APPENDIX E TRIBUTARY ASSESSMENT METHODS AND RESULTS

Temperature Analysis for Tributaries Discharging into the Columbia River

This appendix provides temperature data and model estimates for tributaries to the Columbia River; describes the seasonal variability in tributary temperatures across the study area; and provides information about potential cold water refuges. The potential for tributary discharges to provide cold water into the Columbia River was evaluated by comparing tributary and Columbia River temperatures at their respective confluences. Available monitoring data were used to assess current temperatures, and model estimates were used to evaluate potential changes to tributary temperatures due to climate change.

<u>Current Condition Analysis – June/July/August/September</u>

Mainstem Columbia River temperatures were obtained from the Columbia River Dart website (www.cbr.washington.edu/dart). Specifically, current Columbia River August stream temperatures were estimated from the available data for the 2011 through 2016 period (i.e., yellow dots in **Figure 1**). River temperatures for areas between these monitoring locations were derived by interpolation (i.e., black line in **Figure 1**).

Current mean monthly water temperatures for tributaries draining into the Columbia River were obtained from the USFS "NorWeST" Stream Temperature Modeling website (www.fs.fed.us/rm/boise/AWAE/projects/NorWeST.html). Specifically, there are 202 named tributaries modeled by the NorWeST project that discharge into the Columbia River. Tributary discharge levels during the analysis period (June, July, August, and September) were obtained from the NHDPlus website (www.horizon-systems.com/NHDPlus/NHDPlusV2 17.php). Specifically, Average (1971-2000) monthly flows were derived from the Extended Unit Runoff Method (EROM) model in NHDPlusV2.

Results of this analysis indicate that, based on flow weighted average conditions, tributaries are generally warmer than the Columbia at their confluence with the Columbia River during the spring/early summer period, and subsequently "cool off" relative to the Columbia River later in the summer period (**Table 1**, and **Figures 1** through **4**).

2040 and 2080 Condition Analysis - August

Future August Columbia River Mainstem temperatures were derived from the reported observed range of the decadal temperature change rates along the Columbia River (i.e., 0.2°C to 0.4°C) (see Section 5.4.1 of the Columbia River TMDL). Specifically, the average of the reported decadal change rate, 0.3°C, was applied to current mainstem estimates proportion to length of time associated with each future scenario (e.g., 2040 water temperature increase was estimated as 0.78°C, which was calculated as 2.6 decades in the future times 0.3°C increase per decade, and using similar methods, the 2080 mainstem temperature conditions were estimated to increase 1.98°C above current conditions).

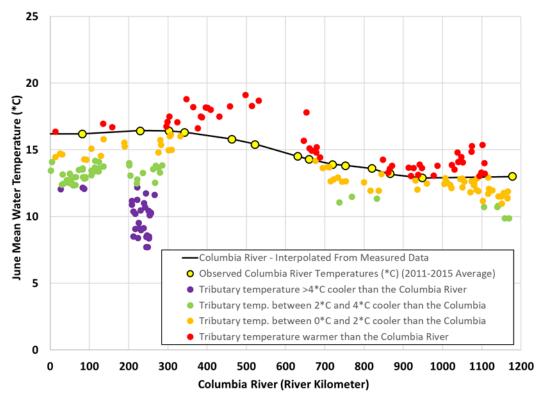
Estimates of future August tributary temperatures were obtained from a Spatial Stream Network (SSN) model developed by the USFS (www.fs.fed.us/rm/boise/AWAE/projects/NorWeST.html). Specifically, the SSN model estimated future temperature conditions based on global climate model projections, which were also adjusted for differential stream sensitivity: Future scenarios were based on global

climate model ensemble averages that represent the A1B warming trajectory for 2040's (2030-2059) and 2080's (2070-2099).

Results of this analysis indicate that future tributary temperatures are anticipated to increase between 0.6°C and 0.7°C relative to Columbia River temperature (**Figures 5** through **8**). In addition, many tributaries in the future, despite being relatively cooler than the Columbia River, could become warmer than the applicable water temperature standard and therefor would be less available to function as "Cold Water Refugia" (see Section 6.4.4 of the TMDL).

Table 1. Tributary Temperatures Relative to Mainstem Columbia River Temperatures at their Confluences during June through September.

[Positive value indicates Tributary Colder than the Mainstem Columbia River at the confluence]		
	Proportion of Total Tributary Flow	Tributary Temperature Difference (*C)
June		
Flow Weighted Average of All Tributaries (N=202)	100%	-1.2
Snake River (N=1)	52.6%	-2.8
Willamette River (N=1)	8.6%	-0.4
Deschutes River (N=1)	4.9%	-0.9
Cowlitz River (N=1)	4.7%	0.9
Okanogan River (N=1)	4.4%	1.1
Flow Weighted Average of other 197 Tributaries	24.8%	1.0
July		
Flow Weighted Average of All Tributaries (N=202)	100%	-1.0
Snake River (N=1)	47.0%	-1.7
Willamette River (N=1)	9.7%	-1.3
Deschutes River (N=1)	6.5%	1.4
Cowlitz River (N=1)	4.7%	-0.5
Okanogan River (N=1)	4.7%	-0.7
Flow Weighted Average of other 197 Tributaries	27.4%	-0.4
August		
Flow Weighted Average of All Tributaries (N=202)	100%	0.3
Snake River (N=1)	44.7%	-0.9
Willamette River (N=1)	14.8%	-0.9
Deschutes River (N=1)	7.7%	2.3
Cowlitz River (N=1)	6.2%	4.9
Okanogan River (N=1)	3.2%	-2.0
Flow Weighted Average of other 197 Tributaries	23.4%	1.9
September		
Flow Weighted Average of All Tributaries (N=202)	100%	1.6
Snake River (N=1)	44.2%	0.4
Willamette River (N=1)	18.8%	0.2
Deschutes River (N=1)	7.4%	4.1
Cowlitz River (N=1)	6.2%	5.4
Lewis River (N=1)	4.0%	3.6
Flow Weighted Average of other 197 Tributaries	19.5%	3.2



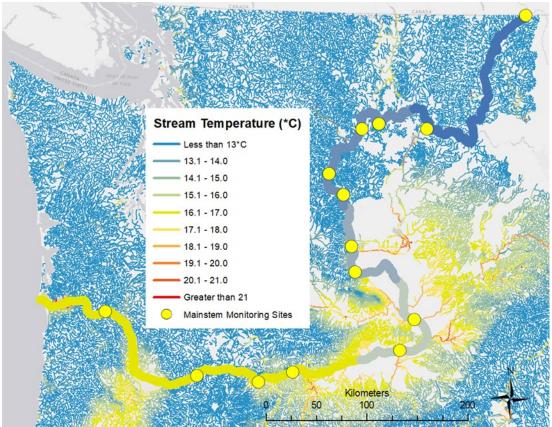
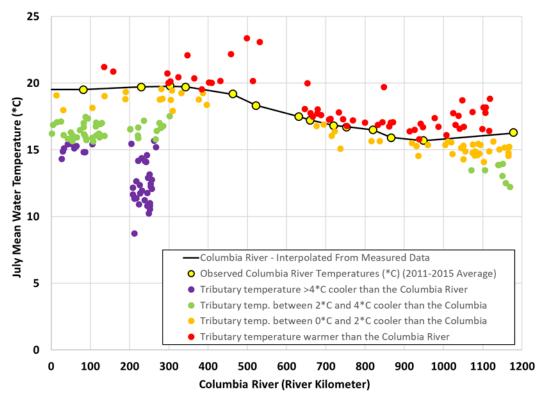


Figure 1. Columbia River and Tributary Confluence Monthly Mean Temperatures – June



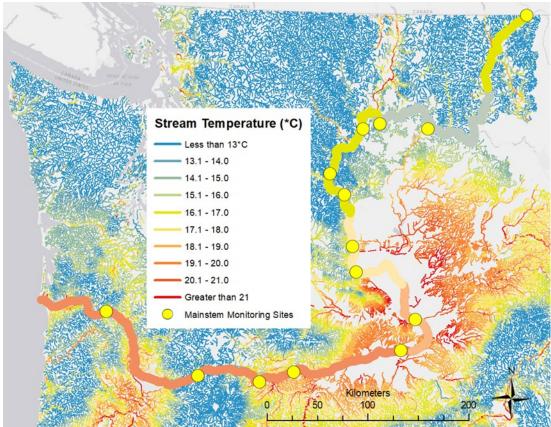
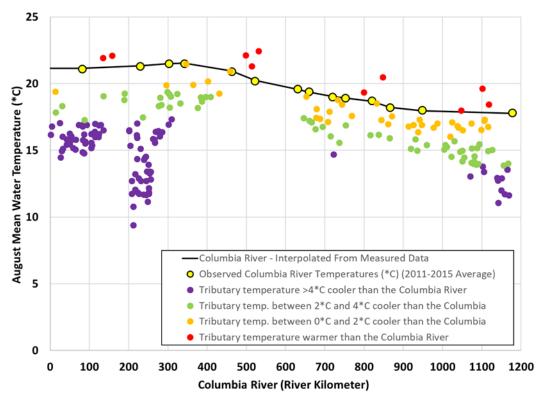


Figure 2. Columbia River and Tributary Confluence Monthly Mean Temperatures – July



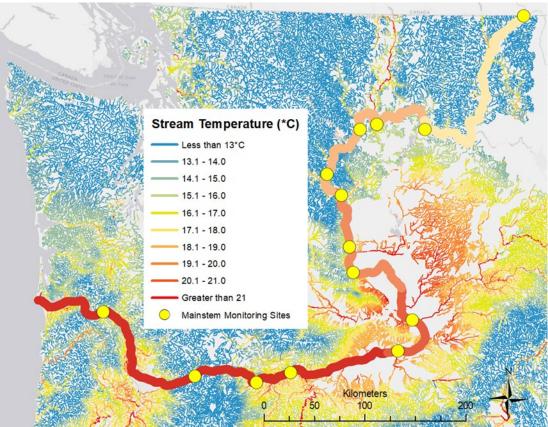
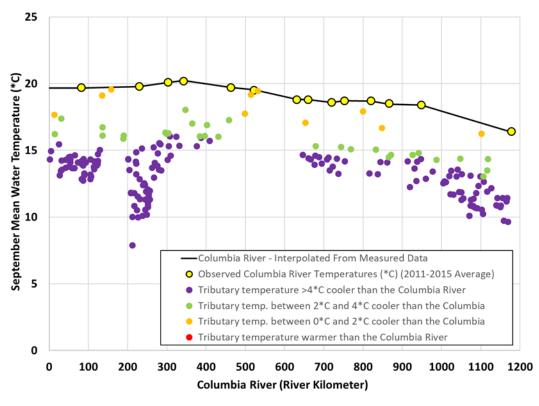


Figure 3. Columbia River and Tributary Confluence Monthly Mean Temperatures – August



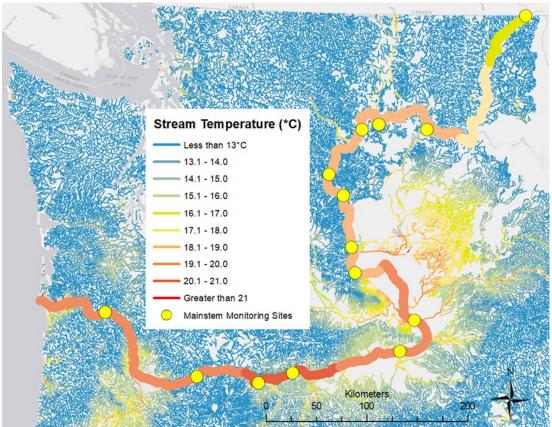
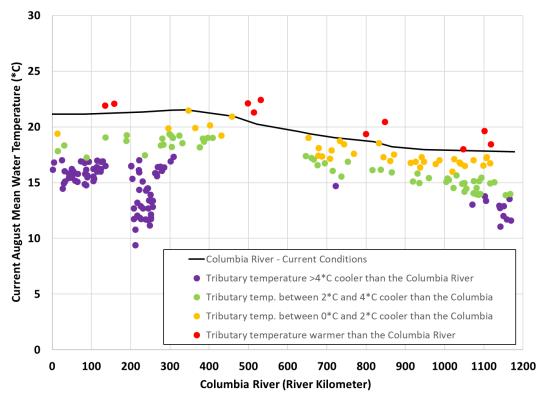


Figure 4. Columbia River and Tributary Confluence Monthly Mean Temperatures – September



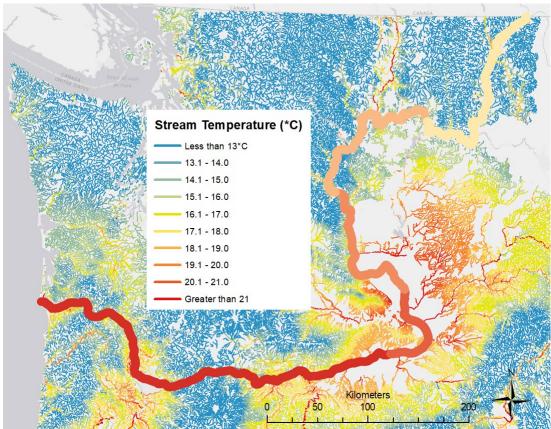
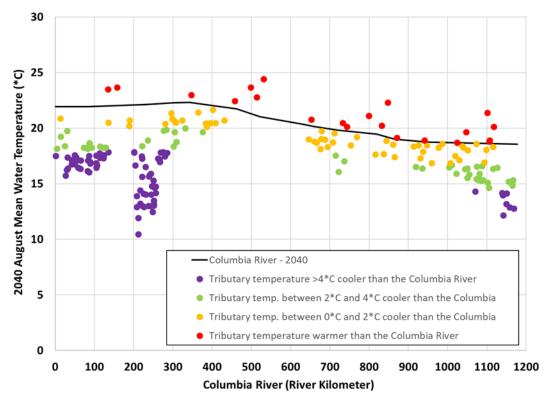


Figure 5. Current Mean Temperature in the Columbia River and Tributaries – August



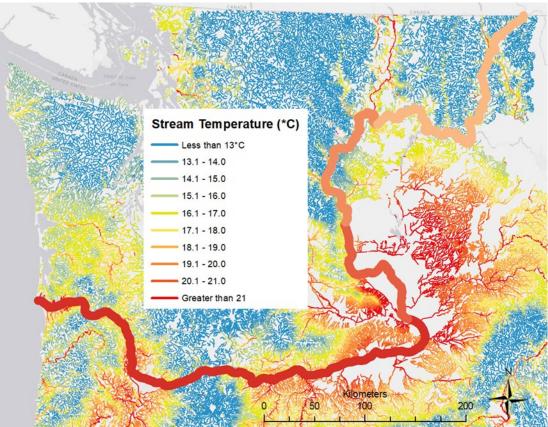
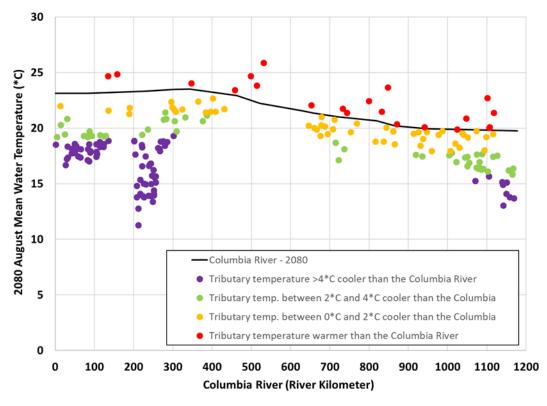


Figure 6. Estimated 2040 Mean Temperature in the Columbia River and Tributaries – August



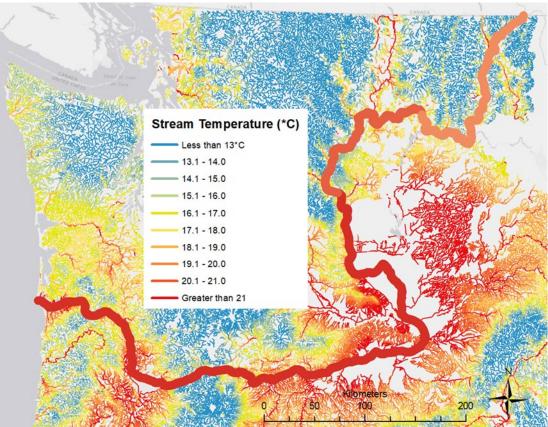


Figure 7. Estimated 2080 Mean Temperature in the Columbia River and Tributaries – August

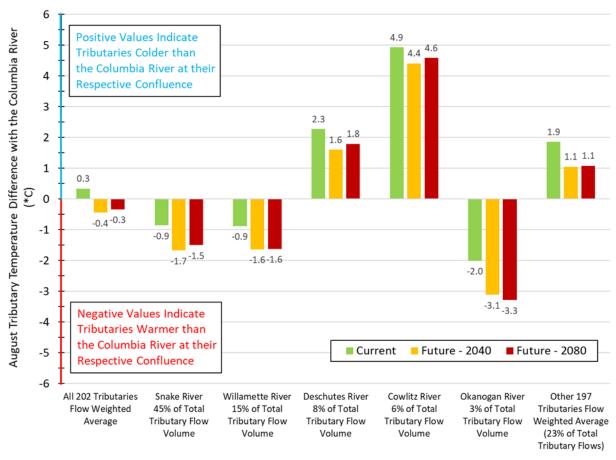


Figure 8. Tributary Temperatures Relative to Mainstem Columbia River Temperatures at their Respective Confluences at current, 2040 and 2080 conditions.