Texas Chapter 101 - General Air Quality Rules

SUBCHAPTER A: GENERAL RULES

## §101.10. Emission Inventory Requirements. G-62, TXd116, TX057

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Regulations.gov docket EPA-R06-OAR-2007-0210 [Short ID: TX057]

§101.10. Emissions Inventory Requirements.

(a) Applicability. The owner or operator of an account or source in the State of Texas or on waters that extend 25 miles from the shoreline meeting one or more of the following conditions shall submit emissions inventories and/or related data as required in subsection (b) of this section to the commission on forms or other media approved by the commission:

(1) an account which meets the definition of a major facility/stationary source, as defined in 116.12 of this title (relating to Nonattainment Review Definitions), or any account in an ozone nonattainment area emitting a minimum of ten tons per year (tpy) volatile organic compounds (VOC), 25 tpy nitrogen oxides (NO<sub>x</sub>), or 100 tpy or more of any other contaminant subject to national ambient air quality standards (NAAQS);

(2) any account that emits or has the potential to emit 100 tpy or more of any contaminant;

(3) any account which emits or has the potential to emit 10 tons of any single or 25 tons of aggregate hazardous air pollutants as defined in FCAA, §112(a)(1); and

(4) any minor industrial source, area source, non-road mobile source, or mobile source of emissions subject to special inventories under subsection (b)(3) of this section. For purposes of this section, the term "area source" means a group of similar activities that, taken collectively, produce a significant amount of air pollution.

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## (b) Types of inventories.

(1) Initial emissions inventory. Accounts, as identified in subsection (a)(1), (2), or (3) of this section, shall submit an initial emissions inventory (IEI) for any criteria pollutant or hazardous air pollutant (HAP) that has not been identified in a previous inventory. The IEI shall consist of actual emissions of VOC,  $NO_x$ , carbon monoxide (CO), sulfur dioxide (SO<sub>2</sub>), lead (Pb), particulate matter of less than 10 microns in diameter ( $PM_{10}$ ), any other contaminant subject to NAAQS, emissions of all HAPs identified in FCAA §112(b), or any other contaminant requested by the commission from individual emission units within an account. For purposes of this section, the term "actual emission" is the actual rate of emissions of a pollutant from an emissions unit as it enters the atmosphere. The reporting year will be the calendar year or seasonal period as designated by the commission. Reported emission activities must include annual routine emissions; excess emissions occurring during maintenance activities, including start-ups and shutdowns; and emissions resulting from upset conditions. For the ozone nonattainment areas, the inventory shall also include typical weekday emissions that occur during the summer months. For CO nonattainment areas, the inventory shall also include typical weekday emissions that occur during the winter months. Emission calculations must follow methodologies as identified in subsection (c) of this section.

(2) Statewide annual emissions inventory update (AEIU). Accounts meeting the applicability requirements during an inventory reporting period as identified in subsection (a)(1), (2), or
(3) of this section shall submit an AEIU which consists of actual emissions as identified in subsection
(b)(1) of this section if any of the following criteria are met. If none of the following criteria are met, a letter certifying such shall be submitted instead:

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(A) any change in operating conditions, including start-ups, permanent shutdowns of individual units, or process changes at the account, that results in at least a 5.0% or 5 tpy, whichever is greater, increase or reduction in total annual emissions of VOC,  $NO_x$ , CO, SO<sub>2</sub>, Pb, or PM<sub>10</sub> from the most recently submitted emissions data of the account; or

(B) a cessation of all production processes and termination of operations at the account.

(3) Special inventories. Upon request by the executive director or a designated representative of the commission, any person owning or operating a source of air emissions which is or could be affected by any rule or regulation of the commission shall file emissions-related data with the commission as necessary to develop an inventory of emissions. Owners or operators submitting the requested data may make special procedural arrangements with the Industrial Emissions Assessment Section to submit data separate from routine emission inventory submissions or other arrangements as necessary to support claims of confidentiality.

(c) Calculations. Actual measurement with continuous emissions monitoring systems (CEMS) is the preferred method of calculating emissions from a source. If CEMS data is not available, other means for determining actual emissions may be utilized in accordance with detailed instructions of the commission. Sample calculations representative of the processes in the account must be submitted with the inventory.

(d) Certifying statement. A certifying statement, required by the FCAA, §182(a)(3)(B), is to be signed by the owner(s) or operator(s) and shall accompany each emissions inventory to attest that the

information contained in the inventory is true and accurate to the best knowledge of the certifying official.

(e) Reporting requirements. The IEI or subsequent AEIUs shall contain emissions data from the previous calendar year and shall be due on March 31 of each year or as directed by the commission. Owners or operators submitting emissions data may make special procedural arrangements with the Industrial Emissions Assessment Section to submit data separate from routine emission inventory submissions or other arrangements as necessary to support claims of confidentiality. Emissions-related data submitted under a special inventory request made under subsection (b)(3) of this section are due as detailed in the letter of request.

(f) Enforcement. Failure to submit emissions inventory data as required in this section shall result in formal enforcement action under the TCAA, §382.082 and §382.088. In addition, the TCAA, §361.2225, provides for criminal penalties for failure to comply with this section.

\$101-28. Stringency Determination for Federal Operating Permits.
(a) Instead of the requirements imposed by an applicable requirement or a state only requirement as defined in \$122.10 of this title (relating to General Definitions), a permit holder of a federal operating permit may comply with more stringent or equivalent requirements, provided the requirements:
(1) are established by \$122.148(c)(1)(B) of this title (relating to Permit Shield) for streamlining multiple, duplicative, redundant, and/or contradicting applicable requirements or state