Table 1. Number of grid cells and basin area by stratum and terrain type (geology), Middle Main Stem Eel River TMDL study area Watershed Stratum Terrain/ # grid cells Area of grid Proposed grid PWA # of cell sample Geology Type cells (mi2) grid cells sampled Old & Strong 1808 9 9 1 118.06 Melange Middle Main 2 4862 317.49 16 17 Eel watershed 3 Alluvium 157 10.26 3 2 study area 4 Argillite 216 14.1 4 5 5 Young & 4 4 456 29.78 Weak Resistant 6 477 2 31.15 4 Blocks Total 39 7,976 520.84 40 1,272 1 Old & Strong 83.06 --4 2 Spy Rock Melange 8 3,336 217.84 CALWAA 3 Alluvium 50 3.27 0 --Argillite 4 0 0 0 --Young & 5 0 0 0 --Weak 6 Resistant 29.78 2 456 --**Blocks** Total 5,114 333.95 14 Old & Strong 536 35 5 2 Seqouia Melange 9 1,526 99.65 CALWAA 3 Alluvium 107 6.99 2 --Argillite 4 216 14.11 5 5 Young & 4 456 29.78 Weak Resistant 6 21 1.37 0 Blocks

2,862

186.9

25

Total

APPENDIX B: Middle Main Eel River TMDL for Sediment Sediment Source Analysis by PWA

Table 2 illustrates the distribution of erosion feature types by ownership and geology type for plot features <3,000 yds³. These numbers reflect actual plot data. The erosion and delivery volumes have not been extrapolated to the entire basin.

Table 2. Total measured erosion and sediment delivery within the 39 field sample plots by ownership, terrain type and erosional feature type, Middle Main Stem Eel River watershed study area.

Erosional Feature		Numb	oer of Field Mea	sured Features (#)	by Terrain Type	•	Total measured	Total estimated sediment
Туре	1. Old & Strong	2. Melange	3. Alluvium	4. Argillite	5. Young & Weak	5. Resistant Blocks	erosion (yds³)	delivery (yds³)
Spy Rock (plots/mi²)	4/83.06	8/217.84	0/3.27	0/0	0/0	2/29.78	14/333.95	14/333.95
Debris Slide (DL)	4	71	0	0	0	0	20,261	12,109
Earthflow (EF)	0	1	0	0	0	0	500	500
Bank Erosion (BE)	7	91	0	0	0	1	2,806	2,619
Road related gully (GU)	0	5	0	0	0	0	173	151
Non road related gully (GU)	0	9	0	0	0	1	644	623
Stream Crossing (XI)	0	8	0	0	0	0	1,463	1,463
Channel Incision (CI)	1	21	0	0	0	1	469	469
Surface Erosion (SE)	0	5	0	0	0	1	370	286
Subtotals	12	211	0	0	0	4	26,686	18,220
Seqouia (plots/mi²)	5/35	9/99.65	2/6.99	5/14.11	4/29.78	0/1.37	25/186.9	25/186.9
Debris Slide (DL)	18	42	6	10	2	0	10,116	5,951
Earthflow (EF)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bank Erosion (BE)	13	32	5	10	11	0	1,241	1,173

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Table 2. Total measured erosion and sediment delivery within the 39 field sample plots by ownership, terrain type and erosional feature type, Middle Main Stem Eel River watershed study area.

Erosional Feature		Numb	er of Field Meas	ured Features	by Terrain Type		Total measured	Total estimated sediment
Туре	1. Old & Strong	2. Melange	3. Alluvium	4. Argillite	5. Young & Weak	5. Resistant Blocks	erosion (yds³)	delivery (yds ³)
Road related gully (GU)	2	3	0	2	0	0	423	412
Non road related gully (GU)	2	6	0	1	2	0	593	417
Stream Crossing (XI)	5	3	0	0	2	0	389	389
Surface Erosion (SE)	0	2	0	0	0	0	193	185
Channel Incision (CI)	7	7	5	4	3	0	355	355
Subtotals	47	95	16	27	20	0	13,310	8,882
Total # of features, erosion and delivery volumes for all domains	59	306	16	27	20	4	39,996	27,102
Total # of plots/terrain type area in mi ²	9/118.06	17/317.49	2/10.26	5/14.11	4/29.78	2/31.15	39/520.84	39/520.84

Table 3 outlines the erosion and sediment delivery by geology for plot features <3,000 yds³ and PWA air photo identified landslides >3,000 yds³ by CALWAA and TMDL study area. The erosion and sediment delivery from plot features <3,000 yds³ were extrapolated to the entire Middle Main Eel River study area using the stratified random sampling method. Volume estimates for geology type. Erosion and sediment delivery for >3,000 yds³ are from actual measurements from the air photo analysis.

Table 3. Total past erosion and sediment delivery from plot features <3,000 yds³ and PWA identified landslides >3000, by terrain type, to each of the two CalWAAs in the Middle MainStem Eel River watershed study area.

		Fe	eature <3,000 yds³ (p	lots) ²	Feature >3,000 yds ³ (PWA air photo identified) ³				
Watershed/ CALWAA	Terrain Type/ Geology	Non earthflow Erosion (yds ³)	Non earthflow Sediment Delivery (yds ³)	Earthflow Erosion (yds ³)	Non earthflow erosion (yds³)	Non earthflow sediment Delivery (yds ³)	Earthflow erosion (yds ³)		
Entire	1	634,407	493,383	0	2,490,446	2,025,484	65,484		
Middle Main	2	9,006,712	5,947,942	143,000	3,916,823	3,151,910	784,763		
Eel River	3	139,573	92,551	0	86,007	63,219	2,709		
study area	4	119,405	82,944	0	2,581,932	1,836,748	4,977		
	5	20,748	16,986	0	548,215	431,333	0		
	6	29,097	24,089	0	336,188	297,296	7,287		
	Totals	9,949,942	6,657,895	143,000	9,959,611	7,805,990	865,220		
Cny Dools	1	446,331	347,115	0	1,630,988	1,328,889	56,154		
Spy Rock	2	6,179,842	4,081,105	98,118	2,800,208	2,215,747	421,239		
	3	44,450	29,475	0	50,064	42,595	0		
	4	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	5	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	6	27,816	23,028	0	315,961	277,537	3,003		
	Totals	6,698,438	4,480,723	98,118	4,797,221	3,864,768	480,396		
Segouia	1	188,076	146,268	0	859,458	696,595	9,330		
Sequuia	2	2,826,870	1,866,837	44,882	1,116,615	936,163	363,524		
Ī	3	95,123	63,076	0	35,943	20,624	2,709		
Ī	4	119,405	82,944	0	2,581,932	1,836,748	4,977		
Ī	5	20,748	16,986	0	548,215	431,333	0		
Ī	6	1,281	1,061	0	20,227	19,759	4,284		
ſ	Totals	3,251,504	2,177,172	44,882	5,162,390	3,941,222	384,824		

CALWAA					Non Earthf	low				Total			
			No land use	Field Measur ed Road Related	Timber Harvest	Graze/ Homestead Activity	Total non EF sediment yield	No land use	Road Related	Timber harvest	Graze/ Homestead Activity	Total EF sediment yield	sediment yield (non EF+ EF)
	Plot <3,000	yds ³ / mi ² /yr	159	37	8	2	206	5	0	0	0	5	211
	yds ³ sediment sources	tons/ mi²/yr	245	57	13	3	318	7	0	0	0	7	325
Spy Rock	AP >3,000	yds ³ / mi ² /yr	113	46	17	2	178	22	0	0	0	22	200
	yds ³ sediment sources ⁵	tons/ mi²/yr	174	71	27	3	275	34	0	0	0	34	309
		yds ³ / mi ² /yr	272	83	25	4	384	27	0	0	0	27	411
	Sub- total/ %	tons/ mi²/yr	419	128	40	6	593	41	0	0	0	41	434
Seqouia	Plot <3,000	yds ³ / mi ² /yr	137	33	7	3	180	4	0	0	0	4	184
	yds ³ sediment sources	tons/ mi²/yr	210	51	11	4	276	6	0	0	0	6	282
A > y s	AP >3000	yds ³ / mi ² /yr	227	63	34	0.3	324	31	0	0.5	0	31	355
	yds ³ sediment sources ⁵	tons/ mi²/yr	349	97	53	1	500	48	0	0.7	0	48	548
	Sub- total/ %	yds ³ / mi ² /yr	364	96	41	3	504	35	0	0.5	0	35	539

APPENDIX B: Middle Main Eel River TMDL for Sediment Sediment Source Analysis by PWA

CALWAA					Non Earthf	low				Total			
			No land use	Field Measur ed Road Related	Timber Harvest	Graze/ Homestead Activity	Total non EF sediment yield	No land use	Road Related	Timber harvest	Graze/ Homestead Activity	Total EF sediment yield	sediment yield (non EF+ EF)
		tons/ mi²/yr	559	148	64	5	776	54	0	0.7	0	55	831
	Plot <3,000	yds ³ / mi ² /yr	151	36	8	2	197	4	0	0	0	4	201
	yds ³ sediment sources	tons/ mi²/yr	233	55	12	3	303	7	0	0	0	7	310
		%	77	18	4	1	100	100	0	0	0	100	100
Total for the Middle	AP	yds ³ / mi ² /yr	154	52	24	1	231	25	0	0.16	0	25	256
Main Stem Eel River	>3,000 yds ³	tons/ mi²/yr	237	80	36	2	355	39	0	0.25	0	39	394
study area	sediment sources ⁵	%	66	23	10	1	100	99	0	1	0	100	100
arca		yds ³ / mi ² /yr	305	88	32	3	428	29	0	0.16	0	29	457
	Sub-	tons/ mi²/yr	470	135	48	5	658	46	0	0.25	0	46	704
	total/ %	%	71	21	7	1	100	100	0	0	0	100	100

APPENDIX B: Middle Main Eel River TMDL for Sediment

Sediment Source Analysis by PWA

Table 5 outlines the sediment yield rates by time period for <3000 yds³ plot features and PWA identified >3000 yds³ landslides. The sediment delivery from plot features <3,000 yds³ was extrapolated to the entire Middle Main Stem Eel River basin using the stratified random sampling method. The time period reflects the approximate time of changes to the Forest Practice Rules.

Table 5. Sediment yield (in yds³/mi²/year, tons/mi²/year and %) by calwaa and time frames, for plot features <3,000 yds³ and PWA identified landslides >3,000 yds³, Middle Main Stem Eel River watershed study area.

Watershed	Sediment Delivery			Pre -197	70		Post-1970					
	Rate	Plot features <3,000 yds ³		Feature >3,000 yds ³ (air photo identified) ³				eatures 0 yds ³		Feature >3,000 yds ³ (air photo identified) ³		
		nonEf	EF	non Ef	EF	Total	non Ef	EF	nonEf	EF	Total	
Entire Middle Main	yds ³ /mi ² /yr	342	9	311	50	712	73	0	162	4	239	
Stem Eel River watershed study area	tons/mi ² /yr	526	14	478	77	1,095	112	0	250	7	369	
Spy Rock	yds ³ /mi ² /yr	363	10	287	41	701	72	0	85	6	163	
	tons/mi ² /yr	559	15	441	64	1,079	111	0	131	9	251	
Seqouia	yds ³ /mi ² /yr	303	8	353	66	730	73	0	300	2	375	
	tons/mi ² /yr	467	12	544	102	1,125	113	0	462	3	578	

Table 6 outlines the sediment yield from field plot data for features <3,000 yds³ and PWA air photo identified >3,000 yds³ landslides. The table compares the pre-1970 and post 1970 time frames to management versus non management land use association.

Table 6. Total PV	VA sample plot and aeria	l photograph determine	ed sediment delivery	by time frames and pote	ential controllability.
CALWAA/Basin		Total Yield by Ti Management Se (yds ³ &	diment Yield	Total Yield by Tin Management S (yds ³	Sediment Yield
		Non Earthflow	Earthflow	Non Earthflow	Earthflow
	Pre-1970 (30 years)	2,074,384	5,439	4,433,568	512,574
Spy Rock	Post-1970 (35 years)	364,672	0	1,472,868	65,940
	Subtotals	2,439,056	5,439	5,906,436	578,514
	Pre-1970 (30 years)	1,417,964	0	2,260,310	410,051
Sequoia	Post-1970 (35 years)	287,698	0	2,152,421	14,216
	Subtotals	1,705,662	0	4,412,731	424,267
	Pre-1970 (30 years)	3,492,348	5,439	6,693,878	922,625
Totals for the whole basin	Post-1970 (35 years)	652,370	0	3,625,289	80,156
	Total	4,144,718	5,439	10,319,167	1,002,781

Table 7 (Note this is old table 3) Total past erosion and sediment delivery from plot features <3,000 yds³ and PWA identified features >3000, by terrain type for the 2 CALWAAs and the entire Middle Main Stem Eel River study area (includes SEDMODL road-related sediment delivery)

			Feature <3,0	00 yds ³ (plots) ²		Landslides >3	,000 yds ³ (PWA air photo	identified)
Ownership	Terrain Type/ Geology	Non earthflow Erosion (yds ³)	Non earthflow Sediment Delivery (yds ³)	SEDMODL Road Related Sediment Delivery (yds³)	Earthflow Erosion (yds ³)	Non earthflow erosion (yds ³)	Non earthflow sediment Delivery (yds³)	Earthflow erosion (yds ³)
Entire	1	634,407	493,383	144,011	0	2,490,446	2,025,484	65,484
Upper Eel	2	9,006,712	5,947,942	880,293	143,000	3,916,823	3,151,910	784,763
River study	3	139,573	92,551	61,293	0	86,007	63,219	2,709
area	4	119,405	82,944	33,222	0	2,581,932	1,836,748	4,977
	5	20,748	16,986	102,363	0	548,215	431,333	0
	6	29,097	24,089	20,077	0	336,188	297,296	7,287
	Totals	9,949,942	6,657,895	1,241,259	143,000	9,959,611	7,805,990	865,220
Spy Rock	1	446,331	347,115	103,230	0	1,630,988	1,328,889	56,154
эру носк	2	6,179,842	4,081,105	519,278	98,118	2,800,208	2,215,747	421,239
	3	44,450	29,475	18,441	0	50,064	42,595	0
	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	6	27,816	23,028	18,633	0	315,961	277,537	3,003
	Totals	6,698,438	4,480,723	659,581	98,118	4,797,221	3,864,768	480,396
Sequoia	1	188,076	146,268	40,781	0	859,458	696,595	9,330
Sequoia	2	2,826,870	1,866,837	361,015	44,882	1,116,615	936,163	363,524
	3	95,123	63,076	42,852	0	35,943	20,624	2,709
	4	119,405	82,944	33,222	0	2,581,932	1,836,748	4,977
	5	20,748	16,986	102,363	0	548,215	431,333	0
	6	1,281	1,061	1,444	0	20,227	19,759	4,284
	Totals	3,251,504	2,177,172	581,678	44,882	5,162,390	3,941,222	384,824

Table 8 (note this is old table 4). Sediment Delivery Rates (in yds³/mi²/year, tons/mi²/year) by primary land use association for the 2 CALWAAs and the entire Middle Main Stem Eel River TMDL study area (includes SEDMODL road-related sediment delivery).

CALWAA					Non	Earthflow				Earthflow				T-4-1
			No land use	Field Measured Road Related	SED MODL Input Road- related	Timber Harvest	Graze/ Homestead Activity	Total non EF sediment yield	No land use	Road Related	Timber harvest	Graze/ Homestead Activity	Total EF sediment yield	Total sediment yield (non EF+ EF)
	Plot <3,000	yds ³ / mi ² /yr	159	37	30	8	2	236	5	0	0	0	5	241
	yds ³ sediment sources	tons/ mi²/yr	245	57	41	13	3	359	7	0	0	0	7	366
Spy Rock	AP >3,000	yds ³ / mi ² /yr	113	46	0	17	2	178	22	0	0	0	22	200
	yds ³ sediment sources ⁵	tons/ mi²/yr	174	71	0	27	3	275	34	0	0	0	34	309
		yds ³ / mi ² /yr	272	83	30	25	4	414	27	0	0	0	27	441
	Sub- total/ %	tons/ mi²/yr	419	128	41	40	6	634	41	0	0	0	41	675
Sequoia	Plot <3,000	yds ³ / mi ² /yr	137	33	48	7	3	228	4	0	0	0	4	232
	yds ³ sediment sources	tons/ mi²/yr	210	51	65	11	4	341	6	0	0	0	6	347
	AP >3000	yds ³ / mi ² /yr	227	63	0	34	0.3	324	31	0	0.5	0	31	355
	yds ³ sediment sources ⁵	tons/ mi²/yr	349	97	0	53	1	500	48	0	0.7	0	48	548

APPENDIX B: Middle Main Eel River TMDL for Sediment Sediment Source Analysis by PWA

Table 8 (note this is old table 4). Sediment Delivery Rates (in $yds^3/mi^2/year$, $tons/mi^2/year$) by primary land use association for the 2 CALWAAs and the entire Middle Main Stem Eel River TMDL study area (includes SEDMODL road-related sediment delivery).

CALWAA					Non	Earthflow					Earthflo)W		Tradal
			No land use	Field Measured Road Related	SED MODL Input Road- related	Timber Harvest	Graze/ Homestead Activity	Total non EF sediment yield	No land use	Road Related	Timber harvest	Graze/ Homestead Activity	Total EF sediment yield	Total sediment yield (non EF+ EF)
		yds ³ / mi ² /yr 39	364	96	48	41	3	552	35	0	0.5	0	35	587
	Sub- total/ %	tons/ mi²/yr	559	148	65	64	5	841	54	0	0.7	0	55	896
	Plot <3,000 yds ³ sediment sources	yds ³ / mi ² /yr	151	36	37	8	2	234	4	0	0	0	4	238
		tons/ mi²/yr	233	55	49	12	3	352	7	0	0	0	7	359
		%	65	15	16	3	1	100	100	0	0	0	100	100
Total for the Middle	AP	yds ³ / mi ² /yr	154	52	0	24	1	231	25	0	0.16	0	25	256
Main Stem Eel River	>3,000 yds ³ sediment	tons/ mi²/yr	237	80	0	36	2	355	39	0	0.25	0	39	394
study area	sources ⁵	%	67	22	0	10	1	100	99	0	1	0	100	100
area		yds ³ / mi ² /yr	305	88	37	32	3	465	29	0	0.16	0	29	494
	Sub-	tons/ mi²/yr	470	135	49	48	5	707	46	0	0.25	0	46	753
	total/ %	%	65	19	8	7	1	100	100	0	0	0	100	100

APPENDIX B: Middle Main Eel River TMDL for Sediment

Sediment Source Analysis by PWA

Middle Main Eel Sediment TMDL Table Assumptions

- 1) Air Photos used in analysis: 1960, 1965, 1966, 1980, 1984, 1985, 2000, 2003
- 2) Conversion factor for yds^3 to tons = 1.54 yds^3 /ton
- 3) Time period = 65 years (1940-2005)
- 4) The following equations were used to compute volumes for each feature type
- a) Depth for landslides, debris flow sources (excluding earthflows) was calculated using a power equation developed from field verified air photo identified landslides =

Depth = $0.5068*Area^0.2381$

- b) Torrent tracks and gullies were calculated using and equation developed from studies conducted in the Jordan Creek and Bear Creek watersheds (flow into the lower Eel) Torrent track erosion or gully erosion = Length * 2.91 yds³/ft
- c) Bank erosin was calculated using and equation developed from studies conducted in the Jordan Creek and Bear Creek watersheds (flow into the lower Eel). Bank erosion volume = Length of channel * 1.42 yds³/ft
- d) Earthflow erosion was calculated using an average earthflow toe retreat rate applied to the width of the toe of the earthflow and an average toe depth.

Earthflow erosion = Width of EF toe*16 ft average depth*1.82 ft retreat per year.

This yields a volume/year. We applied this rate to each air photo period assuming that earthflow activity is in response to high annual rainfall .Earthflow activity is found to continue for years after heavy rainfall years. This is based on Iverson's work on earthflows (Iverson, R. M., 1984. Unsteady, nonuniform landslide motion: theory and measurement. Unpublished PhD thesis, Stanford University, CA. 303p.)

For estimates of earthflow sediment delivery we applied 21 years of activity for the 1960 decade of photos (spans back to 1940), 14 years of activity for the 1980 decade of air photos and 6 years of activity for the 2000 decade of air photos. This was derived form annual rainfall data collected in Scotia, California.

5) The middle main stem component was derived from selecting landslides delivering to the main stem Eel and to main stem interfluves within a 1500' buffer along the main stem Eel. Although the main stem component appears low, this is not surprising. We just finished a watershed analysis in the Eel River just downstream of the Middle Main TMDL study area. We found that landslide rates were much higher in streams that are more affected by channel migration zone shifts. The Larabee Creek watershed which drains to the Eel showed very high landslide rates were the channel migration was more of an influence due to the channel confinement. The section of the Eel River in the watershed analysis area did not show the same rate of landsliding. It appears that the wider channel was better at accommodating the channel migration shifts and resulted in less streamside landslides.