

# NPDES Permit No TX0140147

# AUTHORIZATION TO DISCHARGE UNDER THE NATIONAL POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM

In compliance with the provisions of the Clean Water Act, as amended, (33 U.S.C. 1251 et. seq; the "Act"),

Plains All American Pipeline, L.P. Corpus Christi Terminal West 333 Clay Street, Suite 1600 Houston, TX 77002

is authorized to discharge hydrostatic test water from a pipeline located at 7765 Up River Road, Corpus Christi, Nueces County, Texas,

from Outfall 001: Latitude 27° 49' 15" N; Longitude 97° 30' 52" W to unnamed ditch which is part of Corpus Christi's MS4 to Corpus Christi Inner Bay in Waterbody Segment Code No. 2484 of the Bays and Estuaries,

in accordance with this cover page and the effluent limitations, monitoring requirements, and other conditions set forth in Part I, Part II and Part III hereof.

Prepared by

This is a first-time permit and shall become effective on

Issued on

This permit and the authorization to discharge shall expire at midnight,

David F. Garcia, P.E.	Maria Okpala
Acting Director	Environmental Engineer
Water Quality Protection Division (6WQ)	Permits & Technical Section (6WQ-PP)

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#### PART I – REQUIREMENTS FOR NPDES PERMITS

# SECTION A. LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

#### 1. Outfall 001 - Final Effluent Limits

During the period beginning on the effective date of the permit and lasting until the expiration date, the permittee is authorized to discharge hydrostatic wastewater from the Outfall 001, thence to unnamed ditch which is part of Corpus Christi's MS4 to Corpus Christi Inner Bay. Such discharges shall be limited and monitored by the permittee as specified below:

EFFLUENT		DISCHARGI LIMITATIO			
CHARACTERISTICS Standard Units		MONITORING REQUIREMENTS			
	STORET			MEASUREMENT	SAMPLE
POLLUTANT	CODE	MINIMUM	MAXIMUM	FREQUENCY	TYPE
рН	00400	6.5	9.0	Daily (*1)	Grab

		DISCHARGE LIMITATIONS					
EFFLUENT		lbs/day,	unless	mg/l,	unless	MONITORING	
CHARACTERIST	ICS	noted		noted		REQUIREMENTS	
POLLUTANT	STORET	MON	DAY	MON	DAY	MEASUREMENT	SAMPLE
	CODE	AVG	MAX	AVG	MAX	FREQUENCY	TYPE
Flow	50050	Report	Report	N/A	N/A	Daily (*1)	Estimate
		MGD	MGD				(*3)
			(*2)				
Oil & Grease	00556	Report	Report	N/A	15	Daily (*1)	Grab
Total Residual	50060	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.019	Daily (*1)	Grab
Chlorine							
Total Suspended	00530	Report	Report	30	45	Daily (*1)	Grab
Solids							
Total BTEX *4	30383	N/A	N/A	N/A	100	Daily (*1)	Grab
*5					μg/L		
Total Organic	00680	N/A	N/A	N/A	50	Daily (*1)	Grab
Carbon (TOC) *5							

#### Footnotes:

<sup>\*1</sup> When discharging.

<sup>\*2</sup> The discharge flow rate shall be controlled to prevent the erosion of soils, to minimize the disturbance and re-suspension of bottom sediments and to avoid adverse impact to any wetlands or other materials and the consequent addition of suspended solids to the discharge. In particular, contact with unvegetated or disturbed ground surfaces shall be avoided.

- \*3 "Estimate" flow measurements shall not be subject to the accuracy provisions established at Part III.C.6. Flow may be estimated using best engineering judgment.
- \*4 BTEX shall be measured as the sum of benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylene (including ortho-, meta-, and para-xylene) as quantified by EPA methods 601, 602, 624, or 1624.
- \*5 The permittee shall not discharge if the above limits cannot be met. TOC and BTEX limits applies only to discharges from existing pipelines and tanks.

#### FLOATING SOLIDS, VISIBLE FOAM AND/OR OILS

The discharge shall not cause oil, grease, or related residue which produces a visible film or globules of grease on the surface or coat the banks or bottoms of the watercourse; or toxicity to man, aquatic life, or terrestrial life.

There shall be no discharge of floating solids or visible foam in other than trace amounts.

# SAMPLING LOCATION(S)

Samples taken in compliance with the monitoring requirements specified above shall be taken at the discharge point prior to the receiving stream.

#### OTHER REQUIREMENT

All hydrostatic test water shall be free from any kind of welding scrap or other foreign material before being discharged into the receiving waters.

#### B. SCHEDULE OF COMPLIANCE

The permittee shall achieve compliance with the effluent limitations specified for discharges in accordance with the following schedule:

**NONE** 

#### C. MONITORING AND REPORTING (MINOR DISCHARGERS)

1. Discharge Monitoring Report (DMR) results shall be electronically reported to EPA per 40 CFR 127.16. To submit electronically, access the NetDMR website at https://netdmr.epa.gov. Until approved for Net DMR, the permittee shall request temporary or emergency waivers from electronic reporting. To obtain the waiver, please contact: U.S. EPA - Region 6, Water Enforcement Branch, Texas State Coordinator (6EN-WC), (214) 665-8582. If paper reporting is granted temporarily, the permittee shall submit the original DMR signed and certified as required by Part III.D.11 and all other reports required by Part III.D. to the EPA and copies to Texas Railroad Commission as required (See Part III.D.IV of the permit).

Discharge Monitoring Report Form(s) shall be submitted <u>quarterly</u>. Each quarterly submittal shall include separate forms for <u>each month</u> of the reporting period.

- 2. Reporting periods shall end on the last day of the months March, June, September, and December.
- 3. The first Discharge Monitoring Report(s) shall represent facility operations from the effective date of the permit through the last day of the current reporting period.
- 4. Thereafter, the permittee is required to submit regular quarterly reports as described above and shall submit those reports postmarked no later than the  $28^{th}$  day of the month following each reporting period.
- 5. NO DISCHARGE REPORTING If there is no discharge from any outfall during the sampling month, place an "X" in the NO DISCHARGE box located in the upper right corner of the Discharge Monitoring Report.
- 6. If any daily maximum or monthly average value exceeds the effluent limitations specified in Part I. A, the permittee shall report the excursion in accordance with the requirements of Part III. D.
- 7. Any daily maximum or monthly average value reported in the required Discharge Monitoring Report which is in excess of the effluent limitation specified in Part I. A shall constitute evidence of violation of such effluent limitation and of this permit.
- 8. All reports shall be sent both to EPA and the Texas Railroad Commission at the addresses shown in Part III of the permit.

#### PART II - OTHER CONDITIONS

#### A. MINIMUM QUANTIFICATION LEVEL (MQL)

The Permittees shall use sufficiently sensitive EPA-approved analytical methods (under 40 CFR part 136 and 40 CFR chapter I, subchapters N and O) when quantifying the presence of pollutants in a discharge for analyses of pollutants or pollutant parameters under the permit. In case the minimum quantification levels (MQLs) are not sufficiently sensitive to the limits, the actual detected values, instead of zeros, need to be reported. If there is a sensitive method with MDL (method detection limit) below the limit, but the MQL is above the limit, they cannot report zero based on MQL, but must report actual value.

If any individual analytical test result is less than the MQL listed in Appendix A, or the more sensitive MDL, a value of zero (0) may be used for that individual result for reporting purpose.

The Permittees may develop an effluent specific method detection limit (MDL) in accordance with Appendix B to 40 CFR 136. For any pollutant for which the Permittees determine an effluent specific MDL, the Permittees shall send to the EPA Region 6 NPDES Permits Branch (6WQ-P) a report containing QA/QC documentation, analytical results, and calculations necessary to demonstrate that the effluent specific MDL was correctly calculated. An effluent specific minimum quantification level (MQL) shall be determined in accordance with the following calculation:

#### $MQL = 3.3 \times MDL$

Upon written approval by the EPA Region 6 NPDES Permits Branch (6WQ-P), the effluent specific MQL may be utilized by the permittee for all future Discharge Monitoring Report (DMR) reporting requirements.

A method is "sufficiently sensitive" when (1) the method minimum level (ML) of quantification is at or below the level of the applicable effluent limit for the measured pollutant or pollutant parameter; or (2) if there is no EPA-approved analytical method with a published ML at or below the effluent limit, then the method that has the lowest published ML (is the most sensitive) of the analytical methods approved under 40 CFR Part 136 or required under 40 CFR Chapter I, Subchapters N or 0, for the measured pollutant or pollutant parameter; or (3) the method is specified in this permit or has been otherwise approved in writing by the permitting authority (EPA Region 6) for the measured pollutant or pollutant parameter. The Permittee has the option of developing and submitting a report to justify the use of matrix or sample-specific MLs rather than the published levels. Upon written approval by EPA Region 6 the matrix or sample-specific MLs may be utilized by the Permittee for all future Discharge Monitoring Report (DMR) reporting requirements.

Current EPA Region 6 minimum quantification levels (MQLs) for reporting and compliance are provided in Appendix A of Part II of this permit.

# B. 24-HOUR ORAL REPORTING: DAILY MAXIMUM LIMITATION VIOLATIONS

Under the provisions of Part III.D.7.b.(3) of this permit, violations of daily maximum limitations for the following pollutants shall be reported orally to EPA Region 6, Compliance and Assurance Division, Water Enforcement Branch (6EN-W), Dallas, Texas, at (214) 665-6595, and concurrently to Railroad Commission of Texas, at (512) 463-6804, within 24 hours from the time the permittee becomes aware of the violation followed by a written report in five days.

None

#### C. 40 CFR PART 136 ANALYTICAL REQUIREMENTS

Unless otherwise specified in this permit, monitoring shall be conducted according to the analytical, apparatus and materials, sample collection, preservation, handling, etc., procedures listed at 40 CFR Part 136 in effect on the effective date of this permit. Appendices A, B, and C to 40 CFR Part 136 are specifically referenced as part of this requirement. Amendments to 40 CFR Part 136 promulgated after the effective date of this permit shall supersede these requirements as applicable.

#### D. REOPENER

The permit may be reopened and modified during the life of the permit if relevant portions of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) Water Quality Standards for Interstate and Intrastate Streams are revised or remanded. In addition, the permit may be reopened and modified during the life of the permit if relevant procedures implementing the Water Quality Standards are either revised or promulgated by the TCEQ. Should the State adopt a State water quality standard, this permit may be reopened to establish effluent limitations for the parameter(s) to be consistent with that approved State standard in accordance with 40CFR122.44 (d). Modification of the permit is subject to the provisions of 40CFR124.5.

If a new or revised TMDL is determined for the receiving stream, the permit may be reopened, and new limitations based on the TMDL may be incorporated into the permit. Additionally, in accordance with 40 CFR Part 122.62 (a) (2), the permit may be reopened and modified if new information is received that was not available at the time of permit issuance that would have justified the application of different permit conditions at the time of permit issuance. Permit modifications shall reflect the results of any of these actions and shall follow regulations listed at 40 CFR Part 124.5.

- E. Sanitary waste is not authorized in this permit.
- F. The use of <u>any</u> chemicals in the hydrostatic test waters, such as but not limited to, corrosion inhibitors and/or oxygen scavengers is prohibited in this permit. A permit modification is required if the permittee decides to use <u>any</u> chemicals in the hydrostatic test waters.

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# APPENDIX A of PART II

The following Minimum Quantification Levels (MQL's) are to be used for reporting pollutant data for NPDES permit applications and/or compliance reporting.

POLLUTANTS	MQL μg/l	POLLUTANTS	MQL μg/l					
METALS, RADIO	METALS, RADIOACTIVITY, CYANIDE and CHLORINE							
Aluminum	2.5	Molybdenum	10					
Antimony	60	Nickel	0.5					
Arsenic	0.5	Selenium	5					
Barium	100	Silver	0.5					
Beryllium	0.5	Thalllium	0.5					
Boron	100	Uranium	0.1					
Cadmium	1	Vanadium	50					
Chromium	10	Zinc	20					
Cobalt	50	Cyanide	10					
Copper	0.5	Cyanide, weak acid dissociable	10					
Lead	0.5	Total Residual Chlorine	33					
Mercury *1	0.0005							
•	0.005							
	DIOX	IIN						
2,3,7,8-TCDD	0.00001							
7	OLATILE CO	OMPOUNDS						
Acrolein	50	1,3-Dichloropropylene	10					
Acrylonitrile	20	Ethylbenzene	10					
Benzene	10	Methyl Bromide	50					
Bromoform	10	Methylene Chloride	20					
Carbon Tetrachloride	2	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	10					
Chlorobenzene	10	Tetrachloroethylene	10					
Clorodibromomethane	10	Toluene	10					
Chloroform	50	1,2-trans-Dichloroethylene	10					
Dichlorobromomethane	10	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	10					
1,2-Dichloroethane	10	Trichloroethylene	10					
1,1-Dichloroethylene	10	Vinyl Chloride	10					
1,2-Dichloropropane	10							
ACID COMPOUNDS								
2-Chlorophenol	10	2,4-Dinitrophenol	50					
2,4-Dichlorophenol	10	Pentachlorophenol	5					
2,4-Dimethylphenol	10	Phenol	10					
4,6-Dinitro-o-Cresol	50	2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	10					

POLLUTANTS	MQL μg/l	POLLUTANTS	MQL μg/l				
BASE/NEUTRAL							
Acenaphthene	10	Dimethyl Phthalate	10				
Anthracene	10	Di-n-Butyl Phthalate	10				
Benzidine	50	2,4-Dinitrotoluene	10				
Benzo(a)anthracene	5	1,2-Diphenylhydrazine	20				
Benzo(a)pyrene	5	Fluoranthene	10				
3,4-Benzofluoranthene	10	Fluorene	10				
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	5	Hexachlorobenzene	5				
Bis(2-chloroethyl)Ether	10	Hexachlorobutadiene	10				
Bis(2-chloroisopropyl)Ether	10	Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	10				
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)Phthalate	10	Hexachloroethane	20				
Butyl Benzyl Phthalate	10	Indeno(1,2,3-cd)Pyrene	5				
2-Chloronapthalene	10	Isophorone	10				
Chrysene	5	Nitrobenzene	10				
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	5	n-Nitrosodimethylamine	50				
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	10	n-Nitrosodi-n-Propylamine	20				
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	10	n-Nitrosodiphenylamine	20				
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	10	Pyrene	10				
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	5	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	10				
Diethyl Phthalate	10						
	PESTICIDI	ES AND PCBS					
Aldrin	0.01	Beta-Endosulfan	0.02				
Alpha-BHC	0.05	Endosulfan sulfate	0.02				
Beta-BHC	0.05	Endrin	0.02				
Gamma-BHC	0.05	Endrin Aldehyde	0.1				
Chlordane	0.2	Heptachlor	0.01				
4,4'-DDT and derivatives	0.02	Heptachlor Epoxide	0.01				
Dieldrin	0.02	PCBs	0.2				
Alpha-Endosulfan	0.01	Toxaphene	0.3				

(MQL's Revised November 1, 2007)

# Footnotes:

<sup>\*1</sup> Default MQL for Mercury is 0.005 unless Part I of your permit requires the more sensitive Method 1631 (Oxidation / Purge and Trap / Cold vapor Atomic Fluorescence Spectrometry), then the MQL shall be 0.0005