

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

OFFICE OF

MEMORANDUM

SUBJECT: NPDES Permitting Strategy for OCPSF Industry Direct

Dischargers

FROM: James R. Elder, Director

Office of Water Enforcement and Permits (EN-335)

TO: Régional Water Management Division Directors

NPDES Delegated State Directors

As you know, the final rule establishing effluent limitations guidelines, pretreatment standards, and new source performance standards for the organic chemicals, plastics, and synthetic fibers (OCPSF) point source category (the "guidelines") was promulgated on November 5, 1987 and became effective on December 21, 1987. While the Agency was sued on the guidelines by numerous parties, the guidelines are in affect except for a voluntary remand of the pollutant Bis (2-Chloroisopropyl) ether for BAT and NSPS about which you were notified on November 30, 1988. We will keep you apprised of the status of the litigation. In addition, the Agency provided an implementation guidance and a list of questions and answers regarding the guidelines to NPDES permitting authorities on February 8 and October 12, 1988, respectively.

The purpose of this memorandum is to provide you with the NPDMS Permitting Strategy for OCPSF Industry Direct Dischargers (the "strategy"). At the request of permitting authorities and permittees, this strategy was developed to assist permitting authorities in determining when and how to implement the guidelines.

At the October National Branch Chiefs' Meeting in Wintergreen, Virginia, we distributed and requested comments on a draft flow chart (given as Attachment A of this strategy) which provides an overview of the decision-making procedure involved in implementing the strategy. The seven sections in the strategy are narrative descriptions of each step in the flow chart.

In the strategy, we request that the permitting authority immediately reissue OCPSF permits that have already expired or will expire before September 30, 1989, to reflect the quidelines. For permits which expire after October 1, 1989, the

permitting authority must use the procedure in the flow chart (or use Sections 1 - 7 of the strategy) to determine whether the permit should be reissued before the expiration date. The strategy requires the permitting authority to perform the following tasks after reviewing all the relevant documents (as described in Section 1).

(1) Water Quality Review

Section 2 describes how to assess the water quality impacts imposed by the §304(1) requirements. OCPSF facilities listed on the "C List" must comply with the §304(1) requirements and must be treated separately in accordance with the "Final Guidance for Implementation of Requirements under §304(1) of the Clean Water Act as amended", March 1988.

(2) Authority to Reopen Permits

Section 3 describes how the permitting authority determines whether the permit can be reopened upon promulgation of new guidelines. After this determination is made, all permitting authorities must conduct compliance assessments unless the authority elects to reopen all permits.

(3) Compliance Assessment

Section 4 provides guidance on determining whether facilities are currently discharging pollutants at levels that would exceed the new BPT and/or BAT guidelines. A compliance assessment procedure is provided in Attachment C for your convenience. A worksheet (Attachment C-1) has been devised for you to perform this task efficiently. For complying facilities, reissue the permit upon expiration. For non-complying facilities, the permitting authority should either provide the assessment results to the facilities and notify them that immediate compliance is expected upon permit reissuance or follow the priority determination procedure (as provided in Sections 5, 6, and 7) based on the results of items (2) and (3).

(4) Priority Determination

Sections 5, 6, and 7 provide guidance on how to establish the permit reissuance priority where there is authority to reopen the permit upon promulgation of new guidelines and the facility currently discharges pollutants at levels that would exceed the new guidelines. Discharges into near-coastal waters have been designated in this strategy as having the highest priority for permit

reissuance (Section 5). Section 6 contains six other significant factors to be considered in establishing priorities in the reissuance schedule. For high priority permits which are to be reopened, the compliance deadline in the permit is March 31, 1989. For the facilities which cannot comply with the new permit limits by March 31, 1989, an administrative order may be issued to establish a compliance schedule as expeditiously as practicable, but no later than three years after the effective date of the reissued permit. For the permits which the permitting authority decides not to reopen prior to the expiration date, the permitting authority must use letters to request submission of compliance plans from the permittee. A sample information request letter is provided in Attachment D for your use.

In summary, we believe that, by implementing this strategy, we can accelerate compliance with the new guidelines and adequately control the most significant OCPSF dischargers.

Also included in this document is a list of known OCPSF active direct dischargers (Attachment B). Please review the permit files of those facilities in your Region/State to identify the ones which currently discharge OCPSF process wastewater as defined in 40 CFR 414.11. Delete from the list any facility which does not discharge OCPSF process wastewater and/or add to the list any additional OCPSF facilities, then submit the amended list to me by March 10, 1989. NPDES delegated States should also send a copy of the amended list to the Region. If you have any questions or concerns about the implementation of the strategy, please submit them with the amended list.

For further questions, please contact me (FTS 475-8488) or have your staff contact James Gallup, Chief of the Technical Support Branch (FTS 475-9541) or Gene Chou (FTS 382-6960) of this staff.

Attachments

cc: Susan Lepow (LE-132W)

Martha Prothro (WH-551)

J. William Jordan (EN-338)

EPA GUIDANCE

ON

NPDES PERMITTING STRATEGY

FOR

OCPSF INDUSTRY DIRECT DISCHARGERS

February 1989

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
Office of Water
Office of Water Enforcement and Permits
401 M Street, S.W.
Washington, D.C. 20460

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EPA GUIDANCE ON

NPDES PERMITTING STRATEGY FOR OCPSF INDUSTRY DIRECT DISCHARGERS

PURPOSE OF THIS GUIDANCE

This guidance provides NPDES permitting authorities with a national strategy to accelerate compliance with the newly promulgated effluent limitations guidelines for the organic chemicals, plastics, and synthetic fibers (OCPSF) point source category (the "guidelines"). The strategy is designed to assist permitting authorities to determine how to implement the guidelines using all available authorities and permitting tools.

BACKGROUND

- o The final guidelines for the OCPSF category were promulgated on November 5, 1987. The rule became effective on December 21, 1987.
- o The Statutory deadline for BAT compliance is March 31, 1989 [Section 301(b) of the Water Quality Act of 1987].
- o Over four hundred OCPSF direct dischargers are currently permitted under the NPDES program based on best professional judgments (BPJ) of the permit writers.
- o EPA provided an implementation guidance and a list of questions and answers regarding the guidelines to permitting authorities for OCPSF direct dischargers on February 8, 1988 and on October 12, 1988, respectively.

The strategy to accelerate compliance with the new guidelines is given in the following sections. All permits referred in this strategy are NPDES direct discharge permits for facilities discharging OCPSF process wastewater as defined by the guidelines.

PERMITS EXPIRED AND EXPIRING BEFORE SEPTEMBER 30, 1989

Permits which have expired and will be expiring before September 30, 1989 should be reissued expeditiously to reflect the guidelines during FY-89. These permits should also address concerns regarding water quality-based requirements including toxicity testing (See pages 7 and 8 of the OCPSF implementation guidance memo, February 8, 1988). Also, if these facilities are on the section 304(1) C List (see Sections 1.b and 2.b of this strategy for more descriptions), their permits should be issued

expeditiously and incorporate both guideline limits or water quality-based limits whichever is more stringent.

PERMITS EXPIRING AFTER OCTOBER 1, 1989

For permits which will expire after October 1, 1989, the permitting authority must determine whether the permit should be reissued before the expiration date. The review process to determine whether or not to reopen the permit includes the following steps:

- (1) review of permit files, §304(1) lists, State regulation, Permit Compliance System (PCS), the 1983 §308 survey data, and the 48 Plant Sampling Database;
- (2) assessment of water quality impacts including discharges to §304(1) waters;
- (3) determination of authority to reopen permits;
- (4) assessment of compliance with BPT and BAT guidelines;
- (5) identification of near-coastal dischargers;
- (6) determination of priority for permit reissuance; and
- (7) reissuance of permits.

This process should ensure that the most significant discharges are controlled by using all available authorities and permitting tools. Attachment A is a flow chart for the implementation of the guidelines for dischargers whose permits will expire after October 1989. A narrative description of the flow chart is given in Sections 1 through 7.

SECTION 1. REVIEW OF PERMIT FILES, §304(1) LISTS, STATE AUTHORITY TO REOPEN, PCS, THE 1983 §308 SURVEY DATA, AND THE 48 PLANT SAMPLING DATABASE

A list of the known OCPSF facilities by Region is given in Attachment B. Each permitting authority must review the permit files of these facilities to identify the facilities which currently discharge OCPSF process wastewater as defined in 40 CFR 414.11. Delete from the list any facility which does not discharge OCPSF process wastewater and/or add to the list any additional known OCPSF facilities, then submit the amended list to EPA, Office of Water Enforcement and Permits (OWEP), Permits Division, 401 M Street, S.W., Washington D.C. 20460 by March 10, 1989.

After identifying OCPSF facilities, the permitting authority should review the following documents:

1.a. Permit Files

Review information in the permit files, e.g., the discharger's manufacturing product/process, annual production rates, wastewater treatment system, water usage, discharge characteristics, current permit limits, and whether the permit has specific reopener clause. Also review the Discharge Monitoring Reports (DMRs). This information will be used in Section 4.

1.b. §304(1) Lists

Section 304(1) of the Clean Water Act (CWA) requires States to develop lists of waters impaired by point and nonpoint sources. Section 304(1)(1) requires that by February 4, 1989, each State submit a priority list (also known as the "Short List") of waters impaired by point sources, a list of the point sources (also known as the "C List") and amounts of pollutants they discharge which cause toxic impacts, and an individual control strategy (ICS) for each such point source. Permitting authorities must identify OCPSF facilities which discharge into waters on the Short List. This information will be used in Section 2.

In addition to the Short List, Section 304(1)(1) also requires that by February 4, 1989, each State submit a comprehensive list (also known as the "Long List") of waters impaired by any toxics or nontoxics due to either point or nonpoint sources. The Long List includes all waters whose beneficial uses are less than the fishable/swimmable goal of the CWA as well as those which are not meeting water quality standards for established beneficial uses. Permitting authorities must also identify OCPSF facilities which discharge into waters on the Long List. This information will be used in Section 6.a.

1.c. State Authority to Reopen

Examine whether the State has authority to reopen permits upon promulgation of new guidelines. This information will be used in Section 3.

1.d. PCS Data

Review permit information and DMRs in PCS. This information will be used in Section 4.

1.e. The 1983 §308 Survey Data

The 1983 §308 survey data were collected during the development of the guidelines. They are based on the 1980 production/effluent data. This information will be used in Section 4.

1.f. The 48 Plant Sampling Database Compiled by EPA

This database was generated by sampling 48 facilities for use in the development of the guidelines. This information will be used in Section 4.

SECTION 2. ASSESSMENT OF WATER QUALITY IMPACTS INCLUDING DISCHARGES TO §304(1) WATERS

Section 304(1) focuses national surface water quality protection programs immediately on addressing known water quality problems due entirely or substantially to point source discharges of priority pollutants. Controls for these pollutants must be established as soon as possible but no later than the statutory time frames set forth in §304(1). The following three steps apply to the OCPSF facilities which discharge into waters on the Short List as described in Section 1.

2.a. Does the facility cause or contribute to an excursion above Water Quality Standards?

When an OCPSF facility is identified as a point source which discharges into a water on the Short List, the State must first determine whether the facility is causing or contributing to the excursion above numeric or narrative water quality standards of the receiving water. If so, proceed to step 2.b. If not, go to Section 3.

2.b. Should the facility be listed under §304(1)(1)(C) (also known as the "C List")?

When an OCPSF facility is identified as a contributor to the excursion above numeric or narrative water quality standards of the receiving water, the State must assess whether the impairment is due to discharge of priority pollutants. If not, go to Section 3. If so, the facility should be further evaluated for a determination of whether water quality standards can be achieved after technology-based requirements (e.g., the new BAT) have been met. If meeting technology-based requirements will result in achievement of water quality standards, go to Section 3. If not, the facility should

be listed as a point source on the C List. Proceed to Step 2.c for the facilities on the C List.

2.c. Submit ICS by February 4, 1989

For the facilities listed on the C List, an ICS which would reduce the discharge of priority pollutants was required to be issued by February 4, 1989. Each ICS should consist of a final enforceable NPDES permit with limits at least as stringent as the new BAT and accompanying documentation (e.g., a fact sheet or a statement of basis for the permit). EPA's deadline for approving or disapproving the ICSs is June 4, 1989. Where a State has not issued a final permit by February 4, 1989, a draft permit and supporting documentation were acceptable as an ICS. Such a draft permit was to be accompanied by a schedule indicating when the final permit will be issued and providing adequate time for the permittee to comply with the limits such that water quality standards will be achieved by June 4, 1992. This section summarizes only the key elements of §304(1) which relate to this OCPSF permitting strategy. Consult the "Final Guidance for Implementation of Requirements under Section 304(1) of the Clean Water Act as amended", March 1988, for a full description of the §304(1) submittal requirements.

For dischargers not included on the C List, use the procedures in Sections 3 through 7 as follows:

SECTION 3. DETERMINATION OF AUTHORITY TO REOPEN PERMITS

If a permitting authority has reopener clause in the permit or has State authority to reopen permits upon promulgation of new guidelines, proceed to Step 3.a or 3.b. If a permitting authority does not have either reopener clause in the permit or does not have State regulation providing authority to reopen permits upon promulgation of new guidelines, a compliance assessment must be conducted. The compliance assessment procedure is described in Section 4.

3.a. For permitting authorities which elect to reopen all permits

Permitting authorities which have either specific reopener clauses in their permits or have State authority to reopen permits upon promulgation of new guidelines may elect to reopen all permits before permits expire. Compliance deadline in the permit may be established up to March 31, 1989. If the permittee cannot comply with the new permit limits by March 31, 1989, an

administrative compliance order (AO) may be issued to establish a compliance schedule which is as expeditious as practicable, but no later than three years beyond the effective date of the reissued permit. The AO normally would be prepared and publicly noticed simultaneously with the draft permit.

3.b. For permitting authorities without sufficient resources to reopen all permits

If a permitting authority has authority to reopen the permit, but does not have sufficient resources to reopen all the permits, compliance assessments must be conducted. The permitting authority should follow the procedure as described in Step 4.b to assess the compliance of the facilities with the new guidelines. The assessment provides a basis for the permitting authority to prioritize the reopening candidates in order to bring the most significant non-complying facilities into compliance with the new guidelines as expeditiously as practicable.

SECTION 4. ASSESSMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH BPT AND BAT GUIDELINES

The objective of the compliance assessment is to determine whether facilities are currently discharging pollutants at levels that would exceed the new BPT and/or BAT guidelines. Attachment C provides a step-by-step procedure of how to conduct this assessment. Examples are given along with each step. A three-page worksheet for OCPSF permit limits calculation, an example of how the worksheet is used, and a four-page summary of OCPSF guidelines are also provided in Attachments C-1, C-2, and C-3, respectively.

The permitting authority should use all available data to assess the compliance status. Existing data such as the 1983 §308 survey data based on the 1980 production/effluent data, the 48 plant sampling database compiled by EPA, effluent flow and quality data on Form 2C, and DMRs should all be used. If existing data is insufficient to assess the compliance, an information request letter may be used, on a case-by-case basis, to solicit additional production or self-monitoring data from the permittees. A sample information request letter for this purpose is provided as Option 1 in Attachment D.

4.a. Permit without Reopener Clause or State General Authority to Reopen Permits upon Promulgation of New Guidelines

If a permitting authority does <u>not</u> have either reopener clause in the permit or does not have State regulation providing authority to reopen permits upon

promulgation of new guidelines, a compliance assessment must be conducted (see Section 3). After the compliance assessment has been completed, one of the following steps should be taken:

4.a.l. For complying facilities

For those facilities which discharge at levels at or below the new BPT and/or BAT guidelines, no immediate action is needed. The permit should be reissued upon expiration to reflect the guidelines except where prohibited by anti-backsliding.

4.a.2. For non-complying facilities

If assessment indicates certain facilities are currently discharging pollutants at levels that would exceed the new BPT and/or BAT guidelines, the permitting authority should provide the results of the compliance assessment to these facilities and notify them that immediate compliance is expected upon permit reissuance.

In either case, permits will be reissued upon expiration and immediate compliance with the permit limits will be expected upon reissuance. If discharges are not in compliance with the permit limits by the effective date of the reissued permit, civil penalties against the discharging facilities should be considered. Technical details on preparation, negotiation, and trial of actions for the recovery of administrative penalties are contained in a series of guidances transmitted to the Regions in a memo, "Guidance Documents and Delegations for Implementation of Administrative Penalty Authorities Contained in 1987 Clean Water Act Amendments", on August 28, 1987.

4.b. Permit with Reopener Clause or State General Authority to Reopen Permits upon Promulgation of New Guidelines

If a permitting authority has authority to reopen the permit, but does not have sufficient resources to reopen all the permits, a compliance assessment must be conducted (see Step 3.b). Based on the results of the compliance assessment, one of the following steps should be taken:

4.b.1. For complying facilities

For those facilities which discharge at levels below the new BPT and/or BAT guidelines, reissue the permit upon permit expiration.

4.b.2. For non-complying facilities

For those facilities currently discharging pollutants at levels that would exceed the new BPT and/or BAT guidelines, follow the procedures in Section 5.

SECTION 5. IDENTIFICATION OF NEAR-COASTAL DISCHARGERS

Near-coastal waters are the base of the whole ecological systems that we depend upon for much of our sustenance. In recent years, degradation of the near-coastal waters has become a critical national problem. The Agency has initiated a strategic plan to maintain and, where possible, enhance near-coastal water quality. Industrial point-source discharges has been identified by the Agency's coastal Regions as one of the major land and water activities contributing to the degradations in their near-coastal waters.

As part of the integrated national strategy to clean up coastal waters as well as to take an definitive action to implement the Agency's Near-Coastal Program and National Estuary Program, we urge the permitting authorities to consider discharges into near-coastal waters as the highest priority for the reissuance of OCPSF permits. [For the purpose of this strategy, the term "near-coastal waters" include the inland waters to the head of tide, the territorial seas, and the contiguous ocean. The term also includes Great Lakes and areas of greater distance where necessary to protect coastal barrier islands and the mouths of certain estuaries.]

If reopener clause is in the permit or the State has regulation to provide authority to reopen permits upon promulgation of new guidelines but the facility currently discharges pollutants at levels that would exceed the new BPT and/or BAT guidelines ("non-complying facility"), the permitting authority must examine whether the facility discharges to a near-coastal water.

If a non-complying facility discharges to a near-coastal water, its permit must be reissued before expiration. The compliance deadline in the permit may be established up to March 31, 1989. If the permittee cannot comply with the new permit limits by March 31, 1989, an administrative compliance order (AO) may be issued to establish a compliance schedule as expeditiously as practicable, but no later than three years beyond the effective date of the reissued permit. The AO normally would be prepared and publicly noticed simultaneously with the draft permit.

SECTION 6. <u>DETERMINATION OF PRIORITY FOR PERMIT REISSUANCE IF PERMITTING AUTHORITY HAS AUTHORITY TO REOPEN THE PERMIT</u>

For the rest of the facilities which are currently discharging pollutants at levels that would exceed the new BFT and/or BAT guidelines, but do not discharge into a near-coastal water, the permitting authority is expected to establish a schedule to reopen the permits based on the following priority factors:

6.a. Does the facility discharge into a water listed under §304(1)(1)(A)(ii) (also known as the "Long List")?

For the non-complying facilities listed on the Long List, the permitting authority should consider immediate reissuance of the permit before the permit expires.

6.b. Does the facility frequently discharge pollutants at levels significantly higher than the new guidelines?

For the purpose of assessing guideline compliance in this strategy, the definitions of "frequently" and "significantly" are recommended as follows:

6.b.1. "Frequently" means situations where analysis results of more than one third of the samples exceed the guideline's limits (either daily maximum or monthly average) for any BPT or BAT pollutant.

Example 1: Five monthly DMR reports during 1987 showed that TSS monthly average loadings exceeded 3,000 lbs/day. The guideline's monthly average limit is 2,000 lbs/day. Therefore, since more than one third (would be four out of twelve reports) of the samples exceed the guideline's limit, this situation would fall into the "frequently" category.

Example 2: In cases where only one grab sample is reported by the facility, and the phenol level exceeds the guideline's daily maximum limit of 0.026 mg/L, (e.g., the analysis shows the phenol level to be 0.040 mg/L), then the term "frequently" applies.

6.b.2. "Significantly" when applied to <u>BPT</u> pollutants means that the discharge level is more than 40% higher than the guideline's limit (either daily maximum or monthly average).

Example: A facility discharges a monthly average BOD5 of 1,500 lbs/day. The guideline's monthly average limit is 1,000 lbs/day. In this case, the BOD5 level is "significantly" higher than the guideline's limit.

6.b.3. "Significantly" when applied to <u>BAT</u> pollutants means that the discharge level is more than 20% higher than the guideline's limit (either daily maximum or monthly average).

Example: A facility discharges a daily maximum total cyanide of 8.0 lbs/day. The guideline's daily maximum limit is 6.0 lbs/day. In this case, the total cyanide level is "significantly" higher than the guideline's limit.

The non-expiring permits for the facilities which "frequently" discharge "significantly" higher levels of pollutants should be reissued under a higher priority.

6.c. Are the pollutants exceeding the new guidelines mostly toxics?

If they are, the reissuance priority should be higher as the number of toxic pollutants which exceed the guideline's limits increases. For example, a facility discharging chlorobenzene and total cyanide at levels higher than the guidelines should have its permit reissued before reissuing a permit for another facility which has higher TSS levels than the guidelines.

6.d. Has the discharger been designated as a major facility?

The "major" industrial facilities were classified by the Agency for the purpose of resource allocation and commitment tracking. The major facilities are assumed to have a potentially more significant impact on the environment and therefore should have a higher priority for permit reissuance. 6.e. How good are the data used to assess compliance? Are they reliable?

The permitting authority should use its own judgment to determine the quality of the data used in this assessment. Factors to consider are: How old are the analyses? How low are the detection limits? Where were the samples taken (i.e., before or after mixing with the non-process flow)? etc. Note: The less reliable the data are, the higher the priority of permit reissuance should be.

6.f. Does the permit expire after October 1, 1991?

For those facilities which are currently discharging pollutants at levels that would exceed the new guidelines, and which will expire after October 1, 1991, we recommend earlier permit reissuance.

6.g. Are there other factors which need to be considered by the permitting authority?

If there are, they should also be considered in prioritizing the reissuance schedule.

SECTION 7. REISSUANCE OF PERMITS

Based on the priority factors described in Section 6, two options are left to the discretion of the permitting authority as follows:

7.a. Permits determined to be reopened on a higher priority

Permitting authorities should reopen permits before permits expire. The compliance deadline in the permit may be established up to March 31, 1989. If the permittee cannot comply with the new permit limits by March 31, 1989, an administrative compliance order (AO) may be issued to establish a compliance schedule as expeditiously as practicable, but no later than three years beyond the effective date of the reissued permit. The AO normally would be prepared and publicly noticed simultaneously with the draft permit.

7.b. Permits determined not to be reopened prior to the expiration date

Since compliance assessment has indicated that these facilities are currently discharging pollutants at levels that would exceed the new BPT and/or BAT guidelines, the

permitting authority must use letters to request submission of compliance plans from the permittees. A sample information request letter for this purpose is provided as Option 2 in Attachment D. The permitting authority must also notify these facilities that immediate compliance is expected upon permit reissuance.

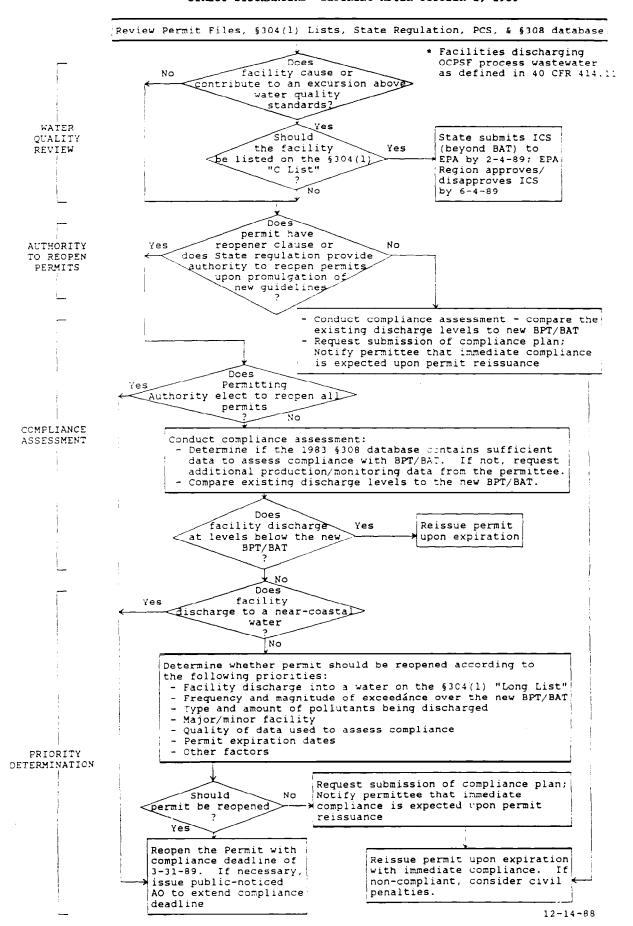
Permits which fall in this group will be reissued upon expiration and immediate compliance with the permit limits will be expected upon reissuance. If discharges are not in compliance with the permit limits by the effective date of the reissued permit, civil penalties against the discharging facilities should be considered. Technical details on preparation, negotiation, and trial of actions for the recovery of administrative penalties are contained in a series of guidances transmitted to the Regions in a memo, "Guidance Documents and Delegations for Implementation of Administrative Penalty Authorities Contained in 1987 Clean Water Act Amendments", on August 28, 1987.

ATTACHMENT A

FLOW CHART OF THE NPDES PERMITTING STRATEGY FOR OCPSF
INDUSTRY DIRECT DISCHARGE PERMITS* EXPIRING AFTER FY-89

* NPDES permits for facilities discharging OCPSF process wastewater as defined in 40 CFR 414.11

FLOW CHART OF THE NPDES PERMITTING STRATEGY FOR OCFSF INDUSTRY DIRECT DISCHARGERS* EXPIRING AFTER OCTOBER 1, 1989



ATTACHMENT B

LIST OF KNOWN ACTIVE OCPSF DIRECT DISCHARGERS BY REGION

Total known OCPSF facilities = 417

The following NPDES facilities were retrieved from PCS record based on the following criteria: (1) facilities which responded to the 1983 survey and still discharge actively; and (2) major facilities which have SIC codes of 2821, 2823, 2824, 2865, and 2869.

Each permitting authority must review the discharge status of these facilities. Delete from the list any facility which does not currently discharge OCPSF process wastewater (as defined in 40 CFR 414.11) and/or add to the list any additional OCPSF facilities, then submit the amended list to EPA, Office of Water Enforcement and Permits (OWEP), Permits Division, 401 M Street, S.W., Washington D.C. 20460 by March 10, 1989.

NPDES NO.	FACILITY NAME	<u>.</u>		EXPIR.		SIC DESCRIPTION
REGION I	(total = 19)					
	(CT = 6)					
080000010	AMERICAN CYANAMIDE COMPANY	М	121283	121288	2821	PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS
c 7 0 0 0 1 3 4 1	UPJOHN COMPANY	М	110981	073086	2869	INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
010001678	BELDING CHEMICAL INDUSTRIES		123174	123179	2821	PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS
010001881	RAYMARK CORPORATION		121079	121384	3292	ASBESTOS PRODUCTS
010003131	DOW CHEMICAL-ALLYNS POINT	М	060484	060489	2819	INDUSTRIAL INORGANIC CHEMICALS
01000 3891	HUMPHREY CHEMICAL CO		122374	122379	2869	INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
	(MA = 9)					
4 A O O O O 4 4 Z	POLYSAR_INC.	М	100184	100189	2821	PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS
488CCC0A#	PLYMOUTH RUBBER COMPANY INC					PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS
MA0001180	BOSTIC CHEMICAL GROUP EMHART C	М	362984	062989	2821	PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS
4A0002071	TUCKER COSCO	М	05!#87	051192	2821	PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS
MA0002275	BLANE POLYMERS-VISTA CHEMICAL	М	061984	061989	2821	PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS
440004529	GENERAL LATEX & CHEMICAL CORP	M	062984	062989	2821	PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS
MA0005291	I. C. I. AMERICAS, INC.	4	093087	093092	2865	CYCLIC CRUDES AND INTERMEDIATE
MA0005304	OLIN CHEMICAL	4	030987	030992	2869	INDUST, ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEI
4A0024686	ADVANCE COATINGS CO	M	032985	032990	2821	PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS

				EXPIR.		
NPDES NO.	FACILITY NAME	-	DATE	DATE	CODE	SIC DESCRIPTION
REGION I (continued)					
	AMM - 33					
	(NH = 2)		427405			
	W.R. GRACE					AGRICULTURAL CHEMICALS, NEC
N H U U U 1 U 9 1	K.J. QUINN & COMPANY, INC.	м	082784	082789	2821	PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS
	(A) - 3)					
2100000/7	(RI = 2) BRADFORD DYEING	ш	007007	00700/	2010	
	AMERICAN HOECHST CORP.					INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
x,0000132	AMERICAN HOECHS! CORP.		033062	033087	2003	CYCLIC CRUDES AND INTERMEDIATE
DECION 11	(total = 56)					
KEGION II	(10141 - 50)					
	(NJ = 33)					
NJ0000019	GAF CHEMICALS CORPORATION	м	123085	013191	2860	INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
NJ0000116	NUODEX INC					INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
NJ0000124	KALAMA CHEMICAL INC					INDUST: ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
NJ0001058	AMERICAN CYANAMID COMPANY					INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
NJ0001147	SANDOZ CHEMICALS CORP					INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
NJ0001651	FRITZSCHE DODGE & OLCOTT					FLAVORING EXTRACTS AND SIRUPS
NJ0002798	HENKEL CORPORATION	М				INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
NJ0003018	KENRICH PETROCHEMICALS INC					PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS
NJ0003166	ALLIED CORPORATION					INDUSTRIAL INORGANIC CHEMICALS
NJ0003182	STEPAN CHEMICAL CO					INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
NJ0003506	ADRON					INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
NJ0003697	COLLOID CHEMICAL INC					INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NET
NJ0004120	CIBA-GEIGY CORP					PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS
NJ0004219	E I DUPONT DE NEMOURS					CYCLIC CRUDES AND INTERMEDIATE
NJ0004235	OCCIDENTAL CHEMICAL CORP					PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS
NJ0004278	AIR PRODUCTS & CHEMICALS INC					INDUSTRIAL INORGANIC CHEMICALS
NJ0004286	B.F. GOODRICH CO.					PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS
NJ0004391	OCCIDENTAL CHEMICAL CORP.					PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS
NJ0005045	MONSTANTO COMPANY					INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
NJ0005100	E I DUPONT DE NEMOURS					INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
NJ0005134	HERCULES INCORPORATED					INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
NJ0005142	HERCULES INCORPORATED					CYCLIC CRUDES AND INTERMEDIATE
NJ0005291	SOUTHLAND CORP					INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
NJ0005509	SYBRON CHEMICALS INC					PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS
NJ0005754	TECHNICAL DIL PRODUCTS CO INC	4	040786	053186	2869	INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
NJ0020478	PANTASOTE COMPANY OF NEW YORK	M	110183	113038	2821	PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS
NJ0029483	WITCO CHEMICAL CORP					INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NES
NJ0030970	ARSYNCO INC	H	031485	031489	2824	ORGANIC FIBERS, NONCELLULOSIC
NJ0032662	DARTCO MANUFACTURING					CYCLIC CRUDES AND INTERMEDIATE
NJ0033545	RBH DISPERSIONS	м	040186	033191	2865	CYCLIC CRUDES AND INTERMEDIATE
NJ0034428	SPECIALTY TONER CORPORATION					CYCLIC CRUDES AND INTERMEDIATE
NJ0034444	UNGERER & CO.					INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
NJ0034720	JVEX CORF					PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS

NPDES NO.	FACILITY NAME	<u>.</u>		EXPIR.		SIC DESCRIPTION
REGION II	(continued)					
	(NY = 18)					
N Y A A A A A A A	FMC CORPORATION	м	052285	070190	2869	INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
NY0001198						•
NY0001406						INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
NY0001435	-					
NY0001643						•
NY0002470						CYCLIC CRUDES AND INTERMEDIATE
	E.I. DUPONT DE NEMOURS					INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
NY0003336	OCCIDENTAL CHEMICAL-E.D.S, PRO					·
NY0005801	SCHENECTADY CHEMICALS, INC.					PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS
NY0006050	SCOTT PAPER COMPANY					PAPER MILLS EXC BUILDING PAPER
NY0006076	STONEY POINT TECHNICAL PARK					INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
NY0006670						INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
NY0007072	_					PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS
NY0008605						PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS
NY0024392						
NY0068225						INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
	AMPACET CORP					CYCLIC CRUDES AND INTERMEDIATE
	DIAZ CHEMICAL CORP					INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
N 1 0 1 0 1 1 0 0						The state of the s
	(PR = 5)					
PR0000086	DEMACO CORP.	М	022586	033191	2869	INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
	UNION CARBIDE CARIBE INC					·
	OXOCHEM ENTERPRICE					INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
·-	SAFETY KLEEN ENVIROSYSTEMS CO					•
	VINELAND CHEMICAL CO OF PR					INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS. NEC
, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,						
REGION III	(total = 58)					
	(DE = 6)					
DE00000 35	DUPONT DENEMOURS & CO. INC-SEA	M	050583	050488	2821	PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS
DE0000272	AKZO CHEMICAL INC.	М	040583	040488	2812	ALKALIES AND CHLORINE
DE0000612	FORMOSA PLASTICS CORPORATION U	M	101783	101688	2821	PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS
DE0000621	ICI AMERICA INC ATLAS POINT	м	110884	110789	2869	INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
	GEORGIA-GULF CORPORATION					PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS
	STO. CHLORINE OF DELAWARE	M	051084	050989	2865	CYCLIC CRUDES AND INTERMEDIATE
	(MD = 6)					
M00000299	FMC CORPORATION					INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NES
MD0000345	NUODEX INC.	M	021188	021193	2869	INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
MD0000540	VISTA CHEMICAL COMPANY		042888	042893	2869	INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
	NEVAMAR CORP					CRGANIC FIBERS, NONCELLULOSIC
MD0003387	SPECTRON, INC.					INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
MD0056332	ESSEX INDUSTRIAL CHEMICALS INC	M	100185	100190	2869	INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC

			EFFEC.	EXPIR.	SIC	
NPDES NO.	FACILITY NAME	*	DATE	DATE	CODE	SIC DESCRIPTION
REGION III	(continued)					
	(PA = 11)		000507	000500		
PA0000507	HERCULES INCORPORATED - JEFFER					
PA0001970	KOPPERS OIL CITY PLANT					PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS
PA0001988	KOPPERS CO PETROLIA PA					CYCLIC CRUDES AND INTERMEDIATE
PA0004979	NEVILLE CHEMICAL COMPANY					PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS
PA0006254	ARCO CHEMICAL COMPANY - BEAVER					
PA0006394	RIDGWAY COLOR & CHEMICAL					INDUSTRIAL INORGANIC CHEMICALS
PA0012769	ROHM & HAAS-DELAWARE VLY INC.					
PA0012777	ROHM & HAAS CO PHILA PLANT					INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
PA0022047	CROMPTON & KNOWLES CORPORATION					
PA0070505	IMC CHEMICAL GROUP					INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
PA0091391	POLYCOM HUNTSMAN	М	093085	093090	2821	PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS
	711A 445					
	(VA = 14)		0/1/07	0/1/03	2021	D. 407150 WATER 4110 AND ACC.
VA0000299	CELANESE CORP, NARROWS					PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS
VA0001074	HOBAY - DAMASCUS					INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
VA0001601	DUPONT MARTINSVILLE					THROWING AND WINDING MILLS
VA0001856	WAYNE TEX, INC.					NONWOVEN FABRICS
VA0002160	DUPONT WAYNESBORO					PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS
VA0002208	AVTEX FIBERS INC, FRONT ROYAL					CELLULOSIC MAN-MADE FIBERS
VA0003077	ICI AMERICA CORP-HOPEWELL PLT					PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS
VA0003433	HERCULES INC-FRANKLIN PLANT					INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
VA0003450	HERCULES INC-COVINGTON PLANT					ORGANIC FIBERS, NONCELLULOSIC
VA0003654	BASE CORP FIBERS DIV					ORGANIC FIBERS, NONCELLULOSIC
VA0004669	DUPONT SPRUANCE					PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS
VA0004782	WRIGHT CHEMICAL CORP WAVERLY					ADHESIVES AND SEALANTS
VA0005291	ALLIED CHEM CORP, HOPEWELL	M	120186	120191	2869	INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
VA0005312	ALLIED CHEM CORP-CHESTERFIELD	M	093086	093091	2824	ORGANIC FIBERS, NONCELLULOSIC
	(WV = 21)	м	041/0/	041700	2040	THOUGH ORGANIC CHEMICALC
WV0000078	UNION CARBIDE CORPORATION					INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
WV0000086	RHONE-POULENC AG COMPANY					INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
WV0000094	UNION CARBIDE CORPORATION					PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS
WV0000132	GOODYEAR TIRE & RUBBER COMPANY					
WV0000400	FMC CORPORATION					INDUSTRIAL INORGANIC CHEMICALS
WV0000787						INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
WV0000841	BORG WARNER CHEMICALS, INC.					PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS
8680000VW	MONSANTO COMPANY					INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
WV0001112	USS CHEMICALS					PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS
WV0001279	E.I.DU PONT DE NEMOURS & CO.					PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS
WV0001651	C.S.T., INCORPORATED					INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NET
WY0001708	MASON DIXON TANK LINES					INDUST, ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
WV0002313	OCCIDENTAL ELECTROCHEMICALS	М	012786	012691	2869	INDUST, ORGANIC CHEMICALS, HED

				E V D 1 B	e 1 c	
		_		EXPIR.		
NPDES NO.	FACILITY HAME	-	DATE	DATE	CODE	SIC DESCRIPTION
DEC.10H 111	(continued)					
KEGION 111	(tont indea)					
WV0002399	E. I. DUPONT	М	051887	051892	2873	NITROGENOUS FERTILIZERS
WV0002496	AKZO CHEMICAL INC.	М	103086	102991	2869	INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
WV0004359	P.P.G. INDUSTRIES, INC.					
WV0004413	OLIN CORPORATION					INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
	KOPPERS COMPANY, INC.					INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
	WESTON CHEMICAL COMPANY INC					INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
	MOBAY CHEMICAL CORPORATION					PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS
WV0022047						CYCLIC CRUDES AND INTERMEDIATE
#10022041						
REGION IV	(total = 94)					
	(AL = 15)					
AL0000108	•	м	040888	041493	2869	INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
AL0000116	MONSANTO TEXTILES CO	М	123185	010391	2824	ORGANIC FIBERS, NONCELLULOSIC
AL0000205	3M CO-DECATUR PLT	М	060185	060190	2821	PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS
AL0001597	DUPONT-MOBILE PLANT	м	091087	091492	2879	AGRICULTURAL CHEMICALS, NEC
AL0001961	AKZO CHEMICAL, INC.					ALKALIES AND CHLORINE
AL0002097	ALLIED CORP-FAIRFIELD TAR PLT					CYCLIC CRUDES AND INTERMEDIATE
AL0002801						PAPER MILLS EXC BUILDING PAPER
	COURTAULDS NO AMERICA MOBILE					CELLULOSIC MAN-MADE FIBERS
AL0003026	VIRGINIA CHEMICALS					INDUSTRIAL INORGANIC CHEMICALS
AL0003085		ш				INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
AL0003093	CIBA GEIGY CORP.					INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
AL0003221	KOPPERS-WOODWARD ORGANICS					
AL0003247	SLOSS					BLAST FURNACES AND STEEL MILLS
AL0023272	DEGUSSA CORP AL GROUP					AGRICULTURAL CHEMICALS, NEC
AL0026921	LAWTER INTERNATIONAL-SOUTH RES					
AL0042447	M&T CHEMICALS, INC	М	091086	091291	2869	INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
	(FL = 9)					
FL0000060	REICHHOLD CHEM JAX	М	030984	033189	2821	PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS
		м	091884	091889	2821	PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS
	UNION CAMP CORPORATION					INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
FL0007343	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •					INDUST, ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
						INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
FL0002488	MONSANTO CORP					ORGANIC FIBERS, NONCELLULOSIC
	AMERICAN CYANAMID					INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
	DUPONT DE NEMOURS & CO					
	ALPHA CHEM CORP					PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS
FL0038300	WESTVACO CORP-ST JOHN'S DEPT	М	092884	103189	2821	PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS
	(GA = 4)					
GA0000051	REICHHOLD CHEMICALS, INC.					PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS
	HENKEL CORPORATION	М	120287	120192	2869	INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
GA0002160						INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
	KATALISTICS					CHEMICAL PREPARATIONS, NEC
440755001	FU196191104		= *		-	

^{* =} Major (M) or Minor (blank) facility updated 10-3-88

EFFEC. EXPIR. SIC FACILITY NAME * DATE DATE CODE SIC DESCRIPTION REGION IV (continued) (KY = 17)KY0000361 CLOPAY CORP PLASTIC FILM DIV M 031788 041593 2821 PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS KY0000493 DU PONT WURTLAND PLT M 011083 020988 2821 PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS KY0001112 BORDEN CHEM LOUISVILLE M 052483 062188 2869 INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC M 041283 051188 2869 INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC KY0001279 DOW CORNING CARROLLTON KY0001431 M & T CHEM CARROLLTON M 093085 102990 2869 INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC KYCOO1457 B F GOODRICH CHEM LOUISVILLE M 082283 092188 2821 PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS KY0001953 W R GRACE OWENSBORO M 092685 102590 2821 PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS KY0002119 OLIN CORP BRANDENBURG M 042088 053193 2869 INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC KY0002305 ROHM & HAAS KY INCORPORATED 033083 042988 2869 INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC 082787 092592 2869 INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC KY0003433 VANDERBILT CHEMICAL KY0003484 B F GOODRICH CHEM CALVERT CY M 060183 063088 2812 ALKALIES AND CHLORINE KY0003514 AIR PRODS & CHEM-CALVERT CITY M 030183 022888 2821 PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS KY0003603 PENNWALT CORP CALVERT CITY M 032883 042788 2812 ALKALIES AND CHLORINE KY0003701 GAF CHEMICALS CORPORATION M 061083 070988 2869 INDUST, ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC KY0024643 CUSTOM RESINS DIVISION M 061083 070988 2821 PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS KY0064645 KY AGRICULTURAL ENERGY CORP M 091484 101289 2869 INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC M 080886 090691 2869 INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC KY0082571 UNISON TRANSFORMER SERVICE (MS = 6)MSOOO1520 REICHHOLD CHEM GULFPORT INDUS M 090184 063089 2821 PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS MS0001791 FIRST CHEM CORP PASCAGOULA M 100286 093091 2865 CYCLIC CRUDES AND INTERMEDIATE M 092986 092891 2861 GUM AND WOOD CHEMICALS MS0001830 HERCULES INC. MS0001970 VISTA POLYMERS INC M 050986 033191 2821 PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS MS0027995 CEDAR CHEMICAL CORPORATION M 100686 063091 2865 CYCLIC CRUDES AND INTERMEDIATE MS0029190 SYLVACHEM CORP. M 070585 063090 2869 INDUST, ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC (NC = 9)NCOOO0299 BASE FIBERS-BASE CORPORATIONL 040185 033190 2823 CELLULOSIC MAN-MADE FIBERS 010186 123190 2821 PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS NCOOOO663 E. I. DUPONT, WILMINGTON NC0001112 CAPE INDUSTRIES 010588 063091 2867 INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC 031387 083190 2821 PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS NCOO03573 E. I. DUPONT, FAYETTEVILLE 050185 043090 2824 ORGANIC FIBERS, NONCELLULOSIC HC0003760 E. I. DUPONT, KINSTON

(SC = 24)

SCOODO281 BASE CORPORATION/ANDERSON M 080285 083190 2824 ORGANIC FIBERS, NONCELLULOS!C SCOOD0302 BASE CORPOR/FIBERS DIV M 010937 013192 2282 THROWING AND WINDING MILLS SCOOD0400 OWENS-CORNING FIBERGLAS M 031585 033190 3229 PRESSED AND BLOWN GLASS, NEC SCOOD0914 LOBECO PRODUCTS INC M 052385 063090 2865 CYCLIC CRUDES AND INTERMEDIATE

NC0004952 CELANESE FIBERS OPERATION 011386 022890 2821 PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS NC0005274 CROMPTON & KNOWLES CORP-LOWELL 052987 063090 2865 CYCLIC CRUDES AND INTERMEDIATE

030483 031088 2869 INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC

060686 053191 2821 PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS

NC0004375 SANDOZ CHEMICALS CORPORATION

NCOOD4944 CELANESE FIBERS - SALISBURY

			EFFEC.	EXPIR.	SIC	
NPDES NO.	FACILITY NAME	-	DATE	DATE	CODE	SIC DESCRIPTION
REGION IV	(continued)					
SC0001180	ETHYL CORP/ORANGEBURG PLANT	M	101485	103190	2861	GUH AND WOOD CHEMICALS
sc0001333	CAROLINA EASTMAN CO	M	070887	073192	2824	ORGANIC FIBERS, NONCELLULOSIC
sc0001783	CELANESE FIBERS/CELRIVER PLANT	H	082586	093091	2823	CELLULOSIC MAN-MADE FIBERS
sc0001791	HOECHST CELANESE CORPORATION	М	103086	113091	2821	PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS
sc0002305	CELANESE FIBERS/GREENVILLE PLT	м	020384	022889	2824	ORGANIC FIBERS, NONCELLULOSIC
sc0002321	ABCO INDUSTRIES INC	М	090685	093090	2869	INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
sc0002585	DU PONT/MAY PLANT					ORGANIC FIBERS, NONCELLULOSIC
sc0002682	HARDWICKE CHEMICAL COMPANY					CYCLIC CRUDES AND INTERMEDIATE
sc0002798	HOECHST FIBERS INC					ORGANIC FIBERS, NONCELLULOSIC
\$00002917	DU PONT/FLORENCE PLANT					PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS
sc0003107	PHILLIPS FIBERS CORP					ORGANIC FIBERS, NONCELLULOSIC
sc0003441						CYCLIC CRUDES AND INTERMEDIATE
sc0003492	SYBRON CHEMICALS INC					INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS. NEC
sc0003557	ALLIED CORP/ALLIED-SIGNAL INC					ORGANIC FIBERS, NONCELLULOSIC
sc0003581	MILLIKEN & CO/MILLIKEN CHEM					INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
500003367	FIBER INDUSTRIES INC					ORGANIC FIBERS, NONCELLULOSIC
sc0026506	DU PONT/COOPER RIVER PLANT					ORGANIC FIBERS, NONCELLULOSIC
sc0028584						INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS. NEC
500028384	R-M INDUSTRIES INC					INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
	SPECIALITY IND. PROD. INC					INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
sc0037826	SPECIALITY IND. PROD. INC	М	113007	113092	2519	INDUST: ORGANIC CHEMICACS, NEC
	(TN = 10)					
*********		u	120107	117000	2040	INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
TN0000078	QD CHEMICALS, INC. ALPHA RESINS CORPORATION					PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS
TN0000442	···					
TN0002259	DUPONT OLD HICKORY					PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS
TN0002640	TN EASTMAN CO KINGSPORT					PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS
TN0002810	BASF FIBERS					THROWING AND WINDING MILLS
TN0002844	DU PONT CHATTANOOGA					PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS
T N O O O 3 4 2 5	ICI AMERICAS, INC.					INDUST. ORGANIC, CHEMICALS, NEC
TN0004421	NORTH AMERICAN RAYON CORP		•			CELLULOSIC MAN-MADE F:BERS
TN0029378	ICI AMERICAS, INC.					INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
TN0040550	SYNTHETIC INDUSTRIES	М	010184	123188	2821	PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS
REGION V	(total = 41)					
	(IL = 16)					
110000035			092785	080190	2911	PETROLEUM REFINING
110000141	QUANTUM CHEMICAL CORPORATION					WATER SUPPLY
110000621	NATIONAL STARCH AND CHEMICAL					ORGANIC FIBERS, NONCELLLOSIC
110001350	BORDEN INC.	м	052485	040190	2824	ORGANIC FIBERS, NONCELLULOSIC
110001392	GOODRICH, B.F. CO.	м	057485	030190	2821	PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS
	MOBIL OIL-JOLIET STY	м	090385	080190	2821	PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS

NPDES NO.	FACILITY NAME	<u>*</u>	EFFEC.	EXPIR.		SIC DESCRIPTION
REGION V (continued)					
110001627	AMOCO CHEMICALS CO WILLOW SP	м	020884	091588	2821	PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS
10001627						
110001929						PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS
110001727	STEPAN CHEMICAL CO.					SURFACE ACTIVE AGENTS
110002917		м	072985	070190	2818	
110003140	MINN MINING & MFG. CO.	М	071084	070189	2821	PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS
110003191						PHARMACEUTICAL PREPARATIONS
110005151		М	112883	090188	2821	PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS
110026069	AKZO CHEMIE AMERICA-MORRIS PLA					
110034622	REICHOLD CHEMICALS INC.	М	012986	120190	2822	SYNTHETIC RUBBER
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	(1N = 3)					
1 N O O O O 7 3 6	UNIROYAL PLASTICS COMPANY, INC	М	093085	083190	2821	PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS
IN0002101	GENERAL ELECTRIC CO.	М	093085	083190	2821	PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS
[N0002861	ELI LILLY AND CO.	М	093087	093092	2833	MEDICINALS AND BOTANICALS
	(MI = 6)					
M10000540	BASF-WYANDOTTE	M	091986	100187	2821	PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS
M10000761	BASF-HOLLAND	М	120182	083187	2865	CYCLIC CRUDES AND INTERMEDIATE
M10000868	DOW CHEM USA-MIDLAND	М	051784	063088	2821	PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS
M10000884	DUPONT - MONTAGUE	М	082586	100188	2822	SYNTHETIC RUBBER
M10002381	PENNWALT CORPORATION	М	091986	100187	28.9	INDUSTRIAL INORGANIC CHEMICALS
M10026034	WACKER SILICONES CORPORATION	М	091986	100189	2821	PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS
	(OH = 16)					
OH00022 83	DIVERSITECH GENERAL INC	М	082384	082089	2821	PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS
OH0002615	BP CHEMICALS AMERICA, INC	М	092785	092487	2869	INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
0 H 0 0 0 4 0 0 6	ELKEM METALS COMPANY	H	062681	063082	3313	ELECTROMETALLURGICAL PRODUCTS
OH0004251	PPG INDUSTRIES, INC.	М	032985	032688	2821	PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS
OH0005177	PPG INDUSTRIES, INC.	M	072385	072090	2812	ALKALIES AND CHLORINE
OH0006327	E I DUPONT DENEMOURS CO	M	071786	082789	2821	PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS
OH0006769	OCCIDENTAL CHEMICAL	М	093086	092788	2821	PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS
OH0007030	SHELL OIL COMPANY	M	122383	122088	2821	PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS
0H0007196	UNION-CAMP CORPORATION	м	122383	122088	2899	CHEMICAL PREPARATIONS, NEC
онооо7269	DOVER CHEMICAL	M	050885	050590	2869	INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
OHO097 39 1	ARISTECH CHEMICAL CO.					CYCLIC CRUDES AND INTERMEDIATE
онооо7544	ALLIED CORPORATION	М	092785	092490	2865	CYCLIC CRUDES AND INTERMEDIATE
040009946	MONSANTO COMPANY					PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS
оноо63444	HUKILL CHEMICAL CORPORATION					INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
OH0076392	SOUTH POINT ETHANOL	м	071483	071188	2869	INDUST, ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
OH0088072		М	092386	092088	2821	PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS

NPDES NO.	FACILITY NAME	<u>.</u>		EXPIR. DATE		SIC DESCRIPTION
REGION VI	(total = 135)					
	(AR = 5)					
AR0001236	BTL SPECIALTY RESINS CORP.	M	081586	091591	2821	PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS
	ARKANSAS EASTMAN-BATESVILLE		101086	111091	2869	INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
	CHEMICAL PROCESSING & SERVICES		082984	082989	2869	INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
AR0037800	ENERGY SYSTEMS CO (ENSCO) EL D	М	092785	092790	2869	INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
AR0038512	VERTAC CHEMICAL-JACKSONVILLE	M	091484	101589	2865	CYCLIC CRUDES AND INTERMEDIATE
	(LA = 51)					
LA0000191	UNION CARBIDE-HAHNVILLE	М	090487	100492	2869	INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
LA0000191						INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
LA0000493	REICHOLD CHEMICAL CO-OAKDALE					
LA0000761	PPG IND-LAKE CHARLES					INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
LA0000833	AMERICAN HOECHST CORP-BATON RO	М	091484	1*01589	2865	CYCLIC CRUDES AND INTERMEDIATE
LA0000841	EXXON CORP-SOUTH PELTO	М	030786	040791	2821	PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS
LA0000892	RUBICON CHEMICAL INC-CLARK	М	092884	102989	2869	INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
LA0002933	VULCAN MATERIALS COMPANY-GEISM	м	092085	103190	2869	INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
LA0002950	BASE CORPORATION-GEISMAR	M	112878	063081	2869	INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
LA0003271	MORTON THIOKOL INC	M	092383	102388	2819	INDUSTRIAL INORGANIC CHEMICALS
LA0003301	DOW CHEMICAL CO-PLAGUEMINE	М	040387	050392	2869	INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
LA0003336	VISTA CHEMICAL-LINEAR ALKYBEZE	М	082986	092991	2849	INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
LA0003441	MELAMINE CHEMICAL-DONALDSONVIL	М	052584	062589	2859	INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
LA0003689	HIMONT U.S.A. INC.	М	053086	053091	2821	PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS.
LA0003751	COS-MAR PLANT (COSDEN OIL & CH	M	092383	102388	2355	CYCLIC CRUDES AND INTERMEDIATE
LA0003905	LOUISIANA CHEMICAL POLYMERS,	М	091484	111091	2821	PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS
LA0004057	GRANT CHEMICAL-BATON ROUGE	М	083184	093089	2869	INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
LA0004090	ETHYL CORP-BATON ROUGE	M	092785	092790	2869	INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
LA0004367	AMERICAN CYANAMID-WESTWEGO	М	092785	092790	2869	INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
LA0005266	MONSANTO OIL CO-LULING					INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
LA0005291	WITCO CHEMICAL CO-GRETNA					INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
LA0005347	OLIN CORPORATION-LAKE CHARLES					
LA0005355	EXXON CHEM CO-BATON ROUGE					PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS
LA0005401	EXXON CHEM CO-BATON ROUGE					INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NET
LA0005479	ALLIED-SIGNAL, INC-BATON ROUGE					
	CHEVRON CHEMICAL CO-BELLE CHAS	M	091484	101589	2869	INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NED
LA0005754	SHELL CHEM-GEISMAR					INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NED
LA0005762						INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
£ A O O O 6 O O 9	ALLEMANIA CHEMICAL CO.					INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NET
LA0006149						INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEI
LA0006165						PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS
LA0006181	ALLIED-SIGNAL, INC-GEISMAR					INDUSTRIAL INORGANIC CHEMICALS. NEIL
LA0006220	MONOCHEM PETROLEUM-GEISMAR					
LA0007129						INDUST, ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC- INDUST, ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC-
LA0007501	CHEMBOND CORPORATION	M	112150	122171	2004	INDUST, UNGENTED UNDERTERES, 100

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FACILITY NAME * DATE DATE CODE SIC DESCRIPTION
NPDES NO.
REGION VI (continued)
                                         M 052088 062093 2869 INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
LA0007854 IMC FERTILIZER INC.
LADO29963 CHEVRON CHEMICAL CO.-ST.JAMES M 092383 102388 2865 CYCLIC CRUDES AND INTERMEDIATE
LA0038245 ROLLINS ENVIRONMENTAL SER INC- M 031585 041590 2869 INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
LA0038890 NALCO CHEMICAL CO.GARYVILLE LA M 061584 071689 2899 CHEMICAL PREPARATIONS, NEC
LAGO41025 CERTAIN-TEED PRODUCTS CORP-CAM H 070486 080491 2821 PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS
LADO46361 AIR PROD & CHEM INC.ST CHARLES M 082385 082390 2869 INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
LA0050962 SHELL CHEMICAL CO-POLYPROPYLEN M 091484 101589 2821 PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS
LADOSS794 OCCIDENTAL CHEMICAL CORP. M 083184 093089 2821 PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS
LAOO56171 OCCIDENTAL CHEMICAL CORP.
                                        M 072983 083088 2812 ALKALIES AND CHLORINE
                                        M 382184 382189 2869 INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
LA0059846 OCCIDENTAL CHEMICAL CORP.
LAGG69612 UNION TEXAS PRODUCTS CORP. - G M 123185 10:589 2869 INDUST, ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
LA0069850 OCCIDENTAL CHEMICAL CORP. LAKE M 080886 090891 2869 INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
LADD69914 CELERON DIL & GAS COMPANY-JENN M 063086 06309! 2869 ! VDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
LAGO70793 COMPLEX CHEMICAL-TALLULAR M 022087 032092 2869 INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
LAGO71111 VIDALIA ETHANOL I-VIDALIA M 011487 011492 2869 INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
LAGO71382 WESTLAKE POLYMERS CORP-LOW DEN # 031387 041392 2821 PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS
          (OK = 2)
                                        M 060'84 070289 2821 PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS
OKOOOO388 PONY INDUSTRIES, INC.
OKOOO1031 VISTA CHEMICAL-OKLAHOMA CITY P M 060184 090289 2821 PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS
          (TX = 77)
                                         M 061783 071788 2821 PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS
TX0000574 BORDEN INC., DIBALL, TEXAS
TX0000949 TEXAS EASTMAN CO-LONGVIEW
                                          M 092085 102090 2869 INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
TX0002798 HOBAY CHEMICAL CO-BAYTOWN
                                          M 052987 062992 2869 14DUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
                                          M 091484 101589 2821 PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS
TXCO02836 QUANTUM CHEMICAL CORPORATION
TX0002844 UNION CARBIDE CORP-PORT LAVACA M 092785 052391 2869 INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
TX0002933 DOW CHEMICAL CO.-LAPORTE-FREEP M 050385 060390 2869 INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
TX0002968 FIRESTONE SYN RUBBER-ORANGE
                                         M 041288 041293 2822 SYNTHETIC RUBBER
                                          M 080787 090792 2869 INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
TX0003531 LYONDELL PETROCHEMICAL CO.
TX0003689 GOODYEAR TIRE & RUBBER-HOUSTON M 091484 101589 2822 SYNTHETIC RUBBER
                                          M 092385 092390 2869 INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
TX0003875 MONSANTO COMPANY
TX0003948 CHEVRON CHEMICAL CO-CEDAR BAYO M C70585 080590 2869 INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
TX0004669 E I DUPONT DE NEMOURS-BEAUMONT M 082385 082390 2869 INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
TX0004731 ETHYL CORP-PASADENA
                                         M 092884 102989 2869 INDUST. DRGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
TX0004758 AMOCO CHEMICAL COMPANY
                                         H 091484 101589 2869 INDUST, ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
TX0004821 AMOCO CHEMICAL CO-CHOC BAYOU M 083184 093089 2821 PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS
TX0004839 CHEVRON CHEMICAL CO.-ORANGE
                                          M 081586 010289 2821 PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS
                                          M 392884 102889 2869 !NOUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
TX0004863 SHELL OIL CO-HOUSTON
TX0004961 MOBAY SYNTH CORP & TX PET CORP M 391484 101591 2869 INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
TX0005061 GOODYEAR TIRE & RUBBER CO.-BEA M 122982 122987 2822 SYNTHETIC RUBBER
                                          M 072685 072690 2869 INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC
TX0005070 TEXACO CHEMICAL COMPANY
                                          M 062485 062490 2865 CYCLIC CRUDES AND INTERMEDIATE
TX0005096 KOPPERS
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FACILITY NAME

HPDES NO.

EFFEC. EXPIR. SIC

* DATE DATE CODE

SIC DESCRIPTION

REGION VI (continued) TX0005576 BTL SPECIALTY RESINS CORP-HOUS M 082984 082989 2821 PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS TX0005584 MERICHEM CO-HOUSTON M 092884 102989 2865 CYCLIC CRUDES AND INTERMEDIATE TX0005592 TEXACO CHEMICAL COMPANY-CONROE M 091484 101589 2869 INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC TX0005606 TEXACO CHEMICAL COMPANY-PORT N M 080885 080890 2869 INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC TX0005860 AMERICAN TEXMARK, INC DBA TEXM M 081787 081792 2869 INDUST. DRGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC TX0005941 ROLLINS ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES M 101885 111890 2869 INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC TX0006017 CELANESE CHEMICAL CO-BAY CITY M 092884 102989 2869 INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC TX0006025 CELANESE ENGINEERING RESINS M 092884 102989 2869 INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC M 082184 082189 2821 PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS TX0006033 SOLTEX-DEER PARK (CELANESE) TX0006050 E I DUPONT DE NEMOURS-VICTORIA M 060184 070289 2821 PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS TX0006068 ARISTECH CHEMICAL CORP. M 032185 032190 2869 INDUST, ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC TX0006084 ROHM & HASS-DEER PARK M 091484 101589 2869 INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC TX0006297 QUANTUM CHEMICAL CORPORATION M 120283 010289 2821 PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS TX0006327 E I DUPONT DE NEMOURS-ORANGE M 092884 102989 2869 INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC TX0006335 OCCIDENTAL CHEMICAL CORPORATIO M 091484 101589 2821 PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS TX0006483 DOW CHEMICAL CO-FREEPORT M 092587 102592 2869 INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC TX0006602 WITCO CHEMICAL CORP-POINT COMF 020485 020490 2865 CYCLIC CRUDES AND INTERMEDIATE TX0007021 EXXON CHEMICAL AMERICAS-HOUSTO M 091484 101589 2869 INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC M 092884 102989 2869 INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC TX0007048 LUBRIZOL CORP-HOUSTON TX0007064 PENNWALT CORP-HOUSTON M 030885 040890 2869 INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC M 091484 080890 2859 INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC TX0007323 GAF CHEMICALS CORP. TX0007421 FINA OIL & CHEMICAL CO.-DEER P M 072988 082993 2821 PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS TX0007439 FERMENTA PLT PROT, A SUB SDS BI M 053185 063090 2869 INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC TX0007552 PHILLIPS CHEMICAL COMPANY M 091484 101589 2821 PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS M 020885 C3119C 2821 PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS TX0007897 ALLIED-SIGNAL, INC.-GRANGE M 020485 020490 2821 PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS TX0007951 COOK PAINT & VARNISH TX0008737 RHONE-POULENC, INCORPORATED M 082184 082189 2865 CYCLIC CRUDES AND INTERMEDIATE TX0008761 NALCO CHEMICAL CO. FREEPORT M 091484 101589 2869 INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC TX0008788 BASE CORPORATION M 092785 092790 2869 INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC TX0008907 E I DUPONT DE NEMCURS-INGLESID M 072685 082690 2869 INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC TX0008931 PD GLYCOL & PPG IND.INC, JOINT M 091484 101589 2869 INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC TX0028011 JETCO PETR M 051785 061790 2869 INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC TX0030139 UNION CARBIDE-BROWNSVILLE M 072984 072089 2869 INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC TX0030228 ARCO CHEMICAL CO-BAYPORT M 052584 062589 2865 CYCLIC CRUDES AND INTERMEDIATE M 081988 091993 2819 INDUSTRIAL INORGANIC CHEMICALS TX3052825 PENNWALT CORP-BEAUMONT M 060184 070289 2821 PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS TX0053813 SHINTECH TX9356529 ROHM AND HAAS-DEER PARK M 05:785 061790 2869 INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC ADVANCED AROMATICS, INC. M 082984 082989 2865 CYCLIC CRUDES AND INTERMEDIATE TX0059285 M 011885 021890 2869 INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC DOW CHEMICAL CO-FREEPORT TX0059447 TX0060933 PILOT INDUSTRIES OF TEX, INC. 013087 013092 2911 PETROLEUM REFINING TX0062448 CHEMALL, INC.-PORT HECHES M 010683 010688 2869 ! NOUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC TX0063967 CHEVRON CHEMICAL CO.-CHANNELV: M 091484 101589 2821 PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS TX0067946 SCHENECTADY CHEMICALS INC-FREE 101185 101190 2865 CYCLIC CRUDES AND INTERMEDIATE

EFFEC. EXPIR. SIC FACILITY NAME * DATE DATE CODE SIC DESCRIPTION REGION VI (continued) TX0068934 MOBIL CHEM-LDPE PLANT-BEAUMONT M 092085 110387 2821 PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS TX0070416 LA PORTE CHEMICALS CORP/C/O TH M 092884 102989 2869 INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC TX0072320 GEORGIA-GULF CORP-HOUSTON M 072084 072089 2869 INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC TX0074276 ARISTECH CHEMICAL CORP. M 092884 102989 2821 PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS M 092884 102989 2824 ORGANIC FIBERS, NONCELLULOSIC TX0076996 CCPC CHEMICAL INC. TX0077577 B P CHEMICALS AMERICA INC. M 030885 040890 2869 INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC TX0077593 QUANTUM CHEMICAL CORPORATION M 091484 101589 2869 INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC TX0077887 EXXON CHEMICAL CO USA-BAYTOWN M 083184 093089 2869 INDUST, ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC TX0082261 GEORGIA-PACIFIC RESINS, INC. M 071684 071689 2821 PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS 121382 033186 2911 PETROLEUM REFINING TX0082805 CCPC CHEMICAL INC. TX0085570 FORMOSA PLASTICS CORP. U.S.A. M 092785 C92790 2869 INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC TX0089125 EXXON CHEM CO-MONT BELVIEU PLA M 092587 102592 2821 PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS TX0100404 AMOCO CHEMICALS CO.CEDAR BAYOU M 071186 071191 2869 INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC REGION VII (total = 4) (1A = 3)[A0000191 QUANTUM CHEMICAL CORPORATION M 101487 103191 2821 PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS M 080982 050187 2879 AGRICULTURAL CHEMICALS, NEC 1A0000205 MONSANTO CO MUSCATINE 1A0002038 FREEMAN CHEMICAL CORP BURLING 112984 103189 2821 PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS (MO = 1)M 123185 123091 2873 NITROGENOUS FERTILIZERS REGION VIII (total = 2) (UT = 1)UT0000361 GENEVA STEEL-BASIC MGF TECH UT M 110581 063086 3312 BLAST FURNACES AND STEEL MILLS (WY = 1)WY0032590 UNION PACIFIC RR-LARAMIE TRPLT M 032086 013191 2865 CYCLIC CRUDES AND INTERMEDIATE REGION IX (total = 4) (CA = 4)CA0004936 DUPONT DE NEMOURS&CC M 081084 050189 2869 INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS, NEC CA0027693 ASHLAND CHEMICAL CO. 112'84 112189 5161 CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS 042384 041089 3079 MISCELLANEOUS PLASTICS RPODUCT CAOOSS182 A & E PLASTICS CAOC58033 ROHM & HASS OF SO. CA M 012688 011093 2821 PLASTICS MATERIALS AND RESINS

Ε	F	F	Ε	С		ε	X	p	I	R		s	I	С	
_			_	_	-	_			•		•	_	•	-	

NPDES NO.	FACILITY NAME	* DATE DATE CODE	SIC DESCRIPTION
REGION X	(total = 4)		
	(WA = 4)		
WA0000256	JAMES RIVER CORP. OF NEVADA	M 101185 101190 261	PULP MILLS
WA0000281	KALAMA CHEMICAL INC	M 030185 030190 2865	CYCLIC CRUDES AND INTERMEDIATE
WA0000621	SCOTT PAPER CO	M 062485 062490 261	PULP MILLS
WA0003077	ITT RAYONIER INC (HOQUIAM)	M 093085 093090 261	PULP MILLS

ATTACHMENT C

COMPLIANCE ASSESSMENT PROCEDURE FOR OCPSF DIRECT DISCHARGERS

(Refer to Section 4 of the strategy)

OBJECTIVE OF THE ASSESSMENT

The objective of this compliance assessment is for NPDES permit writers to determine whether the OCPSF direct dischargers are currently discharging pollutants at levels which could comply with the new BPT and/or BAT Effluent Limitations Guidelines.

PROCEDURE

The following three sections describe a step-by-step procedure to identify and obtain the information necessary to conduct the compliance assessment (Section A), to conduct BPT compliance assessment (Section B), and to conduct BAT compliance assessment (Section C). An example is given immediately after the description of each step. Attachments C-1, C-2, and C-3 provide a blank 3-page worksheet, and an example of how the worksheet is used, and a 4-page summary of OCPSF guidelines, respectively.

Use the information on Form 2C, PCS, the 1983 §308 survey data (based on 1980 production/effluent data), and the 48 Plants Sampling Database compiled by EPA for the permit limit calculations and for the comparison of calculated results with the effluent quality data. If data is unavailable or insufficient, additional production and/or self-monitoring data should be requested from the permittee (see Attachment D for a sample information request).

EXAMPLE FOR THE CALCULATION PROCEDURE

Plastiform, Inc. located in Anytown, USA produces a variety of thermoplastic and thermosetting resins and commodity organic chemicals covered under SIC codes 2821 and 2869. The long-term daily average process wastewater flow from Plastiform is 3.2 MGD. Process wastewater is combined before activated sludge treatment and is discharged through outfall 001. The non-contact cooling tower blowdown, having a long-term average flow of 1.1 MGD, contains an average TSS of 10 mg/L and is combined with the treated process wastewater before discharging through Outfall 001. Form 2C contains the following information:

OCPSF PRODUCT	ANNUAL PRODUCTION MILL.LBS/YR	WASTE WATER FLOW	MANUFACTURING PROCESS
SAN resins	100.2	0.60	Emulsion and Suspension Polymerization
Phenolic resins	4.7	0.82	Polycondensation of phenol with formaldehyde
Polystyrene	215.4	0.45	Mass polymerization of styrene
Formaldehyde	60.8	1.33	Dehydration, oxidation of methanol with silver catalyst

- Section A. Identify and obtain the information necessary to conduct the compliance assessment, i.e., to calculate permit limits for an OCPSF facility.

EXAMPLE

NPDES No. AT0000001 Facility Plastiform - Anytown Outfall 001

EXAMPLE

OCPSF PRODUCT (Compare to 40CFR Parts B thru H & Table VII in App. III-A of Dev.Doc)	SIC	ANNUAL PRODUCTION (million lbs/yr)	PROCESS WASTE FLOW* (MGD) (2)
SAN resin	2821	100.2	0.60
Phenolic resins	2821	4.7	0.82
Polystyrene	2821	215.4	0.45
Formaldehyde	2865	60.8	1.33

^{*} Use the long-term average flow, e.g., the highest monthly average flow during the past twelve (12) months or the highest yearly mean of the twelve monthly average flows during the past five (5) years. In situations where flow varies significantly from month-to-month, use discretion to develop a case-by-case determination.

Step A-3 From 1983 §308 survey data or Form 2C, determine the manufacturing process for each OCPSF product. Using Appendix A of 40 CFR 414, identify the process which is listed as non-complexed metal/cyanide bearing wastestream. Enter the listed metal or cyanide in the appropriate row of column (4) as follows:

EXAMPLE

OCPSF PRODUCT	MANUFACTURING PROCESS (Compare to Appendix A to 40 CFR Part 414)	NON-COMPLEXED METAL/CYANIDE BEARING WASTE (from Appen- dix A) (4)
SAN resin	Emulsion & suspension polymeriza.	Cr, Zn
Phenolic resins Polycondensation of phenol/formal		-
Polystyrene Mass polymerization of Styrene		-
Formaldehyde	Dehydration, oxidation of	Ag (BPJ)
	methanol with silver catalyst	

Step A-4 Calculate total annual production (in million pounds per
year) and total process wastewater flow (in MGD) as
follows:

EXAMPLE

OCPSF PRODUCT	SIC	ANNUAL PRODUCTION (million lbs/yr)	PROCESS WASTE FLOW (MGD) (2)
---------------	-----	---	--

TOTAL (1) (3) 3.20

Step A-5 Determine if there is any non-OCPSF process wastewater or nonprocess wastewater discharging to the same outfall and contains detectable BOD5 or TSS. If yes, enter its long-term average flow and assign allowable concentrations based on the permit writer's BPJ. If no, go to step A-6.

EXAMPLE

Non-OCPSF process wastewater and nonprocess wastewater (BPJ):

(Description)

Non-contact cooling tower blowdown

	NON-	BPJ CONCENTRATION (6)								
	OCPSF	BOD5 TSS								
	FLOW(5)	(mg/	/L) {	(mg/L)						
	(MGD)	Max.	Avg.	Max. Avg.						
!	1.10	0	0	20	10					

EXAMPLE

TOTAL FLOW FROM THIS OUTFALL (7) = 3.20 + 1.10

4.30

- Section B. Conduct <u>BPT</u> compliance assessment, i.e., calculate <u>BPT</u> limits based on the information acquired in Section A, then compare the results with the existing discharge quality.

If more than one subcategory applies to the OCPSF process wastewater, follow the steps below:

- Categorize the OCPSF products into each subcategory
- Enter their respective annual production
- Sub-total annual production within each subcategory
- Divide each sub-total by the total annual production
- Enter the subcategory proportion in each corresponding row.

EXAMPLE

SUB- PART	SUBCATEGORY (from 40 CFR Parts B-H)	OCPSF PRODUCT	ANNUAL PRODUCT. million lbs/year	SUB- TOTAL (8)	SUBCATEGORY PROPORTION (9)=(8)/(1)	
D	SAN Resins		100.2	315.6		
	Thermoplastic Resins	Polystyrene	215.4	313.0	0.83	
		Phenolic Resins		4 7	0.01	
E	Thermosetting Resins,			4.7	0.01	
	Commodity	<u> </u>		60.0		
F	Organic Chemicals			60.8	0.16	
			TOTAL =	(1) 381.1	1.00	

Step B-2 Obtain the BPT limits from Table 1 and calculate production-weighted concentration limits as follows:

EXAMPLE

i i	SUBCATEGORY PROPORTION (9)=(8)/(1)	(10),		1		CAL((11))	MITS (10)		
	(2) (2)/(2)			Max.	Avg.	Max. Avg.			Avg.
D	0.83	64	64 24		40	53	20	108	33
Е	0.01	163	61	216	67	2	1	2	1
F	0.16	80	80 30		46	13	5	24	7
1	1.00								

Step B-3 Add calculated concentrations in each subcategory and obtain the production-weighted concentration limits for OCPSF process wastewater as follows: [If all contributing OCPSF process wastewater pertain to a single OCPSF subcategory, enter the BPT limits (from Table 1) in row (12).]

EXAMPLE

	CALCULATED LIMITS							
	BOD5 TSS							
l	Max.	Avg.	Max.	Avg.				
(12)	68	26		41				
TOTAL =	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L				

Step B-4 If no additional non-OCPSF process wastewater or other nonprocess wastewaters is discharged from this outfall, go to Step B-8.

If there are other wastewaters discharged from the same outfall, multiply the results from Step B-3 by the total OCPSF process flow (from Box 3 in Step A-4) as follows:

EXAMPLE

$$(13) = (12) \times 3.20 = 218 \times 83 \times 429 \times 131$$

Step B-5 Calculate BPJ allowance for non-OCPSF process wastewaters or other nonprocess wastewaters (from Box 5 in Step A-5) as follows:

EXAMPLE

$$(14) = 1.10 \times (6) = 0 0 22 11$$

Step B-6 Add the results of Steps B-4 and B-5 as follows:

EXAMPLE

$$(15) = (13) + (14) = 218 | 83 | 451 | 142$$

Step B-7 Divide the results from Step B-6 by the total wastewater flow discharged from this outfall (from Box 7 in Step A-6). The result gives the expected concentrations discharged from this outfall if all the flows are the same as those given in Form 2C.

EXAMPLE

EXPECTED CONCENTRATION FROM THIS OUTFALL:

Step B-8 Compare the results from Step B-3 or B-7 with the daily maximum and monthly average concentrations reported on form 2C, DMR reports, the 1983 §308 survey data, or the 48 plant sampling database. If the current discharge level exceeds the results from Step B-7, follow Section 4.a.2 or 4.b.2 of the strategy.

Step B-9 Calculate the mass loading limits by multiplying the results from Step B-3 or B-6 by 8.34 (unit conversion factor) as follows:

EXAMPLE

FINAL MASS LOADING LIMITS ON THE PERMIT:

Step B-10 Compare the results from Step B-9 with the daily maximum and monthly average mass loadings reported on Form 2C, DMR reports, the 1983 §308 survey data, or the 48 plant sampling database. If the current discharge level exceeds the results from Step 3-9, follow Section 4.a.2 or 4.b.2 of the strategy.

- Section C. Conduct <u>BAT</u> compliance assessment, i.e., calculate <u>BAT</u> limits based on the information acquired in Section A, then compare the results with the existing discharge quality.
 - Step C-1 Determine if the total annual production is less than or equal to 5 million pounds per year. If yes, no additional calculation is necessary. If no, complete this section.

EXAMPLE	

Yes, BAT = BPT. X No. Go to Step C-2.

Step C-2 Identify the type(s) of treatment the facility uses for treating the OCPSF process wastewater. Determine whether end-of-pipe biological treatment is used. If yes, BAT limits in 40 CFR 414 Subpart I apply. If no, BAT limits in 40 CFR 414 Subpart J apply.

EXAMPLE

Type of Treatment for the OCPSF Process Wastewater:

Activated Sludge treatment of ter process wastewaters are combined

End-of-Pipe (EOP) Biological Treatment Used?
__X Yes (use Subpart I) No (use Subpart J)

Step C-3 If none of the non-complexed metal-bearing or cyanidebearing wastestream(s) is identified in Step A-3, go to Step C-6.

If any non-complexed metal-bearing or cyanide-bearing wastestream is identified, enter the BAT limit, from Subpart I or J depending on the result of Step C-2, for the parameter and its corresponding OCPSF process wastewater flow (from Column (2) in Step A-2) as follows:

EXAMPLE

NON-COMPLEXED WASTE PARAMETER (from Column (4), Step A-3)	BAT LI (from Subp Daily Max (ug/L)	part I/J) Monthly Avg	WASTEWATER FLOW (18) (from Step A-2) (MGD)
Cr	2,770	1,110	0.60
Zn	2,610	1,050	0.60
Ag (BPJ)	200	100	1.33

Step C-4 Multiply the BAT limit by its corresponding flow, divide the result by the total wastewater flow discharged from this outfall (from Box 7 in Step A-6), then multiply by 0.001 (unit conversion factor). The result gives the expected concentrations discharged from this outfall if all flows are the same as those given in Form 2C.

Calculate the mass loading limits by multiplying the BAT limit by its corresponding flow and 0.00834 (unit conversion factor) as follows:

EXAMPLE

FINAL CONCENTS ON PERMIT (mg/ [(17) x (18)/4 Daily Max.	(L)-optional	ON THE PERI (17) x (18	MIT (lbs/day) 8) x 0.00834
0.39	0.15	13.9	5.6
0.36	0.15	13.1	5.3
0.06	0.03	2.2	1.1

* COMPLIANCE ASSESSMENT * *****************

Step C-5 Compare the results from Step C-4 with the daily maximum and monthly average concentrations and mass loadings reported on Form 2C, DMR reports, the 1983 §308 survey data, or the 48 plant sampling database. If current discharge level exceeds the results from Step C-4, follow Section 4.a.2 or 4.b.2 of the strategy.

Step C-6 Enter BAT limits, from Subpart I or J depending on the result of Step C-2, for the rest of the BAT parameters.

EXAMPLE

PARAMETER		LIMITS (19)
(from Subpart I or J)		part I or J) Monthly Avg. (ug/L)
Acenaphthene	59	22
(list all) .	•	•
Vinyl Chloride	268	104

Step C-7 Multiply the BAT limit by the total OCPSF process wastewater flow (from Box 3 in Step A-2), divide the result by the total wastewater flow discharged from this outfall (from Box 7 in Step A-6), then multiply by 0.001 (unit conversion factor). These are the expected concentrations discharged from this outfall if all flows are the same as those given in Form 2C.

Calculate the mass loading limits by multiplying the BAT limits by the total OCPSF process wastewater flow and by 0.00834 (unit conversion factor) as follows:

EXAMPLE

ON THE PERMIT [(19) x 3.20 /	rration Limits (mg/L)-optional /4.30] x 0.001 Monthly Avg.	ON THE PERM (19) x 3.2	LOADING LIMITS IT (lbs/day) O x 0.00834 Monthly Avg.
0.044	0.016	1.57	0.59
	•	•	
•	•	•	
0.199	0.077	7.15	2.78

Step C-8 Compare the results from Step C-7 with the daily maximum and monthly average concentrations and mass loadings reported on Form 2C, DMR reports, the the 1983 §308 survey data, or the 48 plant sampling database. If current discharge level exceeds the results from Step C-7, follow Section 4.a.2 or 4.b.2 of the strategy.

NOTE: If all pollutants discharged from this facility are at levels below the calculated results from Steps B-7, B-9, C-4, and C-7, follow Section 4.a.1 or 4.b.1 of the strategy.

(Compliance Assessment Procedure continued)

ATTACHMENT C-1

WORKSHEET FOR OCPSF PERMIT WRITING

BASIC INFORMATION FOR OCPSF PERMIT LIMITS CALCULATION

NPDES No		Facil	ity Name _						Out	fall	_
OCPSF PRODUCT (Compare to Sub- parts B thru H & Table VII in App. III-A of Dev.Doc)		ANNUAL PRODUCTION (million lbs/yr)	PROCESS WASTE FLOW* (MGD) (2)	MANUF (Compar 40 CFR		ppendi		(f C B	or the pro omplexed M earing Was	ED PARAMETER cess with Non etal/Cyanide te Stream) Appendix A)	n-
ТО	TAL	(1)	(3)								
Non-OCPSF Process wastewater based o (Description)				NON- OCPSF FLOW(5) (MGD)	ADDITI BOI (mg/ Max.)5	ALLOWANG TSS (mg/ Max.	5	тнз	TAL FLOW FROM IS OUTFALL (7 = (3) + (5)	
							_		=		

^{*} Use long-term average flow, e.g., the highest monthly average flow during the past twelve (12) months or the highest yearly mean of the twelve monthly average flows during the past five (5) years. In situations where flow varies significantly from month-to-month, use discretion to develop a case-by-case determination.

WORKSHEET FOR OCPSF-BPT LIMITS CALCULATION

p. 2 of 3

NPDES	No	Facility	Name			_		_		Out	tfall		
SUB- PART	SUBCATEGORY (from 40 CFR Subparts B-H)	OCPSF PRODUCT	ANNUAL PRODUCT. million lbs/year	(8)	SUBCATEGORY PROPORTION (9)=(8)/(1)	(10) B(, see DD5	RY LIM = Tabl TS Max.	e 1 SS	(11) B) = (<u>!</u> DD5	ED LIN	(10) SS
			TOTAL =	(1)	1.00			LATOT	(12)	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L
Skip (nonpro	13) thru (15) cess wastewat	if <u>no</u> additional cers discharged fro	non-OCPSI om this ou	F or otatlati	her (1	13) =	(12)	x (3)	=				
	onal Allowand	ce for non-OCPSF o	r other no	onproce	ess (1	4) =	(5) >	(6)	=				
					(1	.5) =	(13)	+ (14) =				
	FINAL CONCENT	TRATION LIMITS ON T	THE PERMIT	r (OPTI	CONAL): (1	.6) =	(15)	/ (7)	= {	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L
	FINAL MASS LO	DADING LIMITS ON T	HE PERMIT:	:			(15)	x 8.3	4 = {	lb/d	lb/d	lb/d	lb/d

WORKSHEET FOR OCPSF-BAT LIMITS CALCULATION

p. 3 of 3

NPDES No.	Fac	cility Name		<u> </u>	Outf	all
Yes, B	AT = BPT.	duction (Box 1 on No.	Please continu	e.	to 5 million	n lbs/year?
Type of Treatme	ent for the OCP	SF Process Wastewa	iter:	<u> </u>		
		Treatment?otal cyanide, use			No (use	Subpart J)
(from Column	(from Subpart Daily Max Mont	S (17) WASTEWATER I/J) FLOW (18) hly Avg (from (2)) g/L) (MGD)	ON PERMIT (mg	/L)- optional (7)] x 0.001	ON THE PERM (17) x (18	MIT (lbs/day) 3) x 0.00834

For the remaining BAT parameters, use the following table:

PARAMETER (from Subpart I or J)	IMITS (19) art I or J) Monthly Avg. (ug/L)	ON THE PERMIT	TRATION LIMITS (mg/L)-optional / (7)] x 0.001 Monthly Avg.	ON THE PERM (19) x (3)	

(Compliance Assessment Procedure continued)

ATTACHMENT C-2

EXAMPLE OF HOW THE OCPSF WORKSHEET IS USED

4.30

EXAMPLE

BASIC INFORMATION FOR OCPSF PERMIT LIMITS CALCULATION

NPDES No. AT 00	00001	Facili	cy Name _	Plastifo	orm –	Anytow	<u>n</u>	 '	OutfallO01
OCPSF PRODUCT (Compare to Sub- parts B thru H & Table VII in App. III-A of Dev.Doc)	SIC	ANNUAL PRODUCTION (million lbs/yr)	PROCESS WASTE FLOW* (MGD) (2)	MANUFA (Compare 40 CFR	e to A			(fe	ON-COMPLEXED PARAMETER or the process with Non-omplexed Metal/Cyanide earing Waste Stream) 4) (from Appendix A)
SAN resin	2821	100.2	0.60	Emulsion & s	suspen	sion p	olymeri	za.	Cr, Zn
Phenolic resins	2821	4.7	0.82	Polycondensa	ation (of phe	nol/for	nal	-
Polystyrene	2821	215.4	0.45	Mass polymer	cizati	on of	Styrene		-
Formaldehyde	2865	60.8	1.33	Dehydration, oxidation of				Ag (BPJ)	
				methanol	with	silve	r cataly	yst	
TO	TAL	(1) 381.1	(3)						
Non-OCPSF process wastewater based of (Description)			-	NON- PROCESS FLOW(5) (MGD)	ADDITI BOI (mg, Max.	05 (L)	ALLOWANG TSS (mg/	3	TOTAL FLOW FROM
Non-contact cooling tower blowdown				1.10	0	0	20	10	THIS OUTFALL (7) = (3) + (5)
									·

^{*} Use long-term average flow, e.g., the highest monthly average flow during the past twelve (12) months or the highest yearly mean of the twelve monthly average flows during the past five (5) years. In situations where flow varies significantly from month-to-month, use discretion to develop a case-by-case determination.

WORKSHEET FOR OCPSF-BPT LIMITS CALCULATION

p. 2 of 3

EXAMPLE

NPDES No. At 0000001 Facility Name Plastiform - Anytown Outfall 001

SUB- PART	SUBCATEGORY (from 40 CFR Parts B-H)	OCPSF PRODUCT	ANNUAL PRODUCT. million lbs/year	SUB- TOTAL (8)	SUBCATEGORY PROPORTION (9)=(8)/(1)	(10) Bo		e Tabl	le 1 SS	(11) B	D5	9) x ∥ T:	(10) SS
D	mh armon la atria	SAN Resins	100.2	315.6	0.93	64	24	130	40	E 2	20	100	22
D	Thermoplastic Resins	Polystyrene	215.4	313.6	0.83	04	24	130	40	53	20	108	33
E	Thermosetting	Phenolic Resins	4.7	4.7	0.01	163	61	216	67	2	,		1
]	Resins			4.7	0.01	103	01	216	67	2		2	<u> </u>
	Commodity	Formaldehyde	60.8	60.8	0.16	80	30	149	46		_		
F	Organic Chemicals			60.6	0.16	80	30	149	46	13	5	24	7
			TOTAL =	(1) 381.1	1.00			IATOT	(12)	mg/L	26 mg/L		41 mg/L

Skip (13) thru (15) if <u>no</u> additional non-OCPSF or other nonprocess wastewaters discharged from this outfall:

$$(13) = (12) \times (3) = 218 83 429 131$$

Additional Allowance for non-OCPSF process wastewater and other nonprocess wastewaters:

$$(14) = (5) \times (6) = 0 0 22 11$$

FINAL CONCENTRATION LIMITS ON THE PERMIT (OPTIONAL):

(16) = (15) / (7) =
$$\begin{bmatrix} 51 & 19 & 105 & 33 \\ mg/L & mg/L & mg/L & mg/L \end{bmatrix}$$

FINAL MASS LOADING LIMITS ON THE PERMIT:

WORKSHEET FOR OCPSF-BAT LIMITS CALCULATION

p. 3 of 3

EXAMPLE

NPDES No. AT 0000001	Facility Name	Plastiform - Anytown	Outfall <u>001</u>
Is the Total OCPSF Annual Yes, BAT = BPT.		page 1) less than or equal to Please continue.	o 5 million lbs/year?
Type of Treatment for the wastewaters are combined		ater: <u>Activated Sludge tre</u>	eatment after process
End-of-Pipe (EOP) Biologic	cal Treatment? X	Yes (use Subpart I)	_ No (use Subpart J)
" A A DI NE TO	مستن ملامة سمعتم المطبط فا	the Callagina table	

For Cr, Cu, Pb, Ni, Zn, and total cyanide, use the following table:

NON-COMPLEXED WASTE PARAMETER (from Column (4) on page 1)	(from S	ubpart I/J)	FLOW (18)	FINAL CONCENT ON PERMIT (mg, [(17) x (18)/ Daily Max.	/L)-optional	ON THE PERI (17) × (1	8) x 0.00834
Cr	2,770	1,110	0.60	0.39	0.15	13.9	5.6
Zn	2,610	1,050	0.60	0.36	0.15	13.1	5.3
Ag (BPJ)	200	100	1.33	0.06	0.03	2.2	1.1

For the remaining BAT parameters, use the following table:

PARAMETER (from Subpart I or J)		IMITS (19) cart I or J) Monthly Avg. (ug/L)	ON THE PERMIT	rration Limits (mg/L)-optional / (7)] x 0.001 Monthly Avg.		
Acenaphthene	59	22	0.044	0.016	1.57	0.59
	•	•	•	•	•	•
(list all) .	•	•	•	•	•	•
Vinyl Chloride	268	104	0.199	0.077	7.15	2.78

(Compliance Assessment Procedure continued)

ATTACHMENT C-3

SUMMARY

OF

OCPSF EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS GUIDELINES

This attachment includes the following documents:

Table 1 Summary of OCPSF Effluent Limitations Guidelines

Subparts I (§414.91) and J (§414.101) for BAT limits

Appendix A to Part 414 - Non-complexed Metal-Bearing
Waste Streams and Cyanide-Bearing
Waste Streams

Appendix B to Part 414 - Complexed Metal-Bearing Waste Streams

TABLE 1 SUMMARY OF OCPSF EFFLUENT GUIDELINES

			В	PT	PSES	BAT
40 CFR 1	Reference		Daily Maximum (mg/L)	Monthly Average (mg/L)		
414.20	Subpart B Rayon Fibers	BOD TSS	64 130	24 40	47 Organic and Heavy Metals.	Under 5 million pounds production, BAT=BPT. Over 5 million pounds
414.30	Subpart C Other Fibers	BOD TSS	48 115	18 36		with end-of-pipe biological treatment, subject to 414.91
						Over 5 million pounds without end-of-pipe biological treatment, subject to 414.101.
414.40	Subpart D Thermoplastics Resins	BOD TSS	64 130	24 40		
414.50	Subpart E Theromsetting Resins	BOD TSS	163 216	61 67		
414.60	Subpart F Commodity Organics	BOD TSS	80 149	30 46		
414.70	Subpart G Bulk Organic Chemicals	BOD TSS	92 159	34 49		
414.80	Subpart H Specialty Organic Chemicals	BOD TSS	120 183	45 57		4.3
414.90	Subpart I Direct Dischargers with EOPBT					Limitations on 62 toxic pollutants (organics and heavy metals).
414.100	Subpart J Direct Discharges without EOPBT					58 Limitations on 59 toxic pollutants (organic and heavy metals).

NOTE: BCT is reserved for all Subparts; pH range is 6-9 for Subparts B through H

Subpart I—Direct Discharge Point Sources That Use End-of-Pipe Biological Treatment

\$414.91	Effluent li BAT and	
Effluent characteristics	Maximum for any one day	Maximum for monthly average
Acenaphthene	38	22 96 37 18 15
1.2.4- Trichlorobenzene Hexachlorobenzene 1.2-Dichloroethane 1.1.1-Trichloroethane Hexachloroethane 1.2-Dichloroethane 1.1.2-Trichloroethane Chloroethane Chloroform 2-Chlorophenol 1.2-Dichlorobenzene 1.3-Dichlorobenzene 1.4-Dichlorobenzene 1.1-Dichlorobenzene	54 54 59 54 268 46 98 163 44 28	68 15 68 21 21 22 21 104 21 31 77 31 15
1,2-trans- Dichloroethylene 2,4-Dichlorophenol 1,2-Dichloropropane	. 54	21 39 153
1.3- Dichloropropylene 2.4-Dimethylphenol 2.4-Dinitrotoluene 2.6-Dinitrotoluene Ethylbenzene Fluoranthene	36 285 641	29 18 113 255 32 25
Chloroisoprepytlether Methylene Chlonde Methyl Chlonde Hexachlorobutadiene Naphthalene Nitrobenzene 2-Nitrophenol 4-Nitrophenol 2-4-Dinitrophenol 4-6-Dinitro-o-cresol	190 49 59 68 69 124 123 277	201 40 86 20 22 27 41 72 71 78 15
Bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate Di-n-butyl phthalate Diethyl phthalate Dimethyl phthalate Benzo(a)anthracene Benzo(a)pyrene	57 203 47 59	103 27 81 19 22 23
3.4- Benzofluoranthene Benzo(k)fluoranthene Chrysene Acenaphthylene Anthracene Fluorene Phenanthrene Pyrene Tetrachloroethylene Toluene Tnchloroethylene Vinyt Chloride Total Copper Total Copper Total Cyanide Total Nickel Total Nickel Total Zinc*	59 59 59 59 67 67 56 80 54 268 2,770 3,380 1,200 690 3,980	23 22 22 22 22 22 25 22 25 22 26 21 104 1,110 420 320 1,690 1,050

¹ All units are micrograms per liter ² Total Zinc for Rayon Fiber Manufacture that uses the viscose process and Acrylic Fiber Manufacture that uses the zinc chlonde/ solvent process is 6.796 μg/l and 3.325 μg/l for maximum for any one day and maximum for monthly average, respectively

Subpart J—Direct Discharge Point Sources That Do Not Use End-of-Pipe Biological Treatment

	\$ 414.101	BAT e limitano NSF	ns and
	Effluent charactenstics	Maximum for any one day	Maximum for monthly average
	Acenaphthene	47	19
	Acrylonitale	232	94
	Benzene	134	
	Carbon Tetrachlonde Chlorobenzene	380 380	142
	Trichlorobenzene	794	196
	Hexachiorobenzene	794	196
	1.2-Dichloroethane 1,1,1-Trichloroethane	574 59	180 22
	Hexachloroethane	794	196
	1,1-Dichloroethane	59	
	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	127	32
	Chloroethane	295	110
	Chloroform	325 794	111
	 1.2-Dichlorobenzene 1.3-Dichlorobenzene 	1	196 142
	1.4-Dichlorobenzene	380	142
	 1-Dichloroethylene 1.2-trans- 	€0	22
	Dichloroethylene 1 2-Dichloropropane 1.3-	66 794	25 196
	Dichloropropylene	794	196
	2.4-Dimethylphenol	47	19
	Ethylbenzene Fluoranthene	380 54	142
: ([*]	chloroscopropyl)ather	704	196
`.	Methylene Chlonde	170	36
9	Methyl Chloride		110
	Hexachlorobutadiene	380	142 19
	Naphthalene Nitrobenzene		
	2 Nitrophenol	!	
	4-Nitrophenol	576	162
	2,4-Dinitrophenol 4,6-Dinitro-o-cresol Phenol		1,207 78 19
	Bis(2-		1
	ethylhexyl)phthalate	258	95
	Di-n-butyl phthalate	43	
	Dietnyl phthalate		
	Dimethyl phthalate Benzo(a)anthracene		19
	Benzo(a)pyrene	1	1
	Benzorluoranthene	48	20
	Benzo(k)fluoranthene		19
	Chrysene		19
	Acenaphthylene Anthracene	1	19
	Fluorene	٠ _	19
	Phenanthrene	1	19
	Pyrene	. 48	20
	Tetrachloroethylene	1	
	Toluene		
	Trichloroethylene		
	Vinyl Chloride Total Chromium		
	Total Copper	1	
	Total Cyanide		
	Total Lead	690	320
	Total Nickel	1	
	Total Zinc *	2,610	1,050

¹ All units are micrograms per liter. ² Total Zinc for Rayon Fiber Manufacture that uses the viscose process and Acrylic Fibers Manufacture that uses the zinc chlondersolvent process is 6,796 µg/l and 3,325 µg/l for maximum for any one day and maximum for monthly average, respectively.

Appendix A to Part 414—Non-Complexed Metal-Bearing Wasto Streams and Cyanido-Bearing Waste Streams

Chromium

Methylhydroabietate/Estenfication of hydroabietic acid (rosin) with methanol Acrylic acid/Oxidation of propylene via acrolein

N-butyl alcohol/Hydrogenation of n-Butyraldehyde, Oxo procesa

Cyclohexanone/From phenol via cyclohexanol by hydrogenationdebydrogenation

Fatty amines/Hydrogenation of fatty nitriles (batch)

Helioptropia/Oxidation of isosafrole, chromium catalyst

Isobutanol/Hydrogenation of isobutyraldehyde, Oxo process

Cyclohexyl Mercaptan/Cyclohexanol + Hydrogen sulfide

Ethyl Mercaptan/Ethanol + Hydrogen aulfide

Methanol/H.P. Synthesis from natural gas via synthetic gas

Oxo Alcohols, C7-C11/Curbonation & hydrogenation of C6-C10 Olefins

Polyoxypropylene diamine/Polypropylene glycol + Ammonia n-Propyl alcohol/Hydrogenation of propionaldehyde. Oxo process SAN resin/Suspension polymerization Styrene/Dehydrogenation of ethylbenzene Styrene/Dehydration of methyl benzyl alcohol (coproduct of propylene oxide) 1-Tetralol, 1-Tetralone mix/Oxidation of

tetralin (1.2.3.4-Tetrahydronaphthalene)
3.3.3-Trifluoropropene/Catalyzed hydrogen
fluoride exchange with chlorinated propane
Vinyl toluene/Dehydrogenation (thermal) of
ethyltoluene

Copper

Methylhydroabietate/Esterification of hydroabietic acid (rosin) with methanol Acetaldehyde/Oxidation of ethylene with cupric chloride catalyst

Acetic acid/Catalytic oxidation of butane Acetone/Dehydrogenation of isopropanol Acrylamide/Catalytic hydration of acrylonitrile

Acrylic acid/Oxidation of propylene via acrolein

Acrylonitrile/Propylene ammoxidation Adipic acid/Oxidation of cyclohexanolcyclohexanone mixture

Adipic acid/Oxidation of cyclohexane via cyclohexanol-cyclohexanone mixture Allynttrile/Allychloride + aodium cyanide Aniline/Hydrogenation of nitrobenzene Benzofurans, 2.0-Dihydro-2,2-dimethyl-7benzofuranol/ from o-Nitrophenol + Methallyl chloride

n-Butyl alcohol/Hydrogenation of n-Butyraldehyde, Oxo process

1.4-Butanediol/Hydrogenation of 1.4butynediol

Butryolactone/Dehydrogenation of 1,4butanediol

Cuprolactam/From cyclohexane via cyclohexanone and its oxime Lalian (hydroxydihydrocitronellal)/Hydration and oxidation of citronellol

1.2-Dichloroethane/Oxyhydrochlorination of ethylene

Dialkyldithiocarbamates, metal salts/

Dialkylamines + carbon disulfide 2 Ethylhexanol/from n-Butyraldehyde by

Aldo condensation and hydrogenation Fatty amines/Hydrogenation of fatty nitriles (batch)

(outca)
Geraniol/B-Myrcene + Hydrogen chloride,
esterification of geranyl chloride,
hydrolysis of geranyl acetate

Furfuryl alcohol/Hydrogenation of furfural Gerenial (Citral)/Oxidation of geraniol (copper catalyst)

Glyoxul/Oxidation of ethylene glycol laubutanol/Hydrogenation of

isobutyreldehyde, Oxo process
Isopropanol/Catalytic hydrogenation of

acelone

2-Mercaptobenzothiazoles, copper salt/2-Mercaptobenzothiazole + copper salt Methanol/High pressure synthesis from

natural gas via synthetic gas Methanol/Low pressure synthesis from

natural gas via synthetic gas
Methyl ethyl ketone/Dehydrogenation of secButanol

Oxo alcohols, C7-C11/Carbonation & hydrogenation of C6-C10 olefins Phenol/Liquid phase oxidation of benzoic acid

olyoxyalkylene omnes/Polyoxyalkylene glycol + ammonia

Polyphenylene oxide/Solution polymerization of 2,8-xylenol by oxidative coupling (cuprous salt catalyst)

Polyoxypropylene diamine/Polypropylene glycol + Ammonia

Quinaldine (dye intermediate)/Skraup reaction of aniline + crotonaldehyde Silicones, silicone fluids/Hydrolysis and condensation of chlorosilanes

Silicones, silicone rubbers/Hydrolysis and condensation of chlorosilanes

Silicones, silicone specialties (grease, dispersion agents, defoamers & other products)

Silicones: Silicone resins/Hydrolysis & condensation of methyl, phenyl & vinyl chlorosilanes

Silicones: Silicone fluids/Hydrolysis of chlorosilanes to acyclic & cyclic organosiloxanes

Styrene/Dehydration of a Methylbenzyl alcohol (coproduct of propylene oxide)

Tetrachloroethylene (perchloroethylene)/
Oxyhydrochlorination of tetrachloroethane

Tris(anilino)s-triazine/Cyanuric chloride + aniline + cogeners

Trichloroethylene/Oxyhydrochlorination of tetrachlorocthane

Unsaturated polyester resin/Reaction of muleic anhydride + phthalic anhydride + propylene glycol polyester with styrene or nethyl methacrylate

Lead

Alkyd resin/Condensation polymerization Alkyd resins/Condensation polymerization of phthalic anhydride + glycerin + vegetable oil esters

Anti-knock fuel additive/Blending purchased tetraethyl lead & tetramethyl lead additives Dislkylimines + carbon disulfide

Thiuram (dimethyldithiocarbamate)
hexasulfide/Dimethyldithiocarbamate +
sulfur

Triphenylmethane dyes (methyl violet)/ Condensation of Formaldehyde + N-Methylundine + N.N-dimethylaniline, oxidation of reaction product

4.4'-Bis-(N,N-dimethylanitine) carbinol, Michler's hydrol/Oxidation of 4.4'-Methylene-bis(N,N-dimethylaniline) with lead oxide

Naphthenic acid salts
Stearic acid, metal salts/Neutralization with
a metallic base

Tetraethyl lead/Alkyl halide + sodium-lead alloy

Tetramethyl lead/Alkyl halide + sodiumlead siloy

Nickel

Acetales, 7,11-Hexadecadien-1-ol (gossypture)/Coupling reactions, low pressure hydrogenation, esterification Acetates, 9-dodecen-1-ol (pheromone)/

Coupling reactions, low pressure hydrogenation, esterification

Auglic acid/oxidation of propylene via acrolein

Acrylonitrile/Propylene animoxidation in Alkanes/Hydrogenation of CB-C22 alpha olefine (ethylene oligoners). Adiportitile/Direct cyanation of bur direct.

Alkyl amines/Amination of alcohols
4-Aminoacetanilide/Hydrogenation of 4Nitroacetamilde

BTX/Hydrogenation of olefins (cyclohexenes)

Temphenyls, hydrogenated/Nickel cutalyst, hydrogenation of terphenyl

Bisphenol A, hydrogenated (Biscyclohexanol-A)/Hydrogenation of Bisphenol A Butadiene (1,3)/Extractive distillation of C-4

pyrolyzates n Butanol/Hydrogenation of n-Butyraldehyde, Oxo process

1.3-Butylene glycol/Hydrogenation of acetaldol

1.4-Butanediol/Hydrogenation of 1.4butynediol

Butylenes (mixed)/Distillation pf C4 pyrolyzates

4-Chloro-2-aminophenol/Hydrogenation of 4-Chloro-2-nitrophenol

Lilial (hydroxydihydrocitronellal)/Hydration and oxidation of citronellol

Cycloparaffina/Catalytic hydrogenation of aromatics in kerosene solvent

Cyclohexanol/Hydrogenation of phenol.

Cyclohexanone/From phenol via cyclohexanol by hydrogenationdehydrogenation

Dislkyldithiocarbaniates, metal salts/
Dislkylamines + carbon disulfide
Ethylamine/Reductive amination of ethanol
Ethylamines (mono, di, tri)/Reductive
ammination (aminoria + hydrogen) of
ethanol

Isoeugenol, high % trans/Separation of mixed cis & trans isoeugenols

2-Ethythexanol/from n-Butyraldehyde by Aldol condensation and hydrogenation Fatty acids, hydrogensted/tallow & cocoacids + Hydrogen

Fatty amines/Hydrogenation of fatty nitriles (batch)

Fatty amines/Hydrogenation of tallow & coconitriles

Glyoxal-urea formaldehyda textila resin/ condensation to N-bis(hydroxymethyl) ureas & N.N'-(dihydroxyethyl) ureas

11 hexadecenal/Coupling rxns, low pressure hydrogenation

Hexahydrophibalic aphydride/Condensation

Hexahydrophthalic anhydride/Condensation of butadiene & maleic anhydride (Diels-Alder reaction) + hydrogenation

Isobutanol/Hydrogenation of isobutyraldehyda, Oxo process

Disobutyl amine/Ammonolysis of isobutanol Isopropyl amines (mono, di)/Reductive ammination (Ammonia + Hydrogen) of isopropenol

Linulool/Pyrolysis of 2-Pinanol Methanol/High pressure synthesis from natural gas via synthetic gas

Misthanol/Low pressure sythesis from natural gas via synthetic gas
Methanol/Butane oxidation

Nethanol/Bulane Oxidation
Tris-{hydroxymethyl} methyl amine/
Hydrogenation of tris(hydroxymethyl)
nitromethane

N Methyl marpholine/Marpholine + Methanol

N Ethyl morpholine/Morpholine + Ethanol 2 Methyl-7.8-epoxy octadecane/Coupling reactions, low pressure hydrogenation, epoxidation

 Alpha-Olefins/Ethylene oligomer, & Zeigler Cat Petroleum hydrocarbon resms. hydrogenated/Hydrogenation of petroleum hydrocarbon resin products Pinane/Hydrogenation of A-Finene 2-Pinanol/Reduction of pinane hydroperoxide Bis-(p-Octylphenol) sulfide, Nickel sali/p-Octylphenol + sulfur chloride (S2C12). neutralize with Nickel hase Piperazine/Reductive amination of ethanol amine (ammonia & hydrogenation, metal catalyst) N.N.Dimethylpiperazine/Condensation piperazine + formaldeliyde, hydrogenation Pulyoxylalkylene amines/Polyoxyalkylene glycol + Ammonia Polyoxypropylone diamine/Polypropylene glycol + Ammonia 2-Amino-2-methyl-1-propanol/Hydrogenation of 2-Nitro 2-methyl-1-propanol 3-Methoxypropyl amine/Reductive amination of acrylamide with methanol & hydrogen N-Propylamine/Reductive ammination (ummonia + hydrogen) of n-propanul Sorbitol/Hydrogenation of sugars Sulfolane/Conciensation butadiene + sulfur dioxide, Hydrogenation Thionocarbamates, N-Ethyl-o-isopropyl/ Isopropyl xanthate + Ethylamine Toluene diamine (mixture)/Catalytic by drogenation of dinitratoluene Methylated urea-formaldehyde resms Methylated urea-formaldehyde glyoxol (textile resin)/Reaction of methylated ureaformaldehyde + glyoxal Methylhydroabietate, diels-alder adducts/ Derivatives of abietic esters from rosin Acrylic resina/Emulsion or solution polymerization to coatings Acrylic resina (latex)/Emulsion polymerization of acrylonitrile with polybutadiene Acrylic fibers (85% polyacrylonitrile) by solution polymerization/Wet spinning Alkyd Resins/Condensation polymerization of phthalic anhydride + glycerin + vegetable oil esters Benzene/By-product of styrene by ethylbenzene dehydrogenation Benzene/By-product of vinyl toluene (from ethyltoluene) n-butyl alcohol/Hydrogenation of n-Butyraldehyde, Oxo process Coumarin (benz a pyrone)/Salicylaldehyde. Oxo process Cycloparaffins/Catalytic hydrogenation of aromatics in kerosene solvent Dithiocarbamates, zinc salt/Reaction of zinc oxide + Sodium dithiocarbamates Dialkyldithiocarbamates, metal salts/ Diakylamines + Carbon disulfide Acrylic fiber (85% acrylonitrile)/Suspension Dithiocarbamates, metal salts/ polymerization, and wet spinning Dithiocarbamic acid + metal uxide Acrylic fiber (85% acrylonitrile)/Solution Thiuram (dimethyldithiocarbamete) polymerization, and wet spinning hexasulfide/Dimethyldrhiocarbamate + Acrylonitrile/Ammoxidation of propylene Adiponitrile/Butadiene + Hydrogen cyanide Fluorescent brighteners/Coumarin based (direct cvanation) Ethyl acetate/Redox reaction (Tachenko) of Allylnitrile/Allyl chloride + Sodium cyanida

acetaldehyde

phase

Ethylbenzene/Benzene alkylation in liquid

Dimethoxybenzaldehyde/Hydroquinone Ethylbenzyl chloride/Chloromethylation dimethyl ether + Hydrogen cyanide. Hydrogen chloride + formaldehyde, zinc chloride) of ethylbenzene hydrolysis Benzyl cyanide/Benzyl chloride + Sodium 2 Ethyl hexanol/Aldol condensationhydrogenation of n-Butyraldehyde cyanide Coul ter products/Distillation of coul tar Glyoxal-urea formaldehyde textile resin/ condensate Condensation to N-bis (hydroxymethyl) ureus + N,N'-(Dihydroxyethyl) ureus Cyunoucetic acid/Chlorucetic acid + audium cvanide Isobutanol/Hydrogenation of Cyanuric chloride/Catalyzed trimerization of isobutyraldehyde. Oxo process cyanogen chloride Isopropunal/Catalytic hydrogenation of Vat dyes, Indigo paste as Vat Blue 1/ acelone Sodumide + potassium N-Phenylglycine, Methallylidene diacetate/Condensation of 2fused with caustic/N-phenylglycine + Methypropenal + acetic anhydride Aniline + Formuldehyde + Sodium Methanol/Low pressure sythesis from natural bisulfite, sodium cyanide, hydrolysis with gas via synthetic gas potassium hydroxida Methyl chloride/Hydrochlorination of Disperse dyes, Azo and Vat methunol Methylethyl ketone/Dehydrogenation of sec-Butanal Sodium cyanide Naphthenic sold salts Nylon Nylon 6 & 66 copolymers/Polycondensation Sodium cyanide of Nylon salt + Caprolutam N.N'-bisto-Nylon 6 fiber/Extrusion (melt spinning) Oxo alcohols, C12-C15/Hydroformylation & complex/ Salicyladehyde + hydrogenation of C11-C14 olefins Phenolic urethan resins/Phenol + excess hydrolysis to amide formuldehyde + Methylene aniline diisocyanate Polystyrene (crystal) modified/Polystyrene + pentascetic acide + caustic sulfonation, chloromethylation and/or amination Rayon/Viscuse process metal bases SAN resin/Emulsion polymerization Silicones: Silicone rubbers/Hydrolysis and condensation of chlorosilanes Silicones: Silicone specialties (greuse, cyanide, hydrolysis dispersion agents, defoumers & other Hexamethylena diisocyanate/ productal Silicones: Silicone resins/Hydrolysis & condensation of methyl, phenyl & vinyl chlorosilanes Silicones: Silicone fluids/Hydrolysis of chlorosilanes to acyclic & cyclic organosiloxanes Stearic acid, metal salts/Neutralization with a metallic base Styrene/Dehydrogenation of ethylbenzene Styrene-butadiene resin/Emulsion polymerization carbonate Vinyl acetate/Reduction of acetylene + acetic acid Vinyl toluene/Dehydrogenation (thermal) of Aniline + Formaldehyde ethyltoluene Xylenes, mixed/By-product vinyl toluene (from ethyltoluene) Cyanide Acetone cyanohydrin/Acetone + Hydrogen cyanide Acetonitrile/By-product of acrylonitrile from propylene by ammoxidation Polyoxyalkylene glycol Acrylic resins/Solution polymerization

Ethylenediamine tetrancetic acid/ Ethylenediamine + Formaldehyde + Diethylenetriamine pentancetic acid/ Diethylenetriamine + Formaldehyde + Acetamidophenol)ethylenediumine, (erric Ethylenediamine + Hydrogen cyanide. Diethylenetriamine pentuacetic acid. pentasodium salt/Diethylenetriamine Ethylenediamine tetrascetic scid, metal sults/Ethylenediamina tetraacetic acid + Hydroxyethyl ethylenediamine triacetic acid, trisodium salt/ Ethylenediamina + Ethylene oxide + Formaldehyde + Sodium Hexamethylene diamine (1.6-Diaminohexane) + phosgene 5.5-Dimethyl hyuntoin/Acetone + ummoniu + carbon dioxide + hydrogen cyanide Hydrogen cyanide/By-product of acrylonitrile by ammoxidation of propylene Immodiacetic acid/Hexamethylene tetraamme + Hydrogen cyanide. hydrolysis of iminoacetonitrile salt Methionine/Acrolein + Methyl mercaptan, with hydrogen cyanide and ammonium Methylene Diphenylisocyanate (MDI)/ Phosgenation of methylene disniline from Nitrilotriacetic acid/Hexamethylene tetreamine + Hydrogen cyanide, hydrolysis of nitrilotriacetonitrile sult Picolines, mixed/Condensation of acetaldehyde + formaldehyde + ammonia Organic pigments. Azo/Diszotization of aniline cogener, coupling to B-Napthol Polyurethane resins/Disocvanate + Polyurethane fibers (Spandex)/ Polyoxyalkylene glycol + Tolylene disocyanate + dialkylamine Pyrimidines, 2-Isopropyl-4-methoxy-/ Isobutyronitrile + methanol, ammonia and methylacetoacetate (ring closure) Pyridine (synthetic)/Condensation of acetaldehyde + ammonia + formaldehyde Cyanopyridine/Ammoxidation of picoline 51

Surcosine (N-Methyl glycine), sodium salt/ Hexamethylene tetraamine + Sodium cyanide, hydrolysis Thiophene acetic acid/Chloromethylation [Hydrogen chloride + Formaldehyde] + Sodium cyanide, hydrolysis Tulylene disocyanate (isomeric mixture)/ Tolylene diamines + Phosgene Tris(unilino)S-triazine/Cyanuric chloride Aniline and its cogeners Triethylorthoformate/Ethanol + Hydrogen cyunide Trimethylorthoformate/Methanol + Hydrogen cyanide

Appendix B to Part 414-Complexed Metal-Bearing Waste Streams

Chromium

Azo dye intermediates/Substituted diazonium salts + coupling compounds Vat dyea/Mixing purchased dyestuffs (Anthraquinones, polycyclic Quinones and Indigoidal Acid dves Azo dyes, metallized/Azo dye + metal acelate Acid dyes, Azo (including metallized)

Organic pigments, miscellaneous lakes and toners

Copper Disperse dyes Vat dyes/Mixing purchased dyestuffs (Anthraquinones, polycyclic Quinones and Indigoids) Acid dyes Direct dyes Vat dves Sulfur dyce Disperse due coupler/N-substitution of 2-Amino-4-acetamidounisole Azo dyes, metallized/Azo dye + metal acetala Direct dyes, Azo Disperse dyes, Azo and Vat Organic pigment Green 7/Copper phthalocyanine Organic pigments Organic pigments/Phthalocyanine pigments

Organic pigments/Copper phthalocyanine (Blue Crude) Organic pigments, miscellaneous lakes and

toners

Lugar

Organic pigments, Quinacridines Organic pigments, Thioindigoids

Azo dyes, metallized/Azo dye + metal acelate

Zinc

Organic pigments/Azo pigments by diazotization and coupling

ATTACHMENT D

SAMPLE INFORMATION REQUEST LETTER

INTRODUCTION

To conduct the compliance assessment, information regarding the discharger's manufacturing product/process, annual production rates, wastewater treatment system, water usage, and discharge characteristics is needed. While much of this data may be available in current permit files (e.g., Form 2C, DMR, etc.), other information may need to be requested.

There are a number of techniques to acquire the necessary information including telephone calls, plant inspections, meetings, or written requests. Section 308 of the Clean Water Act authorizes EPA and the States to impose monitoring requirements on any point source discharge so long as the data generation conforms to the criteria of reasonableness. A letter using the §308 authority is an effective way to get production, effluent flow, and discharge quality data from an OCPSF facility which has not submitted sufficient information in its Form 2C, DMR, or in response to the 1983 §308 Survey for the development of the guidelines. A sample information request letter is provided below.

SAMPLE INFORMATION REQUEST LETTER

CERTIFIED MAIL NO. RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED

RE:	Request for	Information	on Pursuant	to Section	308	of	the
	Clean Water	Act, Data	from OCPSF	Facilities			

Dear	:
Dear	 -

As you know, the final rule establishing effluent limitations guidelines for the organic chemicals and plastics and synthetic fibers point source category (the "guidelines") was promulgated on November 5, 1987 and became effective on December 21, 1987. The statutory deadline for permits to incorporate the best practicable control technology currently available (BPT) limit and best available technology economically achievable (BAT) limit is March 31, 1989.

We are providing you a set of worksheet and a practical example in Attachments [C-1] and [C-2], respectively, to estimate the forthcoming permit limits based on the new guidelines. A recent EPA assessment indicated that the majority of OCPSF

facilities currently discharge in levels which would exceed the new BPT and/or BAT guidelines. Based on the assessment, EPA urges the [Permitting Authority] to accelerate compliance with the new guidelines.

OPTION 1 (To request additional production/monitoring data if the 1983 §308 survey data, the 48 Plant Sampling Database, Form 2C, or DMR is not sufficient to assess compliance with the new guidelines; See Section 4 of the strategy for the purpose of this option.)

Pursuant to section 308 of the Clean Water Act, you are hereby requested to submit the following information and data to the [Permitting Authority]:

- (1) Within 30 days from receipt of this letter, submit two lists including the following information for <u>each outfall</u> whose discharge consists of any OCPSF process wastewater:
 - (i) a list of products subject to OCPSF guidelines, SIC codes for each OCPSF product, annual production (in million pounds per year) of each OCPSF product, measured average* and maximum process waste flow (in million gallons per day) of each OCPSF product, and manufacturing process of each OCPSF product.
 - (ii) a list of non-OCPSF process wastewaters and other nonprocess wastewaters, flow of each wastewater, BOD5 and total suspended solids (TSS) analyses (consisting of at least grab samples) of each wastewater.
- (2) Within 45 days from receipt of this letter, submit a schematic diagram of the existing wastewater treatment processes for OCPSF process wastewaters.
- (3) Within 60 days from receipt of this letter, submit most recent (within 12 months) data for concentration (in mg/L) and mass loading (in lbs/day) of the effluent from each outfall given in item (1) above for all BPT and BAT parameters (see Attachment [C-3]). The sample must be representative of daily operations. Where flow-proportioned composite sampling is not feasible, a grab sample is acceptable. The data must include the date, time, and place of sampling, and methods of analysis.

^{*} Report the long-term average flow, e.g., the highest monthly average flow during the past twelve (12) months or the highest yearly mean of the twelve monthly average flows during the past five (5) years.

OPTION 2 (To request submission of a compliance plan if the OCPSF facility currently discharges pollutant(s) at levels that would exceed the new BPT and/or BAT quidelines as described in Section 7(b))

Pursuant to section 308 of the Clean Water Act, you are hereby requested to submit the following information and data to the [Permitting Authority] for <u>each outfall</u> whose discharge consists of any OCPSF process wastewater:

- (1) Within 60 days from receipt of this letter, submit following information to show whether the pollutant levels in your current discharge exceed the new OCPSF effluent limitation guidelines:
 - (a) a list of products subject to OCPSF-ELG, SIC codes for each OCPSF product, annual production (in million pounds per year) of each OCPSF product, process waste flow* (in million gallons per day) of each OCPSF product, and manufacturing process of each OCPSF product;
 - (b) a list of non-OCPSF process wastewaters and other nonprocess wastewaters, flow of each wastewater, BOD5 and total suspended solids (TSS) analyses (consisting of at least _ grab samples) of each wastewater;
 - (c) a schematic diagram of the existing wastewater treatment processes for OCPSF process wastewaters; and
 - (d) a most recent (within 12 months) data for concentration (in mg/L) and mass loading (in lbs/day)) of the effluent from each outfall given in item (a) above for all BPT and BAT parameters (see Attachment [C-3]). The sample must be representative of daily operations. Where flow-proportioned composite sampling is not feasible, a grab sample is acceptable. The data must include the date, time, and place of sampling, and methods of analysis.
- (2) If your discharge exceeds the guidelines, within 90 days from receipt of this letter, submit a compliance plan (including, but not limited to, additional O & M and/or treatment unit upgrade) to bring the effluent into

^{*} Report the long-term average flow, e.g., the highest monthly average flow during the past twelve (12) months or the highest yearly mean of the twelve monthly average flows during the past five (5) years.

compliance with the new guidelines before the permit is reissued. Provide the shortest compliance schedule for achieving the guidelines. The completion date in this schedule must not be later than the permit expiration date.

The statements reported in Items (1) and (2) must be signed by an authorized representative of the facility, as defined in 40CFR 122.22.

The legal authority for this request is contained in Attachment [D-1]. All information and data should be submitted to [Address of Permitting Authority].

Furthermore, you are hereby notified that when the existing permit expires, your discharge is expected to be in immediate compliance with the reissued permit which will reflect the new guidelines. If the discharge is not in compliance with the permit upon reissuance, enforcement action will be applied.

Should you have any questions regarding this request, please contact me or [Permit Writer] of my staff at [Tel. No.].

Sincerely,

Chief, Permits Branch

Attachment

(Sample Information Request Letter continued)

ATTACHMENT D-1

AUTHORITY AND CONFIDENTIALITY PROVISIONS

Authority

This request for information is made under authority provided by Section 308 of the Clean Water Act, 33 U.S.C. 1318. Section 308 provides that: "Whenever required to carry out the objective of this Act,the Administrator shall require the owner or operator of any point source to (i) establish and maintain such records, (ii) make such reports, (iii) install, use, and maintain such monitoring equipment and methods (including where appropriate, biological monitoring methods), (iv) sample such effluents....and (v) provide such other information as he may reasonable require; and the Administrator or his authorized representative, upon presentation of his credentials, shall have a right of entry to.... any premises in which an effluent source is located or in which any records...are located, and may at reasonable times have access to and copy and records...and sample any effluents...."

Please be advised that the submission of false statements may subject you to federal prosecution under 18 U.S.C. 1001 and that this or any other failure to comply with the requirements of Section 308 as requested by U.S. EPA may result in enforcement action under the authority of Section 309 of the Clean Water Act, which provides for specified civil and/or criminal penalties.

Confidentiality

U.S. EPA regulations concerning confidentiality and treatment of business information are contained in 40 CFR Part 2, Subpart B. Information may not be withheld from the Administrator or his authorized representative because you view it as confidential. However, when requested to do so, the Administrator is required to consider information to be confidential and to treat it accordingly, if disclosure would divulge methods or processes entitled to protection as trade secrets (33 U.S.C. 1318(b) and 18 U.S.C. 1905), except that effluent data (as defined in 40 CFR 2.302(a)(2)) may not be considered by U.S. EPA as confidential.

These regulations provide that you may assert a business confidentiality claim covering part or all of any trade secret information furnished to U.S. EPA at the time such information is

provided to the Agency. The manner of asserting such claims is specified in 40 CFR 2.203(b). In the event that a request is made for release of information covered by your claim of confidentiality or the Agency otherwise decides to make a determination as to whether or not such information is entitled to confidential treatment, notice will be provided to you prior to any release of the information. However, if no claim of confidentiality is made when information is furnished to U.S. EPA, any information submitted to the Agency may be made available to the public without prior notice to you.