

The ToxCast Chemical Landscape: Paving the Road to 21st Century Toxicology

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*The views expressed in this presentation are those of the author
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Resources

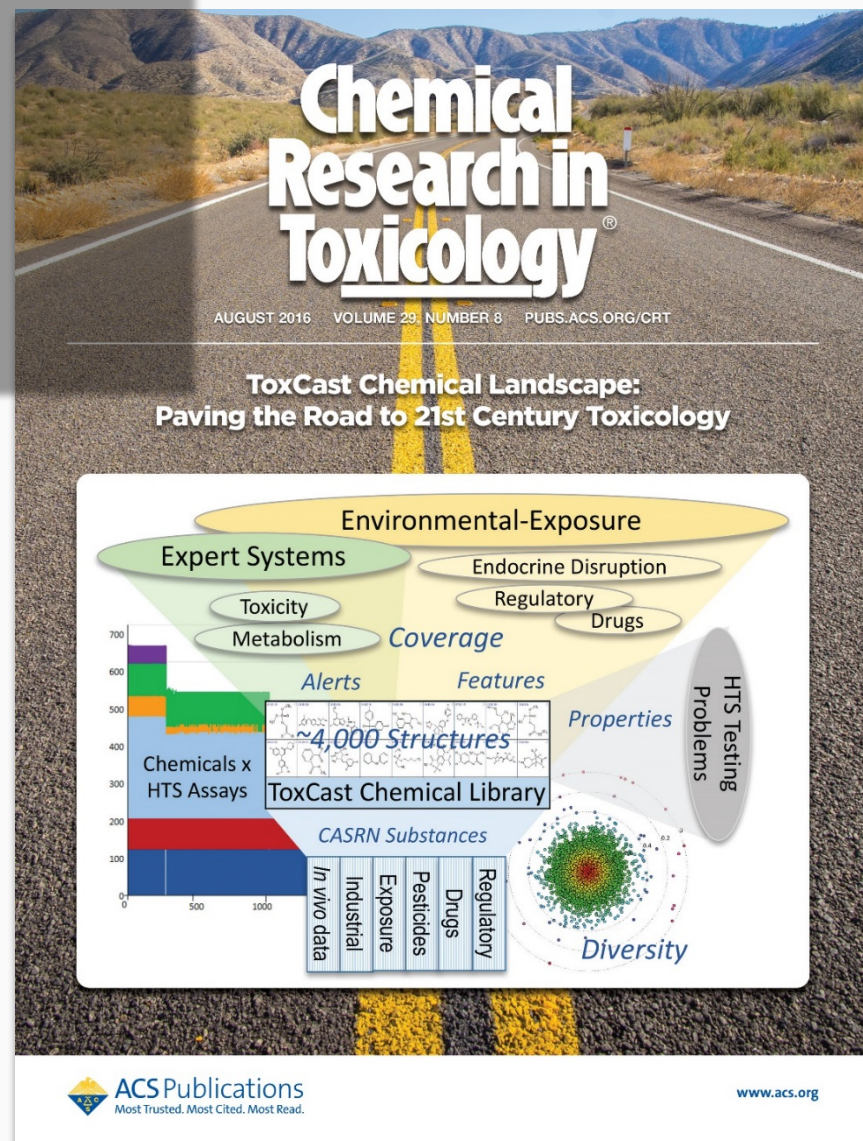
Open Access Perspectives article and Supporting Info files available for free download at:

<http://pubs.acs.org/doi/abs/10.1021/acs.chemrestox.6b00135>



DOI: 10.1021/acs.chemrestox.6b00135

ChemResToxicol., 2016, 29, 1225–1251



Purpose of ToxCast library

- To probe chemical-biological activity space potentially relevant to broad spectrum of toxicological outcomes of regulatory concern
- To generate HTS chemical-activity profiles to be used for developing predictive models of toxicity

I. History of library construction

- What were the main drivers and inputs?
- How did the library expand in phases over time?
- To what extent is physical library limited by practical constraints (i.e., procurable, testable)?
- What are quality concerns & how are they being addressed?

II. What's in the library?

- Chemical names
 - CASRN
- } *Chemical identifiers*
- Bottles
 - Solutions
- } *Physical samples*
- Structures
 - Features
- } *Chemical representations*

III. Is library “fit for purpose”?

- Does library provide sufficient coverage of chemicals of interest to EPA & stakeholders?
- Does library include sufficient chemical diversity to span full range of toxicity mechanisms and outcomes of concern?
- Does library provide sufficient coverage of local regions of chemistry to enable local model development?

III. Is library “fit for purpose”?

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- Does library include **sufficient** chemical diversity to span full range of toxicity mechanisms and outcomes of concern?
- Does library provide **sufficient** coverage of local regions of chemistry to enable local model development?

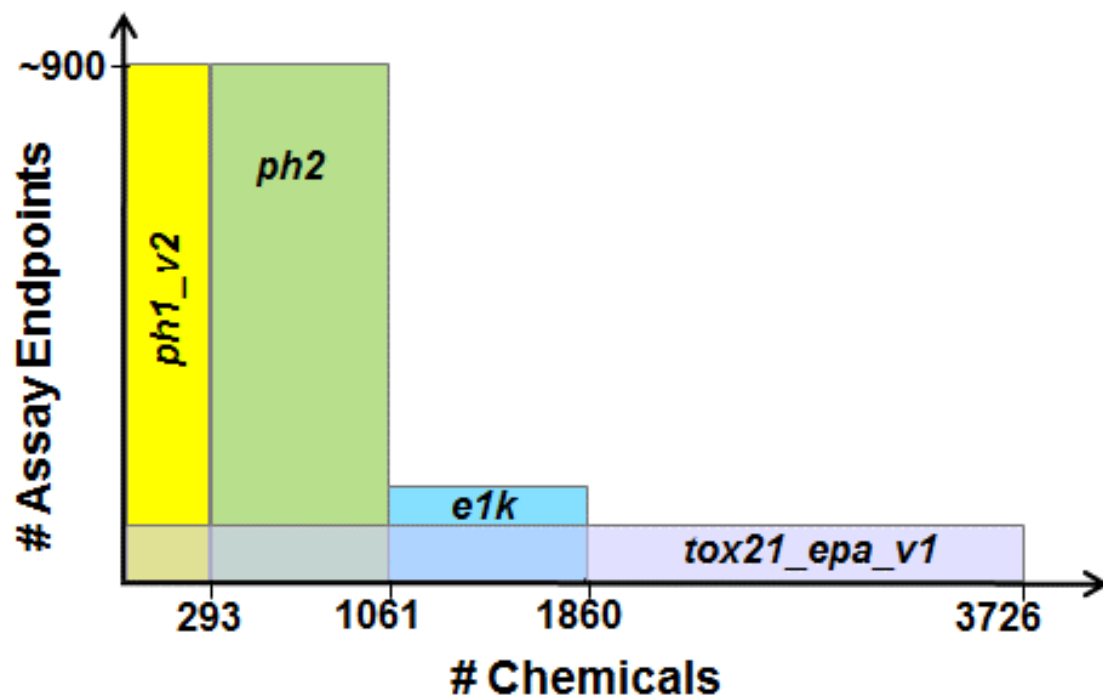
... relative to the “chemical universe” and target inventories of greatest interest and concern to EPA

I. History - ToxCast inventory thru end of Testing Phase II

Testing Phase	Chemical Set	Unique Chemicals	Assay Endpoints
ToxCast Phase I	ph1_v1	310	~700
ToxCast Phase II	ph1_v2	293	~200 ^b
	ph2	768	~900 ^c
	e1k	799	~50 ^d
Tox21	tox21_epa_v1	3726	~80 ^e

Moving from Phase I to Phase II:

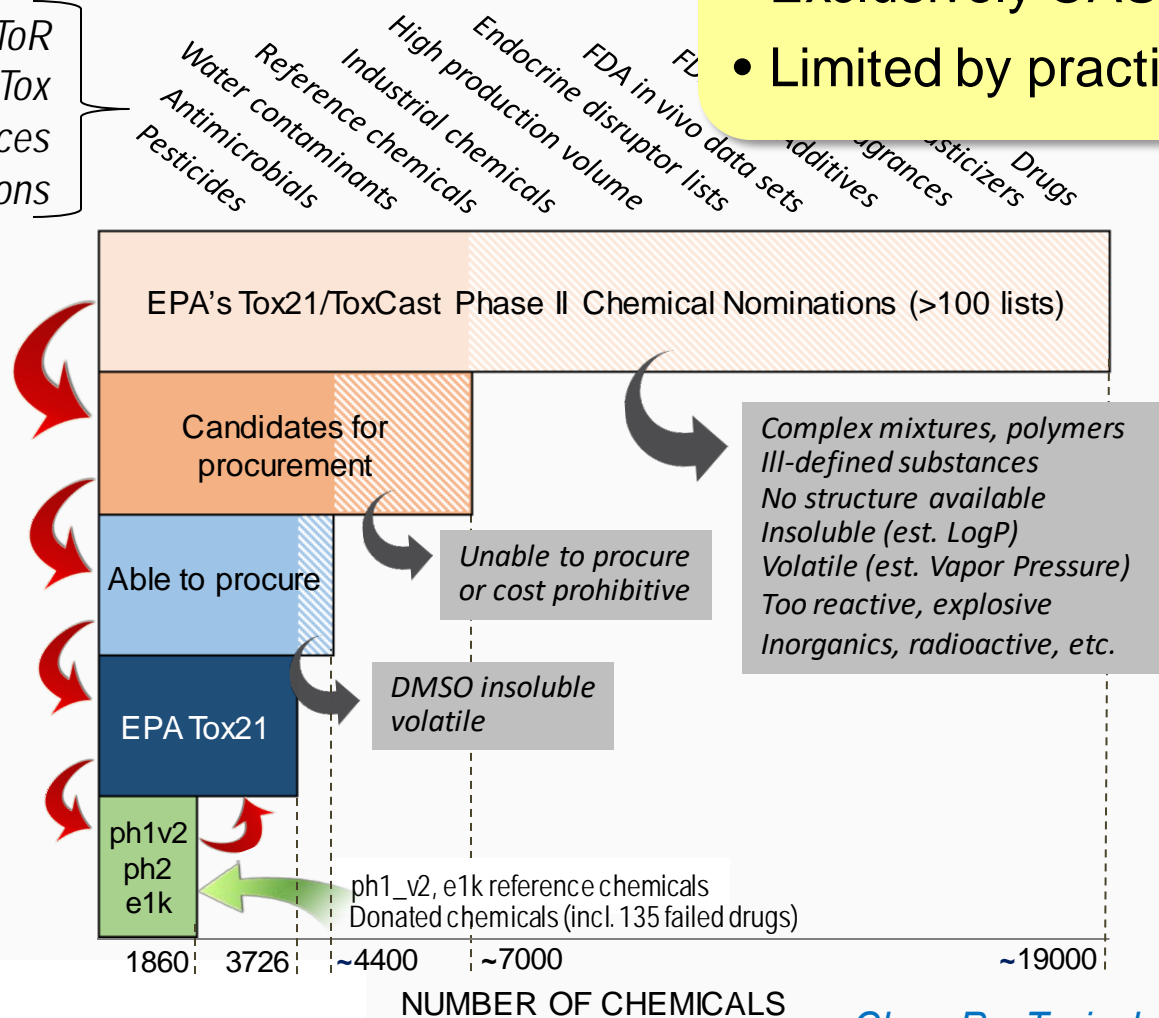
- eliminated 17 chemicals
- reprocurd ph1 inventory (v2), run in new assays
- full assay coverage of ph2, new & old assays
- limited assay coverage of e1k (endocrine only)
- broader chemical and less assay coverage in tox21









Expanding ToxCast Library into Phase II & Tox21

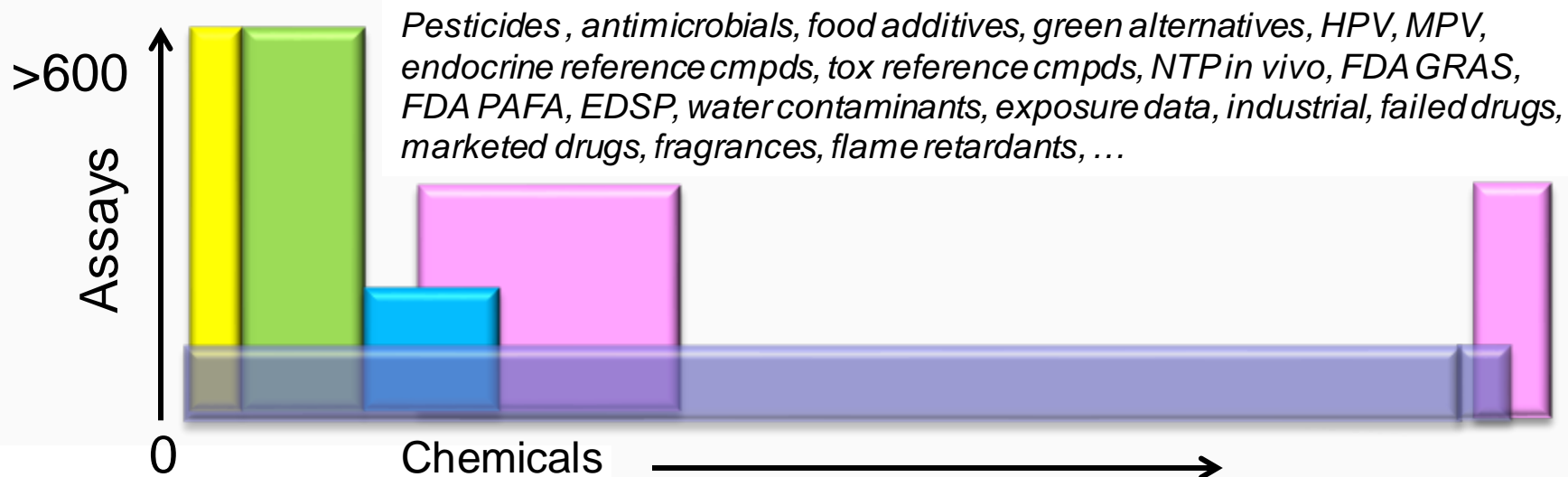
- EPA & stakeholder inputs
- Exclusively CAS-name lists
- Limited by practical constraints

EPA ACToR
EPA DSSTox
EPA Program Offices
External Nominations

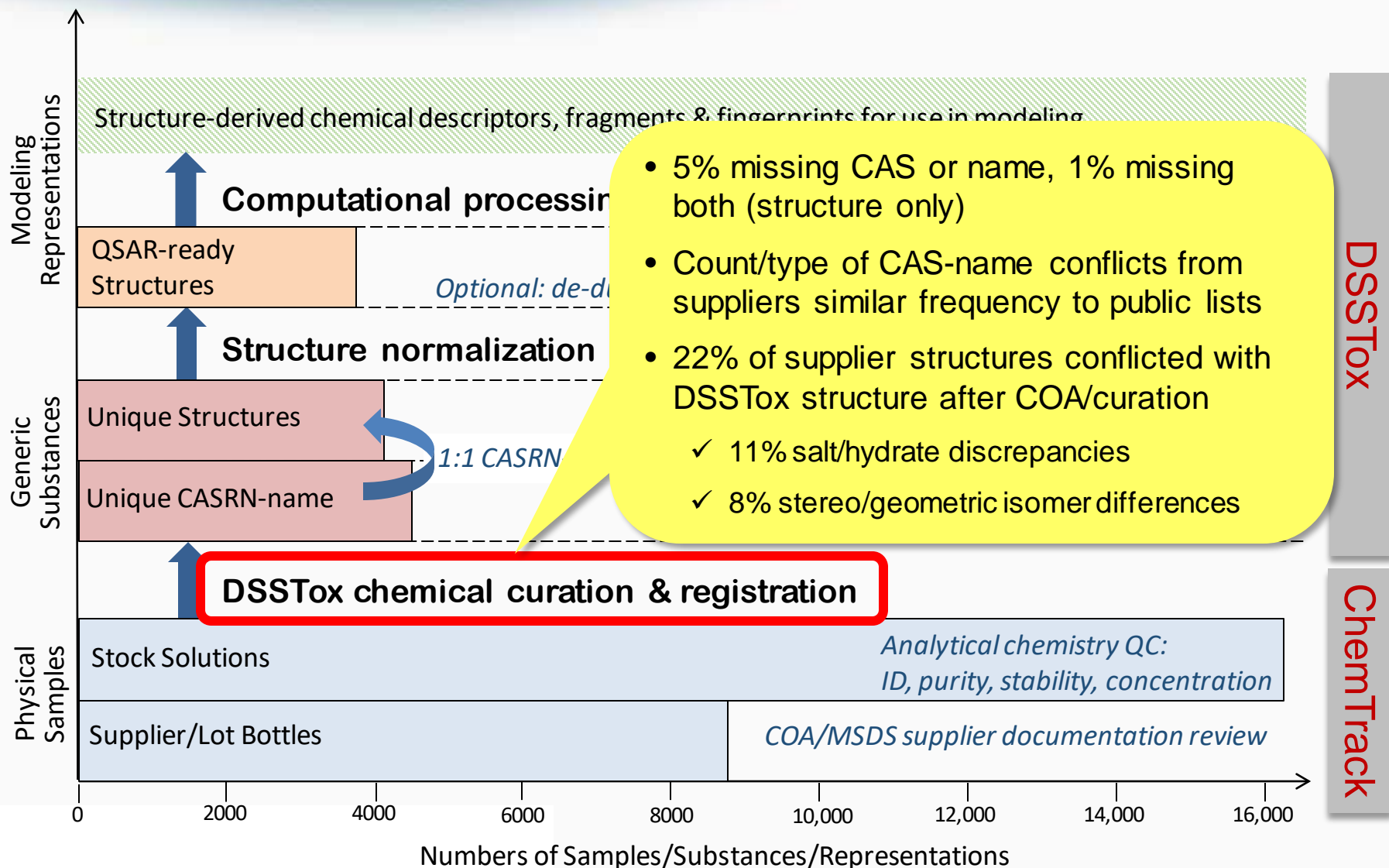


Expanding into Phase III

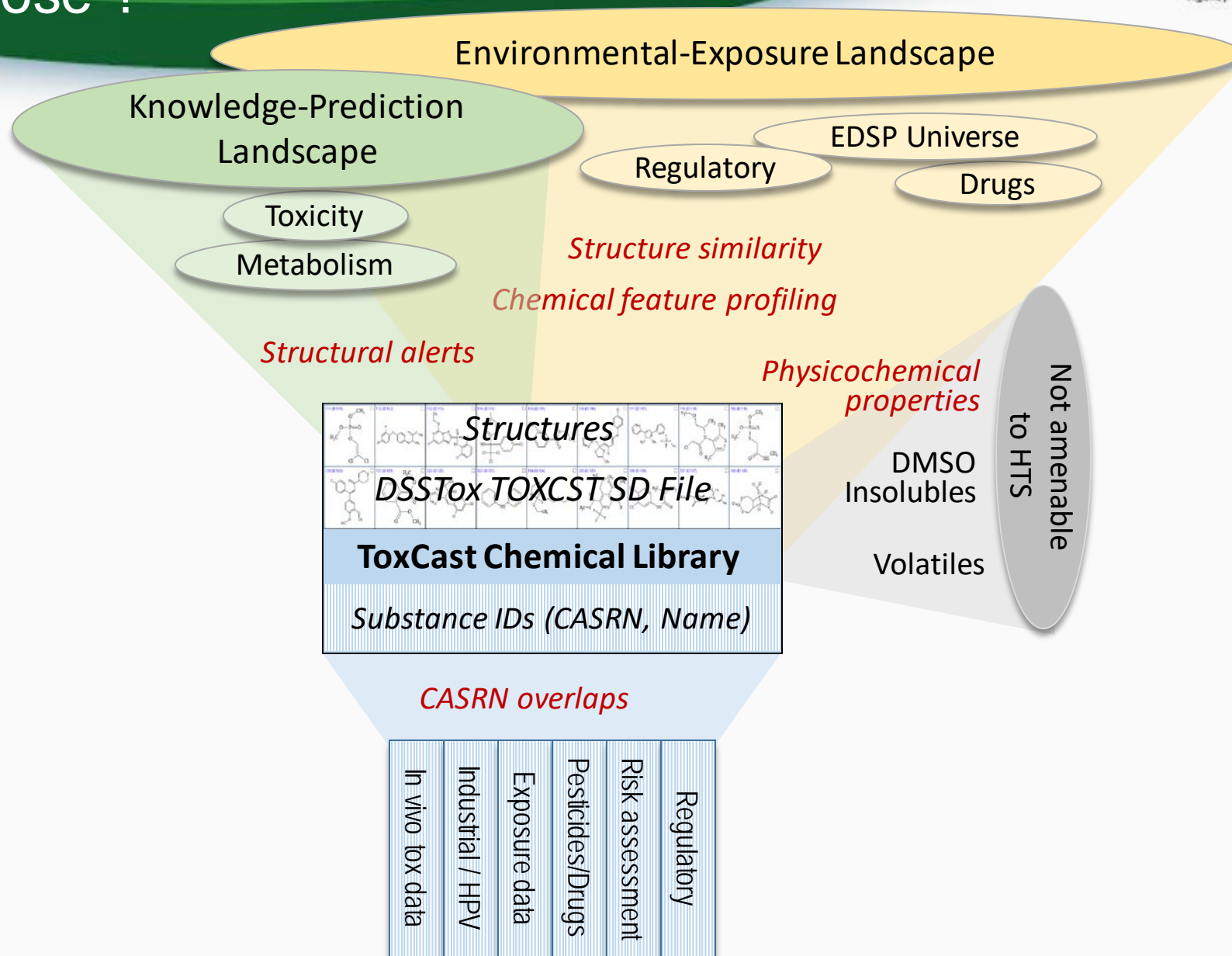
Testing Phase	Chemical Set	Chemicals	Assay Endpoints	Completion
ToxCast Phase I	ph1_v1 	310	~700	2011
ToxCast Phase II	ph1_v2 	293	~200	2013
	ph2 	768	~900	
	E1k 	799	~50	
Tox21	tox21 	~8900	~80	Ongoing
ToxCast Phase III	ph3 	~2000	~300	Ongoing



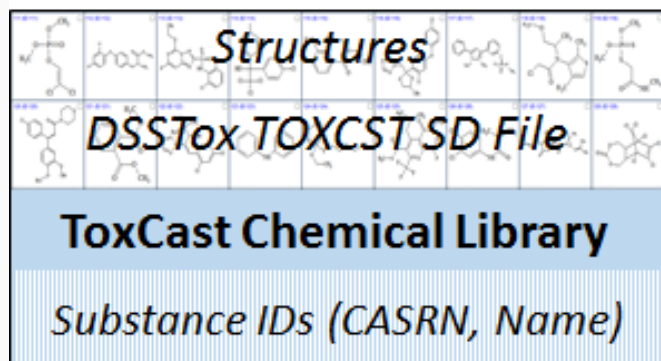
How are we addressing quality concerns?



What's in the library & is it "fit for purpose"?



What's in the library?



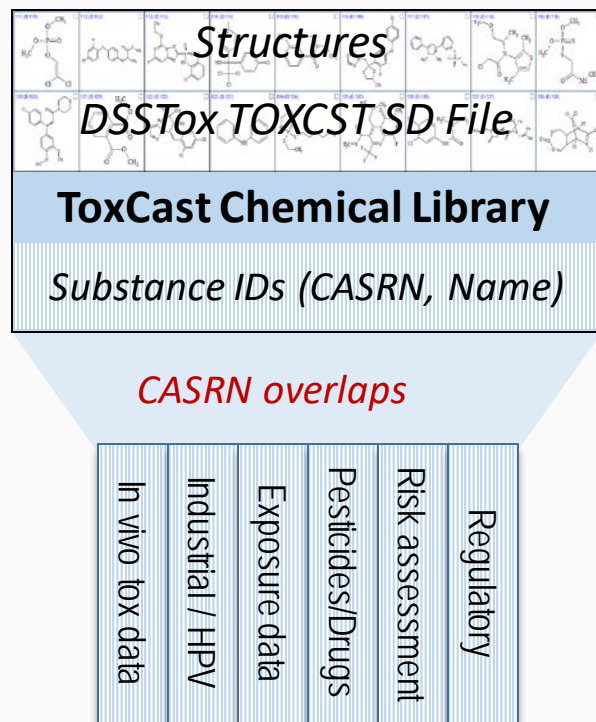
- Unique list of DSSTox substances (e.g., CAS, names)
- Structures (mol, InChI, SMILES) annotated to salt/hydrate/stereo-specific form
- Inventory (ph1_v1,v2,p2,etc) and Testing Phase (I,II,III) labels

Generic Substances	4226
Structures	4056
CASRN	4134
Salt or Complex	459
Inorganic	48
Organometallic	110
Mixture of stereoisomers	113
Mixture/Formulation	157
Polymer	11
Single chemical	3945
Duplicates on desalting	202

Available at: ftp://ftp.epa.gov/dsstoxftp/DSSTox_TOXCST_20160129.zip

What's in the library?

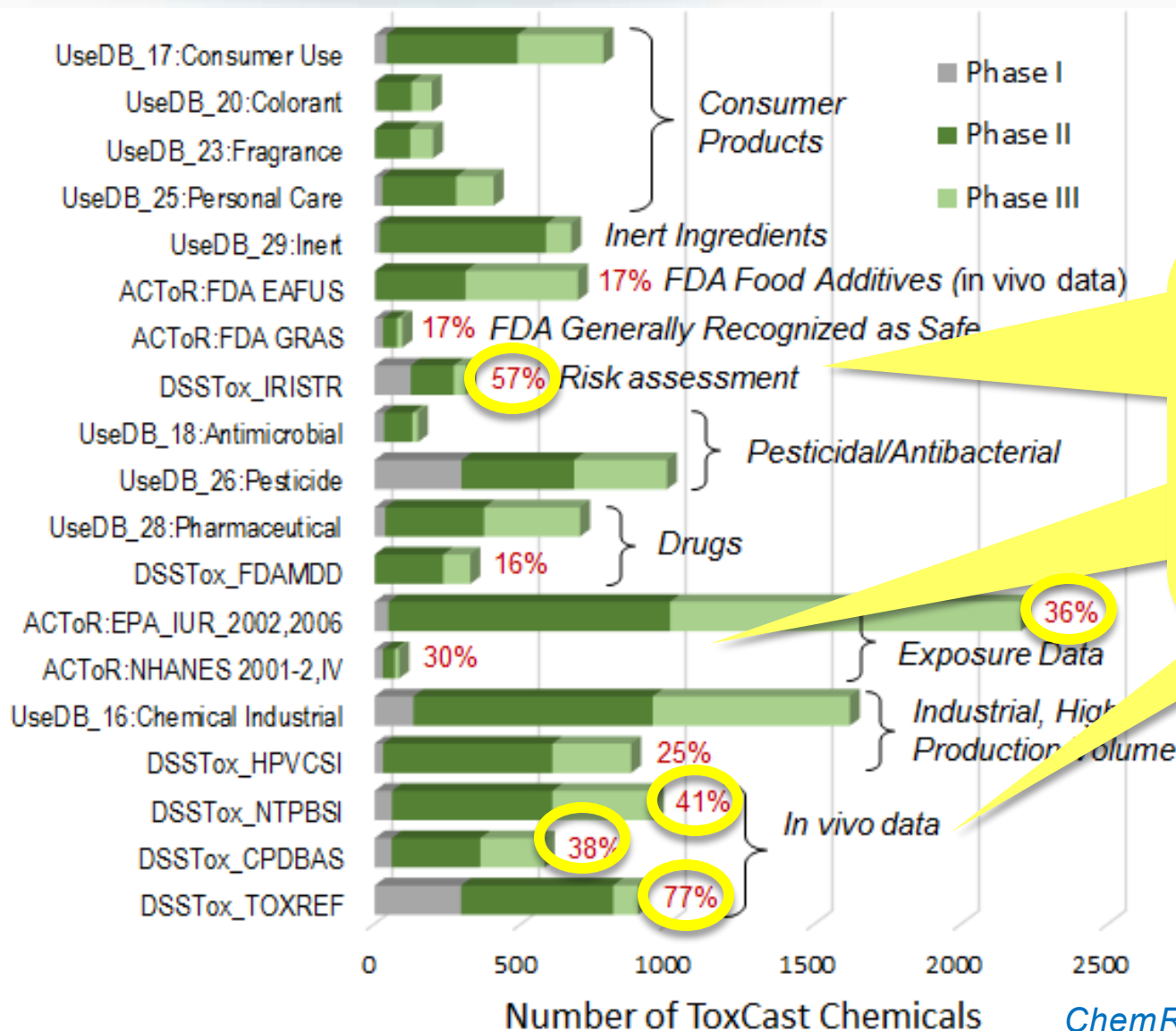
- CAS lists used to nominate chemicals for Phase II and Tox21
→ Evaluate TOXCST coverage of high priority CAS lists



- Overlap requires exact CAS matches
- Chemical structure not considered
- NOCAS substances not considered

What's in the library?

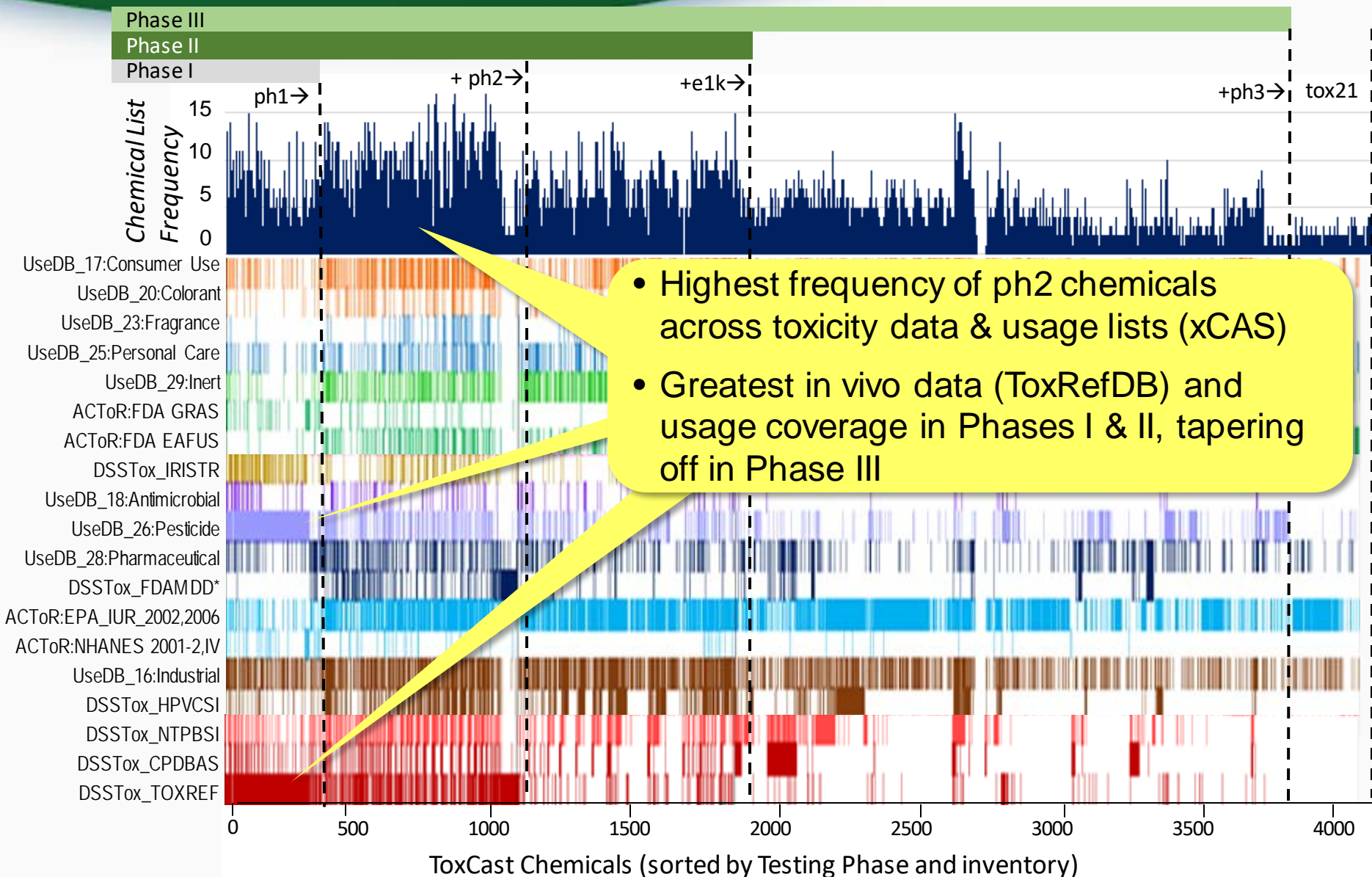
Data & Usage List coverage



- Increasing list coverage moving from Phase I → II,III
- High coverage of in vivo, exposure, & risk assessment data lists

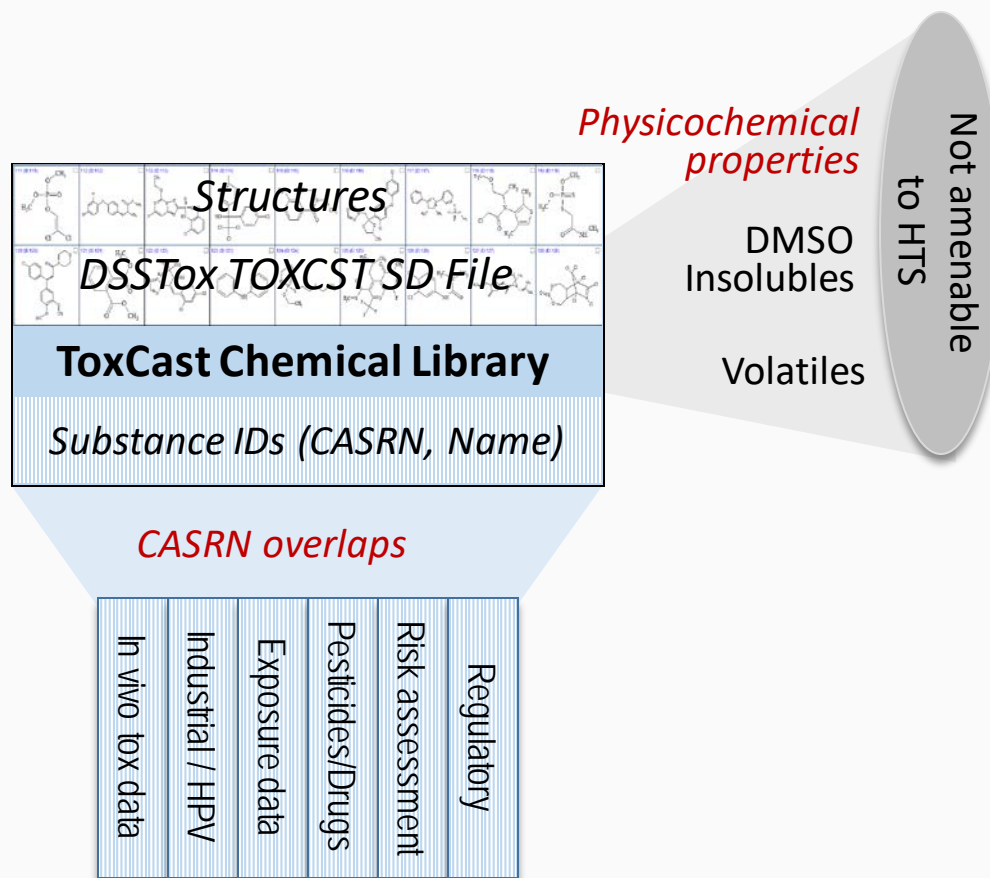
What's in the library?

Data & Usage List coverage



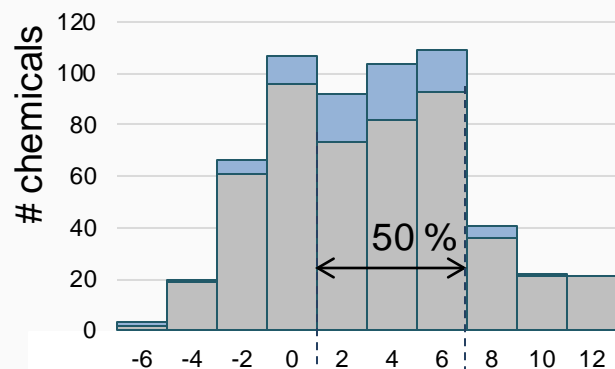
What's not in the library?

- To what extent is HTS library bounded by practical constraints?
 - DMSO solubility
 - Volatility

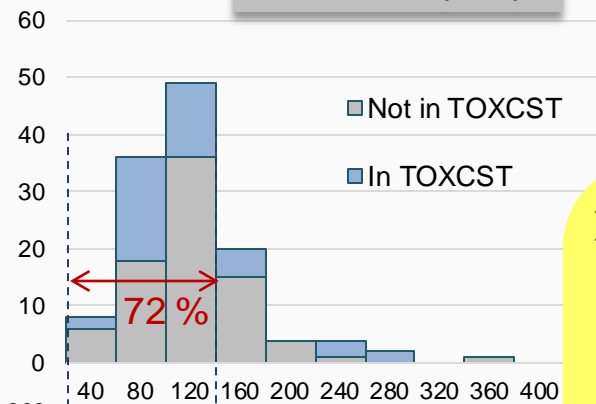


What's not in the library?

DMSO Insolubles (8%)

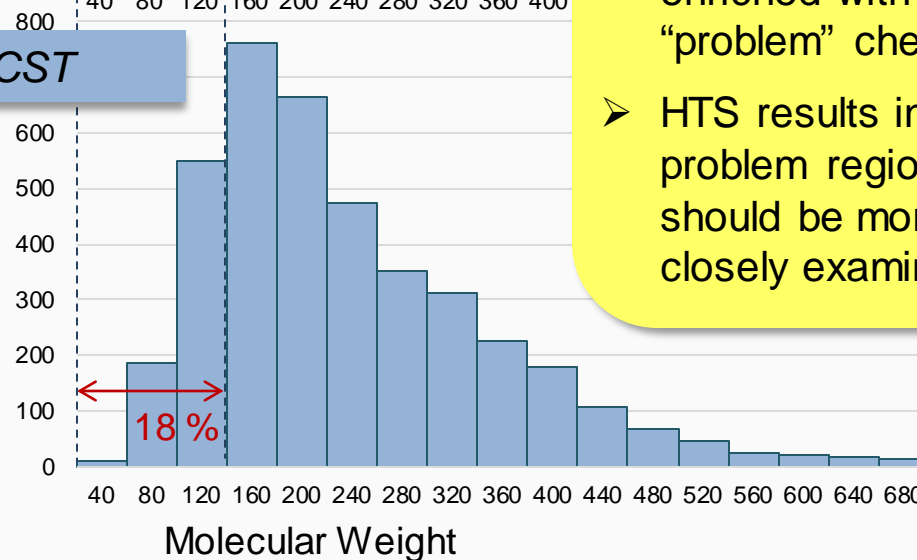
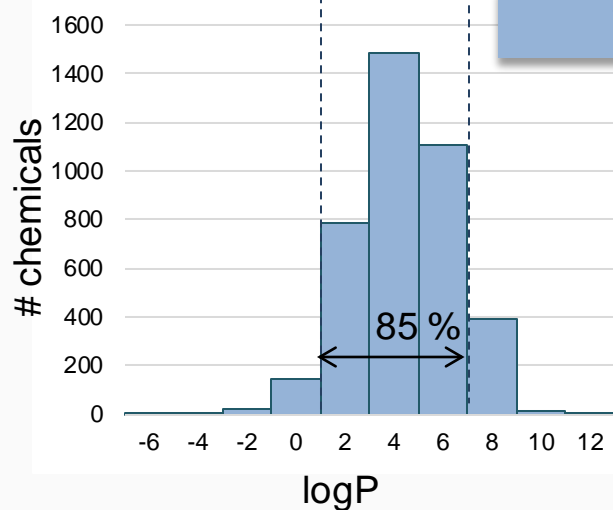


Volatiles (3%)



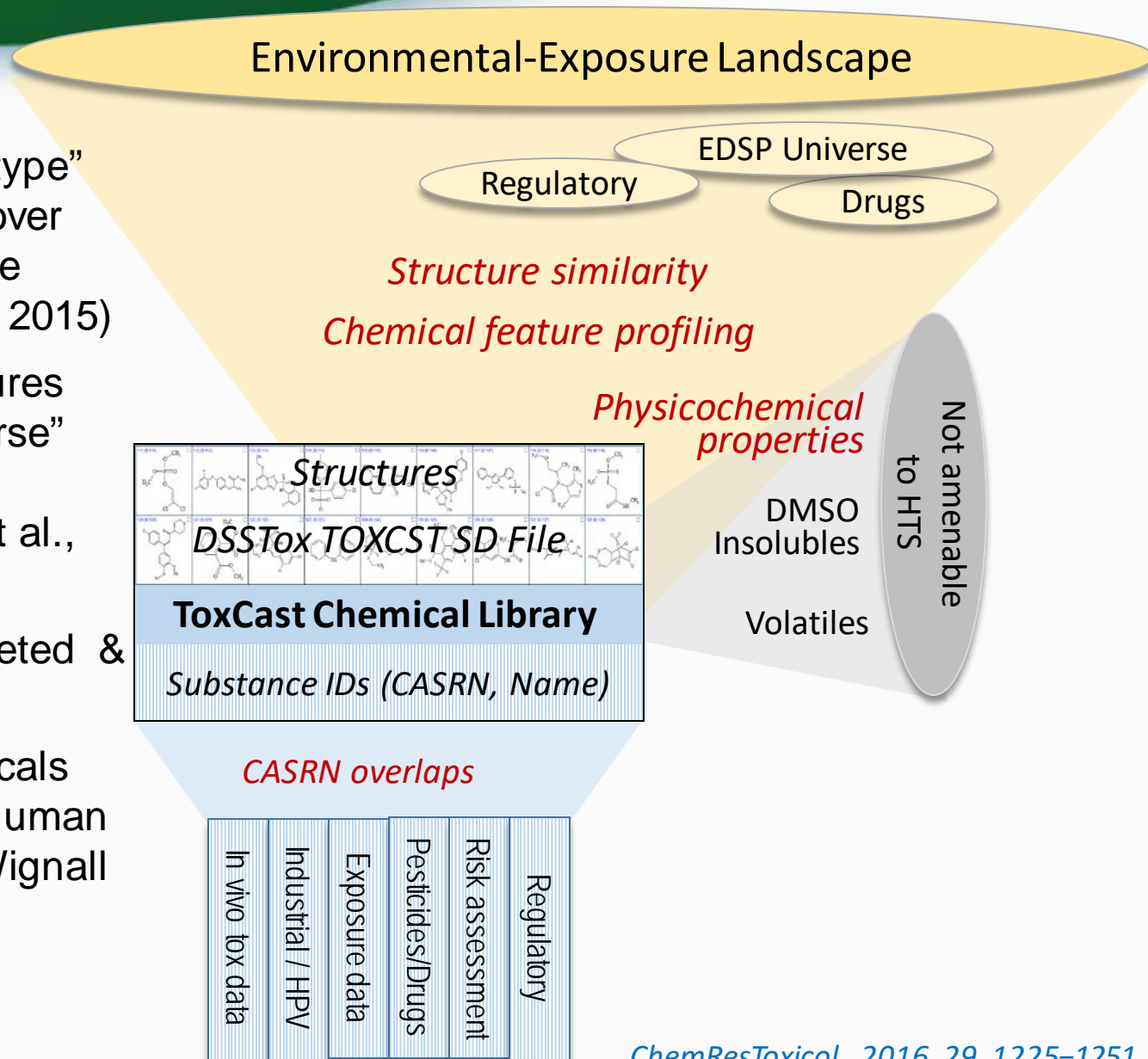
- Physchem properties help to define regions enriched with “problem” chemicals
- HTS results in problem regions should be more closely examined

TOXCST



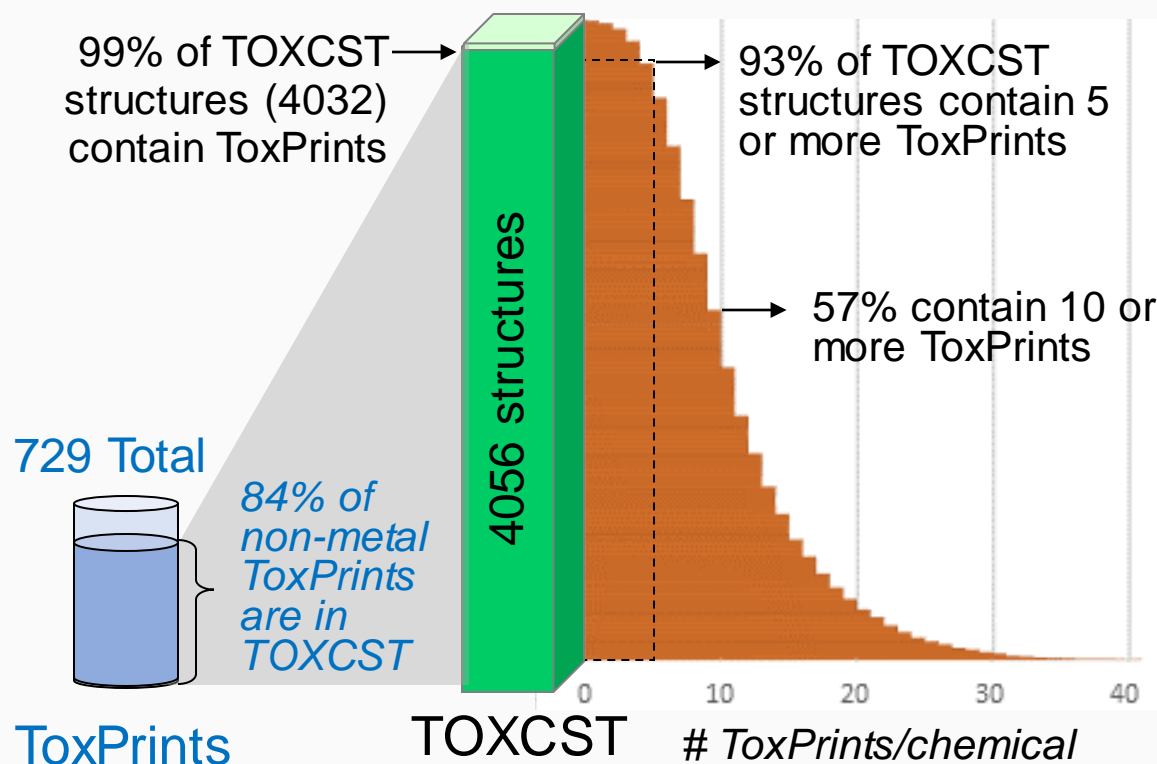
Evaluate coverage of potential “target” inventories

- **ToxPrints:** 792 “chemotype” features designed to cover environmental-exposure landscape (Yang et al., 2015)
- **CERAPP:** ~35K structures spanning EDSP “universe” and putative exposure landscape (Mansouri et al., 2016)
- **FDA_Drugs:** ~7K marketed & discontinued drugs
- **BMDHHA:** ~800 chemicals with benchmark dose human health assessments (Wignall et al., 2014)



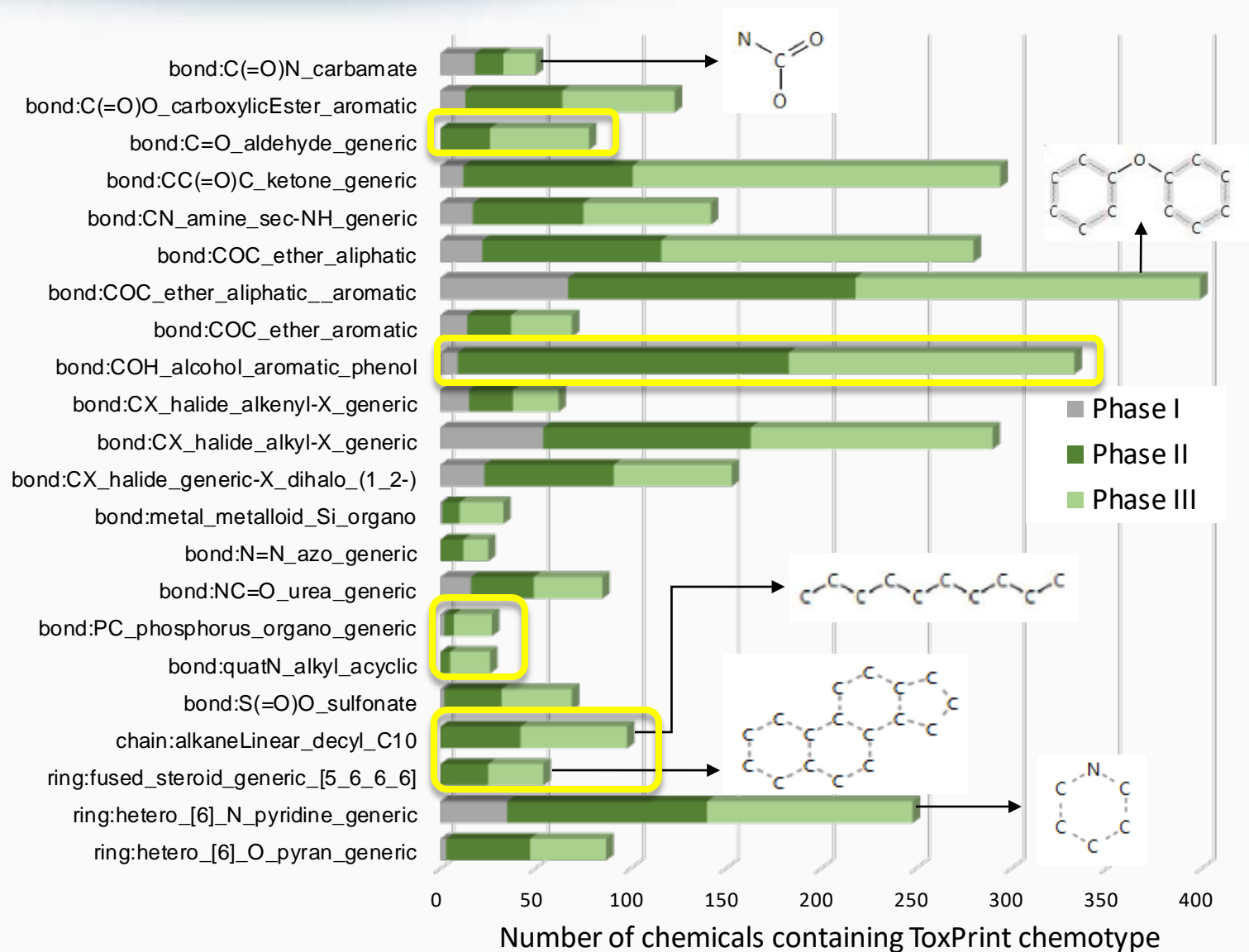
ToxPrint vs TOXCST:

Assessing coverage & diversity

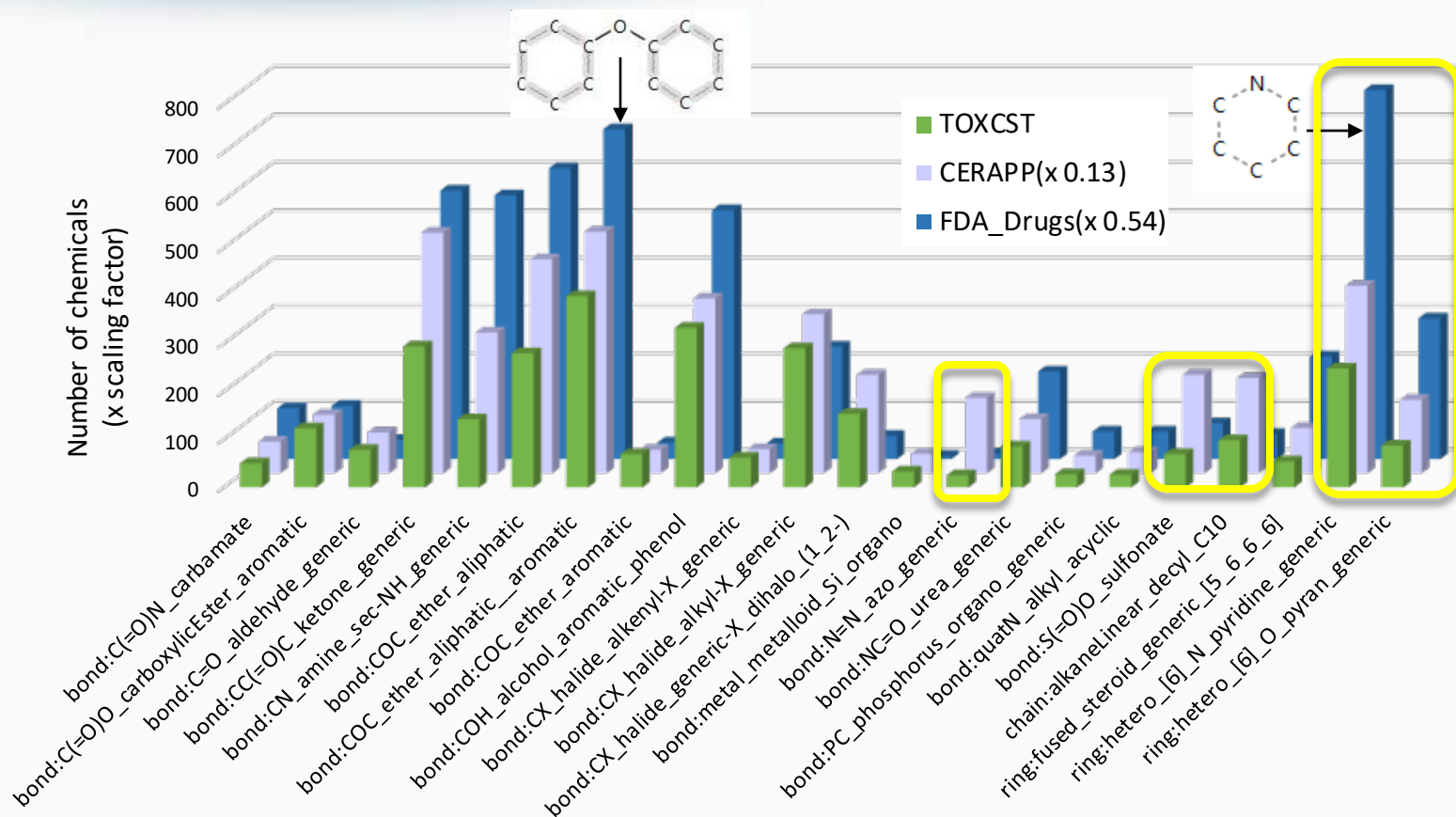


ToxPrints provide excellent “coverage” and suggest large structural diversity of TOXCST inventory

Coverage of ToxPrints across testing phases



ToxPrint inventory profile comparisons (scaled)

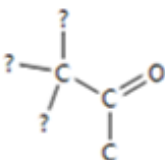
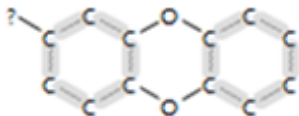
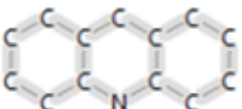
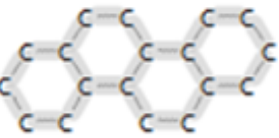
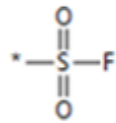


➤ Similar global ToxPrint profiles

➤ Some local feature distinctions:

- features enriched in drugs, e.g. pyridine, pyran rings
- CERAPP features not well represented in TOXCST, e.g. azo, sulfonate bonds, decyl chains

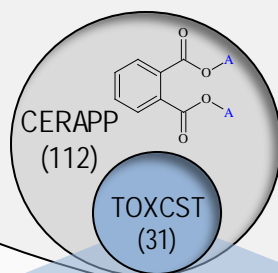
ToxPrints in CERAPP not present in ToxCast Library

bond:C(~Z)~C~Q_a-haloketone_perhalo		
Hexachloroacetone		
4,4,4-Trifluoro-1-phenyl-1,3-butanedione		
Hexafluoroacetone		
1,1,1-Trichloropropanone		21
bond:C(~Z)~C~Q_haloether_dibenzodioxin_2-halo		
1,2,3,6,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin		
Octabromodibenzo-p-dioxin		
1,2,3,7,8-Pentabromodibenzo-p-dioxin		34
ring:hetero_[6_6_6]_N_acridine		
13-Docosenamide		
9-Octadecen-1-amine		34
ring:fused_PAH_benzophenanthrene		
Benzo(a)pyrene		
Naphtho(1,2,3,4-def)chrysene		
Chrysene		19
3-Hydroxybenz[a]pyrene		
bond:S(=O)X_sulfonylhalide_fluoride		
1-Octanesulfonyl fluoride		
Benzenemesulfonyl fluoride		
Trifluoromethanesulfonyl fluoride		15

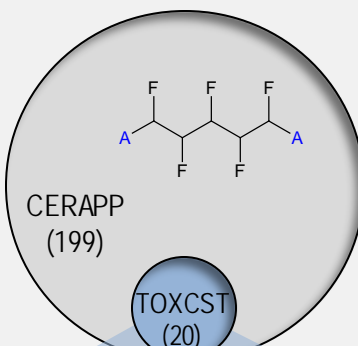
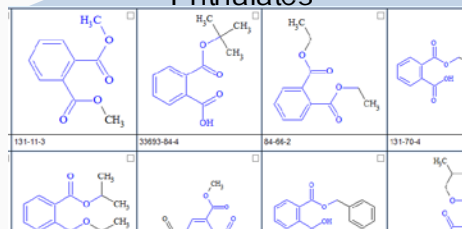
- Are the missing features present in environmental chemicals?
- Why were these chemicals not included in ToxCast?
- Use to expand ToxCast chemical coverage moving forward

Coverage of 3 chemical classes: ToxCast vs CERAPP

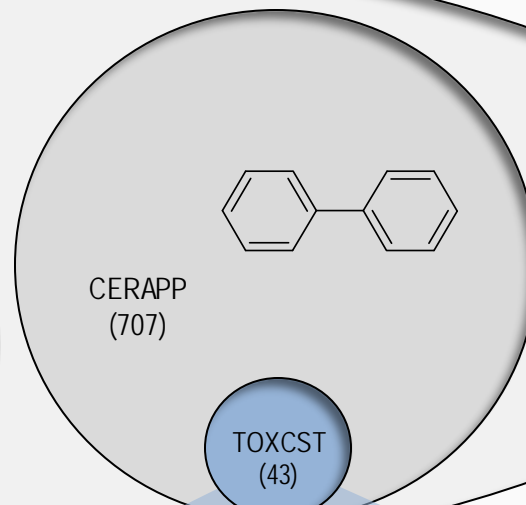
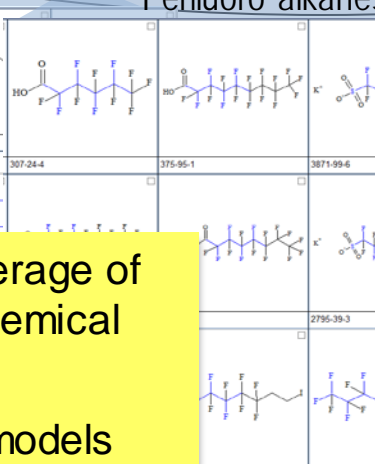
TOXCST \subseteq CERAPP
(4056) (32468)



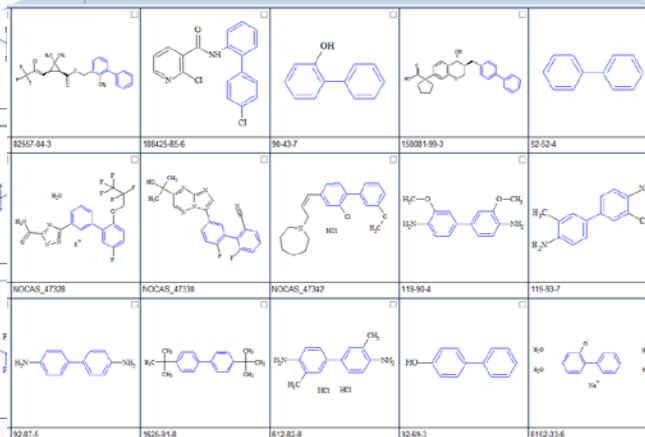
"Phthalates"



"Perfluoro alkanes"



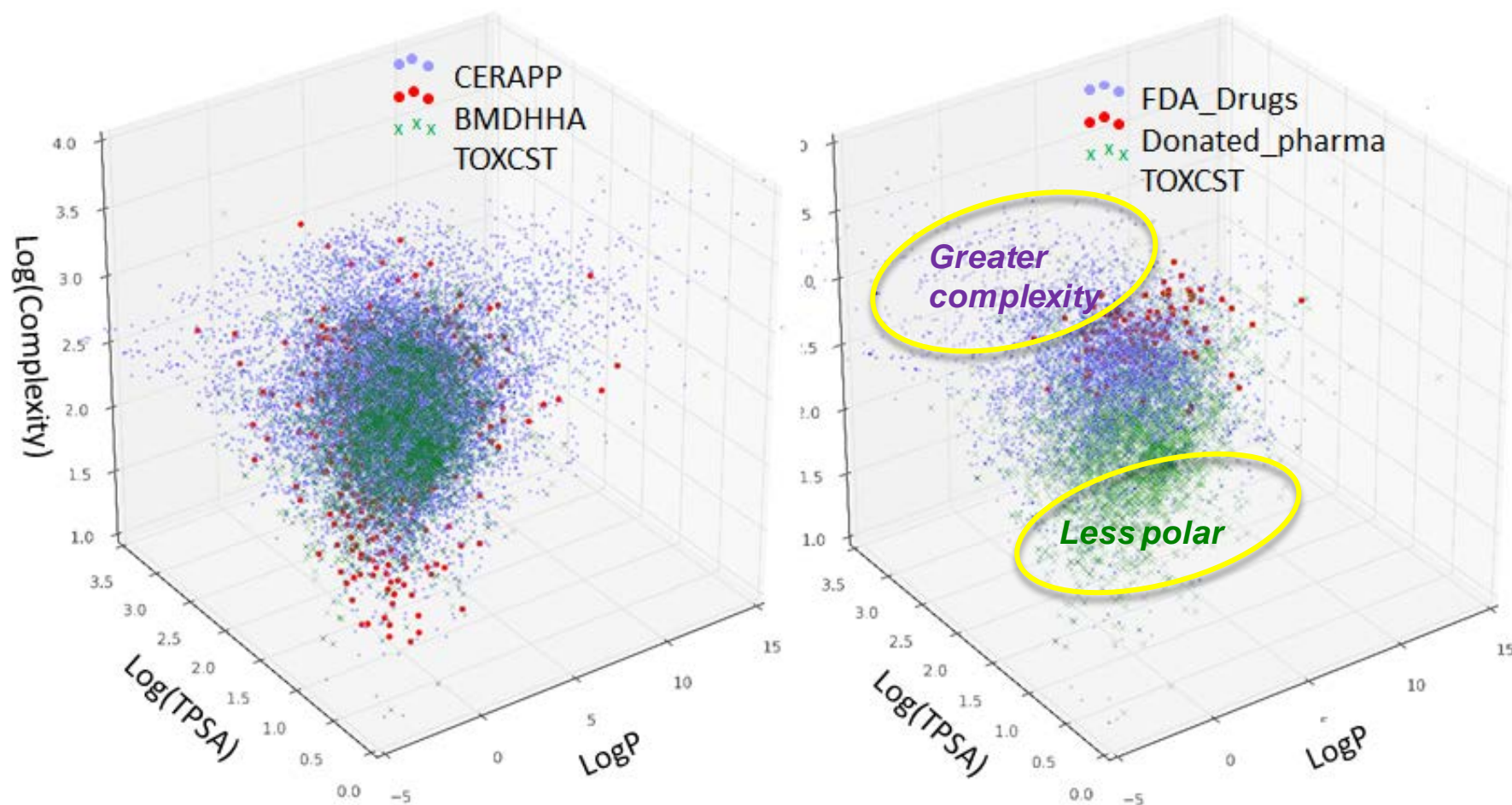
"Biphenyls"



- TOXCST provides good coverage of environmentally important chemical classes in CERAPP
- Opportunities for local SAR models

Comparison to potential target inventories based on computed properties

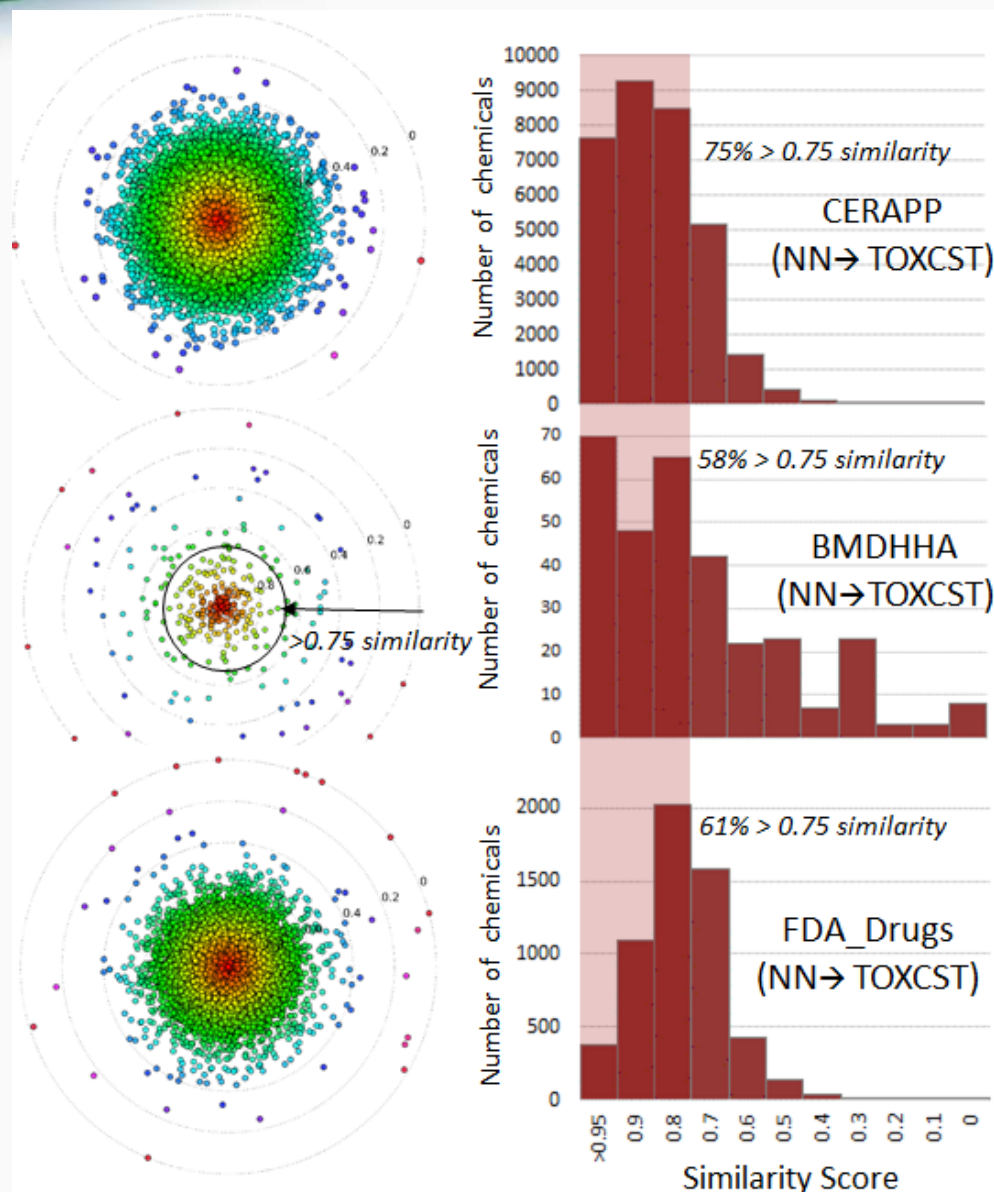
ChemResToxicol., 2016, 29, 1225–1251



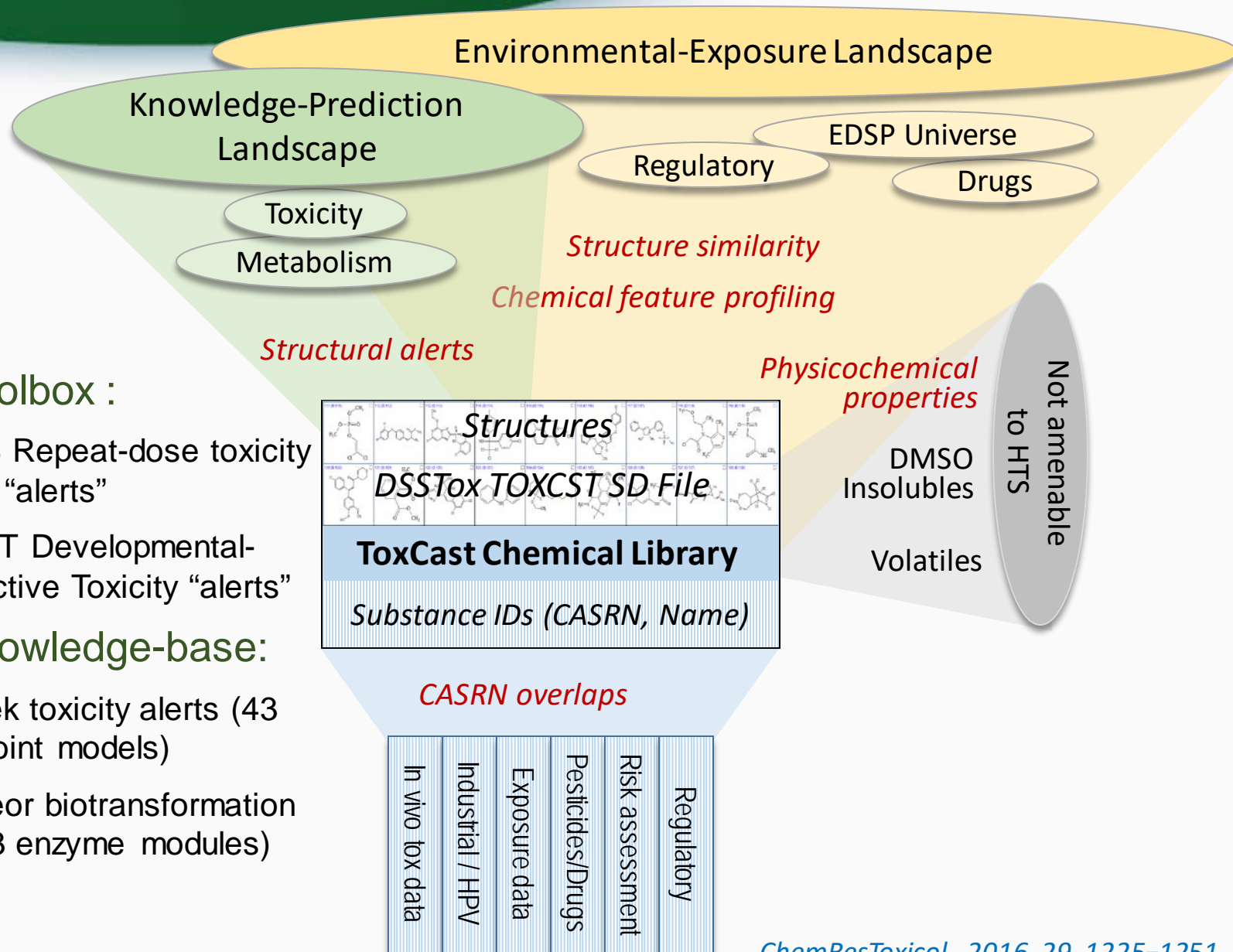
- TOXCST more similar to CERAPP & BMDHHA inventories than to FDA_Drugs in physchem property space
- Donated_pharma not representative of drug space as a whole

Nearest neighbor similarity comparisons (Tanimoto)

- **75%** of CERAPP chemicals have a >75% similar TOXCST “analog”
- **58%** of BMDHHA chemicals have a >75% similar TOXCST “analog”
- **61%** of FDA_Drugs chemicals have a >75% similar TOXCST “analog”



Evaluate coverage of historical SAR “alerts” knowledge



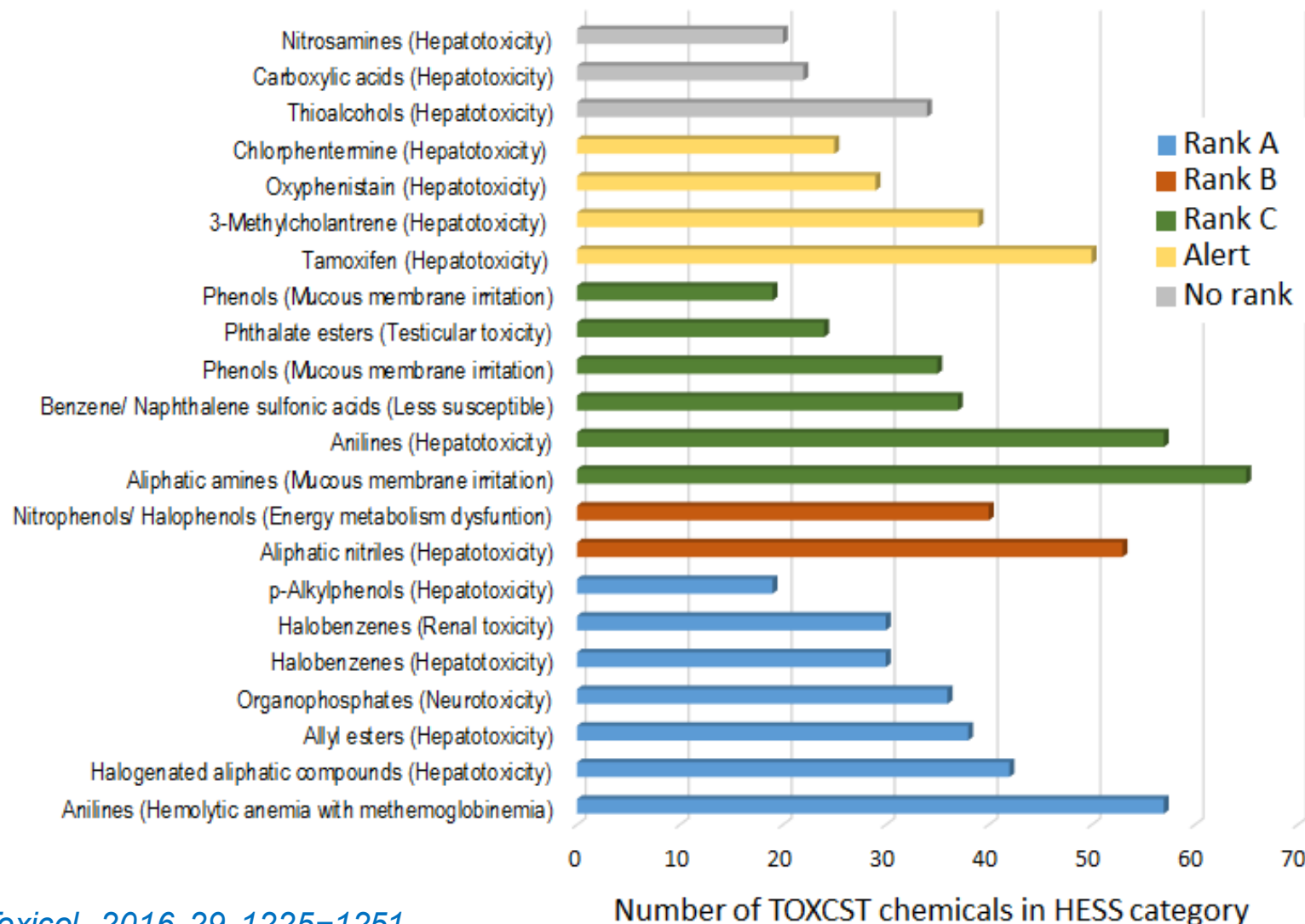
❑ OECD Toolbox :

- 61 HESS Repeat-dose toxicity category “alerts”
- 136 DART Developmental-Reproductive Toxicity “alerts”

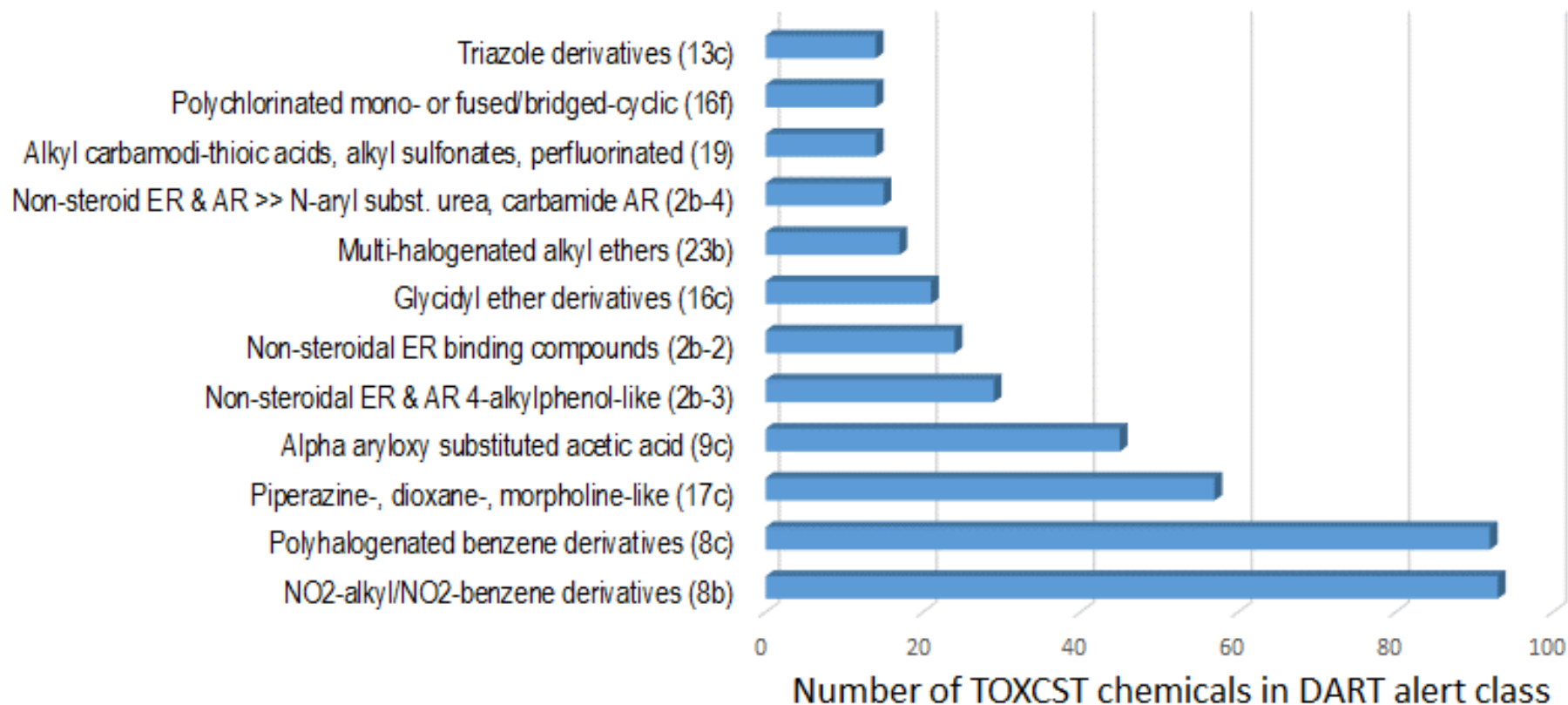
❑ Lhasa Knowledge-base:

- 280 Derek toxicity alerts (43 tox endpoint models)
- 157 Meteor biotransformation alerts (33 enzyme modules)

Incidence of HESS repeat-dose toxicity alerts in ToxCast

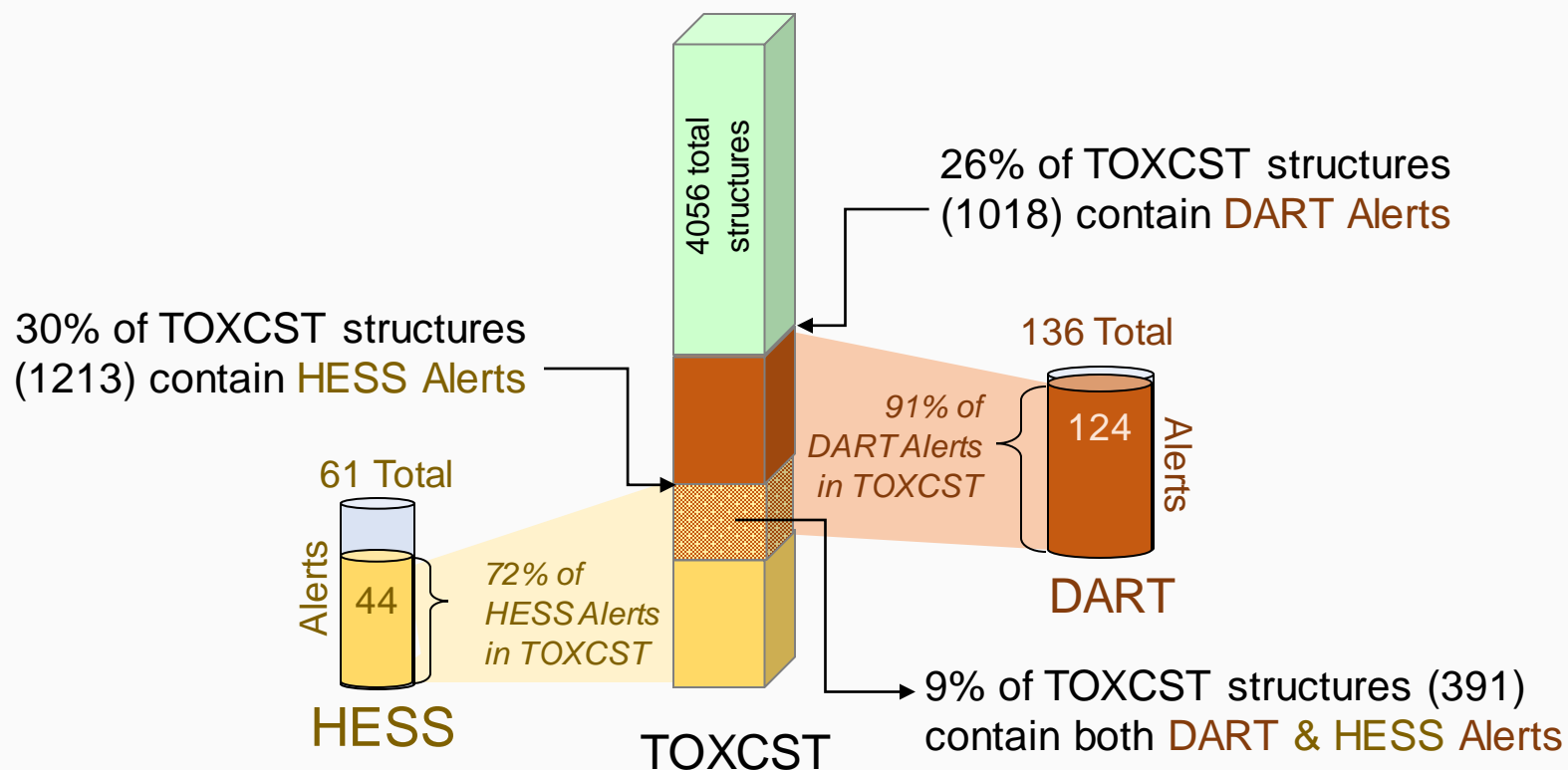


Incidence of DART toxicity alerts in ToxCast



Alert “classes” define local regions of chemical space for targeted enrichment studies

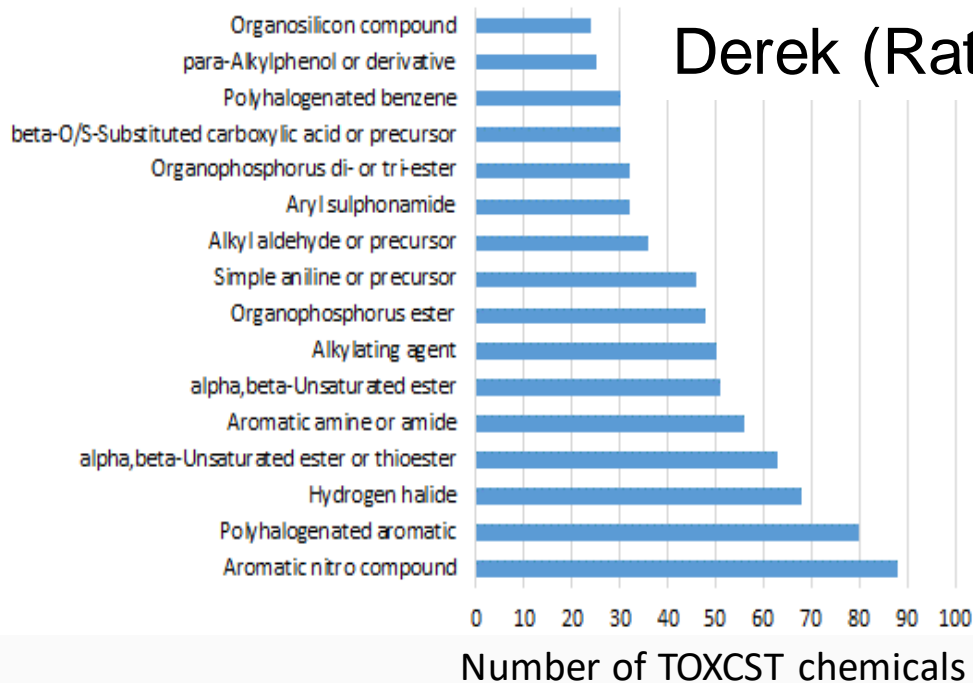
How well does ToxCast cover historical SAR toxicity “alerts”?



- 72% of HESS & 91% of DART alerts detected in TOXCST chemicals
- 47% of TOXCST chemicals contain either HESS or DART alert

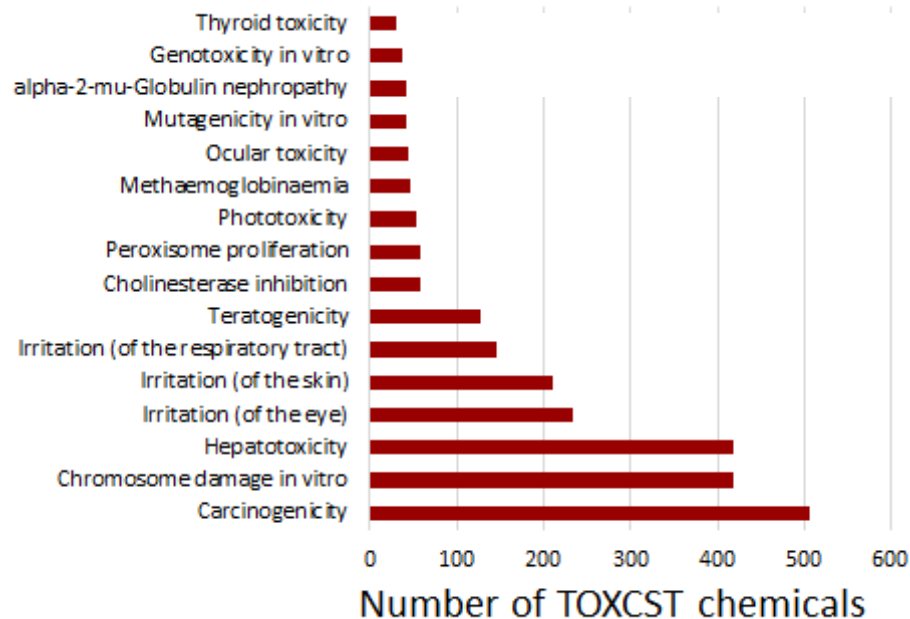
Incidence of Derek (Rat) alerts and endpoint predictions in ToxCast

Derek (Rat) Alerts

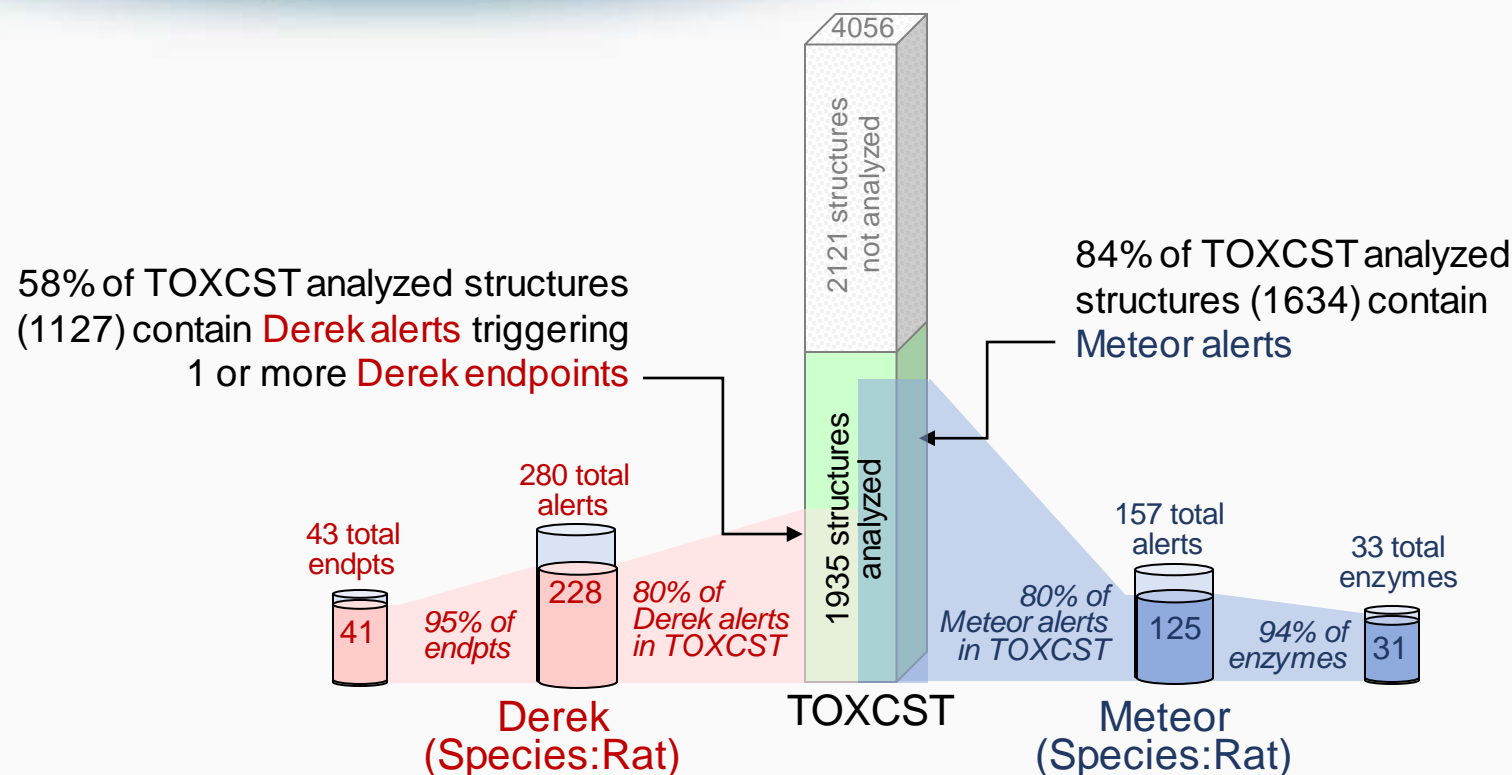


Alert & endpoint “classes” define local regions of chemical space for targeted enrichment studies

Derek (Rat) Endpoints



How well does TOXCST cover historical SAR toxicity & biotransformation “alerts”?



- 80% of Derek & Meteor alerts detected in TOXCST chemicals
- 95% of Derek endpts & 94% of Meteor enzymes triggered
- 58% of TOXCST chemicals contain Derek toxicity alert
- 84% of TOXCST chemicals contain Meteor biotransformation alert

Is library “fit for purpose”?

- Does library provide ~~sufficient~~ **broad** coverage of chemicals of interest to EPA & stakeholders? **YES!**
- Does library include ~~sufficient~~ **broad** chemical diversity to span full range of toxicity mechanisms and outcomes of concern? **YES!**
- Does library provide ~~sufficient~~ **broad** coverage of local regions of chemistry to enable local model development? **YES!**

... relative to the “chemical universe” and target inventories of greatest interest and concern to EPA

ToxCast:

- Develop automated workflows to support chemotype (e.g., ToxPrint) analyses in local chemistry domains and apply to ToxCast assay data sets (individually and globally)
- Strategic expansion of chemical library into local chemical domains

Tox21:

- Landscape paper – history, content of library
- Analysis of Tox21 analytical chemistry data

ExpoCast:

- Chemical library support for Non-targeted Screening (NTS) International Mixture Challenge (10 mixtures, 100-400 chems)
- Chemical library support for generating publicly releasable high-resolution mass spectra by 7 companies & collaborators

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