

AUTHORIZATION TO DISCHARGE UNDER THE
RHODE ISLAND POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM

In compliance with the provisions of Chapter 46-12 of the Rhode Island General Laws, as amended,

Home Depot U.S.A., Inc.
2455 Paces Ferry Road, N.W.
Atlanta, GA 30339

is authorized to discharge from a facility located at the

Home Depot
387 Charles Street
Providence, Rhode Island 02903

to receiving waters named

West River (Waterbody ID: RI0003008R-03C)

in accordance with effluent limitations, monitoring requirements and other conditions set forth herein.

This permit shall become effective on _____.

This permit and the authorization to discharge expire at midnight, five (5) years from the effective date.

This permit supersedes the permit issued on March 23, 2012.

This permit consists of 7 pages in Part I including effluent limitations, monitoring requirements, etc. and 10 pages in Part II including General Conditions.

Signed this ____ day of _____, 2019.

DRAFT

Angelo S. Liberti, P.E., Administrator of Surface Water Protection
Office of Water Resources
Rhode Island Department of Environmental Management
Providence, Rhode Island

PART I

A. EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS voluntarily

- During the period beginning on the effective date and lasting through permit expiration, the permittee is authorized to discharge from outfall serial number 001A. Such discharges shall be limited and monitored by the permittee as specified below:

<u>Effluent Characteristic</u>	<u>Discharge Limitations</u>		<u>Concentration - specify units</u>			<u>Monitoring Requirement</u>	
	Quantity - lbs./day						
	<u>Average Monthly</u>	<u>Maximum Daily</u>	<u>Average Monthly</u> *(<u>Minimum</u>)	<u>Average Weekly</u> *(<u>Average</u>)	<u>Maximum Daily</u> *(<u>Maximum</u>)	<u>Measurement Frequency</u>	<u>Sample Type</u>
Flow	--- GPM	60 GPM				Continuous ¹	Recorder
Total Suspended Solids (TSS)			--- µg/L		30,000 µg/L	1/Month	Grab
Vinyl Chloride			1.92 µg/L		2 µg/L	1/Month	Grab
1,1-Dichloroethylene			3.2 µg/L		3.2 µg/L	1/Month	Grab
1,1-Dichloroethane			5.0 µg/L		5.0 µg/L	1/Month	Grab
Cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene			10.0 µg/L		10.0 µg/L	1/Month	Grab
Trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene			5.0 µg/L		5.0 µg/L	1/Month	Grab
Trichloroethylene			5.0 µg/L		5.0 µg/L	1/Month	Grab
Arsenic			76.0 µg/L		4,208.0 µg/L	1/Month	Grab
Iron			12,376.0 µg/L		--- µg/L	1/Month	Grab

¹ Monitor flow and submit a flow log with the discharge monitoring reports (DMRs) required under part I.C. The flow log shall include the rate and duration of flow including the time(s) of day when flow commences and ceases. At a minimum, the flow must be determined each time a sample is collected.

--- Signifies a parameter which must be monitored and data must be reported; no limit has been established at this time.

Samples taken in compliance with the monitoring requirements specified above shall be taken at the following location: Outfall 001A – The Final Discharge from the Treatment System.

2.
 - a. The pH of the effluent shall not be less than 6.5 standard units nor greater than 9.0 standard units at any time unless these values are exceeded due to natural causes or as a result of the approved treatment processes.
 - b. The discharge shall not cause visible discoloration of the receiving waters.
 - c. The effluent shall contain neither a visible oil sheen, foam, nor floating solids at any time.
 - d. The permittee shall analyze its influent and effluent once during the permit's final year (last 4 quarters before permit expiration) for the EPA Priority Pollutants as listed in 40 CFR 122, Appendix D, Tables II and III. The effluent sample shall be collected during the same twenty-four (24) hour period as the influent sample. The results of these analyses shall be submitted to the Rhode Island Department of Environmental Management (DEM) along with the reapplication documents. All sampling and analysis shall be done in accordance with EPA Regulations, including 40 CFR 136; grab and composite samples shall be taken as appropriate.
3. Discharge shall cease and the DEM shall be notified immediately if any of the contaminants are found in the effluent (outfall 001A) above the limits listed in Part I.A.1. At a minimum, the notification shall include a summary of total flow, operation and maintenance activities, and any laboratory results. Written documentation of the immediate notification required above shall be submitted to the DEM within five (5) days. The discharge may recommence once steps have been taken to ensure that the limits will not be exceeded again, and following approval by DEM.
4. All existing manufacturing, commercial, mining, and silvicultural dischargers must notify the Director as soon as they know or have reason to believe:
 - a. That any activity has occurred or will occur which would result in the discharge, on a routine or frequent basis, of any toxic pollutant which is not limited in the permit, if that discharge will exceed the highest of the following "notification levels":
 - (1) One hundred micrograms per liter (100 µg/L);
 - (2) Two hundred micrograms per liter (200 µg/L) for acrolein and acrylonitrile; five hundred micrograms per liter (500 µg/L) for 2,4-dinitrophenol and for 2-methyl-4,6-dinitro-phenol; and one milligram per liter (1 mg/L) for antimony;
 - (3) Five (5) times the maximum concentration value reported for that pollutant in the permit application in accordance with 40 CFR 122.21(g)(7); or
 - (4) Any other notification level established by the Director in accordance with 40 CFR 122.44(f) and Rhode Island Regulations.
 - b. That any activity has occurred or will occur which would result in the discharge, on a non-routine or infrequent basis, of any toxic pollutant which is not limited in the permit, if that discharge will exceed the highest of the following "notification levels":
 - (1) Five hundred micrograms per liter (500 µg/L);
 - (2) One milligram per liter (1 mg/L) for antimony;
 - (3) Ten (10) times the maximum concentration value reported for that pollutant in the permit application in accordance with 40 CFR 122.21(g)(7); or
 - (4) other notification level established by the Director in accordance with 40 CFR 122.44(f) and Rhode Island Regulations.

- c. That they have begun or expect to begin to use or manufacture as an intermediate or final product or by-product any toxic pollutant, which was not reported in the permit application.
5. The permittee shall clean the trays of the air stripper treatment system at a minimum frequency of quarterly and shall provide any other appropriate maintenance to keep the treatment system in proper working order.
6. This permit serves as the State's Water Quality Certificate for the discharges described herein.

B. DETECTION LIMITS

All analyses of parameters under this permit must comply with the *National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES): Use of Sufficiently Sensitive Test Methods for Permit Applications and Reporting* rule. Only sufficiently sensitive test methods may be used for analyses of parameters under this permit. The permittee shall assure that all testing required by this permit, is performed in conformance with methods listed in 40 CFR 136. In accordance with 40 CFR 136, EPA approved analysis techniques, quality assurance procedures and quality control procedures shall be followed for all reports required to be submitted under the Rhode Island Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (RIPDES) program. These procedures are described in "Methods for the Determination of Metals in Environmental Samples" (EPA/600/4-91/010) and "Methods for Chemical Analysis of Water and Wastes" (EPA/600/4-79/020).

If after conducting the complete Method of Standard Additions analysis, the laboratory is unable to determine a valid result, the laboratory shall report "could not be analyzed". Documentation supporting this claim shall be submitted along with the monitoring report. If valid analytical results are repeatedly unobtainable, DEM may require that the permittee determine a method detection limit (MDL) for their effluent or sludge as outlined in 40 CFR 136, Appendix B.

When calculating sample averages for reporting on discharge monitoring reports (DMRs):

1. "could not be analyzed" data shall be excluded, and shall not be considered as failure to comply with the permit sampling requirements;
2. results reported as less than the MDL shall be included as zeros in accordance with the DEM's DMR Instructions, provided that all appropriate EPA approved methods were followed.

Therefore, all sample results shall be reported as: an actual value, "could not be analyzed", or zero. The effluent or sludge specific MDL must be calculated using the methods outlined in 40 CFR 136, Appendix B. Samples which have been diluted to ensure that the sample concentration will be within the linear dynamic range shall not be diluted to the extent that the analyte is not detected. If this should occur the analysis shall be repeated using a lower degree of dilution.

LIST OF TOXIC POLLUTANTS

The following list of toxic pollutants has been designated pursuant to Section 307(a)(1) of the Clean Water Act. The Method Detection Limits (MDLs) represent the required Rhode Island MDLs.

Volatiles - EPA Method 624.1 MDL µg/l (ppb)

1V	acrolein	10.0
2V	acrylonitrile	5.0
3V	benzene	1.0
5V	bromoform	1.0
6V	carbon tetrachloride	1.0
7V	chlorobenzene	1.0
8V	chlorodibromomethane	1.0
9V	chloroethane	1.0
10V	2-chloroethylvinyl ether	5.0
11V	chloroform	1.0
12V	dichlorobromomethane	1.0
14V	1,1-dichloroethane	1.0
15V	1,2-dichloroethane	1.0
16V	1,1-dichloroethylene	1.0
17V	1,2-dichloropropane	1.0
18V	1,3-dichloropropylene	1.0
19V	ethylbenzene	1.0
20V	methyl bromide	1.0
21V	methyl chloride	1.0
22V	methylene chloride	1.0
23V	1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane	1.0
24V	tetrachloroethylene	1.0
25V	toluene	1.0
26V	1,2-trans-dichloroethylene	1.0
27V	1,1,1-trichloroethane	1.0
28V	1,1,2-trichloroethane	1.0
29V	trichloroethylene	1.0
31V	vinyl chloride	1.0

Acids - EPA Method 625.1

	MDL µg/L (ppb)
1A	2-chlorophenol
2A	2,4-dichlorophenol
3A	2,4-dimethylphenol
4A	4,6-dinitro-o-cresol
5A	2,4-dinitrophenol
6A	2-nitrophenol
7A	4-nitrophenol
8A	p-chloro-m-cresol
9A	pentachlorophenol
10A	phenol
11A	2,4,6-trichlorophenol

Pesticides - EPA Method 608.3

	MDL µg/L (ppb)
1P	aldrin
2P	alpha-BHC
3P	beta-BHC
4P	gamma-BHC
5P	delta-BHC
6P	chlordane
7P	4,4'-DDT
8P	4,4'-DDE
9P	4,4'-DDD
10P	dieldrin
11P	alpha-endosulfan
12P	beta-endosulfan
13P	endosulfan sulfate
14P	endrin
15P	endrin aldehyde
16P	heptachlor
17P	heptachlor epoxide

Pesticides - EPA Method 608.3

	MDL µg/L (ppb)
18P	PCB-1242
19P	PCB-1254
20P	PCB-1221
21P	PCB-1232
22P	PCB-1248
23P	PCB-1260
24P	PCB-1016
25P	toxaphene

Base/Neutrals - EPA Method 625.1

	MDL µg/L (ppb)
1B	acenaphthene *
2B	acenaphthylene *
3B	anthracene *
4B	benzidine
5B	benzo(a)anthracene *
6B	benzo(a)pyrene *
7B	3,4-benzofluoranthene *
8B	benzo(ghi)perylene *
9B	benzo(k)fluoranthene *
10B	bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane
11B	bis(2-chloroethyl)ether
12B	bis(2-chloroisopropyl)ether
13B	bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate
14B	4-bromophenyl phenyl ether
15B	butylbenzyl phthalate
16B	2-chloronaphthalene
17B	4-chlorophenyl phenyl ether
18B	chrysene *
19B	dibenzo (a,h)anthracene *
20B	1,2-dichlorobenzene
21B	1,3-dichlorobenzene
22B	1,4-dichlorobenzene
23B	3,3'-dichlorobenzidine
24B	diethyl phthalate
25B	dimethyl phthalate
26B	di-n-butyl phthalate
27B	2,4-dinitrotoluene
28B	2,6-dinitrotoluene
29B	di-n-octyl phthalate
30B	1,2-diphenylhydrazine (as azobenzene)
31B	fluoranthene *
32B	fluorene *
33B	hexachlorobenzene
34B	hexachlorobutadiene
35B	hexachlorocyclopentadiene
36B	hexachloroethane
37B	indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene *
38B	isophorone
39B	naphthalene *
40B	nitrobenzene
41B	N-nitrosodimethylamine
42B	N-nitrosodi-n-propylamine
43B	N-nitrosodiphenylamine
44B	phenanthrene *
45B	pyrene *
46B	1,2,4-trichlorobenzene

OTHER TOXIC POLLUTANTS

	MDL µg/L (ppb)
TSS	2,000.0
Antimony, Total	0.5
Arsenic, Total	0.1
Aluminum, Total	20.0
Beryllium, Total	0.2
Cadmium, Total	0.2
Chromium, Total	1.0
Chromium, Hexavalent	1.0
Copper, Total	0.2
Iron, Total	20.0
Lead, Total	0.2
Mercury, Total	0.2
Nickel, Total	0.2
Selenium, Total	1.0
Silver, Total	0.2
Thallium, Total	5.0
Zinc, Total	2.0
Asbestos	**
Cyanide, Total	5.0
Phenols, Total	2.0
TCDD	**
Phosphorous, Total	0.1
MTBE (Methyl Tert Butyl Ether)	0.5

* Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons

** No Rhode Island Department of Environmental Management MDL

NOTE:

The MDL for a given analyte may vary with the type of sample. MDLs which are determined in reagent water may be lower than those determined in wastewater due to fewer matrix interferences. Wastewater is variable in composition and may therefore contain substances (interferents) that could affect MDLs for some analytes of interest. Variability in instrument performance can also lead to inconsistencies in determinations of MDLs.

C. MONITORING AND REPORTING

1. Monitoring

All monitoring required by this permit shall be done in accordance with sampling and analytical testing procedures specified in Federal Regulations 40 CFR 136.

2. Submittal of DMRs Using NetDMR

Monitoring results obtained during the previous three (3) months shall be summarized and reported to DEM in discharge monitoring reports (DMRs) submitted electronically using the NetDMR reporting tool (<https://netdmr.epa.gov>). When the permittee submits DMRs using NetDMR, it is not required to submit hard copies of DMRs to DEM.

The first report is due for the calendar quarter during which the facility obtained coverage under this permit. Testing shall be reported as follows:

<u>Quarter Testing to be Performed</u>	<u>Report Due No Later Than</u>	<u>Results Submitted with DMR for</u>
January 1 – March 31	April 15	March
April 1 – June 30	July 15	June
July 1 – September 30	October 15	September
October 1 - December 31	January 15	December

3. Submittal of Reports as NetDMR Attachments

Unless otherwise specified in this permit, the permittee must submit electronic copies of documents in NetDMR that are directly related to the DMR. These include the following:

- DMR Cover Letters
- Below Detection Limit summary tables

All other reports should be submitted to DEM as a hard copy via regular US mail (see Part I.C.4 below).

4. Submittal of Requests and Reports to DEM

The following requests, reports, and information described in this permit shall be submitted as hard copy to the DEM.

- A. Transfer of Permit notice
- B. Request for changes in sampling location
- C. Request for reduction in testing frequency
- D. Written notifications required under Part II
- E. Notice of unauthorized discharges
- F. Priority Pollutants Scan results per Part I.A.2.d

These reports, information, and requests shall be submitted to DEM by hard copy mail to the following address:

Rhode Island Department of Environmental Management
RIPDES Program
235 Promenade Street
Providence, RI 02908

5. Verbal Reports and Verbal Notifications

Any verbal reports or verbal notifications, if required in Parts I and/or II of this permit, shall be made to the DEM. This includes verbal reports and notifications required under Part II.(I)(5) General Requirements. Verbal reports and verbal notifications shall be made to DEM at (401) 222-4700 or (401) 222-3070 at night.

RHODE ISLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT
OFFICE OF WATER RESOURCES
235 PROMENADE STREET
PROVIDENCE, RHODE ISLAND 02908-5767

STATEMENT OF BASIS

RHODE ISLAND POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM (RIPDES) PERMIT TO DISCHARGE TO WATERS OF THE STATE

RIPDES PERMIT NO. **RI0023574**

NAME AND ADDRESS OF APPLICANT:

Home Depot U.S.A., Inc.
2455 Paces Ferry Road, N.W.
Atlanta, GA 30339

NAME AND ADDRESS OF FACILITY WHERE DISCHARGE OCCURS:

Home Depot
387 Charles Street
Providence, Rhode Island 02903

RECEIVING WATER: **West River** (Waterbody ID: RI0003008R-03C)

CLASSIFICATION: **B{a}**

I. Proposed Action, Type of Facility, and Discharge Location

The above named applicant has applied to the Rhode Island Department of Environmental Management for the reissuance of a RIPDES permit to discharge into the designated receiving water. The discharge is from a groundwater pump and treat remediation system that was installed to remediate groundwater that was contaminated by various chlorinated volatile organic compounds (VOCs) used in commercial and industrial operations at the former Silver Spring Center dating back to the late 1800's.

The Facility

The groundwater extraction and treatment system is located at 387 Charles Street in Providence, RI 02903. Home Depot U.S.A., Inc. Owns the system and Groundwater Environmental Services Inc. (GES) operates the system. The Home Depot site was used in the late 1800's as a former mill complex that had manufacturing, commercial, and industrial operations. The former mill buildings have been razed and the site has been redeveloped into a retail site. The discharge is from groundwater remediation activities at the site.

The previous permit was issued on March 23, 21012 and included new limits for Total Iron and Total Arsenic. The permittee was not able to immediately comply with the new final effluent limits for Total Iron and Total Arsenic. DEM entered into a consent agreement (No. RIA-421) with Home Depot U.S.A., Inc. on September 13, 2012. As part of the consent agreement Home Depot upgraded the groundwater extraction and treatment system. Operation of the upgraded system commenced on November 25, 2013.

The groundwater extraction and treatment system consists of two groundwater recovery wells (RW-1R and RW-2), which extract impacted groundwater from the aquifer along the down-gradient portion

of the site via the electric submersible sumps. Recovery well RW-1 was reportedly installed to a depth of approximately 60 feet below ground surface (bgs) and recovery well RW-2 was installed to a depth of approximately 45 feet bgs. The groundwater is treated on-site using an oxygenator (nozzle) air stripper to remove VOCs, Iron, and Arsenic. Treated groundwater is then pumped through Birm media for further metals treatment. The groundwater is then directed to a series of five (5) shallow tray low profile air stripping units for secondary treatment to further reduce VOCs concentrations. The treated groundwater is then gravity-discharged to the West River (Waterbody ID: RI0003008R-03C). The design flow rate for recovery well RW-1R is 50 gallons per minute (gpm) and the design flow rate for recovery well RW-2 is 10 gpm with a total design flow rate for the groundwater treatment system of 60 gpm.

Discharge Location & Receiving Waterbody Description

Outfall 001A discharges to West River. The segment of West River where the discharges occur is defined as water body identification number RI0003008R-03C according to the RI Water Quality Regulations. This particular segment begins from the first CSO discharge point located south of the Branch Avenue crossing, off of Vandewater Street to the confluence with the Moshassuck River in Providence. This segment is a Class B{a} waterbody and is designated as a warm water fishery according to the RI Water Quality Regulations. Water use classification "B" designates these waters for fish and wildlife habitat and primary and secondary contact recreational activities. The symbol {a} indicates a partial use designation due to impacts from CSOs. Class B waters shall be suitable for compatible industrial processes and cooling, hydropower, aquacultural uses, navigation, and irrigation and other agricultural uses. These waters shall have good aesthetic value. According to the 2016 303(d) List of Impaired Waters, this waterbody is impaired for Benthic-Macroinvertebrate Bioassessments and Enterococcus.

II. Limitations and Conditions

The effluent limitations, monitoring requirements, and any implementation schedule (if required) may be found in the draft permit. Historical average effluent concentrations may be found in **Attachment A-1**.

III. Permit Basis and Explanation of Effluent Limitation Derivation

Permit Development

The requirements set forth in this permit are from the State's Water Quality Regulations (250-RICR-150-05-1) and the State's regulations for the Rhode Island Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (250-RICR-150-10-1), both filed pursuant to RIGL Chapter 46-12, as amended. DEM's primary authority over the permit comes from EPA's delegation of the program in September 1984 under the Federal Clean Water Act (CWA).

Development of RIPDES permit limitations is a multi-step process consisting of the following steps: calculating allowable water quality based discharge levels based on instream criteria, background data and available dilution; identifying any technology-based limits that apply to the facility; establishing appropriate Best Professional Judgment (BPJ) limits in accordance with Section 402 of the CWA; setting the most stringent of these limits as the final allowable discharge levels; comparing existing discharge concentrations to the new allowable discharge levels; and evaluating the ability of the facility to meet the final permit effluent limits.

Water quality criteria are comprised of numeric and narrative criteria. Numeric criteria are scientifically derived ambient concentrations developed by EPA or States for various pollutants of concern to protect human health and aquatic life. Narrative criteria are statements that describe the desired water quality goal. A technology-based limit is a numeric limit, which is determined by examining the capability of a treatment process to reduce or eliminate pollutants.

Streamflow Determination

The RI Water Quality Regulations 250-RICR-150-10-1.26 describes the flows used to determine compliance with the aquatic life and human health criteria. It specifies that the acute and chronic aquatic life criteria for freshwaters shall not be exceeded at or above the lowest average 7 consecutive day low flow with an average recurrence frequency of once in 10 years (7Q10). It also specifies that the stream design flow to be used to implement both carcinogen and noncarcinogen human health criteria is the Harmonic Mean flow.

Streamflow values for the West River were estimated by multiplying the streamflow values for the Moshassuck River (USGS Gaging Station No. 01114000) by the ratio between the estimated drainage area of the West River within the Moshassuck drainage area to the estimated drainage area of the Moshassuck River, using the following equation:

$$Q_W = Q_M \times \frac{DA_W}{DA_M}$$

Where:

Q_W	= Streamflow values for the West River at Home Depot
Q_M	= Streamflow value at USGS Moshassuck River (Station No. 01114000)
DA_W	= Drainage area of West River at Home Depot (10.9 mi ²)
DA_M	= Drainage area of Moshassuck River (23.1 mi ²)

The 7Q10 flow for Moshassuck River (USGS Station No. 01114000) was 4.1 cubic feet per second (cfs) while the Harmonic Mean flow was 19 cfs. Based on the above drainage areas, the 7Q10 and the Harmonic Mean flow at Home Depot were calculated to be 1.94 cfs and 8.97 cfs respectively.

Dilution Factor (DF)

Using the specific West River 7Q10 and Harmonic Mean flow calculated at the Home Depot site, a dilution factor was then determined, using the following equation:

$$DF = \frac{Q_W + Q_{HD}}{Q_{HD}}$$

Where:

DF	= Dilution Factor
Q_W	= Streamflow values for the West River at Home Depot
Q_{HD}	= Home Depot treatment system design flowrate

The dilution factor for the acute and chronic aquatic life criteria for freshwaters was determined to be 15.471. The dilution factor for the carcinogen and noncarcinogen human health criteria Harmonic Mean flow was determined to be 68.061.

The previous issuance of the permit determined water quality-based permit limits for organic pollutants by using the water quality criteria provided in § 1.26(J) of the RI Water Quality Regulations and a conservative dilution factor of 10. Since the permittee was able to meet all water quality-based limits for organic pollutants in the previous permit, a dilution factor of 10 was also used to develop water quality-based limits for organic pollutants in this permit.

Water Quality Based Limits

Aquatic life criteria have been established to ensure the protection and propagation of aquatic life while human health criteria represent the pollutant levels that would not result in a significant risk to public health from ingestion of aquatic organisms. The more stringent of the two criteria was then used in establishing allowable effluent limitations. The allowable effluent limitations were established based on the non-class A freshwater acute and chronic aquatic life criteria and human health criteria specified in § 1.26(J) of the RI Water Quality Regulations, as amended, using 80%

allocation when no background data was available and 90% allocation when background data is available. Since there is no background data available, the allowable water quality-based discharge levels are set equal to 80% of the water quality criteria for Class B{a} waters as listed in § 1.26(J) of the RI Water Quality Regulations. Water quality-based limitations were calculated as follows:

Background concentration unknown

$$\text{Limit} = (DF) * (\text{Criteria}) * (80\%)$$

The DEM examined the permit application data and DMR data reported for the monitoring period covering March 2011 to January 2019 to determine if any pollutants have reasonable potential to exceed the applicable permit limits using the dilution factor of 10 for VOCs and 15.471 for Non-VOCs. These limits were then compared to the technology-based limits listed in the RIPDES 2019 Remediation General Permit. A summary of applicable water quality-based permit limits calculated using water quality criteria and dilution can be found in **Attachment A-2**.

In accordance with Section 402(a)(1) of the Clean Water Act, the DEM is authorized to use Best Professional Judgment (BPJ) to establish permit limits.

The effluent limitations and/or monitor-only requirements proposed in this permit are listed in Table 1 below. Effluent limits which are new or revised from the previous permit are **Bolded**.

Parameter	Effluent Limitation	
	Monthly Average	Daily Maximum
Total Suspended Solids (TSS)	--- µg/L	30,000 µg/L
Vinyl Chloride	1.92 µg/L	2 µg/L
1,1-Dichloroethylene	3.2 µg/L	3.2 µg/L
1,1-Dichloroethane	5.0 µg/L	5.0 µg/L
Cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	10.0 µg/L	10.0 µg/L
Trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	5.0 µg/L	5.0 µg/L
Tetrachloroethylene	Removed Limit	Removed Limit
Trichloroethylene	5.0 µg/L	5.0 µg/L
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	Removed Limit	Removed Limit
pH	Narrative Limit	Narrative Limit
Arsenic	91.7 µg/L	5,154.9 µg/L
Iron	15,162 µg/L	--- µg/L

Table 1

pH

The effluent limitations for pH have been established in accordance with the § 1.10(D) of the RI Water Quality Regulations for Class B{a} freshwaters. Narrative conditions in Part I.A.2.a of this permit require pH of the effluent not be less than 6.5 standard units nor greater than 9.0 SU at any time unless these values are exceeded due to natural causes or as a result of the approved treatment processes. However, the monitoring and reporting requirement was removed from this issuance of the permit.

Total Suspended Solids (TSS)

This BPJ limit was added to be consistent with the RIPDES 2019 RGP. The effluent limitations for TSS in this permit is a Daily Maximum of 30 mg/L and a Monthly Average of monitor only using BPJ as authorized by § 402(a)(1) of the CWA.

1,1,1-Trichloroethane (TCA)

1,1,1-Trichloroethane was not detected in the groundwater influent samples since November 2013. Permit limits are only required for pollutants with reasonable potential to causes or contribute to an excursion above the State's criterion. Since 1,1,1-Trichloroethane does not have reasonable potential, the effluent monitoring requirements for this pollutant were removed from this permit.

Tetrachloroethylene (PCE)

Tetrachloroethylene was not detected in the groundwater influent samples since April 2015. Permit limits are only required for pollutants with reasonable potential to causes or contribute to an excursion above the State's criterion. Since Tetrachloroethylene does not have reasonable potential, the effluent monitoring requirements for this pollutant were removed from this permit.

Arsenic

Water Quality-based Arsenic limits were developed from the RI Water Quality Human Health Criteria for Consumption of Aquatic Organisms Only using a Harmonic Mean flow DF of 68.061. As a result, the Arsenic limits were changed from Monthly Average and Daily Maximum of 91.7 µg/L and 5,154.9 µg/L to 76 µg/L and 4,208 µg/L respectively.

Iron

Water Quality-based Iron limits were developed from the RI Water Quality Aquatic Life Criteria for Freshwater using a 7Q10 flow DF of 15.471. As a result, the Iron limits were changed from Monthly Average of 15,162 µg/L to 12,376 µg/L. Since the RI Water Quality Aquatic Life Criteria for Freshwater does not have acute criteria for Iron, no Daily Maximum limit was assigned. The Daily Maximum limit of "monitor only" for Iron was retained from the previous issuance permit.

Technology Based Limits

The limits for the following pollutants were retained from the previous issuance permit and are consistent with the 2019 RIPDES RGP:

- Vinyl Chloride
- 1,1-Dichloroethylene
- 1,1-Dichloroethane
- Cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene
- Trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene
- Trichloroethylene

A comparison between Water Quality-based limits for these pollutants, limits from the previous issuance of this permit, and the RIPDES 2019 RGP Category E - Sites Containing Volatile Organic Compounds and Other Contaminants Discharging to Non-Class AA receiving waters can be found in **Attachment A-3**.

Whole Effluent Toxicity (WET) Testing

WET testing is the aggregate toxic effect of an effluent measured directly by an aquatic toxicity test. Under §§ 402(a)(2) and 308(a) of the CWA, States are authorized to require toxicity testing. The RI Water Quality regulations § 1.10(D)(1) under Chemical Constituents have narrative requirements that prohibits the discharge of pollutants in concentration or combinations that could be harmful to humans or fish and wildlife for the most sensitive and governing water class use.

40 CFR 122.44(d)(1)(ii) requires states to use procedures which account for existing controls on point and nonpoint sources of pollution, the variability of the pollutant or pollutant parameter in the

effluent, the sensitivity of the species to toxicity testing, and where appropriate, the dilution of the effluent in the receiving water when conducting reasonable potential analysis. Permits are required to contain WET limitations when a discharge causes or has a reasonable potential to cause or contribute to an excursion above the State's narrative criterion for toxicity under 40 CFR 122.44(d)(1)(v).

After review of treatment system and compliance history records, it was determined that chemical-specific limits should be sufficient to attain and maintain the applicable Rhode Island Water Quality Standards. Therefore, WET limits were not included in this permit.

Priority Pollutants Scan (PPS)

The requirement to conduct a Priority Pollutants scan on the effluent and influent in the final year of the permit and submit the results to the DEM with the reapplication was added to the permit requirements to ensure discharge meets the State's Water Quality Standards for a wide variety of pollutants not monitored on a regular basis using BPJ as authorized by § 402(a)(1) of the CWA.

Antibacksliding/Antidegradation

The Antibacksliding Provision of the Clean Water Act (found at Section 402(o) and repeated at 40 CFR 122.44(l)) prohibits reissuing a permit containing less stringent effluent limits than the comparable limits from the previous permit. Section 303(d)(4) of the Clean Water Act addresses water quality based antibacksliding in terms of water quality-based limits. Since none of the permit limits are less stringent than in the previous permit, antibacksliding regulations are being met. Additionally, the draft permit is being reissued with limitations as stringent or more stringent than those in the existing permit with no change to the outfall location or increase in flow. Therefore, as there will be no increase in loadings or flow to the receiving waterbody, no additional antidegradation review is necessary.

The requirements set forth in this permit are from the State's Water Quality Regulations and the State's Regulations for the Rhode Island Pollutant Discharge Elimination System, both filed pursuant to RIGL Chapter 46-12, as amended. DEM's primary authority over the permit comes from EPA's delegation of the program in September 1984 under the Federal Clean Water Act (CWA).

The effluent monitoring requirements have been specified in accordance with RIPDES regulations as well as 40 CFR 122.41(j), 122.44(i), and 122.48 to yield data representative of the discharge.

The remaining general and specific conditions of the permit are based on the RIPDES regulations as well as 40 CFR 122 through 125 and consist primarily of management requirements common to all permits.

IV. Comment Period, Hearing Requests, and Procedures for Final Decisions

All persons, including applicants, who believe any condition of the draft permit is inappropriate must raise all issues and submit all available arguments and all supporting material for their arguments in full by the close of the public comment period, to the Rhode Island Department of Environmental Management, Office of Water Resources, 235 Promenade Street, Providence, Rhode Island, 02908-5767. Any person, prior to such date, may submit a request in writing for a public hearing to consider the draft permit to the Rhode Island Department of Environmental Management. Such requests shall state the nature of the issues proposed to be raised in the hearing. A public hearing may be held after at least thirty (30) days public notice whenever the Director finds that response to this notice indicates significant public interest. In reaching a final decision on the draft permit the Director will respond to all significant comments and make these responses available to the public at DEM's Providence Office.

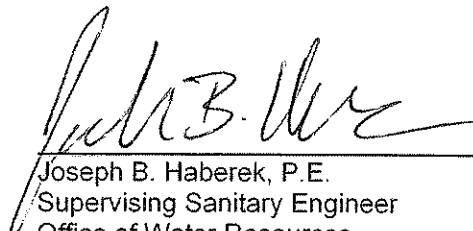
Following the close of the comment period, and after a public hearing, if such hearing is held, the Director will issue a final permit decision and forward a copy of the final decision to the applicant and each person who has submitted written comments or requested notice. Within thirty (30) days following the notice of the final permit decision any interested person may submit a request for a formal hearing to reconsider or contest the final decision. Requests for formal hearings must satisfy the requirements of Rule 49 of the Regulations for the Rhode Island Pollutant Discharge Elimination System.

V. **DEM Contact**

Additional information concerning the permit may be obtained between the hours of 8:30 a.m. and 4:00 p.m., Monday through Friday, excluding holidays, from:

Abdulrahman Ragab
Sanitary Engineer
RIPDES Program
Office of Water Resources
Department of Environmental Management
235 Promenade Street
Providence, Rhode Island 02908
Telephone: (401) 222-4700, Extension: 7201

5/17/19
Date



Joseph B. Haberek, P.E.
Supervising Sanitary Engineer
Office of Water Resources
Department of Environmental Management

ATTACHMENT A-1

DESCRIPTION OF DISCHARGE: treated groundwater

DISCHARGE: 001A - The Final Discharge from the Air Stripper Treatment System

AVERAGE EFFLUENT CHARACTERISTICS AT POINT OF DISCHARGE OF SELECTED POLLUTANTS:

PARAMETER	AVERAGE¹	MAXIMUM²
Flow	53.16 gpm	55.88 gpm
Vinyl Chloride	0.49 µg/L	1.43 µg/L
1,1-Dichloroethylene	0.00 µg/L	0.00 µg/L
1,1-Dichloroethane	0.00 µg/L	0.00 µg/L
Cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	3.67 µg/L	11.91 µg/L
Trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	0.00 µg/L	0.00 µg/L
Tetrachloroethylene	0.00 µg/L	0.00 µg/L
Trichloroethylene	0.08 µg/L	0.21 µg/L
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	0.00 µg/L	0.00 µg/L
pH	7.07 S.U. (Minimum)	7.41 S.U. (Maximum)
Arsenic	2.17 µg/L	3.89 µg/L
Iron	2,944.50 µg/L	5,688.64 µg/L

¹Data represents the mean of the monthly average data from March 2012 – December 2018

²Data represents the mean of the daily maximum data from March 2012 – December 2018

Attachment A-2
Water Quality Based Effluent Limits - Freshwater

CALCULATION OF WATER QUALITY BASED NON-CLASS AA FRESHWATER DISCHARGE LIMITS
FACILITY SPECIFIC DATA INPUT SHEET

NOTE: LIMITS BASED ON RI WATER QUALITY CRITERIA DATED JULY 2006

FACILITY NAME: Home Depot USA Inc.
 RIPDES PERMIT #: RI0023574

	DISSOLVED BACKGROUND DATA (ug/L)	ACUTE METAL TRANSLATOR	CHRONIC METAL TRANSLATOR
ALUMINUM	NA	NA	NA
ARSENIC	NA	1	1
CADMIUM	NA	1.002000673	0.967000673
CHROMIUM III	NA	0.316	0.86
CHROMIUM VI	NA	0.982	0.962
COPPER	NA	0.96	0.96
LEAD	NA	0.993001166	0.993001166
MERCURY	NA	0.85	0.85
NICKEL	NA	0.998	0.997
SELENIUM	NA	NA	NA
SILVER	NA	0.85	NA
ZINC	NA	0.978	0.986
AMMONIA (as N)	NA		

USE NA WHEN NO DATA IS AVAILABLE

NOTE 1: METAL TRANSLATORS FROM RI WATER
 QUALITY REGS.

FLOW DATA	
DESIGN FLOW =	0.086 MGD
=	0.134 CFS
7Q10 FLOW =	1.935 CFS
7Q10 (JUNE-OCT) =	1.935 CFS
7Q10 (NOV-MAY) =	1.935 CFS
30Q5 FLOW =	8.965 CFS
HARMONIC FLOW =	8.965 CFS

DILUTION FACTORS	
ACUTE =	15.471
CHRONIC =	15.471
(MAY-OCT) =	15.471
(NOV-APR) =	15.471
30Q5 FLOW =	68.061
HARMONIC FLOW =	68.061
VOCs =	10.000

pH =	7.5 S.U.
HARDNESS =	25.0 (mg/L as CaCO3)

Attachment A-2

Water Quality Based Effluent Limits - Freshwater

CALCULATION OF WATER QUALITY BASED NON-CLASS AA FRESHWATER DISCHARGE LIMITS

FACILITY NAME: Home Depot USA Inc.

RIPDES PERMIT #: RI0023574

CHEMICAL NAME	CAS#	DAILY MAX LIMIT (ug/L)	MONTHLY AVE LIMIT (ug/L)
PRIORITY POLLUTANTS:			
TOXIC METALS AND CYANIDE			
ANTIMONY	7440360	5569.58	123.77
ARSENIC, TOTAL	7440382	4208.12	76.23
ASBESTOS	1332214	No Criteria	0.00000
BERYLLIUM	7440417	92.83	2.10
CADMIUM, TOTAL	7440439	6.45	1.19924
CHROMIUM III, TOTAL	16065831	7170.18	342.71
CHROMIUM VI, TOTAL	18540299	201.66	141.52
COPPER, TOTAL	7440508	46.93	35.32
CYANIDE	57125	272.29	64.36
LEAD, TOTAL	7439921	173.03	6.74
MERCURY, TOTAL	7439976	20.39	9.61
NICKEL, TOTAL	7440020	1797.22	199.82
SELENIUM, TOTAL	7782492	247.54	61.88
SILVER, TOTAL	7440224	4.63	No Criteria
THALLIUM	7440280	569.33	12.38
ZINC, TOTAL	7440666	458.14	458.14
VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS			
ACROLEIN	107028	23.20	0.48000
ACRYLONITRILE	107131	3024.00	20.00
BENZENE	71432	2120.00	47.20
BROMOFORM	75252	11720.00	264.00
CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	56235	10920.00	128.00
CHLOROBENZENE	108907	6360.00	144.00
CHLORODIBROMOMETHANE	124481	No Criteria	1040.00
CHLOROFORM	67663	11560.00	256.00
DICHLOROBROMOMETHANE	75274	No Criteria	1360.00
1,2DICHLOROETHANE	107062	47200.00	1048.00
1,1DICHLOROETHYLENE	75354	4640.00	104.00
1,2DICHLOROPROPANE	78875	21000.00	464.00
1,3DICHLOROPROPYLENE	542756	No Criteria	168.00
ETHYLBENZENE	100414	12800.00	288.00
BROMOMETHANE (methyl bromide)	74839	No Criteria	12000.00
CHLOROMETHANE (methyl chloride)	74873	No Criteria	0.00000
METHYLENE CHLORIDE	75092	77200.00	1712.00
1,1,2,2TETRACHLOROETHANE	79345	3728.00	80.00
FLUORENE	86737	No Criteria	288578.44
HEXACHLOROBENZENE	118741	No Criteria	0.15790

CHEMICAL NAME	CAS#	DAILY MAX LIMIT (ug/L)	MONTHLY AVE LIMIT (ug/L)
TETRACHLOROETHYLENE	127184	1920.00	42.40
TOLUENE	108883	5080.00	112.00
1,2TRANS-DICHLOROETHYLENE	156605	No Criteria	80000.00
1,1,1TRICHLOROETHANE	71556	No Criteria	0.00000
1,1,2TRICHLOROETHANE	79005	7200.00	160.00
TRICHLOROETHYLENE	79016	15600.00	344.00
VINYL CHLORIDE	75014	No Criteria	19.20
ACID ORGANIC COMPOUNDS			
2CHLOROPHENOL	95578	1596.61	35.89
2,4DICHLOROPHENOL	120832	1250.06	27.23
2,4DIMETHYLPHENOL	105679	1311.94	29.70
4,6DINITRO-2METHYL PHENOL	534521	No Criteria	15245.65
2,4DINITROPHENOL	51285	383.68	8.54
4NITROPHENOL	88755	No Criteria	0.00000
PENTACHLOROPHENOL	87865	0.72	0.55256
PHENOL	108952	3106.59	69.31029
2,4,6TRICHLOROPHENOL	108953	VOCs	4.46
BASE NEUTRAL COMPOUNDS			
ACENAPHTHENE	83329	1052.03	23.52
ANTHRACENE	120127	No Criteria	2177950.48
BENZIDINE	92875	No Criteria	0.10890
PAHs		No Criteria	9.80
BIS(2CHLOROETHYL)ETHER	111444	No Criteria	288.58
BIS(2CHLOROISOPROPYL)ETHER	108601	No Criteria	3539169.52
BIS(2ETHYLHEXYL)PHTHALATE	117817	6869.15	148.52
BUTYL BENZYL PHTHALATE	85687	1052.03	23.52
2CHLORONAPHTHALENE	91587	No Criteria	87118.02
1,2DICHLOROBENZENE	95501	977.77	22.28
1,3DICHLOROBENZENE	541731	4826.97	107.68
1,4DICHLOROBENZENE	106467	693.10	14.85
3,3DICHLOROBENZIDENE	91941	No Criteria	15.25
DIETHYL PHTHALATE	84662	32241.66	717.86
DIMETHYL PHTHALATE	131113	20421.78	457.94
DI-n-BUTYL PHTHALATE	84742	No Criteria	245019.43
2,4DINITROTOLUENE	121142	19184.10	420.81
1,2DIPHENYLHYDRAZINE	122667	173.28	3.84
FLUORANTHENE	206440	2462.99	54.46
NON PRIORITY POLLUTANTS			
OTHER SUBSTANCES			

Attachment A-2
Water Quality Based Effluent Limits - Freshwater

CALCULATION OF WATER QUALITY BASED NON-CLASS AA FRESHWATER DISCHARGE LIMITS
FACILITY NAME: Home Depot USA Inc. RIPDES PERMIT #: RI0023574

CHEMICAL NAME	CAS#	DAILY MAX LIMIT (ug/L)	MONTHLY AVE LIMIT (ug/L)
HEXACHLOROBUTADIENE	87683	No Criteria	9800.78
HEXACHLOROCYCLOPENTADIENE	77474	4.33	0.09901
HEXACHLOROETHANE	67721	606.47	13.61
ISOPHORONE	78591	72404.50	1608.99
NAPHTHALENE	91203	1423.34	32.18
NITROBENZENE	98953	16708.73	371.31
N-NITROSODIMETHYLAMINE	62759	No Criteria	1633.46
N-NITROSODI-N-PROPYLAMINE	621647	No Criteria	277.69
N-NITROSODIPHENYLAMINE	86306	3626.41	80.45
PYRENE	129000	No Criteria	217795.05
1,2,4trichlorobenzene	120821	928.26	21.04
PESTICIDES/PCBs			
ALDRIN	309002	37.13	0.02722
Alpha BHC	319846	No Criteria	2.67
Beta BHC	319857	No Criteria	9.26
Gamma BHC (Lindane)	58899	11.76	11.76
CHLORDANE	57749	29.70	0.05322
4,4DDT	50293	13.61	0.01238
4,4DDE	72559	No Criteria	0.11979
4,4DDD	72548	No Criteria	0.16879
DIELDRIN	60571	2.97	0.02940
ENDOSULFAN (alpha)	959988	2.72	0.69310
ENDOSULFAN (beta)	33213659	2.72	0.69310
ENDOSULFAN (sulfate)	1031078	No Criteria	4845.94
ENDRIN	72208	1.06	0.45
ENDRIN ALDEHYDE	7421934	No Criteria	16.33
HEPTACHLOR	76448	6.44	0.04
HEPTACHLOR EPOXIDE	1024573	6.44	0.02
POLYCHLORINATED BIPHENYLS3	1336363	No Criteria	0.03
2,3,7,8TCDD (Dioxin)	1746016	No Criteria	0.00
TOXAPHENE	8001352	9.04	0.00
TRIBUTYLTIN		5.69	0.89

CHEMICAL NAME	CAS#	DAILY MAX LIMIT (ug/L)	MONTHLY AVE LIMIT (ug/L)
ALUMINUM, TOTAL	7429905	9282.63	1076.78
AMMONIA (as N), WINTER (NOV-AP	7664417	125006.06	18070.18
AMMONIA (as N), SUMMER (MAY-O	7664417	125006.06	18070.18
4BROMOPHENYL PHENYL ETHER		222.78	4.95
CHLORIDE	16887006	#####	2846672.76
CHLORINE	7782505	293.95	170.18
4CHLORO2METHYLPHENOL		185.65	3.96
1CHLORONAPHTHALENE		990.15	22.28
4CHLOROPHENOL	106489	2376.35	53.22
2,4DICHLORO6METHYLPHENOL		272.29	5.94
1,1DICHLOROPROPANE		14233.36	321.80
1,3DICHLOROPROPANE	142289	3750.18	82.92
2,3DINITROTOLUENE		210.41	4.58
2,4DINITRO6METHYL PHENOL		148.52	3.22
IRON	7439896	No Criteria	12376.84
pentachlorobenzene	608935	160.90	3.47
PENTACHLOROETHANE		4480.42	99.01
1,2,3,5tetrachlorobenzene		3972.97	87.88
1,1,1,2TETRACHLOROETHANE	630206	12129.30	272.29
2,3,4,6TETRACHLOROPHENOL	58902	86.64	1.98
2,3,5,6TETRACHLOROPHENOL		105.20	2.35
2,4,5TRICHLOROPHENOL	95954	284.67	6.31
2,4,6TRINITROPHENOL	88062	52415.91	1163.42
XYLENE	1330207	1646.12	37.13

ATTACHMENT A-3
Home Depot limits Comparison

STATEMENT OF BASIS
Permit No. RI0023574

Comparison between RI Water Quality limits, limits from the previous issuance of this permit, and the RIPDES 2019 RGP Category E - Sites Containing Volatile Organic Compounds and Other Contaminants Discharging to Non-Class AA receiving waters

	Mo. Ave. 2011 permit ug/L	Mo. Ave. 2019 RGP ug/L	Mo. Ave. WQ crit ug/L	Daily Max. 2011 permit ug/L	Daily Max. 2019 RGP ug/L	Daily Max. WQ crit ug/L
Vinyl Chloride	1.92	1.92	19.2	mon. only	2	no criteria
1,1-Dichloroethylene	3.2	3.2	104.00	5.0	3.2	4640.00
1,1-Dichloroethane	5.0	mon only	not listed	5.0	70	not listed
Cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	10.0	mon only	not listed	10.0	70	not listed
Trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	5.0	not listed	80000.00	5.0	not listed	no criteria
Trichloroethylene	5.0	5	344.00	5.0	5	15600.00

PART II
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DEFINITIONS

GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

(a) Duty to Comply

The permittee must comply with all conditions of this permit. Any permit noncompliance constitutes a violation of Chapter 46-12 of the Rhode Island General Laws and the Clean Water Act (CWA) and is grounds for enforcement action; for permit termination, revocation and reissuance, or modification; or for denial of a permit renewal application.

- (1) The permittee shall comply with effluent standards or prohibitions established under Section 307(a) of the CWA for toxic pollutants within the time provided in the regulations that establish these standards or prohibitions, even if the permit has not yet been modified to incorporate the requirement.
- (2) The CWA provides that any person who violates a permit condition implementing Sections 301, 302, 306, 307, 308, 318, or 405 of the CWA is subject to a civil penalty not to exceed \$10,000 per day of such violation. Any person who willfully or negligently violates permit conditions implementing Sections 301, 302, 306, 307 or 308 of the Act is subject to a fine of not less than \$2,500 nor more than \$25,000 per day of violation, or by imprisonment of not more than 1 year, or both.
- (3) Chapter 46-12 of the Rhode Island General Laws provides that any person who violates a permit condition is subject to a civil penalty of not more than \$5,000 per day of such violation. Any person who willfully or negligently violates a permit condition is subject to a criminal penalty of not more than \$10,000 per day of such violation and imprisonment for not more than 30 days, or both. Any person who knowingly makes any false statement in connection with the permit is subject to a criminal penalty of not more than \$5,000 for each instance of violation or by imprisonment for not more than 30 days, or both.

(b) Duty to Reapply

If the permittee wishes to continue an activity regulated by this permit after the expiration date of this permit, the permittee must apply for and obtain a new permit. The permittee shall submit a new application at least 180 days before the expiration date of the existing permit, unless permission for a later date has been granted by the Director. (The Director shall not grant permission for applications to be submitted later than the expiration date of the existing permit.)

(c) Need to Halt or Reduce Not a Defense

It shall not be a defense for a permittee in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of this permit.

(d) Duty to Mitigate

The permittee shall take all reasonable steps to minimize or prevent any discharge in violation of this permit which has a reasonable likelihood of adversely affecting human health or the environment.

(e) Proper Operation and Maintenance

The permittee shall at all times properly operate and maintain all facilities and systems of treatment and control (and related appurtenances) which are installed or used by the permittee to achieve compliance with the conditions of this permit. Proper operation and maintenance also includes adequate laboratory controls and appropriate quality assurance procedures, and, where applicable, compliance with DEM "Rules and Regulations Pertaining to the Operation and Maintenance of Wastewater Treatment Facilities" and "Rules and Regulations Pertaining to the Disposal and Utilization of Wastewater Treatment Facility Sludge." This provision requires the operation of back-up or auxiliary facilities or similar systems only when the operation is necessary to achieve compliance with the conditions of the permit.

(f) Permit Actions

This permit may be modified, revoked and reissued, or terminated for cause, including but not limited to: (1) Violation of any terms or conditions of this permit; (2) Obtaining this permit by misrepresentation or failure to disclose all relevant facts; or (3) A change in any conditions that requires either a temporary or permanent reduction or elimination of the authorized discharge. The filing of a request by the permittee for a permit modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination or a notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance, does not stay any permit condition.

(g) Property Rights

This permit does not convey any property rights of any sort, or any exclusive privilege.

(h) Duty to Provide Information

The permittee shall furnish to the Director, within a reasonable time, any information which the Director may request to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating this permit, or to determine compliance with this permit. The permittee shall also furnish to the Director, upon request, copies of records required to be kept by this permit.

(i) Inspection and Entry

The permittee shall allow the Director, or an authorized representative, upon the presentation of credentials and other documents as may be required by law, to:

- (1) Enter upon the permittee's premises where a regulated facility or activity is located or conducted, or where records must be kept under the conditions of this permit;
- (2) Have access to and copy, at reasonable times any records that must be kept under the conditions of this permit;
- (3) Inspect at reasonable times any facilities, equipment (including monitoring and control equipment), practices or operations regulated or required under this permit; and

- (4) Sample or monitor any substances or parameters at any location, at reasonable times, for the purposes of assuring permit compliance or as otherwise authorized by the CWA or Rhode Island law.

(j) Monitoring and Records

- (1) Samples and measurements taken for the purpose of monitoring shall be representative of the volume and nature of the discharge over the sampling and reporting period.
- (2) The permittee shall retain records of all monitoring information, including all calibration and maintenance records and all original strip chart recordings from continuous monitoring instrumentation, copies of all reports required by this permit, and records of all data used to complete the application for this permit, for a period of at least 5 years from the date of the sample, measurement, report or application. This period may be extended by request of the Director at any time.
- (3) Records of monitoring information shall include:
 - (i) The date, exact place, and time of sampling or measurements;
 - (ii) The individual(s) who performed the sampling or measurements;
 - (iii) The date(s) analyses were performed;
 - (iv) The individual(s) who performed the analyses;
 - (v) The analytical techniques or methods used; and
 - (vi) The results of such analyses.
- (4) Monitoring must be conducted according to test procedures approved under 40 CFR Part 136 and applicable Rhode Island regulations, unless other test procedures have been specified in this permit.
- (5) The CWA provides that any person who falsifies, tampers with, or knowingly renders inaccurate, any monitoring device or method required to be maintained under this permit shall upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not more than \$10,000 per violation or by imprisonment for not more than 6 months per violation or by both. Chapter 46-12 of the Rhode Island General Laws also provides that such acts are subject to a fine of not more than \$5,000 per violation, or by imprisonment for not more than 30 days per violation, or by both.
- (6) Monitoring results must be reported on a Discharge Monitoring Report (DMR).
- (7) If the permittee monitors any pollutant more frequently than required by the permit, using test procedures approved under 40 CFR Part 136, applicable State regulations, or as specified in the permit, the results of this monitoring shall be included in the calculation and reporting of the data submitted in the DMR.

(k) Signatory Requirement

All applications, reports, or information submitted to the Director shall be signed and certified in accordance with 250-RICR-150-10-1.12 of the Rhode Island Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (RIPDES) Regulations. Rhode Island General Laws, Chapter 46-12 provides that any person who knowingly makes any false statement, representation, or certification in any record or other document submitted or required to be maintained under this permit, including monitoring reports or reports of compliance or noncompliance shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not more than \$5,000 per violation, or by imprisonment for not more than 30 days per violation, or by both.

(l) Reporting Requirements

- (1) Planned changes. The permittee shall give notice to the Director as soon as possible of any planned physical alterations or additions to the permitted facility.
- (2) Anticipated noncompliance. The permittee shall give advance notice to the Director of any planned changes in the permitted facility or activity which may result in noncompliance with the permit requirements.
- (3) Transfers. This permit is not transferable to any person except after written notice to the Director. The Director may require modification or revocation and reissuance of the permit to change the name of the permittee and incorporate such other requirements as may be necessary under State and Federal law.
- (4) Monitoring reports. Monitoring results shall be reported at the intervals specified elsewhere in this permit.
- (5) Twenty-four hour reporting. The permittee shall immediately report any noncompliance which may endanger health or the environment by calling DEM at (401) 222-4700 or (401) 222-3070 at night.

A written submission shall also be provided within five (5) days of the time the permittee becomes aware of the circumstances. The written submission shall contain a description of the noncompliance and its cause; the period of noncompliance, including exact dates and times, and if the noncompliance has not been corrected, the anticipated time it is expected to continue; and steps taken or planned to reduce, eliminate, and prevent reoccurrence of the noncompliance.

The following information must be reported immediately:

- (i) Any unanticipated bypass which causes a violation of any effluent limitation in the permit; or
- (ii) Any upset which causes a violation of any effluent limitation in the permit; or
- (iii) Any violation of a maximum daily discharge limitation for any of the pollutants specifically listed by the Director in the permit.

The Director may waive the written report on a case-by-case basis if the oral report has been received within 24 hours.

- (6) Other noncompliance. The permittee shall report all instances of noncompliance not reported under paragraphs (1), (2), and (5), of this section, at the time monitoring reports are submitted. The reports shall contain the information required in paragraph (1)(5) of the section.
- (7) Other information. Where the permittee becomes aware that it failed to submit any relevant facts in a permit application, or submitted incorrect information in a permit application or in any report to the Director, they shall promptly submit such facts or information.

(m) Bypass

"Bypass" means the intentional diversion of waste streams from any portion of a treatment facility.

- (1) Bypass not exceeding limitations. The permittee may allow any bypass to occur which does not cause effluent limitations to be exceeded, but only if it also is for essential maintenance to assure efficient operation. These bypasses are not subject to the provisions of paragraphs (2) and (3) of this section.
- (2) Notice.
 - (i) Anticipated bypass. If the permittee knows in advance of the need for a bypass, it shall submit prior notice, if possible at least ten (10) days before the date of the bypass.
 - (ii) Unanticipated bypass. The permittee shall submit notice of an unanticipated bypass as required in 250-RICR-150-10-1.14(R) of the RIPDES Regulations.
- (3) Prohibition of bypass.
 - (i) Bypass is prohibited, and the Director may take enforcement action against a permittee for bypass, unless:
 - (A) Bypass was unavoidable to prevent loss of life, personal injury, or severe property damage, where "severe property damage" means substantial physical damage to property, damage to the treatment facilities which causes them to become inoperable, or substantial and permanent loss of natural resources which can reasonably be expected to occur in the absence of a bypass. Severe property damage does not mean economic loss caused by delays in production;
 - (B) There were no feasible alternatives to the bypass, such as the use of auxiliary treatment facilities, retention of untreated wastes, or maintenance during normal periods of equipment downtime. This condition is not satisfied if adequate backup equipment should have been installed in the exercise of reasonable engineering judgment to prevent a bypass which occurred during normal periods of equipment downtime or preventive maintenance; and
 - (C) The permittee submitted notices as required under paragraph (2) of this section.

- (ii) The Director may approve an anticipated bypass, after considering its adverse effects, if the Director determines that it will meet the three conditions listed above in paragraph (3)(i) of this section.

(n) Upset

"Upset" means an exceptional incident in which there is unintentional and temporary noncompliance with technology-based permit effluent limitations because of factors beyond the reasonable control of the permittee. An upset does not include noncompliance to the extent caused by operational error, improperly designed treatment facilities, inadequate treatment facilities, lack of preventive maintenance, or careless or improper operation.

- (1) Effect of an upset. An upset constitutes an affirmative defense to an action brought for noncompliance with such technology-based permit effluent limitations if the requirements of paragraph (2) of this section are met. No determination made during administrative review of claims that noncompliance was caused by upset, and before an action for noncompliance, is final administrative action subject to judicial review.
- (2) Conditions necessary for a demonstration of upset. A permittee who wishes to establish the affirmative defense of upset shall demonstrate, through properly signed, contemporaneous operating logs, or other relevant evidence that:
 - (a) An upset occurred and that the permittee can identify the cause(s) of the upset;
 - (b) The permitted facility was at the time being properly operated;
 - (c) The permittee submitted notice of the upset as required in 250-RICR-150-10-1.14(R) of the RIPDES Regulations; and
 - (d) The permittee complied with any remedial measures required under 250-RICR-150-10-1.14(E) of the RIPDES Regulations.
- (3) Burden of proof. In any enforcement proceeding the permittee seeking to establish the occurrence of an upset has the burden of proof.

(o) Change in Discharge

All discharges authorized herein shall be consistent with the terms and conditions of this permit. Discharges which cause a violation of water quality standards are prohibited. The discharge of any pollutant identified in this permit more frequently than or at a level in excess of that authorized shall constitute a violation of the permit. Any anticipated facility expansions, production increases, or process modifications which will result in new, different or increased discharges of pollutants must be reported by submission of a new NPDES application at least 180 days prior to commencement of such discharges, or if such changes will not violate the effluent limitations specified in this permit, by notice, in writing, to the Director of such changes. Following such notice, the permit may be modified to specify and limit any pollutants not previously limited.

Until such modification is effective, any new or increased discharge in excess of permit limits or not specifically authorized by the permit constitutes a violation.

(p) Removed Substances

Solids, sludges, filter backwash, or other pollutants removed in the course of treatment or control of wastewaters shall be disposed of in a manner consistent with applicable Federal and State laws and regulations including, but not limited to the CWA and the Federal Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, 42 U.S.C. §§6901 et seq., Rhode Island General Laws, Chapters 46-12, 23-19.1 and regulations promulgated thereunder.

(q) Power Failures

In order to maintain compliance with the effluent limitation and prohibitions of this permit, the permittee shall either:

In accordance with the Schedule of Compliance contained in Part I, provide an alternative power source sufficient to operate the wastewater control facilities;

or if such alternative power source is not in existence, and no date for its implementation appears in Part I.

Halt reduce or otherwise control production and/or all discharges upon the reduction, loss, or failure of the primary source of power to the wastewater control facilities.

(r) Availability of Reports

Except for data determined to be confidential under paragraph (w) below, all reports prepared in accordance with the terms of this permit shall be available for public inspection at the DEM, 291 Promenade Street, Providence, Rhode Island. As required by the CWA, effluent data shall not be considered confidential. Knowingly making any false statement on any such report may result in the imposition of criminal penalties as provided for in Section 309 of the CWA and under Section 46-12-14 of the Rhode Island General Laws.

(s) State Laws

Nothing in this permit shall be construed to preclude the institution of any legal action or relieve the permittee from any responsibilities, liabilities, or penalties established pursuant to any applicable State law.

(t) Other Laws

The issuance of a permit does not authorize any injury to persons or property or invasion of other private rights, nor does it relieve the permittee of its obligation to comply with any other applicable Federal, State, and local laws and regulations.

(u) Severability

The provisions of this permit are severable, and if any provision of this permit, or the application of any provision of this permit to any circumstance, is held invalid, the application of such provision to other circumstances, and the remainder of this permit, shall not be affected thereby.

(v) Reopener Clause

The Director reserves the right to make appropriate revisions to this permit in order to incorporate any appropriate effluent limitations, schedules of compliance, or other provisions which may be authorized under the CWA or State law. In accordance with 250-RICR-150-10-1.16 and 250-RICR-150-10-1.24 of the RIPDES Regulations, if any effluent standard or prohibition, or water quality standard is promulgated under the CWA or under State law which is more stringent than any limitation on the pollutant in the permit, or controls a pollutant not limited in the permit, then the Director may promptly reopen the permit and modify or revoke and reissue the permit to conform to the applicable standard.

(w) Confidentiality of Information

(1) Any information submitted to DEM pursuant to these regulations may be claimed as confidential by the submitter. Any such claim must be asserted at the time of submission in the manner prescribed on the application form or instructions or, in the case of other submissions, by stamping the words "confidential business information" on each page containing such information. If no claim is made at the time of submission, DEM may make the information available to the public without further notice.

(2) Claims of confidentiality for the following information will be denied:

- (i) The name and address of any permit applicant or permittee;
- (ii) Permit applications, permits and any attachments thereto; and
- (iii) NPDES effluent data.

(x) Best Management Practices

The permittee shall adopt Best Management Practices (BMP) to control or abate the discharge of toxic pollutants and hazardous substances associated with or ancillary to the industrial manufacturing or treatment process and the Director may request the submission of a BMP plan where the Director determines that a permittee's practices may contribute significant amounts of such pollutants to waters of the State.

(y) Right of Appeal

Within thirty (30) days of receipt of notice of a final permit decision, the permittee or any interested person may submit a request to the Director for an adjudicatory hearing to reconsider or contest that decision. The request for a hearing must conform to the requirements of 250-RICR-150-10-1.50 of the RIPDES Regulations.

DEFINITIONS

1. For purposes of this permit, those definitions contained in the RIPDES Regulations and the Rhode Island Pretreatment Regulations shall apply.
2. The following abbreviations, when used, are defined below.

cu. M/day or M ³ /day	cubic meters per day
mg/l	milligrams per liter
ug/l	micrograms per liter
lbs/day	pounds per day
kg/day	kilograms per day
Temp. °C	temperature in degrees Centigrade
Temp. °F	temperature in degrees Fahrenheit
Turb.	turbidity measured by the Nephelometric Method (NTU)
TNFR or TSS	total nonfilterable residue or total suspended solids
DO	dissolved oxygen
BOD	five-day biochemical oxygen demand unless otherwise specified
TKN	total Kjeldahl nitrogen as nitrogen
Total N	total nitrogen
NH ₃ -N	ammonia nitrogen as nitrogen
Total P	total phosphorus
COD	chemical oxygen demand
TOC	total organic carbon
Surfactant	surface-active agent
pH	a measure of the hydrogen ion concentration
PCB	polychlorinated biphenyl
CFS	cubic feet per second
MGD	million gallons per day
Oil & Grease	Freon extractable material
Total Coliform	total coliform bacteria
Fecal Coliform	total fecal coliform bacteria
ml/l	milliliter(s) per liter
NO ₃ -N	nitrate nitrogen as nitrogen
NO ₂ -N	nitrite nitrogen as nitrogen
NO ₃ -NO ₂	combined nitrate and nitrite nitrogen as nitrogen
Cl ₂	total residual chlorine

RHODE ISLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT
OFFICE OF WATER RESOURCES
RIPDES PROGRAM
235 PROMENADE STREET
PROVIDENCE, RHODE ISLAND 02908-5767

PUBLIC NOTICE OF PROPOSED PERMIT ACTIONS UNDER THE RHODE ISLAND POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM (RIPDES) PROGRAM WHICH REGULATES DISCHARGES INTO THE WATERS OF THE STATE UNDER CHAPTER 46-12 OF THE RHODE ISLAND GENERAL LAWS OF 1956, AS AMENDED.

DATE OF NOTICE: May 22, 2019

PUBLIC NOTICE NUMBER: PN 19-06

DRAFT RIPDES PERMIT

RIPDES PERMIT NUMBER: **RI0023574**

NAME AND MAILING ADDRESS OF APPLICANT:

Home Depot U.S.A., Inc.
2455 Paces Ferry Road, N.W.
Atlanta, GA 30339

NAME AND ADDRESS OF FACILITY WHERE DISCHARGE OCCURS:

Home Depot
387 Charles Street
Providence, Rhode Island 02903

RECEIVING WATER:

West River (Waterbody ID: RI0003008R-03C)

RECEIVING WATER CLASSIFICATION:

B{a}

The above-named applicant has applied to the Rhode Island Department of Environmental Management (DEM) for issuance of a RIPDES Permit to discharge into the above listed and designated receiving waters. The discharge is from a groundwater pump and treat remediation system that was installed to remediate groundwater that was contaminated by various chlorinated volatile organic compounds (VOCs) used in commercial and industrial operations at the former Silver Spring Center dating back to the late 1800's. The groundwater is treated on-site using an oxygenator (nozzle) air stripper to remove VOCs, Iron, and Arsenic before it is pumped through Birm media for further metals treatment. The groundwater is then directed to a series of shallow tray low profile air stripping units for secondary treatment to further reduce VOCs concentrations. The treated groundwater is gravity-discharged to the West River. The total design flow rate for the groundwater treatment system is 60 gallons per minute (gpm). The facility is currently permitted to discharge under RIPDES Permit Authorization No. RI0023574. The facility is seeking to reapply for

coverage under this same permit number.

DRAFT RIPDES PERMIT

RIPDES PERMIT NUMBER: **RI0023299**

NAME AND MAILING ADDRESS OF APPLICANT:

Rhode Island Mall Condominium Association, Inc.
c/o TKG Management, Inc.
211 N. Stadium Boulevard, Suite 201
Columbia, MO 65203

NAME AND ADDRESS OF FACILITY WHERE DISCHARGE OCCURS:

Rhode Island Mall Condominium Association, Inc.
East Avenue and Bald Hill Road
Warwick, RI

RECEIVING WATER:

Pawtuxet River

RECEIVING WATER CLASSIFICATION:

B1

The facility operates a mall, including various specialty shops and department stores in the main mall building and a building which formerly housed Toys 'R' Us. In 1994, the DEM designated the facility as a significant contributor of pollutants to the Pawtuxet River. Therefore, in accordance with 250-RICR-150-10-1 (RIPDES Regulations – Part 32.A.8.a. Storm Water Discharges), the facility was required to apply for an individual RIPDES permit. The draft permit reissuance authorizes the discharge of stormwater and certain allowable non-stormwater discharges. The permit requires that the facility maintain a Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) that will identify how the facility will minimize contamination of stormwater and uses benchmark monitoring to monitor the quality of the storm water discharges. Any exceedances of the benchmark values shall trigger a review of the facility's SWPPP and its stormwater controls by the permittee and modification as necessary. The DEM has determined that this permit is consistent with the state's antibacksliding and antidegradation requirements.

DRAFT RIPDES PERMIT

RIPDES PERMIT NUMBER: **RI0023175**

NAME AND MAILING ADDRESS OF APPLICANT:

Warwick Mall
400 Bald Hill Road, Suite 100
Warwick, RI 02886

NAME AND ADDRESS OF FACILITY WHERE DISCHARGE OCCURS:

Warwick Mall
100 West Natick Road

RECEIVING WATER:

Pawtuxet River

RECEIVING WATER CLASSIFICATION:

B1

The facility is involved in the operation of a retail mall. The discharge consists of storm water from the mall, various separate detached retail stores, a car care center, a movie theater, detached restaurants, and their associated parking lots. In 1994, the DEM designated the facility as a significant contributor of pollutants to the Pawtuxet River. Therefore, in accordance with 250-RICR-150-10-1 (RIPDES Regulations – Part 32.A.8.a. Storm Water Discharges), the facility was required to apply for an individual RIPDES permit. The draft permit reissuance authorizes the discharge of stormwater and certain allowable non-stormwater discharges. The permit requires that the facility maintain a Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) that will identify how the facility will minimize contamination of stormwater and uses benchmark monitoring to monitor the quality of the storm water discharges. Any exceedances of the benchmark values shall trigger a review of the facility's SWPPP and its stormwater controls by the permittee and modification as necessary. The DEM has determined that this permit is consistent with the state's antibacksliding and antidegradation requirements.

FURTHER INFORMATION ABOUT THE DRAFT PERMITS:

A statement of basis (describing the type of facility and significant factual, legal and policy questions considered in these permit actions) may be downloaded at <http://www.dem.ri.gov/programs/water/permits/ripdes/> or a hard copy may be obtained at no cost by writing or calling DEM as noted below:

Abdulrahman Ragab
Rhode Island Department of Environmental Management
RIPDES Program
235 Promenade Street
Providence, Rhode Island 02908-5767
(401) 222-4700, extension 7201
Abed.Ragab@dem.ri.gov

The administrative record containing all documents relating to these permit actions is on file and may be inspected, by appointment, at the DEM's Providence office mentioned above between 8:30 a.m. and 4:00 p.m., Monday through Friday, except holidays.

PUBLIC COMMENT AND REQUEST FOR PUBLIC HEARING:

Pursuant to Chapter 42-12 and 42-35 of the Rhode Island General Laws a public hearing has been scheduled to consider this draft RIPDES permit. if requested. Requests for a Public Hearing must be submitted in writing to the attention of Abdulrahman Ragab at the address indicated above. Notice should be taken that if DEM receives a request from twenty-five (25) people, a governmental agency or subdivision, or an association having no less than twenty-five (25) members on or before 4:00 PM on Monday, June 24, 2019, a public hearing will be held at the following time and place:

Wednesday, June 26, 2019 at 5:00 PM

Room 280
235 Promenade Street
Providence, Rhode Island 02908

Interested persons should contact DEM to confirm if a hearing will be held at the time and location noted above.

235 Promenade Street is accessible to the handicapped. Individuals requesting interpreter services for the hearing impaired must notify the DEM at 831-5508 (T.D.D.) 72 hours in advance of the hearing date.

Interested parties may submit comments on the permit actions and the administrative record to the address above no later than 4:00 PM on Friday, June 28, 2019.

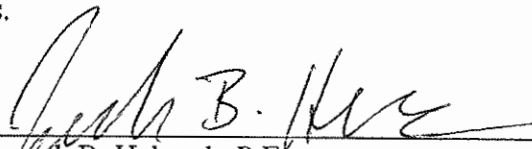
All persons who believe any condition of the draft permit is inappropriate, must raise all reasonable ascertainable issues and submit all reasonably available arguments and factual grounds supporting their position, including all supporting material, by the close of the public comment period on June 28, 2019. Commenters may request a longer comment period if necessary to provide a reasonable opportunity to comply with these requirements. Comments should be directed to Abdulrahman Ragab as directed above.

If, during the public comment period, significant new questions are raised concerning the permit, DEM may require a new draft permit or statement of basis or may reopen the public comment period. A public notice will be issued for any of these actions.

FINAL DECISION AND APPEALS:

Following the close of the comment period, and after a public hearing, if such hearing is held, the Director will issue a final decision and forward a copy of the final decision to the permittee and each person who has submitted written comments or requested notice. Within 30 days following the notice of the final decision, any interested person may submit a request for a formal hearing in accordance with the requirements of 250-RICR-150-10-1.50 of the RIPDES Regulations.

5/17/19
Date



Joseph B. Haberek, P.E.
Supervising Sanitary Engineer
Office of Water Resources
Department of Environmental Management