part 58 Requirements for:					
Parameter Name	Appendix A	Appendix C	Appendix D	Appendix E	
Ozone	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Parameter Name	Probe Height (m)	Distance to Support	Distance to Trees	Obstacles	
Ozone	3.7	1.2 meters	>20 meters	None	



Figure C4. Looking north from the Taylorsville-Liledoun site



Figure C6. Looking east from the Taylorsville-Liledoun site



Figure C5. Looking west from the Taylorsville-Liledoun site



Figure C7. Looking south from the Taylorsville-Liledoun site

The Taylorsville-Liledoun site was established on Aug. 2, 2013, after DAQ discovered in January 2013 that Alexander County planned to establish a vehicle maintenance facility at the Waggin Trail site. Because these construction plans, once implemented, made the Waggin Trail site unacceptable for ozone monitoring, DAQ identified the Taylorsville-Liledoun site for the ozone monitor. As shown in Figure C8, the Taylorsville-Liledoun site is located almost exactly one mile south of the former Waggin Trail site, behind the Alexander County Board of Education building, 700 Liledoun Road, Taylorsville. A meteorological tower is operated by the State Climate Office in the same area where the ozone monitor is located. The Waggin Trail and Taylorsville-Liledoun site operated simultaneously from Aug. 2 through Oct. 31, 2013.

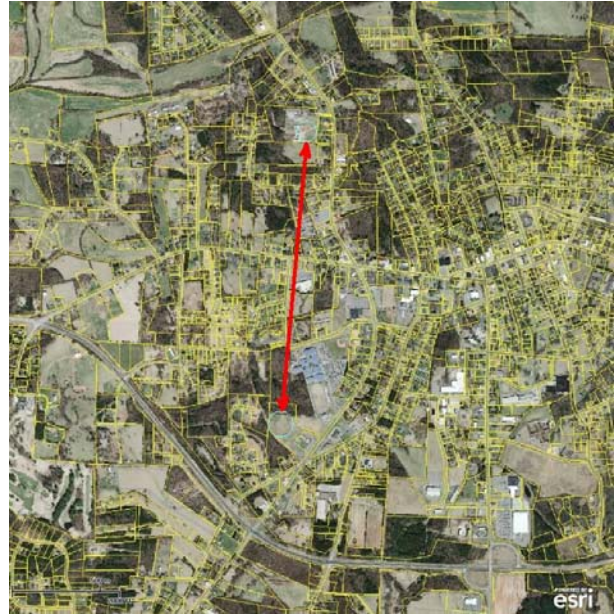


Figure C8. Relationship between old Waggin Trail site (to the north) and Taylorsville Liledoun site (to the south)

At **Lenoir**, 37-027-0003, the DAQ operates a seasonal ozone monitor, the second required ozone-monitor for the MSA. In 2013, DAQ added a special purpose sulfur dioxide monitor at Lenoir that operates every third year to provide data for prevention of significant deterioration, PSD, modeling for industrial expansion. The site is shown in Figure C9. Table C2 summarizes monitoring information for the site. Views looking north, northeast, east, southeast, south, southwest, west and northwest from the site are shown in Figure C10 to Figure C17.



Figure C9. Lenoir ozone and sulfur dioxide monitoring site

Table C2. Site Table for Lenoir

Site Name:	Lenoir			AQS Site Identification Number:	37-027-0003		
Location:	291 Nuway Circle, Lenoir, North Carolina						
MSA:	Hickory-Lenoir-Morganton, NC			CBSA #:	25860		
Latitude	35.935833	Longitude	-81.530278	Datum:	WGS84	Elevation	366 meters
Parameter Name	Method			Method Reference ID	Sample Duration	Sampling Schedule	
Ozone	Instrumental with ultra violet photometry (047)			EQOA-0880-047	1-Hour	Apr. 1 to Oct. 31	
Sulfur dioxide	Instrumental with pulsed fluorescence (060)			EQSA-0486-060	1-Hour	Year-round; every third year	
Date Monitor Established:	Ozone						Jan. 1, 1981
	Sulfur dioxide						Jan. 1, 2013
Nearest Road:	Nuway Circle	Traffic Count:	490		Year of Count:	2013	
Parameter Name	Distance to Road	Direction to Road	Monitor Type	Statement of Purpose			
Ozone	146 meters	East	SLAMS	Real-time AQI reporting & forecasting. Compliance w/NAAQS.			
Sulfur dioxide	146 meters	East	Special purpose	Prevention of significant deterioration, PSD, Modeling			
Parameter Name	Monitoring Objective	Scale	Suitable for Comparison to NAAQS		Proposal to Move or Change		
Ozone	General background	Regional	Yes		Season will start Mar. 1 in 2017		
Sulfur dioxide	General background	Regional	Yes		None		
Meets Part 58 Requirements:							
Parameter Name	Appendix A	Appendix C	Appendix D	Appendix E			
Ozone	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes			
Sulfur dioxide	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes			
Parameter Name	Probe Height (m)	Distance to Support	Distance to Trees	Obstacles			
Ozone	3.81 meters	1.189 meters	5.28 meters	None			
Sulfur dioxide	3.683 meters	1.097 meter	8.941 meters	None			



Figure C10. Looking north from the Lenoir site



Figure C11. Looking northeast from the Lenoir site



Figure C12. Looking northwest from the Lenoir site



Figure C15. Looking east from the Lenoir site



Figure C13. Looking west from the Lenoir site



Figure C16. Looking southeast from the Lenoir site



Figure C14. Looking southwest from the Lenoir site



Figure C17. Looking south from the Lenoir site



Figure C18. Hickory fine particle monitoring site

At the Hickory site, the DAQ operates one-in-three day and one-in-six-day fine particle collocated federal reference method, FRM, monitors and a continuous fine particle monitor. The one-in-six-day speciation fine particle SASS and URG monitors and the two one-in-six-day high volume PM10 monitors were shut down in 2014. In 2015 a second continuous fine particle monitor that recently received equivalency status was added to the site so DAQ could evaluate its performance. By the end of 2016 the DAQ anticipates making one of the continuous monitors the primary monitor and shutting down the primary FRM monitor at the site. Figure C18 through Figure C26 show the site as well as views looking north, northeast, east, southeast, south, southwest, west and northwest. Table C3 summarizes monitoring information for the site.

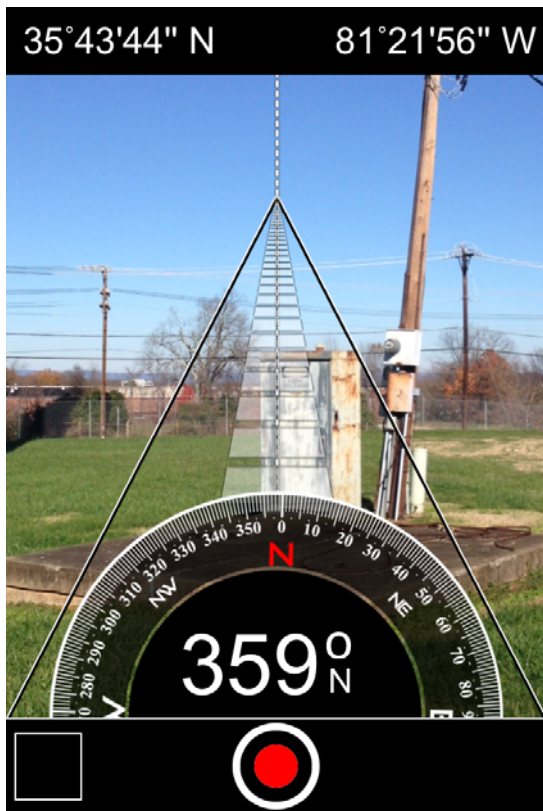


Figure C19. Looking north from the Hickory site



Figure C20. Looking northeast from the Hickory site



Figure C21. Looking northwest from the Hickory site



Figure C24. Looking east from the Hickory site

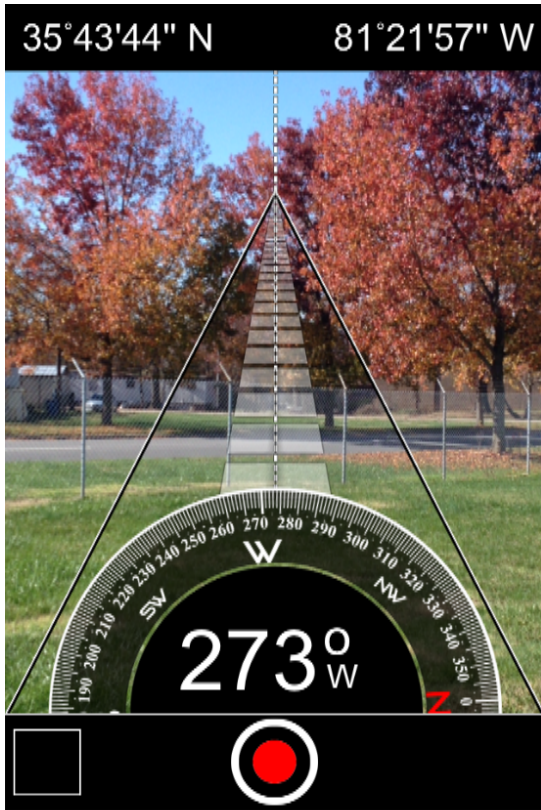


Figure C22. Looking west from the Hickory site



Figure C25. Looking southeast from the Hickory site



Figure C26. Looking south from the Hickory site



Figure C23. Looking southwest from the Hickory site

Table C3. Site Table for Hickory

Site Name:	Hickory		AQS Site Identification Number	37-035-0004	
Location:	1650 1 st Street, Hickory, North Carolina				
MSA:	Hickory-Lenoir-Morganton, NC		CBSA #:	25860	
Latitude	35.728889	Longitude	-81.365556	Datum:	WGS84
Elevation	333 meters				
Parameter Name	Method	Method Reference ID	Sample Duration	Sampling Schedule	
PM 2.5 local conditions, FRM	R & P Model 2025 PM-2.5 Sequential Air Sampler w/VSCC – Gravimetric Analysis	RFPS-1006-145	24-Hour	Every Third Day, Year Round	
				Every Sixth Day, Year Round	
PM 2.5 local conditions, BAM 1020	Met One BAM-1020 Mass Monitor w/ VSCC	EQPM-0308-170	1-Hour	Year Round	
PM 2.5 local conditions, BAM 1022	Met One BAM-1022 Mass Monitor w/ VSCC	EQPM-1013-209	1-Hour	Year Round	
Date Monitor Established:	PM 2.5 Local Conditions, Primary Monitor			Jan. 1, 1999	
	PM 2.5 Local Conditions, Collocated Monitor			Aug. 16, 2008	
	PM 2.5 local conditions, BAM 1020			Dec. 11, 2014	
	PM 2.5 local conditions, BAM 1022			Sept. 14, 2015	
Nearest Road:	2 nd Avenue SW	Traffic Count:	3400	Year of Count:	2013
Parameter Name	Distance to Road	Direction to Road	Monitor Type	Statement of Purpose	
PM 2.5 Local Conditions, FRM	22.25 meters	South	SLAMS	Compliance w/NAAQS. AQI reporting. SIP required monitor.	
	21.34 meters	southeast	QA Collocated		
PM 2.5 local conditions, BAM 1020	22.25 meters	South southeast	Special purpose, non-regulatory	Real-time AQI reporting & forecasting.	
PM 2.5 local conditions, BAM 1022	21.34 meters	South southeast	Special purpose, non-regulatory	Evaluation of new monitor performance.	
Parameter Name	Monitoring Objective	Scale	Suitable for Comparison to NAAQS	Proposal to Move or Change	
PM 2.5 Local Conditions, FRM	Population Exposure	Neighborhood	Yes	Shut down primary on Dec. 31, 2016	
PM 2.5 local conditions, BAM 1020	Population Exposure	Neighborhood	No	Shut down after Sept. 30, 2016	
PM 2.5 local conditions, BAM 1022	Population Exposure	Neighborhood	No	Make primary Jan. 1, 2017, if data matches	
Parameter Name	Meets Part 58 Appendix A Requirements	Meets Part 58 Appendix C Requirements	Meets Part 58 Appendix D Requirements	Meets Part 58 Appendix E Requirements	
PM 2.5 Local Conditions, FRM	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
PM 2.5 local conditions, BAM 1020	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
PM 2.5 local conditions, BAM 1022	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Parameter Name	Probe Height (m)	Distance to Support	Distance to Trees	Obstacles	
PM 2.5 Local Conditions, FRM	2.3368	2.0574 meters	>20 meters	None	
	2.3622	2.0574 meters	>20 meters	None	
PM 2.5 local conditions, BAM 1020	2.5146	2.159 meters	>20 meters	None	
PM 2.5 local conditions, BAM 1022	2.4892	2.1082 meters	>20 meters	None	

Both one-in-six day PM10 monitors were shut down on Dec. 31, 2014. The PM10 monitor was not required by 40 CFR 58 Appendix D, the DAQ does not use the PM10 data from this site for

permit modeling and the monitor is no longer needed to ensure an adequate PM10 network. The United States Environmental Protection Agency, EPA, ended the funding for the analysis of the SASS and URG samples in January 2015. As a result, the DAQ also shut down these monitors in 2014. At the end of December 2015 the well impactor ninety-six, WINS, on the FRM was replaced with a very sharp cut cyclone, VSCC. This change was made because the VSCC is easier and less expensive to maintain.

The Hickory-Lenoir-Morganton MSA did not need to do lead monitoring to meet the 2010 **lead monitoring** requirements because it does not have an NCore monitoring station and has no facilities within the MSA reporting over one half tons of lead emissions to the air.¹

The 2015 **ozone monitoring** requirements do not require additional monitors in the Hickory-Lenoir-Morganton MSA. The MSA has the minimum number of monitors required by 40 CFR 58 Appendix D for population exposure monitoring in urban areas. Seasonal ozone monitoring will start on Mar. 1 instead of Apr. 1 beginning in 2017.

The Hickory-Lenoir-Morganton MSA did not need additional monitors to comply with the 2010 **nitrogen dioxide monitoring** requirements. It is too small to require area-wide monitors or near roadway monitoring.

The DAQ will not need to add source-oriented monitors in the Hickory-Lenoir-Morganton MSA to comply with the 2010 **sulfur dioxide monitoring** requirements for source-oriented monitoring. No additional monitors were required to comply with the population weighted emission index (PWEI) monitoring requirements because the total sulfur dioxide emissions in this MSA multiplied by the total MSA population does not result in a high enough index to require monitoring.

This area will also not be required to operate near road **carbon monoxide** and **fine particle** monitors because the population is under one million.

(2) Cleveland County

Cleveland County is part of the Charlotte-Concord combined statistical area. The micropolitan statistical area of Shelby is in the county. The DAQ currently does not operate any monitors in Cleveland County. The December 2010 revisions to the **lead monitoring** network regulations did not result in additional monitoring in Cleveland County. This county is not required to add ozone monitors because the area does not have any MSAs that must meet the minimum number of monitors required by 40 CFR 58 Appendix D for population exposure monitoring in urban areas. Cleveland County is too small to require area-wide nitrogen dioxide monitors or near roadway monitoring for nitrogen dioxide, carbon monoxide and fine particles. The 2010 **sulfur dioxide** monitoring requirements also did not result in additional monitoring in this area because there are no large sources of sulfur dioxide in this county. This county is also not required to

¹ Data obtained from the DAQ emission inventory database, accessed Feb. 2, 2012.

monitor for **carbon monoxide** because the population is too small to require near road carbon monoxide monitoring.

(3) Charlotte-Gastonia-Concord MSA

The Charlotte-Gastonia-Concord MSA consists of 10 counties: Cabarrus, Gaston, Iredell, Lincoln, Mecklenburg, Rowan and Union in North Carolina and Chester, Lancaster and York in South Carolina. The major urban areas are Charlotte, Gastonia and Concord in North Carolina and Rock Hill in South Carolina. This MSA is one of the fastest growing areas in North Carolina. Currently DAQ operates three monitoring sites in the Charlotte-Gastonia-Concord MSA, Mecklenburg County Air Quality, MCAQ, operates six and the South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Conservation, DHEC, operates one. These sites are located at Crouse (Lincoln County), Remount Road, Garinger High School, University Meadows, Montclair, Fire Station #11 and Oakdale, in Charlotte (Mecklenburg County), Rockwell (Rowan County), Monroe (Union County) and York (York County, South Carolina). The locations of these monitors are shown in Figure C27.

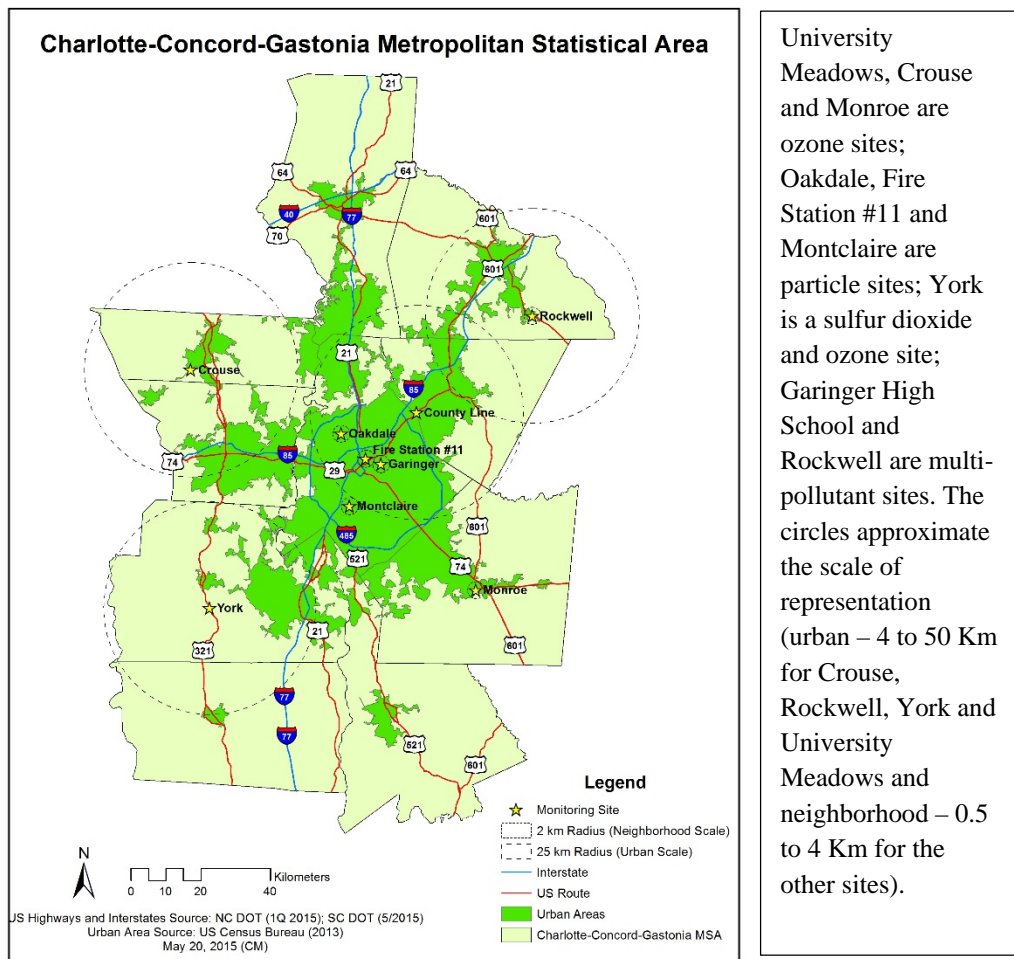


Figure C27. Monitoring sites in the Charlotte-Concord-Gastonia MSA

The DAQ shut down the **Enochville** seasonal ozone monitor in Rowan County at the end of the 2013 ozone season and the Grier Middle School (Gaston County) fine particle monitoring site in February 2015. At the end of the 2014 ozone season MCAQ was evicted from the Arrowood site (Mecklenburg County) and at the end of the 2015 ozone season MCAQ was evicted from the County Line site (Mecklenburg County). Mecklenburg County Air Quality established the University Meadows site on Apr. 1, 2016, to replace the County Line site. The DAQ shut down the **Grier Middle School** site on Feb. 25, 2015. The NAAQS and AQI monitors were not required by 40 CFR 58 Appendix D, the DAQ no longer needed the continuous monitor at the site for air quality forecasting and because of the lower fine particle concentrations throughout the state, the monitors were no longer needed to ensure an adequate fine particle network. The MCAQ sites and monitors are discussed in Appendix B to Volume 1. Only the three DAQ sites (Crouse in Lincoln County, Rockwell in Rowan County and Monroe in Union County) are further discussed in this subsection.

At the **Crouse** site in Lincoln County, the DAQ operates a seasonal ozone monitor. The site is shown in Figure C28. Monitoring information for the site is summarized in Table C4. Views looking north, northeast, east, southeast, south, southwest, west and northwest are provided in Figure C29 through Figure C36. The site was originally established in 1993 as the secondary downwind site for the Charlotte-Concord-Gastonia MSA. Today it provides valuable information on ozone concentrations in Lincoln County and could be useful for keeping parts of the county from being designated as in nonattainment with the ozone standard.



Figure C28. Crouse Ozone monitoring site

Table C4. Site Table for Crouse

Site Name:	Crouse		AQS Site Identification Number	37-109-0004	
Location:	1487 Riverview Road, Lincoln, North Carolina				
CBSA:	Charlotte-Gastonia-Concord, NC-SC		CBSA #:	16740	
Latitude	35.438556	Longitude	-81.276750	Datum:	WGS84
Elevation	270 meters				
Parameter Name	Method	Method Reference ID	Sample Duration	Sampling Schedule	
Ozone	Instrumental with ultra violet photometry (047)	EQOA-0880-047	1-Hour	Apr. 1 to Oct. 31	
Date Monitor Established:	Ozone			July 1, 1993	
Nearest Road:	Riverview Road	Traffic Count:	1400	Year of Count:	2013
Parameter Name	Distance to Road	Direction to Road	Monitor Type	Statement of Purpose	

Table C4. Site Table for Crouse

Ozone	62 meters	Southwest	SLAMS	Compliance w/NAAQS. Real-time AQI reporting & forecasting.	
Parameter Name	Monitoring Objective	Scale	Suitable for Comparison to NAAQS		Proposal to Move or Change
Ozone	General background	Urban	Yes		Season will start Mar. 1 in 2017
Parameter Name	Meets Requirements of 40 CFR Part 58				
	Appendix A	Appendix C	Appendix D	Appendix E	
Ozone	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Parameter Name	Probe Height (m)	Distance to Support		Distance to Trees	Obstacles
Ozone	3.5	1.3 meter		>20 meters	None



Figure C29. Looking north from the Crouse site



Figure C31. Looking northeast from the Crouse site



Figure C30. Looking northwest from the Crouse site



Figure C32. Looking east from the Crouse site



Figure C33. Looking west from the Crouse site



Figure C35. Looking southeast from the Crouse site



Figure C34. Looking southwest from the Crouse site



Figure C36. Looking south from the Crouse site

At **Rockwell** DAQ operates a year-round ozone monitor. A continuous fine particle nitrate monitor and aethalometer as well as a reactive oxides of nitrogen monitor also operate year-round at this site. The one-in-three-day fine particle FRM monitor, one-in-six day collocated fine particle monitor and continuous fine particle monitor were shut down at the end of 2015. The one-in-six-day speciation fine particle monitors were shut down in January 2015 because the EPA stopped funding the sample analysis for them. Pictures of the site as well as views looking north, northeast, east, southeast, south, southwest, west and northwest are provided in Figure C37 through Figure C45.



Figure C37. The Rockwell ozone, fine particle and precursor site, 37-159-0021



Figure C38. Looking north from the Rockwell site



Figure C40. Looking northeast from the Rockwell site



Figure C39. Looking northwest from the Rockwell site



Figure C41. Looking east from the Rockwell site



Figure C42. Looking west from the Rockwell site



Figure C44. Looking southeast from the Rockwell site



Figure C43. Looking southwest from the Rockwell site



Figure C45. Looking south from the Rockwell site

Table C5. Site Table for Rockwell

Site Name:		Rockwell	AQS Site Identification Number		37-159-0021
Location:		316 West Street, Rockwell, North Carolina			
CBSA:	Charlotte-Gastonia-Concord, NC-SC			CBSA #:	16740
Latitude	35.551868	Longitude	-80.395039	Datum:	WGS84
Elevation	240 meters				
Parameter Name	Method		Method Reference ID	Sample Duration	Sampling Schedule
Reactive oxides of nitrogen	Instrumental chemiluminescence Thermo Electron 42i-Y (674)		Not a reference method	1-Hour	Year round
Ozone	Instrumental with ultra violet photometry (047)		EQOA-0880-047	1-Hour	Year round
Total Nitrate PM2.5 LC	R&P Model 8400N Flash Vaporization (861)		Not a reference method	1-Hour	Year round
Black Carbon PM2.5 LC/UV Carbon PM2.5 LC	Magee Scientific AE21ER Aethalometer (866)		Not a reference method	1-Hour	Year round
Date Monitor Established:	Reactive oxides of nitrogen			Apr. 1, 1993	
Date Monitor Established:	Ozone			Apr. 1, 1993	
Date Monitor Established:	Total Nitrate PM2.5 LC			Jan. 2, 2007	
Date Monitor Established:	Black Carbon PM2.5 LC/UV Carbon PM2.5 LC			Jan. 1, 2009	
Nearest Road:	Gold Hill Road				
Traffic Count:	Not available		Year of Count:		

Table C5. Site Table for Rockwell

Parameter Name	Distance to Road	Direction to Road	Monitor Type	Statement of Purpose	
Reactive oxides of nitrogen	17 meters	North	Non-regulatory	Ozone and fine particle precursor monitoring; emission inventory validation	
Ozone	17 meters	North	Special purpose	Ozone precursor monitoring. Compliance w/NAAQS. Modeling.	
Total nitrate PM2.5 LC	26 meters	North	Special Purpose	Fine particle precursor monitoring.	
Black carbon PM2.5 LC/UV carbon PM2.5 LC	26 meters	North	Special Purpose	Fine particle precursor monitoring.	
Parameter Name	Monitoring Objective	Scale	Suitable to Compare to NAAQS	Proposal to Move or Change	
Reactive oxides of nitrogen	Maximum ozone concentration	Urban	No	None	
Ozone	Highest concentration	Urban	Yes	None	
Total nitrate PM2.5 LC	Population exposure	Neighborhood	No	None	
Black carbon PM2.5 LC/UV carbon PM2.5 LC	Population exposure	Neighborhood	No	None	
Parameter Name	Meets Part 58 Requirements for:				
	Appendix A	Appendix C	Appendix D	Appendix E	
Reactive oxides of nitrogen	Yes	No not required to	No requirements	Yes	
Ozone	Yes	Yes	No requirements	Yes	
Total nitrate PM2.5 LC	No	No not required to	No requirements	Yes	
Black carbon PM2.5 LC/UV carbon PM2.5 LC	No	No not required to	No requirements	Yes	
Parameter Name	Probe Height (m)	Distance to Support	Distance to Trees	Obstacles	
Reactive oxides of nitrogen	5.0	1.1 meters	14.3 meters	None	
Ozone	3.6	1.1 meters	14.3 meters	None	
Total nitrate PM2.5 LC	Unavailable	> 2 meters	>20 meters	None	
Black carbon PM2.5 LC/UV carbon PM2.5 LC	Unavailable	> 2 meters	>20 meters	None	

At the **Monroe Middle School** site, the DAQ operates a seasonal ozone monitor. Figure C46 shows the site. Table C6 summarizes monitoring information for the site. Figure C47 through Figure C50 provide views looking north, east, south and west. This ozone-monitoring site is one of six for the MSA. 40 CFR 58 Appendix D requires the Charlotte-Gastonia-Concord MSA to have two ozone monitoring sites. The site is located at the goal end of a soccer field so soccer balls sometimes damage the probe. The DAQ has investigated moving the site to another part of Monroe; however, this site meets the siting criteria in 40 CFR 58 Appendix E better than any nearby alternative location. The DAQ has also added a fence on the roof of the building between the probe and soccer field to protect the probe.



Figure C46. Monroe ozone monitoring site, 37-179-0003

Table C6. Site Table for Monroe Middle School

Site Name:	Monroe Middle School		AQS Site Identification Number	37-179-0003	
Location:	701 Charles Street, Monroe, North Carolina				
CBSA:	Charlotte-Gastonia-Concord, NC-SC			CBSA #:	16740
Latitude	34.973889	Longitude	-80.540833	Datum:	WGS84
Elevation	184 meters				
Parameter Name	Method	Method Reference ID	Sample Duration	Sampling Schedule	
Ozone	Instrumental with ultra violet photometry (047)	EQOA-0880-047	1-Hour	Apr. 1 to Oct. 31	
Date Monitor Established:	Ozone			Apr. 7, 1999	
Nearest Road:	Charles Street	Traffic Count:	5300	Year of Count:	2012
Parameter Name	Distance to Road	Direction to Road	Monitor Type	Statement of Purpose	
Ozone	71.3 meters	West	Special Purpose	Compliance w/NAAQS. Real-time AQI reporting & forecasting.	
Parameter Name	Monitoring Objective	Scale	Suitable for Comparison to NAAQS	Proposal to Move or Change	
Ozone	Population Exposure	Neighborhood	Yes	Season will start Mar. 1 in 2017	
Parameter Name	Meets Part 58 Appendix A Requirements	Meets Part 58 Appendix C Requirements	Meets Part 58 Appendix D Requirements	Meets Part 58 Appendix E Requirements	
Ozone	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Parameter Name	Probe Height (m)	Distance to Support	Distance to Trees	Obstacles	
Ozone	3.9	1 meter	>20 meters	None	



Figure C47. Looking north from the Monroe site



Figure C49. Looking east from the Monroe site



Figure C48. Looking west from the Monroe site



Figure C50. Looking south from the Monroe site

The DAQ continues to operate the Monroe site because it provides valuable information for developing nonattainment boundaries and has been used in the past to keep parts of Union County from being designated as in nonattainment with the ozone standard.

Changes to the **lead monitoring** requirements in 2010 resulted in additional monitoring in the Charlotte-Gastonia-Concord MSA. This MSA has an NCore monitoring site and began

monitoring at that site for lead in the ambient air Dec. 27, 2011. This lead monitoring ended on Apr. 30, 2016, when new monitoring regulations became effective.²

The 2015 **ozone monitoring** requirements did not result in additional monitoring in the Charlotte-Gastonia-Concord MSA. The MSA currently exceeds the minimum number of monitors required by 40 CFR 58 Appendix D for population exposure monitoring in urban areas. Seasonal ozone monitoring will start on Mar. 1 instead of Apr. 1 beginning in 2017.

The 2010 **nitrogen dioxide** monitoring requirements required additional monitoring in the Charlotte-Gastonia-Concord MSA. The MSA is required to have an area-wide monitor starting in 2013 and a near-roadway monitor starting in 2014. The 2010 **sulfur dioxide** monitoring requirements also required additional monitoring in the Charlotte-Gastonia-Concord MSA. This MSA was required to have two population-weighted emission index (PWEI) monitors within the MSA because there were large sources of sulfur dioxide as well as large numbers of people in the MSA. These PWEI monitors are located at the Garinger High School monitoring site in Charlotte and at the York monitoring site in York, South Carolina. However, a decline in sulfur dioxide emissions result in only one PWEI monitor being required. The changes in the **carbon monoxide monitoring** requirements will also result in more monitoring in this MSA. Because the population in the MSA is over one million people, a near road carbon monoxide monitor will be required in 2017.

(4) Stanly County

Stanly County is part of the Charlotte- Concord combined statistical area. The Albemarle micropolitan statistical area is in Stanly County. The DAQ does not operate any monitoring sites in this county.

The expansion of the **lead monitoring** network to support the lower lead NAAQS did not result in monitoring in Stanly County. The 2015 **ozone monitoring** requirements also did not result in more monitoring in this area. This area does not have any MSAs requiring a minimum number of monitors by 40 CFR 58 Appendix D for population exposure monitoring in urban areas.

The 2010 **nitrogen dioxide** monitoring requirements did not result in additional monitoring in Stanly County. The area is too small to require area-wide monitors or near roadway monitoring. The 2010 **sulfur dioxide** monitoring requirements did not require any additional monitoring in this area because the population and sulfur dioxide emissions do not exceed the required threshold for monitoring. The 2011 changes to the **carbon monoxide monitoring** requirements also did not require additional monitors in this area because the population is too small.

² Revisions to Ambient Monitoring Quality Assurance and Other Requirements, Federal Register, Vol. 81, No. 59, Monday, Mar. 28, 2016, available on the worldwide web at <https://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/FR-2016-03-28/pdf/2016-06226.pdf>.

Appendix C.1 Annual Network Site Review Forms for 2015

Taylorsville-Liledoun

Lenoir

Hickory

Crouse

Rockwell

Monroe Middle School in Monroe

Site Review Form Calendar Year 2015

Site Information

Region <u>MRO</u>		Site Name <u>Taylorsville Liledoun</u>		AQS Site # <u>37-003-0005</u>	
Street Address <u>700 Liledoun Road</u>			City <u>Taylorsville</u>		
Urban Area <u>Not in an Urban Area</u>		Core-based Statistical Area <u>Hickory-Lenoir-Morganton, NC</u>			
Enter Exact					
Longitude <u>-81.1910</u>		Latitude <u>35.9138</u>		Method of Measuring	
In Decimal Degrees		In Decimal Degrees		Other (explain) <u>Google Maps</u>	
Elevation Above/below Mean Sea Level (in meters)				<u>362</u>	
Name of nearest road to inlet probe <u>Liledoun Road</u> ADT <u>7400</u> Year latest available <u>2014</u>					
Distance of ozone probe to nearest traffic lane (m) <u>219</u> Direction from ozone probe to nearest traffic lane <u>SE</u>					
Comments: www.ncdot.gov/travel/statemapping/trafficvolumemaps					
Name of nearest major road <u>HWY 64</u> ADT <u>8700</u> Year latest available <u>2014</u>					
Distance of site to nearest major road (m) <u>526</u> Direction from site to nearest major road <u>SW</u>					
Comments: www.ncdot.gov/travel/statemapping/trafficvolumemaps					
Site located near electrical substation/high voltage power lines?					Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Distance of site to nearest railroad track		(m) <u>2152</u>		Direction to RR <u>NE</u> <input type="checkbox"/> NA	
Distance of site to nearest power pole w/transformer		(m) <u>221</u>		Direction <u>SE</u>	
Distance between site and drip line of water tower (m)			Direction from site to water tower <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NA		
Explain any sources of potential bias; include cultivated fields, loose bulk storage, stacks, vents, railroad tracks, construction activities, fast food restaurants, and swimming pools.					
<u>None noted.</u>					

ANSWER ALL APPLICABLE QUESTIONS:

Parameters	Monitoring Objective	Scale	Site Type
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> O ₃	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> General/Background <input type="checkbox"/> Highest Concentration <input type="checkbox"/> Max O ₃ Concentration <input type="checkbox"/> Population Exposure <input type="checkbox"/> Source Oriented <input type="checkbox"/> Transport <input type="checkbox"/> Upwind Background <input type="checkbox"/> Welfare Related Impacts	<input type="checkbox"/> Micro <input type="checkbox"/> Middle <input type="checkbox"/> Neighborhood <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Urban <input type="checkbox"/> Regional	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> SLAMS <input type="checkbox"/> SPM
Probe inlet height (from ground) 2-15 m? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>			
Give actual measured height from ground (meters) <u>3.65</u>			
Distance of outer edge of probe inlet from horizontal (wall) and/or vertical (roof) supporting structure > 1 m? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>			
Actual measured distance from outer edge of probe to supporting structure (meters) <u>1.06</u>			
Is probe > 20 m from the nearest tree drip line? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> *No <input type="checkbox"/> (answer *'d questions)			
*Is probe > 10 m from the nearest tree drip line? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> *No <input type="checkbox"/>			
*Distance from probe to tree (m) _____ Direction from probe to tree _____ *Height of tree (m) _____			
Are there any obstacles to air flow? *Yes <input type="checkbox"/> (answer *'d questions) No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			
*Identify obstacle _____ Distance from probe inlet (m) _____ Direction from probe inlet to obstacle _____			
*Is distance from inlet probe to obstacle at least twice the height that the obstacle protrudes above the probe? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>			

Site Review Form Calendar Year 2015

RECOMMENDATIONS:

- 1) Maintain current site status? Yes *No (answer *'d questions)
- *2) Change monitoring objective? Yes (enter new objective: _____) No
- *3) Change scale of representativeness? Yes (enter new scale: _____) No
- *4) Relocate site? Yes No

Comments: UV monitor had winter cap on. New pictures taken.

Date of Last Site Pictures: December 4, 2015 New Pictures Submitted? Yes No

Reviewer Paul J. Chappin Date: 12/4/15

Ambient Monitoring Coordinator Deborah W. Manning Date: 12/15/2015

Instructions:

If the annual network review has indicated that the monitoring objectives and scale of representativeness for the site have not changed and the siting criteria still meets those monitoring objectives and that scale of representativeness and there are no other reasons to modify the site in any way, check "Yes" to the question "Maintain current site status?" and skip the rest of the recommendations section.

If the annual network review has indicated that the monitoring objectives, scale of representativeness, or siting criteria have changed for some reason or there is another reason to modify the site in some way, check "No" to the question "Maintain current site status?" and complete the rest of the recommendations section. If the monitoring objective or scale of representativeness needs to be changed, check the "Yes" box and write in the new monitoring objective or scale of representativeness on the line. Otherwise check the "No" box. If the site needs to be relocated, check the "Yes" box. If the site needs to be shut down, write "Shut down" in the comments line. Also use the comments line to explain any change requested.

Check the site picture archive to find out when the last set of site pictures were taken and write the date down on the line. If the pictures are more than five years old or if something at the site has changed in the past year, take new site pictures. Changes that require new site pictures include additions, removals, or movement of monitors at the site, growth or removal of trees and other shrubs at the site, and construction of roads or buildings at or in the vicinity of the site.

Pictures of the site should at a minimum include at least one picture showing the site itself and pictures standing at the probe or inlet or as close as possible to the probe or inlet looking in the four compass directions (north, east, south, and west). If meteorological data are collected at the site, pictures standing at the meteorological tower looking southwest and northeast should also be included. Sometimes pictures looking at the site from the four compass directions are also helpful.

Be sure to correctly identify the pictures as to which compass direction they show. This documentation may be achieved by using good notes when taking the pictures, holding a compass in front of the camera, or placing a sign with the appropriate direction indicated somewhere in the picture. Label the pictures with the name of the site using the two digit logger ID (HC, JW, *etc.*), the direction (N, NE, E, SE, S, SW, W, NW), and the date taken (YYYYMMDD) and transfer the pictures to the group drive in the appropriate Incoming/Regional Office directory.

Site Review Form Calendar Year 2015

Site Information

Region <u>ARO</u>	Site Name <u>Lenoir</u>	AQS Site # <u>37-027-0003</u>	
Street Address <u>291 Nuway Circle</u>		City <u>Lenoir</u>	
Urban Area <input type="checkbox"/> Not in an Urban Area	Core-based Statistical Area <u>None</u>		
Enter Exact			
Longitude <u>-81.530614</u>	Latitude <u>35.935934</u>	Method of Measuring	
In Decimal Degrees	In Decimal Degrees	Other (explain)	Explanation: <u>Google Earth</u>
Elevation Above/below Mean Sea Level (in meters)		<u>372</u>	
Name of nearest road to inlet probe <u>Nuway Circle</u> ADT <u>490</u> Year latest available <u>2013</u> Comments: _____			
Distance of site to nearest major road (m) <u>146.00</u> Direction from site to nearest major road <u>E</u> Name of nearest major road <u>Hwy 321</u> ADT <u>23000</u> Year latest available <u>2013</u> Comments: _____			
Site located near electrical substation/high voltage power lines?			Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>
Distance of site to nearest railroad track	(m) <u>1016</u>	Direction to RR <u>WSW</u>	<input type="checkbox"/> NA
Distance of site to nearest power pole w/transformer	(m) <u>73</u>	Direction <u>ENE</u>	
Distance between site and drip line of water tower (m)	Direction from site to water tower		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NA
Explain any sources of potential bias; include cultivated fields, loose bulk storage, stacks, vents, railroad tracks, construction activities, fast food restaurants, and swimming pools. _____			

ANSWER ALL APPLICABLE QUESTIONS:

Parameters	Monitoring Objective	Scale	Monitor Type
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Ozone (O ₃)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> General/Background <input type="checkbox"/> Highest Concentration <input type="checkbox"/> Max O ₃ Concentration <input type="checkbox"/> Population Exposure <input type="checkbox"/> Source Oriented <input type="checkbox"/> Transport <input type="checkbox"/> Upwind Background <input type="checkbox"/> Welfare Related Impacts	<input type="checkbox"/> Micro <input type="checkbox"/> Middle <input type="checkbox"/> Neighborhood <input type="checkbox"/> Urban <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Regional	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> SLAMS <input type="checkbox"/> SPM
Probe inlet height (from ground) 2-15 m? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Give actual measured height from ground (meters) <u>3.81</u>			
Distance of outer edge of probe inlet from horizontal (wall) and/or vertical (roof) supporting structure > 1 m? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>			
Actual measured distance from outer edge of probe to supporting structure (meters) <u>1.189</u>			
Distance of outer edge of probe inlet from other gas monitoring probe inlets > 0.25 m? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> NA <input type="checkbox"/>			
Is probe > 20 m from the nearest tree drip line? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> *No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> (answer *d questions)			
*Is probe > 10 m from the nearest tree drip line? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> *No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			
*Distance from probe to tree (m) <u>5.09</u> Direction from probe to tree <u>S</u> *Height of tree (m) <u>6.18 (2.37m above inlet probe)</u>			
Are there any obstacles to air flow? *Yes <input type="checkbox"/> (answer *d questions) No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			
*Identify obstacle _____ Distance from probe inlet (m) _____ Direction from probe inlet to obstacle _____			
*Is distance from inlet probe to obstacle at least twice the height that the obstacle protrudes above the probe? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>			
Distance of probe to nearest traffic lane (m) <u>146</u> Direction from probe to nearest traffic lane <u>E</u>			

Site Review Form Calendar Year 2015

OZONE MONITOR RECOMMENDATIONS:

- 1) Maintain current monitor status? Yes *No (answer *'d questions)
 *2) Change monitoring objective? Yes (enter new objective _____) No
 *3) Change scale of representativeness? Yes (enter new scale _____) No
 *4) Relocate monitor? Yes No

Comments: Distance from inlet probe to nearest tree (5.09 m) is more than twice the height that the tree protrudes above the probe (2.37 m).

ANSWER ALL APPLICABLE QUESTIONS:

Parameters	Monitoring Objective	Scale	Monitor Type
<input type="checkbox"/> SO ₂ (NAAQS) <input type="checkbox"/> SO ₂ (trace-level)	<input type="checkbox"/> General/Background <input type="checkbox"/> Highest Concentration <input type="checkbox"/> Population Exposure <input type="checkbox"/> Source Oriented <input type="checkbox"/> Transport <input type="checkbox"/> Upwind Background <input type="checkbox"/> Welfare Related Impacts	<input type="checkbox"/> Micro <input type="checkbox"/> Middle <input type="checkbox"/> Neighborhood <input type="checkbox"/> Urban <input type="checkbox"/> Regional	<input type="checkbox"/> SLAMS <input type="checkbox"/> SPM
Probe inlet height (from ground) 2-15 m? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Give actual measured height from ground (meters) _____			
Distance of outer edge of probe inlet from horizontal (wall) and/or vertical (roof) supporting structure > 1 m? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Actual measured distance from outer edge of probe to supporting structure (meters) _____			
Distance of outer edge of probe inlet from other monitoring probe inlets > 1 m? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> NA <input type="checkbox"/>			
Is probe > 20 m from the nearest tree drip line? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> *No <input type="checkbox"/> (answer *'d questions)			
*Is probe > 10 m from the nearest tree drip line? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> *No <input type="checkbox"/>			
*Distance from probe to tree (m) _____ Direction from probe to tree _____ *Height of tree (m) _____			
Are there any obstacles to air flow? *Yes <input type="checkbox"/> (answer *'d questions) No <input type="checkbox"/>			
*Identify obstacle _____ Distance from probe inlet (m) _____ Direction from probe inlet to obstacle _____			
*Is distance from inlet probe to obstacle at least twice the height that the obstacle protrudes above the probe? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>			
Distance of probe to nearest traffic lane (m) _____ Direction from probe to nearest traffic lane _____			

SULFUR DIOXIDE MONITOR RECOMMENDATIONS:

- 1) Maintain current monitor status? Yes *No (answer *'d questions)
 *2) Change monitoring objective? Yes (enter new objective _____) No
 *3) Change scale of representativeness? Yes (enter new scale _____) No
 *4) Relocate monitor? Yes No

Comments: _____

Date of Last Site Pictures 11/3/2014 New Pictures Submitted? Yes No

Reviewer Sarah Albert Date December 16, 2015

Ambient Monitoring Coordinator Steve Ensley Date 12/17/15

Revised 2015-12-18

Site Review Form Calendar Year 2015

Site Information

Region <u>MRO</u>		Site Name <u>Hickory</u>		AQS Site # <u>37-035-0004</u>		
Street Address- <u>1st. Ave. SW at 15th St. SW</u>			City <u>Hickory</u>			
Urban Area <u>HICKORY</u>		Core-based Statistical Area <u>Hickory-Lenoir-Morganton, NC</u>				
Enter Exact						
Longitude <u>81.3657</u>		Latitude <u>35.7289</u>		Method of Measuring		
In Decimal Degrees		In Decimal Degrees		Other (explain) Explanation: <u>Google Maps</u>		
Elevation Above/below Mean Sea Level (in meters)				<u>342.90</u>		
Name of nearest road to inlet probe <u>2nd Ave. SW</u> ADT Latest available <u>3,400</u> Year <u>2013</u> Distance of ozone probe to nearest traffic lane (m) <u>22.2504</u> Direction from inlet to nearest traffic lane <u>SSE</u> Comments: <u>Used http://www.ncdot.gov/travel/statemapping/trafficvolumemaps/.</u>						
Name of nearest major road <u>Highway 321 (Hickory Blvd.)</u> ADT <u>37,000</u> Year latest available <u>2013</u> Distance of site to nearest major road (m) <u>162.458</u> Direction from site to nearest major road <u>ENE</u> Comments: <u>Used http://www.ncdot.gov/travel/statemapping/trafficvolumemaps/. All distances based on the location of the HC (primary) PM2.5 FRM inlet.</u>						
Site located near electrical substation/high voltage power lines?					Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	No <input type="checkbox"/>
Distance of site to nearest railroad track			(m) <u>227</u> Direction to RR <u>N</u> <input type="checkbox"/> NA			
Distance of site to nearest power pole w/transformer			(m) <u>32</u> Direction <u>E</u>			
Distance between site and drip line of water tower (m) <u>15.8496</u> Direction from site to water tower <u>NW</u>					<input type="checkbox"/> NA	
Explain any sources of potential bias; include cultivated fields, loose bulk storage, stacks, vents, railroad tracks, construction activities, fast food restaurants, and swimming pools. <u>None noted.</u>						

Instructions:

Address: Sometimes local addresses change. Confirm the local address of the site using a 911 locator or the address used by the local utility company, community or county to identify the site location.

Urban Area: If the monitor is located within the bounds of an urban area (an incorporated area with a population of 10,000 or more people), select the appropriate urban area from the list. Otherwise select "Not in an Urban Area".

Core-Based Statistical Area (CBSA): If the monitor is located within a county that is part of a metropolitan statistical area (MSA) or a micropolitan statistical area (MiSA), then it is located within a core-based statistical area. If the monitoring station is located in a county included in a MSA or MiSA, select the appropriate CBSA from the list. Otherwise select "None".

Longitude and Latitude: The longitude and latitude should be entered in decimal degrees. Use a conversion program, such as <http://transition.fcc.gov/mb/audio/bickel/DDDMSS-decimal.html>, to convert to decimal degrees.

Road Information: For the nearest road to the inlet probe, list whatever roadway that carries vehicles that is closest to the probe, whether or not it is a named or public road and even if the road has very little traffic. Use the comments space if necessary to describe the road or the source of the annual average daily traffic (AADT) counts.

If the monitor is located near an unnamed, little used, private road, use the nearest major road space to list the closest named public road to the site. Include the distance and direction of the nearest major road from the site as well as the AADT if it is available. If the closest road is a small public road but there is a large major roadway such as an interstate highway, divided highway, major thoroughfare, etc., near the monitoring station use the nearest major road space to list the information about this major roadway. Include the distance and direction of the major road from the site as well as the AADT. The AADT for state roads can be obtained from the North Carolina Division of Transportation at <http://www.ncdot.gov/travel/statemapping/trafficvolumemaps/default.html>. For AADT values for local roadways contact the appropriate local governments.

Any Sources of Potential Bias: Use this space to record any information about the site that is not requested elsewhere. Especially note any changes to the site that occurred near the site in the past year, such as road construction, building construction, new businesses, businesses closing, or changes in traffic patterns, crops or other agricultural activities.

Site Review Form Calendar Year 2015

Parameters	Monitoring Objective	Scale	Monitor Type
Air flow < 200 L/min <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PM2.5 FRM <input type="checkbox"/> PM10 FRM <input type="checkbox"/> PM10 Cont. (BAM) <input type="checkbox"/> PM10-2.5 FRM <input type="checkbox"/> PM10-2.5 BAM <input type="checkbox"/> PM10 Lead (PB) <input type="checkbox"/> PM2.5 Cont. (TEOM) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PM2.5 Cont. (BAM) <input type="checkbox"/> PM2.5 Spec. (SASS) <input type="checkbox"/> PM2.5 Spec. (URG) <input type="checkbox"/> PM2.5 Cont. Spec.	<input type="checkbox"/> General/Background _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Highest Concentration _____ <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Population Exposure _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Source Oriented _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Transport _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Welfare Related Impacts _____	<input type="checkbox"/> Micro _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Middle _____ <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Neighborhood _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Urban _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Regional _____	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> SLAMS PM2.5 FRMs <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> SPM_BAM 1020 & BAM 1022 <input type="checkbox"/> Nonregulatory _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Supplemental Speciation _____
Probe inlet height (from ground) <input type="checkbox"/> < 2 m <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 2-7m <input type="checkbox"/> 7-15 m <input type="checkbox"/> > 15 m _____ Actual measured distance from probe inlet to ground (meters) <u>HC 2.3368, HCA 2.3622, HK BAM 2.5146, HK 1022 BAM 2.4892</u> Distance of outer edge of probe inlet from horizontal (wall) and/or vertical (platform or roof) supporting structure > 2 m? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Actual measured distance from outer edge of probe inlet to supporting structure (meters) <u>HC 2.0574, HCA 2.0574, HK BAM 2.159, HK 1022 BAM 2.1082</u>			
Distance (Y) between outer edge of probe inlets of any low volume monitor and any other low volume monitor at the site = 1 m or greater?		Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> NA <input type="checkbox"/>	
Distance (Y) between outer edge of all low volume monitor inlets and any Hi-Volume PM-10 or TSP inlet = 2 m or greater?		Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> NA <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Are collocated PM2.5 Monitors (Two FRMs, FRM & BAM, FRM & TEOM, BAM & TEOM) Located at Site? *Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> (answer *'d questions) No <input type="checkbox"/> NA <input type="checkbox"/>			
* Entire inlet opening of collocated PM 2.5 samplers (X) within 2 to 4 m of each other? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Give actual (meters): <u>HC and HCA = 3.1496 HK and HK 1022 = 3.1242</u>			
* Are collocated PM2.5 sampler inlets within 1 m vertically of each other? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Give actual (meters): <u>HC and HCA = 0.2286 HK and HK 1022 = 0.3048</u>			
Is an URG 3000 monitor collocated with a SASS monitor at the site? *Yes <input type="checkbox"/> (answer *'d questions) No <input type="checkbox"/> NA <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			
* Entire inlet opening of collocated speciation samplers inlets (X) within 2 to 4 m of each other? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Give actual (meters) _____			
* Are collocated speciation sampler inlets within 1 m vertically of each other? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Give actual (meters) _____			
Is a low-volume PM10 monitor collocated with a PM2.5 monitor at the site to measure PM10-2.5?		*Yes <input type="checkbox"/> (answer *'d questions) No <input type="checkbox"/> NA <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
* Entire inlet opening of collocated PM10 and PM2.5 samplers for PM10-2.5 (X) within 2 to 4 m of each other?		Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>	
* Are collocated PM10 and PM2.5 sampler inlets within 1 m vertically of each other?		Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>	
Is probe > 20 m from the nearest tree drip line? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> *No <input type="checkbox"/> (answer *'d questions)			
*Is probe > 10 m from the nearest tree drip line? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> *No <input type="checkbox"/>			
*Distance from probe to tree (m) _____ Direction from probe to tree _____ *Height of tree (m) _____			
Are there any obstacles to air flow? *Yes <input type="checkbox"/> (answer *'d questions) No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			
*Identify obstacle _____ Distance from probe inlet (m) _____ Direction from probe inlet to obstacle _____			
*Is distance from inlet probe to obstacle at least twice the height that the obstacle protrudes above the probe? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>			

Site Review Form Calendar Year 2015

RECOMMENDATIONS:

- 1) Maintain current site status? Yes *No (answer *'d questions)
- *2) Change monitoring objective? Yes (enter new objective: _____) No
- *3) Change scale of representativeness? Yes (enter new scale: _____) No
- *4) Relocate site? Yes No

Comments: _____

Date of Last Site Pictures: December 4, 2015 New Pictures Submitted? Yes No

Reviewer Paul J. Chappin Date: 12/9/15

Ambient Monitoring Coordinator Deborah W. Manning Date: 1/6/2016

Instructions (continued):

Trees: The probe or inlet must be at least 10 meters or further from the drip line of trees. A distance of at least 20 meters between the probe and any tree or trees is preferred.

Obstacles: An obstacle is anything that restricts air flow. A tree can be an obstacle because it has branches and leaves that restrict the flow of air but a pole is not considered to be an obstacle. To avoid interference from obstacles, the probe or inlet must have unrestricted airflow and be located away from obstacles. The distance from the obstacle to the probe or inlet must be at least twice the height that the obstacle protrudes above the probe, inlet, or monitoring path.

If the annual network review has indicated that the monitoring objectives and scale of representativeness for the site have not changed and the siting criteria still meets those monitoring objectives and that scale of representativeness and there are no other reasons to modify the site in any way, check "Yes" to the question "Maintain current site status?" and skip the rest of the recommendations section.

If the annual network review has indicated that the monitoring objectives, scale of representativeness, or siting criteria have changed for some reason or there is another reason to modify the site in some way, check "No" to the question "Maintain current site status?" and complete the rest of the recommendations section. If the monitoring objective or scale of representativeness needs to be changed, check the "Yes" box and write in the new monitoring objective or scale of representativeness on the line. Otherwise check the "No" box. If the site needs to be relocated, check the "Yes" box. If the site needs to be shut down, write "Shut down" in the comments line. Also use the comments line to explain any change requested.

Check the site picture archive to find out when the last set of site pictures were taken and write the date down on the line. If the pictures are more than five years old or if something at the site has changed in the past year, take new site pictures. Changes that require new site pictures include additions, removals, or movement of monitors at the site, growth or removal of trees and other shrubs at the site, and construction of roads or buildings at or in the vicinity of the site.

Pictures of the site should at a minimum include at least one picture showing the site itself and pictures standing at the probe or inlet or as close as possible to the probe or inlet looking in the four compass directions (north, east, south, and west). If meteorological data are collected at the site, pictures standing at the meteorological tower looking southwest and northeast should also be included. Sometimes pictures looking at the site from the four compass directions are also helpful.

Be sure to correctly identify the pictures as to which compass direction they show. This documentation may be achieved by using good notes when taking the pictures, holding a compass in front of the camera, or placing a sign with the appropriate direction indicated somewhere in the picture. Label the pictures with the name of the site using the two digit logger ID (HC, JW, etc.), the direction (N, NE, E, SE, S, SW, W, NW), and the date taken (YYYYMMDD) and transfer the pictures to the group drive in the appropriate Incoming/Regional Office directory.

Site Review Form Calendar Year 2015

Site Information

Region <u>MRO</u>	Site Name <u>Crouse</u>	AQS Site # <u>37-109-0004</u>
Street Address <u>1487 Riverview Road</u>		City <u>Lincolnton</u>
Urban Area <input type="checkbox"/> Not in an Urban Area <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Core-based Statistical Area <u>Lincolnton, NC</u>	
Enter Exact		
Longitude <u>81.2767</u>	Latitude <u>35.4385</u>	Method of Measuring
In Decimal Degrees	In Decimal Degrees	Explanation: <u>ACME Mapper 2.0</u>
Elevation Above/below Mean Sea Level (in meters)		<u>267.00</u>
Name of nearest road to inlet probe <u>Riverview Road</u> ADT <u>120</u> Year latest available <u>2014</u>		
Distance of ozone probe to nearest traffic lane (m) <u>62</u> Direction from ozone probe to nearest traffic lane <u>SW</u>		
Comments: <u>Used http://www.ncdot.gov/travel/statemapping/traffic volume maps/</u>		
Name of nearest major road <u>W. Hwy 150</u> ADT <u>9900</u> Year latest available <u>2014</u>		
Distance of site to nearest major road (m) <u>78.00</u> Direction from site to nearest major road <u>N</u>		
Comments: <u>Used http://www.ncdot.gov/travel/statemapping/traffic volume maps/</u>		
Site located near electrical substation/high voltage power lines?		Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Distance of site to nearest railroad track	(m) <u>302</u> Direction to RR <u>W</u>	<input type="checkbox"/> NA
Distance of site to nearest power pole w/transformer	(m) <u>52</u> Direction <u>SW</u>	
Distance between site and drip line of water tower (m) <u>28</u> Direction from site to water tower <u>NE</u>		<input type="checkbox"/> NA
Explain any sources of potential bias; include cultivated fields, loose bulk storage, stacks, vents, railroad tracks, construction activities, fast food restaurants, and swimming pools.		
<u>None Noted</u>		

ANSWER ALL APPLICABLE QUESTIONS:

Parameters	Monitoring Objective	Scale	Site Type
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> O ₃	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> General/Background <input type="checkbox"/> Highest Concentration <input type="checkbox"/> Max O ₃ Concentration <input type="checkbox"/> Population Exposure <input type="checkbox"/> Source Oriented <input type="checkbox"/> Transport <input type="checkbox"/> Upwind Background <input type="checkbox"/> Welfare Related Impacts	<input type="checkbox"/> Micro <input type="checkbox"/> Middle <input type="checkbox"/> Neighborhood <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Urban <input type="checkbox"/> Regional	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> SLAMS <input type="checkbox"/> SPM
Probe inlet height (from ground) 2-15 m? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>			
Give actual measured height from ground (meters) <u>3.50</u>			
Distance of outer edge of probe inlet from horizontal (wall) and/or vertical (roof) supporting structure > 1 m? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>			
Actual measured distance from outer edge of probe to supporting structure (meters) <u>1.30</u>			
Is probe > 20 m from the nearest tree drip line? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> *No <input type="checkbox"/> (answer *'d questions)			
*Is probe > 10 m from the nearest tree drip line? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> *No <input type="checkbox"/>			
*Distance from probe to tree (m) _____ Direction from probe to tree _____ *Height of tree (m) _____			
Are there any obstacles to air flow? *Yes <input type="checkbox"/> (answer *'d questions) No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			
*Identify obstacle _____ Distance from probe inlet (m) _____ Direction from probe inlet to obstacle _____			
*Is distance from inlet probe to obstacle at least twice the height that the obstacle protrudes above the probe? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>			

Site Review Form Calendar Year 2015

RECOMMENDATIONS:

- 1) Maintain current site status? Yes *No (answer *'d questions)
- *2) Change monitoring objective? Yes (enter new objective: _____) No
- *3) Change scale of representativeness? Yes (enter new scale: _____) No
- *4) Relocate site? Yes No

Comments: None

Date of Last Site Pictures: December 8, 2015 New Pictures Submitted? Yes No

Reviewer Sandra Sherer Date: December 8, 2015

Ambient Monitoring Coordinator Deborah W. Manning Date: 12/30/2015

Instructions:

If the annual network review has indicated that the monitoring objectives and scale of representativeness for the site have not changed and the siting criteria still meets those monitoring objectives and that scale of representativeness and there are no other reasons to modify the site in any way, check "Yes" to the question "Maintain current site status?" and skip the rest of the recommendations section.

If the annual network review has indicated that the monitoring objectives, scale of representativeness, or siting criteria have changed for some reason or there is another reason to modify the site in some way, check "No" to the question "Maintain current site status?" and complete the rest of the recommendations section. If the monitoring objective or scale of representativeness needs to be changed, check the "Yes" box and write in the new monitoring objective or scale of representativeness on the line. Otherwise check the "No" box. If the site needs to be relocated, check the "Yes" box. If the site needs to be shut down, write "Shut down" in the comments line. Also use the comments line to explain any change requested.

Check the site picture archive to find out when the last set of site pictures were taken and write the date down on the line. If the pictures are more than five years old or if something at the site has changed in the past year, take new site pictures. Changes that require new site pictures include additions, removals, or movement of monitors at the site, growth or removal of trees and other shrubs at the site, and construction of roads or buildings at or in the vicinity of the site.

Pictures of the site should at a minimum include at least one picture showing the site itself and pictures standing at the probe or inlet or as close as possible to the probe or inlet looking in the four compass directions (north, east, south, and west). If meteorological data are collected at the site, pictures standing at the meteorological tower looking southwest and northeast should also be included. Sometimes pictures looking at the site from the four compass directions are also helpful.

Be sure to correctly identify the pictures as to which compass direction they show. This documentation may be achieved by using good notes when taking the pictures, holding a compass in front of the camera, or placing a sign with the appropriate direction indicated somewhere in the picture. Label the pictures with the name of the site using the two digit logger ID (HC, JW, *etc.*), the direction (N, NE, E, SE, S, SW, W, NW), and the date taken (YYYYMMDD) and transfer the pictures to the group drive in the appropriate Incoming/Regional Office directory.

Site Review Form Calendar Year 2015

Site Information

Region <u>MRO</u>	Site Name <u>Monroe Middle School</u>	AQS Site # <u>37-179-0003</u>
Street Address <u>701 Charles Street</u>		City <u>Monroe</u>
Urban Area <u>MONROE</u>	Core-based Statistical Area <u>Charlotte-Gastonia-Concord, NC-SC</u>	
Enter Exact		
Longitude <u>-80.5410</u>	Latitude <u>34.9739</u>	Method of Measuring
In Decimal Degrees	In Decimal Degrees	Explanation: <u>Google Maps</u>
Elevation Above/below Mean Sea Level (in meters)		<u>184.00</u>
Name of nearest road to inlet probe <u>Charles Street</u> ADT <u>5100</u> Year latest available <u>2014</u>		
Distance of ozone probe to nearest traffic lane (m) <u>71</u> Direction from ozone probe to nearest traffic lane <u>W</u>		
Comments: <u>Used www.ncdot.gov/travel/statemapping/trafficvolumemaps</u>		
Name of nearest major road <u>Highway 74/601</u> ADT <u>48000</u> Year latest available <u>2014</u>		
Distance of site to nearest major road (m) <u>1548.00</u> Direction from site to nearest major road <u>ENE</u>		
Comments: <u>Used www.ncdot.gov/travel/statemapping/trafficvolumemaps</u>		
Site located near electrical substation/high voltage power lines?		Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Distance of site to nearest railroad track	(m) <u>967</u> Direction to RR <u>NE</u>	<input type="checkbox"/> NA
Distance of site to nearest power pole w/transformer	(m) <u>30</u> Direction <u>NE</u>	
Distance between site and drip line of water tower (m)	Direction from site to water tower	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NA
Explain any sources of potential bias; include cultivated fields, loose bulk storage, stacks, vents, railroad tracks, construction activities, fast food restaurants, and swimming pools.		
<u>None noted</u>		

ANSWER ALL APPLICABLE QUESTIONS:

Parameters	Monitoring Objective	Scale	Site Type
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> O ₃	<input type="checkbox"/> General/Background <input type="checkbox"/> Highest Concentration <input type="checkbox"/> Max O ₃ Concentration <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Population Exposure <input type="checkbox"/> Source Oriented <input type="checkbox"/> Transport <input type="checkbox"/> Upwind Background <input type="checkbox"/> Welfare Related Impacts	<input type="checkbox"/> Micro <input type="checkbox"/> Middle <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Neighborhood <input type="checkbox"/> Urban <input type="checkbox"/> Regional	<input type="checkbox"/> SLAMS <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> SPM
Probe inlet height (from ground) 2-15 m? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>			
Give actual measured height from ground (meters) <u>3.90</u>			
Distance of outer edge of probe inlet from horizontal (wall) and/or vertical (roof) supporting structure > 1 m? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>			
Actual measured distance from outer edge of probe to supporting structure (meters) <u>1.00</u>			
Is probe > 20 m from the nearest tree drip line? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> *No <input type="checkbox"/> (answer *'d questions)			
*Is probe > 10 m from the nearest tree drip line? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> *No <input type="checkbox"/>			
*Distance from probe to tree (m) _____ Direction from probe to tree _____ *Height of tree (m) _____			
Are there any obstacles to air flow? *Yes <input type="checkbox"/> (answer *'d questions) No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			
*Identify obstacle _____ Distance from probe inlet (m) _____ Direction from probe inlet to obstacle _____			
*Is distance from inlet probe to obstacle at least twice the height that the obstacle protrudes above the probe? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>			

Site Review Form Calendar Year 2015

RECOMMENDATIONS:

- 1) Maintain current site status? Yes *No (answer *'d questions)
- *2) Change monitoring objective? Yes (enter new objective: _____) No
- *3) Change scale of representativeness? Yes (enter new scale: _____) No
- *4) Relocate site? Yes No

Comments: _____

Date of Last Site Pictures: 11/01/2011 New Pictures Submitted? Yes No

Reviewer Ryan C Mills Date: December 9, 2015

Ambient Monitoring Coordinator Deborah W. Manning Date: 12/21/2015

Instructions:

If the annual network review has indicated that the monitoring objectives and scale of representativeness for the site have not changed and the siting criteria still meets those monitoring objectives and that scale of representativeness and there are no other reasons to modify the site in any way, check "Yes" to the question "Maintain current site status?" and skip the rest of the recommendations section.

If the annual network review has indicated that the monitoring objectives, scale of representativeness, or siting criteria have changed for some reason or there is another reason to modify the site in some way, check "No" to the question "Maintain current site status?" and complete the rest of the recommendations section. If the monitoring objective or scale of representativeness needs to be changed, check the "Yes" box and write in the new monitoring objective or scale of representativeness on the line. Otherwise check the "No" box. If the site needs to be relocated, check the "Yes" box. If the site needs to be shut down, write "Shut down" in the comments line. Also use the comments line to explain any change requested.

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Site Review Form Calendar Year 2015

Site Information

Region <u>MRO</u>	Site Name <u>Rockwell</u>	AQS Site # <u>37-159-0021</u>	
Street Address <u>316 West Street</u>		City <u>Rockwell</u>	
Urban Area <u>Not in an Urban Area</u>	Core-based Statistical Area <u>Salisbury, NC</u>		
Enter Exact			
Longitude <u>W.80.3953</u>	Latitude <u>N.35.5519</u>	Method of Measuring	
In Decimal Degrees	In Decimal Degrees	Other (explain)	Explanation: <u>http://draftlogic.com/sandbox-google-maps-find-altitude.htm</u>
Elevation Above/below Mean Sea Level (in meters)		<u>234</u>	
Name of nearest road to inlet probe <u>Gold Hill Road</u> ADT <u>630</u> Year latest available <u>2014</u> Comments: <u>Used www.ncdot.gov/travel/statemapping/trafficvolumemaps</u>			
Distance of site to nearest major road (m) <u>370.00</u> Direction from site to nearest major road <u>S</u> Name of nearest major road <u>Highway 52</u> ADT <u>7800</u> Year <u>2014</u> Comments: <u>Used www.ncdot.gov/travel/statemapping/trafficvolumemaps</u>			
Site located near electrical substation/high voltage power lines?			Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Distance of site to nearest railroad track		(m) <u>737</u> Direction to RR <u>SW</u>	<input type="checkbox"/> NA
Distance of site to nearest power pole w/transformer		(m) <u>39</u> Direction <u>NW</u>	
Distance between site and drip line of water tower (m)		Direction from site to water tower <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NA	
Explain any sources of potential bias; include cultivated fields, loose bulk storage, stacks, vents, railroad tracks, construction activities, fast food restaurants, and swimming pools. <u>None Noted</u>			

ANSWER ALL APPLICABLE QUESTIONS:

Parameters	Monitoring Objective	Scale	Monitor Type
<input type="checkbox"/> NA <input type="checkbox"/> SO ₂ (NAAQS) <input type="checkbox"/> SO ₂ (trace-level) <input type="checkbox"/> NO _x (NAAQS) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> H ₂ SO ₄ <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> O ₃ <input type="checkbox"/> NH ₃ <input type="checkbox"/> Hydrocarbon <input type="checkbox"/> Air Toxics <input type="checkbox"/> HSCO (Not Micro) <input type="checkbox"/> CO (trace-level)	<input type="checkbox"/> General/Background _____ <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Highest Concentration <u>O₃</u> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Max O ₃ Concentration <u>H₂SO₄</u> <input type="checkbox"/> Population Exposure _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Source Oriented _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Transport _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Upwind Background _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Welfare Related Impacts _____	<input type="checkbox"/> Micro _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Middle _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Neighborhood _____ <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Urban _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Regional _____	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> SLAMS <u>O₃</u> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> SPM <u>H₂SO₄</u> Monitor Network Affiliation <input type="checkbox"/> NCORE _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Unofficial PAMS _____
Probe inlet height (from ground) 2-15 m? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Give actual measured height from ground (meters) <u>3.50</u>			
Distance of outer edge of probe inlet from horizontal (wall) and/or vertical (roof) supporting structure > 1 m? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Actual measured distance from outer edge of probe to supporting structure (meters) <u>1.10</u>			
Distance of outer edge of probe inlet from other monitoring probe inlets > 1 m? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> NA <input type="checkbox"/>			
Is probe > 20 m from the nearest tree drip line? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> *No <input type="checkbox"/> (answer **d questions)			
*Is probe > 10 m from the nearest tree drip line? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> *No <input type="checkbox"/>			
*Distance from probe to tree (m) _____ Direction from probe to tree _____ *Height of tree (m) _____			
Are there any obstacles to air flow? *Yes <input type="checkbox"/> (answer **d questions) No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			
*Identify obstacle _____ Distance from probe inlet (m) _____ Direction from probe inlet to obstacle _____			
*Is distance from inlet probe to obstacle at least twice the height that the obstacle protrudes above the probe? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>			
Distance of probe to nearest traffic lane (m) <u>18tt27tt</u> Direction from probe to nearest traffic lane <u>N</u>			

Site Review Form Calendar Year 2015

Parameters	Monitoring Objective	Scale	Monitor Type
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NA <input type="checkbox"/> NO _y (trace-level)	<input type="checkbox"/> General/Background _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Highest Concentration _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Max O ₃ Concentration _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Population Exposure _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Source Oriented _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Transport _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Upwind Background _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Welfare Related Impacts _____	<input type="checkbox"/> Micro _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Middle _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Neighborhood _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Urban _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Regional _____	<input type="checkbox"/> SLAMS _____ <input type="checkbox"/> SPM _____ <hr/> Monitor Network Affiliation <input type="checkbox"/> NCORE _____
Probe inlet height (from ground) 10-15 m? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Actual measured distance from probe inlet to ground (meters) _____			
Distance of outer edge of probe inlet from horizontal and/or vertical supporting structure > 1 m? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Actual measured distance from outer edge of probe inlet to supporting structure (meters) _____			
Distance of outer edge of probe inlet from other monitoring probe inlets > 1 m? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> NA <input type="checkbox"/>			
Is probe > 20 m from the nearest tree drip line? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> *No <input type="checkbox"/> (answer *'d questions)			
*Is probe > 10 m from the nearest tree drip line? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> *No <input type="checkbox"/>			
*Distance from probe to tree (m) _____ Direction from probe to tree _____ *Height of tree (m) _____			
Are there any obstacles to air flow? *Yes <input type="checkbox"/> (answer *'d questions) No <input type="checkbox"/>			
*Identify obstacle _____ Distance from probe inlet (m) _____ Direction from probe inlet to obstacle _____			
*Is distance from inlet probe to obstacle at least twice the height that the obstacle protrudes above the probe? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>			
Distance of probe to nearest traffic lane (m) _____ Direction from probe to nearest traffic lane _____			
Parameters	Monitoring Objective	Scale	Monitor Type
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NA Air flow > 200 L/min <input type="checkbox"/> PM10 <input type="checkbox"/> TSP <input type="checkbox"/> TSP Pb	<input type="checkbox"/> Highest Concentration _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Population Exposure _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Source Oriented _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Background _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Transport _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Welfare Related Impacts _____	<input type="checkbox"/> Micro _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Middle _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Neighborhood _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Urban _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Regional _____	<input type="checkbox"/> SLAMS _____ <input type="checkbox"/> SPM _____ <hr/> Monitor Network Affiliation <input type="checkbox"/> NCORE _____
Probe inlet height (from ground) <input type="checkbox"/> < 2 m _____ <input type="checkbox"/> 2-7m _____ <input type="checkbox"/> 7-15 m _____ <input type="checkbox"/> > 15 m _____ Actual measured distance from probe inlet to ground (meters) _____			
Distance of outer edge of probe inlet from horizontal (wall) and/or vertical (platform or roof) supporting structure > 2 m? Actual measured distance from probe to supporting structure (meters) _____ Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>			
Entire inlet opening of collocated PM-10, TSP or TSP Pb Samplers (X) within 2 to 4 m of each other? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> NA <input type="checkbox"/> Actual measured distance (X) including entire inlet openings of both (all) collocated probe inlets (meters) _____ Distance (Y) between outer edge of any high volume inlet and any other high or low volume inlet ≥ 2 m? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> NA <input type="checkbox"/>			
Is probe > 20 m from the nearest tree drip line? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> *No <input type="checkbox"/> (answer *'d questions)			
*Is probe > 10 m from the nearest tree drip line? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> *No <input type="checkbox"/>			
*Distance from probe to tree (m) _____ Direction from probe to tree _____ *Height of tree (m) _____			
Are there any obstacles to air flow? *Yes <input type="checkbox"/> (answer *'d questions) No <input type="checkbox"/>			
*Identify obstacle _____ Distance from probe inlet (m) _____ Direction from probe inlet to obstacle _____			
*Is distance from inlet probe to obstacle at least twice the height that the obstacle protrudes above the probe? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>			
Distance of probe to nearest traffic lane (m) _____ Direction from probe to nearest traffic lane _____			

Site Review Form Calendar Year 2015

Parameters	Monitoring Objective	Scale	Site Type
<input type="checkbox"/> NA Air flow < 200 L/min <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PM2.5 FRM <input type="checkbox"/> PM10 FRM <input type="checkbox"/> PM10 Cont. (BAM) <input type="checkbox"/> PM10-2.5 FRM <input type="checkbox"/> PM10-2.5 BAM <input type="checkbox"/> PM10 Lead (PB) <input type="checkbox"/> PM2.5 Cont. (TEOM) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PM2.5 Cont. (BAM) <input type="checkbox"/> PM2.5 Spec. (SASS) <input type="checkbox"/> PM2.5 Spec. (URG) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PM2.5 Cont. Spec.	<input type="checkbox"/> General/Background _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Highest Concentration _____ <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Population Exposure _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Source Oriented _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Transport _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Welfare Related Impacts _____	<input type="checkbox"/> Micro _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Middle _____ <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Neighborhood _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Urban _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Regional _____	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> SLAMS PM2.5 FRM <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> SPM PM2.5 Cont. Spec. (aethalometer), PM2.5 Cont. Spec. (8400N), PM2.5 Cont. (BAM) <hr/> Monitor Network Affiliation <input type="checkbox"/> N CORE _____ <input type="checkbox"/> SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIATION _____ <hr/> Monitor NAAQS Exclusion <input type="checkbox"/> NONREGULATORY _____
Probe inlet height (from ground) <input type="checkbox"/> < 2 m <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 2-7m <input type="checkbox"/> 7-15 m <input type="checkbox"/> > 15 m _____ Actual measured distance from probe inlet to ground (meters) PM2.5 is 2.4m, BAM is 2.4m. Aethalometer and 8400N located inside a building with the ambient probe on the roof. Both are within the 2-7 m range. Distance of outer edge of probe inlet from horizontal (wall) and/or vertical (platform or roof) supporting structure > 2 m? Actual measured distance from outer edge of probe inlet to supporting structure (meters) 2.1 Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>			
Distance (Y) between outer edge of probe inlets of any low volume monitor and any other low volume monitor at the site = 1 m or greater?			Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> NA <input type="checkbox"/>
Distance (Y) between outer edge of all low volume monitor inlets and any Hi-Volume PM-10 or TSP inlet = 2 m or greater?			Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> NA <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Are collocated PM2.5 Monitors (Two FRMs, FRM & BAM, FRM & TEOM, BAM & TEOM) Located at Site? *Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> (answer *'d questions) No <input type="checkbox"/> NA <input type="checkbox"/>			
* Entire inlet opening of collocated PM 2.5 samplers (X) within 2 to 4 m of each other? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Give actual (meters) 2.2			
*Are collocated PM2.5 sampler inlets within 1 m vertically of each other? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Give actual (meters) 0.17			
Is an URG 3000 monitor collocated with a SASS monitor at the site? *Yes <input type="checkbox"/> (answer *'d questions) No <input type="checkbox"/> NA <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			
* Entire inlet opening of collocated speciation samplers inlets (X) within 2 to 4 m of each other? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>			
Give actual (meters) _____			
* Are collocated speciation sampler inlets within 1 m vertically of each other? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Give actual (meters) _____			
Is a low-volume PM10 monitor collocated with a PM2.5 monitor at the site to measure PM10-2.5?			*Yes <input type="checkbox"/> (answer *'d questions) No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NA <input type="checkbox"/>
* Entire inlet opening of collocated PM10 and PM2.5 samplers for PM10-2.5 (X) within 2 to 4 m of each other?			Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>
*Are collocated PM10 and PM2.5 sampler inlets within 1 m vertically of each other?			Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>
Is probe > 20 m from the nearest tree drip line? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> *No <input type="checkbox"/> (answer *'d questions)			
*Is probe > 10 m from the nearest tree drip line? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> *No <input type="checkbox"/>			
*Distance from probe to tree (m) _____ Direction from probe to tree _____ *Height of tree (m) _____			
Are there any obstacles to air flow? *Yes <input type="checkbox"/> (answer *'d questions) No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			
*Identify obstacle _____ Distance from probe inlet (m) _____ Direction from probe inlet to obstacle _____			
*Is distance from inlet probe to obstacle at least twice the height that the obstacle protrudes above the probe? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>			
Distance of probe to nearest traffic lane (m) 18tt27tt Direction from probe to nearest traffic lane N			

RECOMMENDATIONS:

- 1) Maintain current site status? Yes *No (answer *'d questions)
- *2) Change monitoring objective? Yes (enter new objective _____) No
- *3) Change scale of representativeness? Yes (enter new scale _____) No
- *4) Relocate site? Yes No

Comments:

Date of Last Site Pictures 10/20/15 New Pictures Submitted? Yes No

Reviewer Robert Jay Papuga Date 11/20/15

Ambient Monitoring Coordinator Deborah W. Manning Date 1/26/2016

Appendix C-2. Scale of Representativeness

Each station in the monitoring network must be described in terms of the physical dimensions of the air parcel nearest the monitoring station throughout which actual pollutant concentrations are reasonably similar. Area dimensions or scales of representativeness used in the network description are:

- a) Micro-scale - defines the concentration in air volumes associated with area dimensions ranging from several meters up to about 100 meters.
- b) Middle scale - defines the concentration typical of areas up to several city blocks in size with dimensions ranging from about 100 meters to 0.5 kilometers.
- c) Neighborhood scale – defines concentrations within an extended area of a city that has relatively uniform land use with dimensions ranging from about 0.5 to 4.0 kilometers.
- d) Urban scale - defines an overall citywide condition with dimensions on the order of 4 to 50 kilometers.
- e) Regional Scale - defines air quality levels over areas having dimensions of 50 to hundreds of kilometers.

Closely associated with the area around the monitoring station where pollutant concentrations are reasonably similar are the basic monitoring exposures of the station.

There are six basic exposures:

- a) Sites located to determine the highest concentrations expected to occur in the area covered by the network.
- b) Sites located to determine representative concentrations in areas of high population density.
- c) Sites located to determine the impact on ambient pollution levels of significant sources or source categories.
- d) Sites located to determine general background concentration levels.
- e) Sites located to determine the extent of regional pollutant transport among populated areas.
- f) Sites located to measure air pollution impacts on visibility, vegetation damage, or other welfare-based impacts and in support of secondary standards.

The design intent in siting stations is to correctly match the area dimensions represented by the sample of monitored air with the area dimensions most appropriate for the monitoring objective of the station. The following relationship of the six basic objectives and the scales of representativeness are appropriate when siting monitoring stations:

Table C7. Site Type Appropriate Siting Scales

1. Highest concentration	Micro, middle, neighborhood (sometimes urban or regional for secondarily formed pollutants)
2. Population oriented	Neighborhood, urban
3. Source impact	Micro, middle, neighborhood
4. General/background & regional transport	Urban, regional
5. Welfare-related impacts	Urban, regional