

AUTHORIZATION TO DISCHARGE UNDER THE NATIONAL POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM

In compliance with the provisions of the Clean Water Act, as amended, (33 U.S.C. 1251 et. seq; the "Act"),

Village of Fort Sumner Wastewater Treatment Plant P.O. Box 180 Fort Sumner, NM 88119

is authorized to discharge from a facility located between Salt Cedar Street and Sewer Plant Drive, in De Baca County, New Mexico. The effluent from the plant is discharged into Pecos River in Segment No. 20.6.4.207 at the following coordinates:

Latitude 34° 26' 39" N; Longitude 104° 14' 5" W

in accordance with effluent limitations, monitoring requirements and other conditions set forth in Parts I, II, III, and IV hereof.

This permit shall become effective on

This permit and the authorization to discharge shall expire at midnight,

Issued on

Prepared by

David Garcia, P. E. Acting Director Water Division (6WQ) Ruben Alayon-Gonzalez Environmental Engineer Permitting Section (6WQ-PP)

BLANK PAGE

PART I SECTION A. EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

1. Effluent limits – 0.21 MGD design flow – OUTFALL 001

During the period beginning on the effective date of this permit and lasting through the expiration date of this permit (unless otherwise noted), the permittee is authorized to discharge treated municipal wastewater to Pecos River, in Segment Number 20.6.4.207, from outfall number 001. Such discharges shall be limited and monitored by the permittee as specified below:

EFFLUENT	DISCHARGE LIMIT	FATIONS	•		
CHARACTERISTICS	Standard Uni	its	MONITORING REQUIREMENTS		
	MINIMUM		MEASUREMENT		
POLLUTANT		MAXIMUM	FREQUENCY	SAMPLE TYPE	
pH	6.6	9	Five/Week	Instantaneous Grab	

EFFLUENT	DISCHARGE LIMITATIONS					MONITORING		
CHARACTERISTICS	lbs/day, unless noted		mg/l, unless noted			REQUIREMENTS		
POLLUTANT	30-DAY	DAILY	7-DAY	30-DAY	DAILY	7-DAY	MEASUREMENT	SAMPLE
	AVG	MAX	AVG	AVG	MAX	AVG	FREQUENCY	TYPE
Flow	Report	Report	Report	***	***	***	Daily	Totalizing
	MGD	MGD	MGD					Meter
Biochemical Oxygen Demand, 5-day	52.54	N/A	78.81	30	N/A	45	Twice/Month	Grab
Biochemical Oxygen Demand, 5-day % removal, minimum	≥85% (1)						Once/Month	Calculation (1)
Total Suspended Solids	52.54	N/A	78.81	30	N/A	45	Twice/Month	Grab
Total Suspended Solids % removal, minimum	≥85% (1)						Once/Month	Calculation (1)
E. Coli Bacteria	N/A	N/A	N/A	548 (2)	2507 (2)		Three/Month	Grab
Total Residual Chlorine	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	19 ug/l (3)	N/A	Daily (3)	Instantaneous Grab (3)

Permit No. NM0023477

Page 4 of Part I

EFFLUENT CHARACTERISTICS	DISCHARGE MONITORING	MONITORING REQUIREMENTS	
WHOLE EFFLUENT TOXICITY LIMITS		MEASUREMENT	
(7-Day Chronic NOEC) (4)	VALUE	FREQUENCY	SAMPLE TYPE
Ceriodaphnia dubia	37%	Once/6 Months	24-Hr Composite
Pimephales promelas	37%	Once/6 Months	24-Hr Composite

FOOTNOTES:

1. Percent removal is calculated using the following equation: (average monthly influent concentration – average monthly effluent concentration) ÷ average monthly influent concentration.

2. Colony forming units (cfu) per 100 ml or most probable number (MPN), depending on the analytical method used.

3. TRC shall be measured during periods when chlorine is used as either backup bacteria control or when disinfection of plant treatment equipment is required. Regulations at 40 CFR Part 136 define "instantaneous grab" as analyzed within 15 minutes of collection. The effluent limitation for TRC is the instantaneous maximum and cannot be averaged for reporting purposes.

4. Monitoring and reporting requirements begin on the effective date of this permit. Compliance with the Whole Effluent Toxicity limitations is required on the effective date of the permit. See PART II, Whole Effluent Toxicity Testing Requirements for additional WET monitoring and reporting conditions.

FLOATING SOLIDS, VISIBLE FOAM AND/OR OILS

There shall be no discharge of floating solids or visible foam in other than trace amounts. There shall be no discharge of visible films of oil, globules of oil, grease or solids in or on the water, or coatings on stream banks.

Samples taken in compliance with the monitoring requirements specified above shall be taken at the discharge from the final treatment unit prior to the receiving stream.

B. SCHEDULE OF COMPLIANCE

No compliance schedule is proposed.

C. MONITORING AND E-REPORTING (MINOR DISCHARGERS)

Discharge Monitoring Report (DMR) results shall be electronically reported to EPA per 40 CFR 127.16. To submit electronically, access the NetDMR website at <u>https://netdmr.epa.gov</u>. Until approved for Net DMR, the permittee shall request temporary or emergency waivers from electronic reporting. To obtain the waiver, please contact: U.S. EPA - Region 6, Water Enforcement Branch, New Mexico State Coordinator (6EN-WC), (214) 665-6468. If paper reporting is granted temporarily, the permittee shall submit the original DMR signed and certified as required by Part III.D.11 and all other reports required by Part III.D. to the EPA and copies to NMED as required (See Part III.D.IV of the permit). Reports shall be submitted quarterly.

- 1. Reporting periods shall end on the last day of the months March, June, September, and December.
- 2. The permittee is required to submit regular monthly reports as described above <u>postmarked no later than the 28th day of the month</u> following each reporting period.
- 3. If any 7-day average or daily maximum value exceeds the effluent limitations specified in Part I.A, the permittee shall report the excursion in accordance with the requirements of Part III.D.
- 4. Any 30-day average, 7-day average, or daily maximum value reported in the required Discharge Monitoring Report which is in excess of the effluent limitation specified in Part I.A shall constitute evidence of violation of such effluent limitation and of this permit.
- 5. Other measurements of oxygen demand (e.g., TOC and COD) may be substituted for five-day Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD₅) or for five-day Carbonaceous

Biochemical Oxygen Demand (CBOD₅), as applicable, where the permittee can demonstrate long-term correlation of the method with BOD₅ or CBOD₅ values, as applicable. Details of the correlation procedures used must be submitted and prior approval granted by the permitting authority for this procedure to be acceptable. Data reported must also include evidence to show that the proper correlation continues to exist after approval.

D. OVERFLOW REPORTING

The permittee shall report all overflows with the Discharge Monitoring Report submittal. These reports shall be summarized and reported in tabular format. The summaries shall include: the date, time, duration, location, estimated volume, and cause of the overflow; observed environmental impacts from the overflow; actions taken to address the overflow; and ultimate discharge location if not contained (e.g., storm sewer system, ditch, tributary).

Overflows that endanger health or the environment shall be orally reported to EPA at (214) 665-6595, <u>and NMED</u> Surface Water Quality Bureau at (505) 827-0187, within 24 hours from the time the permittee becomes aware of the circumstance. A written report of overflows that endanger health or the environment shall be provided to EPA and the NMED Surface Water Quality Bureau within 5 days of the time the permittee becomes aware of the circumstance.

E. POLLUTION PREVENTION REQUIREMENTS

The permittee shall institute a comprehensive and written program within 18 months of the effective date of the permit (or continue an existing one) directed towards optimizing the efficiency and extending the useful life of the facility. The permittee shall include, review and update as **necessary** the following items in the program:

- a. The influent loadings, flow and design capacity;
- b. The effluent quality and plant performance;
- c. The age and expected life of the wastewater treatment facility's equipment;
- d. Bypasses and overflows of the tributary sewerage system and treatment works;
- e. New developments at the facility;
- f. Operator certification and training plans and status;
- g. The financial status of the facility;
- h. Preventative maintenance programs and equipment conditions and;
- i. An overall evaluation of conditions at the facility.