



REGION 6
1445 ROSS AVENUE
DALLAS, TEXAS 75202-2733

NPDES Permit No OK0044733

AUTHORIZATION TO DISCHARGE UNDER THE NATIONAL POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM

In compliance with the provisions of the Clean Water Act, as amended, (33 U.S.C. 1251 et. seq; the "Act"),

New Gaming Enterprise
Kickapoo Casino Harrah Wastewater Treatment Plant
25230 E. Highway 62
Harrah, OK 73045

is authorized to discharge from a facility located at 25230 Highway 62 East, Harrah, Lincoln County, Oklahoma. The discharge will be to unnamed tributary on Kickapoo Trust land, thence to Quapaw Creek (WBID 520700040260 of the Canadian River Basin), from a point located at the following coordinates:

Outfall 001: Latitude 35° 29' 36.47" North and Longitude 97° 04' 29.66" West

in accordance with this cover page and the effluent limitations, monitoring requirements and other conditions set forth in Part I, Part II, III and Part IV.

This permit supersedes and replaces NPDES Permit No. OK0044733 with an effective date of August 1, 2013.

This permit shall become effective on

This permit and the authorization to discharge shall expire at midnight,

Issued on

Prepared by

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Suzanna M. Perea".

David F. Garcia, P.E.
Acting Director
Water Division (6WQ)

Suzanna M. Perea
Environmental Scientist
Permitting Section (6WQ-PP)

DOCUMENT ABBREVIATIONS

In the document that follows, various abbreviations are used. They are as follows:

4Q3	Lowest four-day average flow rate expected to occur once every three-years
BAT	Best available technology economically achievable
BCT	Best conventional pollutant control technology
BPT	Best practicable control technology currently available
BMP	Best management plan
BOD	Biochemical oxygen demand (five-day unless noted otherwise)
BPJ	Best professional judgment
CBOD	Carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand (five-day unless noted otherwise)
CD	Critical dilution
CFR	Code of Federal Regulations
cfs	Cubic feet per second
COD	Chemical oxygen demand
COE	United States Corp of Engineers
CWA	Clean Water Act
DMR	Discharge monitoring report
DO	Dissolved oxygen
ELG	Effluent limitation guidelines
EPA	United States Environmental Protection Agency
ESA	Endangered Species Act
FCB	Fecal coliform bacteria
FWS	United States Fish and Wildlife Service
mg/l	Milligrams per liter
ug/l	Micrograms per liter
lbs	Pounds
MGD	Million gallons per day
MQL	Minimum quantification level
NPDES	National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System
O&G	Oil and grease
OAC	Oklahoma Administrative Code
ODEQ	Oklahoma Department of Environmental Quality
OWRB	Oklahoma Water Resources Board
OWQS	Oklahoma Water Quality Standards
POTW	Publically owned treatment works
RP	Reasonable potential
SS	Settleable solids
SIC	Standard industrial classification
s.u.	Standard units (for parameter pH)
TDS	Total dissolved solids
TMDL	Total maximum daily load
TRC	Total residual chlorine
TSS	Total suspended solids
UAA	Use attainability analysis
USGS	United States Geological Service
WLA	Wasteload allocation
WET	Whole effluent toxicity
WQMP	Water Quality Management Plan
WWTP	Wastewater treatment plan

PART I – REQUIREMENTS FOR NPDES PERMITS

A. LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

1. OUTFALL 001 - FINAL Effluent Limits – 0.05 MGD Design Flow

During the period beginning the effective date of the permit and lasting through the expiration date of the permit (unless otherwise noted), the permittee is authorized to discharge treated domestic wastewater from Outfall 001 to an unnamed tributary on Kickapoo Trust land, thence to Quapaw Creek (WBID 520700040260 of the Canadian River Basin). Such discharges shall be limited and monitored by the permittee as specified below:

EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS	DISCHARGE LIMITATIONS					MONITORING REQUIREMENTS	
	lbs/day, unless noted		mg/l, unless noted ⁽¹⁾			MEASUREMENT FREQUENCY	SAMPLE TYPE
POLLUTANT	30-DAY AVG	7-DAY AVG	DAILY MAX	30-DAY AVG	7-DAY AVG	DAILY MAX	
Flow	N/A	N/A	N/A	Report ⁽²⁾	N/A	Report ⁽²⁾	Daily Continuous Recorder
CBOD ₅							
Summer (June – October)	4.2	N/A	6.3	10	15	N/A	One/week 24-hr Composite
Winter (November – March)	7.5	N/A	11.3	18	27	N/A	
Spring (April – May)	5.0	N/A	7.5	12	18	N/A	
TSS	12.5	18.8	N/A	30	45	N/A	One/month ⁽³⁾ 24-hr Composite
CBOD ₅ % removal, minimum	≥85 ⁽⁴⁾	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	One/month ⁽³⁾ Grab
TSS % removal, minimum	≥85 ⁽⁴⁾	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	One/month ⁽³⁾ Grab
NH ₃ -N							
Summer (June – October)	0.8	N/A	1.25	2	3	N/A	One/week 24-hr Composite
Winter (November – March)	2.5	N/A	3.75	6	9	N/A	
Spring (April – May)	2.5	N/A	3.75	6	9	N/A	
DO	1.7	N/A	2.5	4 ⁽⁵⁾	N/A	6 ⁽⁵⁾	One/week Instantaneous Grab ⁽⁶⁾
<i>E. coli</i> bacteria (cfu/100 ml or mpn/100 ml)	N/A	N/A	N/A	126 cfu/100 ml	N/A	406 cfu/100 ml	One/month ⁽³⁾ Grab
TRC	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	19 ug/l ⁽⁷⁾	One/month ⁽³⁾ Instantaneous Grab ⁽⁶⁾
pH	N/A	N/A	N/A		6.0 – 9.0 s.u.	Five/week	Instantaneous Grab ⁽⁶⁾

Footnotes:

- *1 See Appendix A of Part II of the permit for minimum quantification limits.
- *2 Report monthly average and daily maximum as million gallons per day (MGD) by instantaneous measurement.
- *3 For any reporting period, samples shall be taken at least ten (10) days from the first sample of the previous reporting period.
- *4 Percent removal is calculated using the following equation: $[\text{average monthly influent concentration (mg/l)} - \text{average monthly effluent concentration (mg/l)}] \div [\text{average monthly influent concentration (mg/l)}] \times 100$. The influent data is not required to be submitted but must be made available to EPA or its agents upon request.
- *5 Minimum value. Instantaneous grab samples are to be taken between the times of 10:00am-2:00pm.
- *6 Analyzed within 15 minutes of collection.
- *7 Instantaneous maximum. For TRC, the instantaneous maximum grab shall be taken during periods of chlorine use and cannot be averaged for reporting purposes.

2. FLOATING SOLIDS, VISIBLE FOAM AND/OR OILS

There shall be no discharge of floating solids or visible foam in other than trace amounts.

There shall be no discharge of visible films of oil, globules of oil, grease or solids in or on the water, or coatings on stream banks.

3. SAMPLE LOCATION

Samples taken in compliance with the monitoring requirements specified above shall be taken at the discharge from the final treatment unit prior to the receiving stream. The sample point shall be clearly marked by the facility if it is not at the final outfall location. There shall be no flow from any source into the piping system after the sample point and prior to the final outfall.

B. SCHEDULES OF COMPLIANCE

None

C. MONITORING AND REPORTING (MINOR DISCHARGERS)

Discharge Monitoring Report (DMR) results shall be electronically reported to EPA per 40 CFR 127.16. To submit electronically, access the NetDMR website at <https://netdmr.epa.gov>. Until approved for Net DMR, the permittee shall request temporary or emergency waivers from electronic reporting. To obtain the waiver, please contact: U.S. EPA - Region 6, Water Enforcement Branch, Oklahoma State Coordinator (6EN-WC), (214) 665-6468. If paper reporting is granted temporarily, the permittee shall submit the original DMR signed and certified as required by Part III.D.11 and all other reports required by Part III.D. to the EPA and other agencies as required (See Part III.D.IV of the permit). Reports shall be submitted quarterly.

1. Reporting periods shall end on the last day of the months March, June, September and December.
2. The permittee is required to submit regular reports as described above postmarked no later than the 28th day of the month following each reporting period.
3. NO DISCHARGE REPORTING: If there is no discharge at Outfall 001 during the sampling month, place an "X" in the NO DISCHARGE box located in the upper right corner of the Discharge Monitoring Report.

D. OVERFLOW REPORTING

The permittee shall report all overflows with the Discharge Monitoring Report submittal. These reports shall be summarized and reported in tabular format. The summaries shall include: the date, time, duration, location, estimated volume, and cause of the overflow; observed environmental impacts from the overflow; actions taken to address the overflow; and ultimate discharge location if not contained (e.g., storm sewer system, ditch, tributary).

Overflows that endanger health or the environment shall be orally reported at (214) 665-6595 and ODEQ Water Quality Division at (800) 256-2365 or 405-702-8290 (Oklahoma City Metropolitan Area),

within 24 hours from the time the permittee becomes aware of the circumstance. A written report of overflows that endanger health or the environment shall be provided to EPA and the ODEQ Water Quality Division within 5 days of the time the permittee becomes aware of the circumstance.

E. POLLUTION PREVENTION REQUIREMENTS

The permittee shall institute a program within 12 months of the effective date of the permit (or continue an existing one) directed towards optimizing the efficiency and extending the useful life of the facility. The permittee shall consider the following items in the program:

- a. The influent loadings, flow and design capacity;
- b. The effluent quality and plant performance;
- c. The age and expected life of the wastewater treatment facility's equipment;
- d. Bypasses and overflows of the tributary sewerage system and treatment works;
- e. New developments at the facility;
- f. Operator certification and training plans and status;
- g. The financial status of the facility;
- h. Preventative maintenance programs and equipment conditions and;
- i. An overall evaluation of conditions at the facility.

F. OTHER REQUIREMENTS

None

PART II - OTHER CONDITIONS

A. MINIMUM QUANTIFICATION LEVEL (MQL)

EPA-approved test procedures (methods) for the analysis and quantification of pollutants or pollutant parameters, including for the purposes of compliance monitoring/DMR reporting, permit renewal applications, or any other reporting that may be required as a condition of this permit, shall be sufficiently sensitive. A method is "sufficiently sensitive" when (1) the method minimum level (ML) of quantification is at or below the level of the applicable effluent limit for the measured pollutant or pollutant parameter; or (2) if there is no EPA-approved analytical method with a published ML at or below the effluent limit (see table below), then the method has the lowest published ML (is the most sensitive) of the analytical methods approved under 40 CFR Part 136 or required under 40 CFR Chapter I, Subchapters N or O, for the measured pollutant or pollutant parameter; or (3) the method is specified in this permit or has been otherwise approved in writing by the permitting authority (EPA Region 6) for the measured pollutant or pollutant parameter. The Permittee has the option of developing and submitting a report to justify the use of matrix or sample-specific MLs rather than the published levels. Upon written approval by EPA Region 6 the matrix or sample-specific MLs may be utilized by the Permittee for all future Discharge Monitoring Report (DMR) reporting requirements.

Current EPA Region 6 minimum quantification levels (MQLs) for reporting and compliance are provided in Appendix A of Part II of this permit. The following pollutants may not have EPA approved methods with a published ML at or below the effluent limit, if specified:

POLLUTANT	CAS Number	STORET Code
Total Residual Chlorine	7782-50-5	50060
Cadmium	7440-43-9	01027
Silver	7440-22-4	01077
Thallium	7440-28-0	01059
Cyanide	57-12-5	78248
Dioxin (2,3,7,8-TCDD)	1764-01-6	34675
4, 6-Dinitro-0-Cresol	534-52-1	34657
Pentachlorophenol	87-86-5	39032
Benzidine	92-87-5	39120
Chrysene	218-01-9	34320
Hexachlorobenzene	118-74-1	39700
N-Nitrosodimethylamine	62-75-9	34438
Aldrin	309-00-2	39330
Chlordane	57-74-9	39350
Dieldrin	60-57-1	39380
Heptachlor	76-44-8	39410
Heptachlor epoxide	1024-57-3	39420
Toxaphene	8001-35-2	39400

Unless otherwise indicated in this permit, if the EPA Region 6 MQL for a pollutant or pollutant parameter is sufficiently sensitive (as defined above) and the analytical test result is less than the MQL, then a value of zero (0) may be used for reporting purposes on DMRs. Furthermore, if the EPA Region 6 MQL for a pollutant or parameter is not sufficiently sensitive, but the analytical test result is less than the published ML from a sufficiently sensitive method, then a value of zero (0) may be used for reporting purposes on DMRs.

B. 24-HOUR ORAL REPORTING: DAILY MAXIMUM LIMITATION VIOLATIONS

Under the provisions of Part III.D.7.b.(3) of this permit, violations of daily maximum limitations for the following pollutants shall be reported orally to EPA Region 6, Compliance and Assurance Division, Water Enforcement Branch (6EN-W), Dallas, Texas and concurrently to ODEQ within 24 hours from the time the permittee becomes aware of the violation followed by a written report in five days.

None.

C. PERMIT MODIFICATION AND REOPENER

In accordance with [40 CFR Part 122.44(d)], the permit may be reopened and modified during the life of the permit if relevant portions of the Oklahoma Water Quality Standards are revised, or new State water quality standards are established and/or remanded.

In accordance with [40 CFR Part 122.62(s)(2)], the permit may be reopened and modified if new information is received that was not available at the time of permit issuance that would have justified the application of different permit conditions at the time of permit issuance. Permit modifications shall reflect the results of any of these actions and shall follow regulations listed at [40 CFR Part 124.5].