



Energy Conservation and Production at Waste Cleanup Sites

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RESEARCH &
DEVELOPMENT

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Research and Development at EPA



- 1,950 employees
- \$700 million budget
- \$100 million extramural research grant program
- 13 lab or research facilities across the U.S.
- Credible, relevant and timely research results and technical support that inform EPA policy decisions



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Making decisions with sound science requires..

- Relevant, high quality, cutting-edge research in human health, ecology, pollution control and prevention, economics and decision sciences
- Proper characterization of scientific findings
- Appropriate use of science in the decision process

Research and development contribute uniquely to..

- Health and ecological research, as well as research in pollution prevention and new technology
- In-house research and an external grants program
- Problem-driven and core research



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High Priority Research Areas



- Human Health
- Particulate Matter
- Drinking Water
- Clean Water
- Global Change
- Endocrine Disruptors
- Ecological Risk
- Pollution Prevention
- Homeland Security



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ORD's *Office of Science Policy*

- Serves as a link between the ORD labs and EPA regulatory programs through:
 - research planning
 - technical support and
 - sponsoring training and workshops
- Me - ORD Hazardous Substances Technical Liaison to Region 9



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Energy Conservation and Production at Waste Cleanup Sites

- Most waste cleanup sites (RCRA, Superfund, Brownfields) cleanup systems use electricity
- Some are energy intensive for years
- Some waste sites offer energy production opportunities
- EPA's Superfund Engineering Forum supported investigating this issue through "Issue Paper"



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Energy Conservation and Production at Waste Cleanup Sites

- In recent years, energy issues have been raised to forefront:
 - EO 13123 - Greening the Government Through Efficient Energy Management (June '99) *"...Each agency shall strive to expand the use of renewable energy..."*
 - Western U.S. energy crisis of 2001 (outages, cost increases, charges of market tinkering....)



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Energy Conservation and Production at Waste Cleanup Sites

- Top Ten Dumb Guy Ways To Conserve Energy
 10. Quit drinkin' gas
 9. Keep your television on a low setting, no higher than Ch. 5
 8. Recycle Top Ten List entries
 7. Recycle Top Ten List entries
 6. Host late-night talk show that causes millions of Americans to turn off their television sets

(Courtesy David Letterman)



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Energy Conservation and Production at Waste Cleanup Sites

- Top Ten Dumb Guy Ways To Conserve Energy
- 5. Crap, that's a hard question... is wrestling on?
- 4. Instead of motor oil, lubricate your car's engine with Oil of Olay
- 3. Turn off the lights at Shea Stadium
 - would it really matter?
- 2. Say goodbye to your electric razor
 - get yourself some Epil-Stop & Spray
- 1. Become President -- ignore the problem completely

(Courtesy David Letterman)



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Energy Conservation and Production at Waste Cleanup Sites

- Today's Goals:
 - Make project managers aware of energy use at waste cleanup sites by:
 - Reviewing *existing data* on conservation and production at waste sites
 - Providing information on *existing tools*
 - Discussing where we need to go: (*recommendations, future work*)



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Energy Conservation and Production at Waste Cleanup Sites

EXISTING DATA

- Observed limited case studies:
 - 2 groundwater cleanup sites
 - 2 landfills
- Many EPA/DOE/State websites on energy savings. Most are for facilities, appliances, solar, wind, geothermal, fuel cells, etc. Few directly related to remediation systems, but could be adapted.



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Energy Conservation and Production at Waste Cleanup Sites

- Energy Savings - Groundwater Sites
- Site 1
 - UV/oxidation remedy for treating VOCs
 - Effective for treating high concentrations
 - Energy-intensive operation (e.g. 350 gpm system used about 3000 Kwh/day as opposed to 750 Kwh to operate an air stripper) (3000Kwh/day = 150 homes)
 - Energy saving idea dropped because ROD amendment necessary to make change



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Energy Conservation and Production at Waste Cleanup Sites

UV / Oxidation System





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Energy Conservation and Production at Waste Cleanup Sites

- Site 2
 - VOCs in groundwater
 - UV/hydrogen peroxide remedy
 - System “incrementally” designed (inefficient)
 - Designed for semi-continuous operation at high flow rates
 - Energy-intensive space heating for buildings
 - Thought given to energy use during design??



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Energy Conservation and Production at Waste Cleanup Sites

- Findings?
 - One should consider energy during design and O&M processes
 - In one case, facility energy use (space heating), not just system design, can offer savings in energy use
 - Process, institutional, administrative barriers exist and may make design changes difficult
 - Energy issues probably not considered at these two sites



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Energy Conservation and Production at Waste Cleanup Sites

- Energy Production - Landfills
 - Landfills create methane gas
 - Gas can be collected and used to create electricity with microturbines
 - Microturbines are tolerant of lower methane content fuels (need >35%)
 - At some sites, this power allows operation *off-the-grid*



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Energy Conservation and Production at Waste Cleanup Sites

- Site 1 Landfill
 - 190 acre landfill in So. California
 - Estimated 38M cubic yards of municipal solid waste and 330M gallons of liquid industrial waste
 - Gas collection systems installed
 - 2500 cfm of methane collected
 - Higher BTU-valued gas used to power a microturbine system for electricity generation



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Energy Conservation and Production at Waste Cleanup Sites

Plumbing into Landfill Microturbines





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Energy Conservation and Production at Waste Cleanup Sites

Landfill Microturbine System





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Energy Conservation and Production at Waste Cleanup Sites

- Site 2 Landfill
 - Power company installed energy recovery system at landfill site
 - Landfill generates methane gas at 1150 cfm
 - Four internal combustion engines use methane to produce a max total of 3200kW of power
 - Systems require >51% methane (BTU content)
 - Project won 1 of 4 national EPA Landfill Methane Outreach Program (LMOP) awards



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Energy Conservation and Production at Waste Cleanup Sites

- **Findings...**

- Long term costs of systems are approx 25% of purchasing power. Translated into savings of \$400K per year in power costs for Southern California landfill.
- Logistics hurdles do exist - local utilities, environmental regulations, DOT.
- Capital and O&M costs do exist for microturbines; it takes time to “break even”.
- Not all microturbines accept all fuels - must find a fit.



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Energy Conservation and Production at Waste Cleanup Sites

- ...More Findings
 - Important to research the microturbine company and “turnkey” systems are preferable
 - Consider maintenance contracts
 - Energy generation can be preferable alternative to offgas treatment
 - Energy generation can provide energy self-sufficiency for the site and perhaps profit
 - Government grants are available (FEMP/LMOP) for landfill gas generators



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Energy Conservation and Production at Waste Cleanup Sites

- Other Energy Production Options at Waste Sites:
 - Photovoltaic Arrays on open area waste sites
 - Windpower on open area waste sites
 - Windpower/Solar/Geothermal for remote power needs (e.g. well pumps)
 - Tire / Medical waste recycling (CoGen plants)



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Energy Conservation and Production at Waste Cleanup Sites

Photovoltaic Arrays



(Courtesy of Australian National University)



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Energy Conservation and Production at Waste Cleanup Sites

Windpower



(Courtesy of University of Colorado)

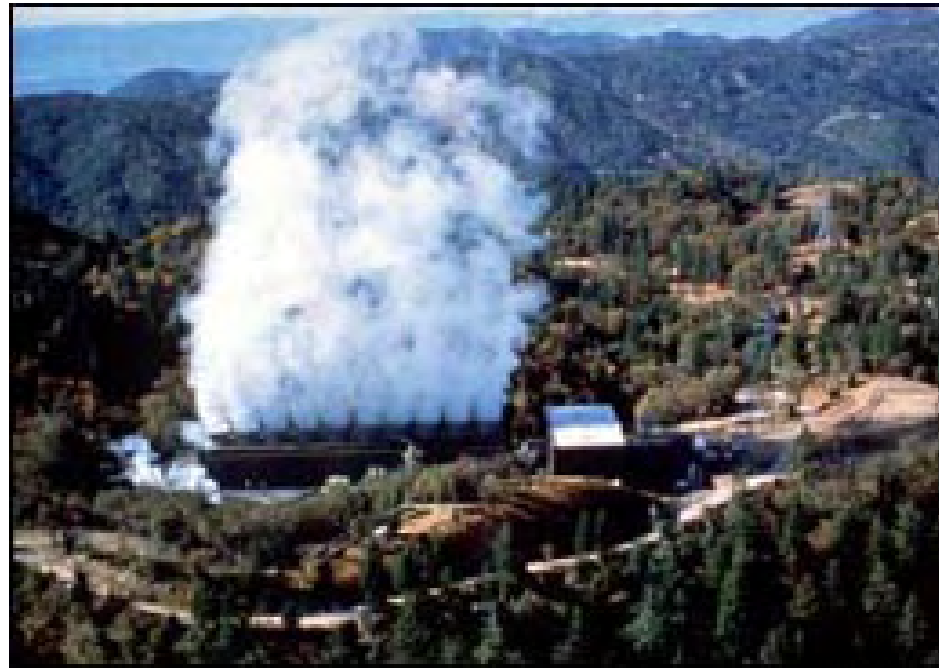


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Energy Conservation and Production at Waste Cleanup Sites

Geothermal Plants



Courtesy NREL



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Energy Conservation and Production at Waste Cleanup Sites

CoGeneration Plants



(Courtesy of Stanford University)



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Energy Conservation and Production at Waste Cleanup Sites

- Energy Web Sites
 - There are many energy websites - most concentrate on energy as related to facilities management, renewable energy options or consumer issues
 - Optimization site (energy indirectly considered):
<http://www.epa.gov/oerrpage/superfund/action/postconstruction/optimize.htm>
 - EPA's Landfill Methane Outreach Program:
<http://www.epa.gov/lmop>



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Energy Conservation and Production at Waste Cleanup Sites

EXISTING TOOLS

- Energy Saving Performance Contracts (ESPCs)
- Sankey Energy Flow Diagrams
- Evaluations for Modifying Energy Use



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Energy Conservation and Production at Waste Cleanup Sites

- Energy Saving Performance Contracts (ESPCs)
 - Energy saving contract company (ESCO) identifies and evaluates energy-savings opportunities
 - Waste sites can enter into agreements with ESCOs
 - In contract, ESCO guarantees that savings measures will work, or they pay difference
 - Common in Europe; US DOE has program through Federal Energy Management Program (FEMP)

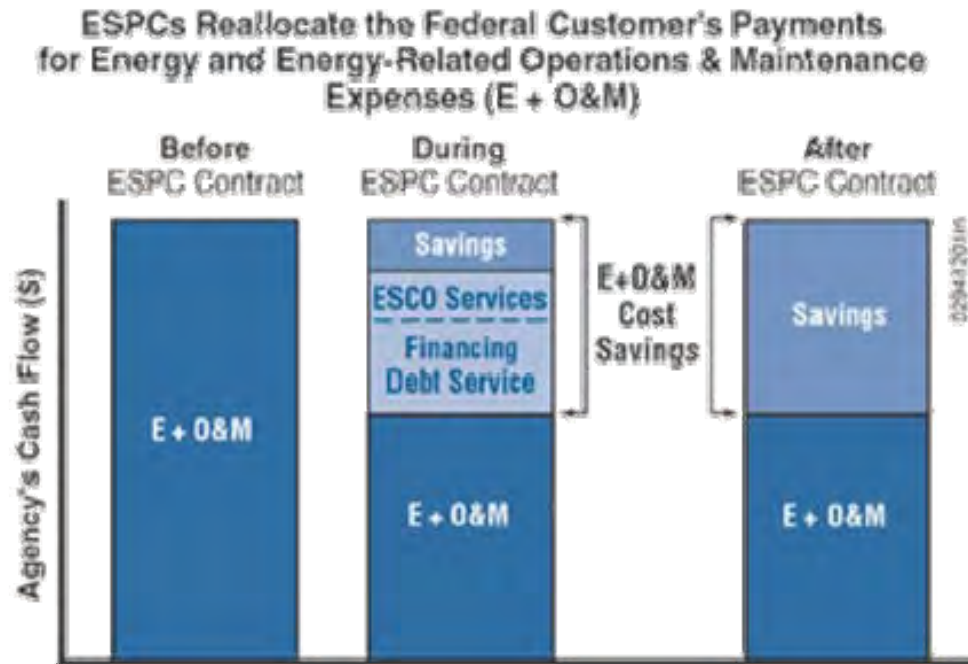


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Energy Conservation and Production at Waste Cleanup Sites

Energy Saving Performance Contracts (ESPCs)



(Courtesy US DOE FEMP)



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Energy Conservation and Production at Waste Cleanup Sites

- Sankey Energy Flow Diagrams
 - Graphic used to visualize energy balance in systems
 - Explains relative “quantitative” relationships within the process
 - Provides easy identification of areas where maximum consumption occurs and where impacts can be reduced

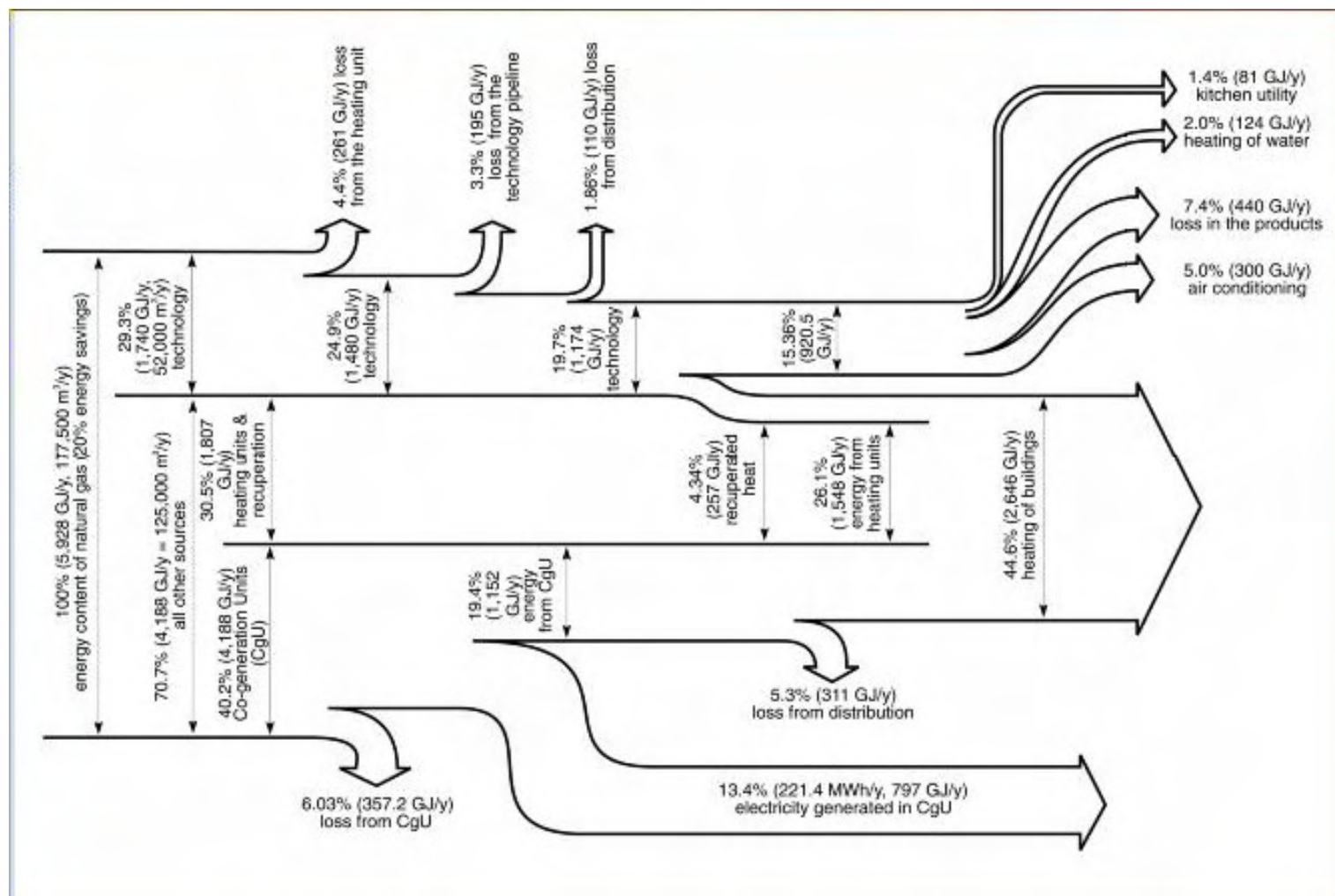


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Energy Conservation and Production at Waste Cleanup Sites

Example of Sankey Diagram (De Miclen Levice Slovakia)



(Courtesy Atom Prague, 2000, translated and modified by Katarina Mahutova, EPA Region 10)



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Energy Conservation and Production at Waste Cleanup Sites

- Evaluations for Modifying Energy Use
 - EPA and US ACE optimization tools exist; called Remedial Systems Evaluation (RSE) checklists
 - In process of incorporating more energy specific issues indirectly into these optimization processes



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Energy Conservation and Production at Waste Cleanup Sites

Evaluations for Modifying Energy Use: Checklist

Pumps, Motors & Other Equipment Used

Major Component Type	Wells Served	Make/ Model	Capacity/ Size	No. Units	Power Requirement/ Output	Hrs. Used/ day



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Energy Conservation and Production at Waste Cleanup Sites

- General Ways to Reduce Energy
 - Determine if the system in place is over-specified or lacking in efficiency
 - Modify time of system operation to take advantage of:
 - system off-peak rate
 - cyclic pumping
 - batch processing



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Energy Conservation and Production at Waste Cleanup Sites

- Specific Ways to Reduce Energy
 - Air Stripping
 - Advanced Oxidation
 - Groundwater Extraction Systems
 - Activated Carbon Adsorption Units



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Energy Conservation and Production at Waste Cleanup Sites

Air Stripping





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Energy Conservation and Production at Waste Cleanup Sites

- **Air Stripping**
 - Are liquid and vapor flow rates the same as in the design spec? The air rate can often be reduced if the water rate is reduced.
 - Compare the present air emissions to the regulatory limits. Perhaps the offgas treatment can be reduced or discontinued.



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Energy Conservation and Production at Waste Cleanup Sites

Advanced Oxidation





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Energy Conservation and Production at Waste Cleanup Sites

- Advanced Oxidation
 - Determine whether any UV lamps can be turned off without reducing the treatment efficiency.
 - Do any of the lamps need replacement? They could be drawing energy, but not reducing the contaminant concentrations.



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Energy Conservation and Production at Waste Cleanup Sites



Groundwater Extraction Systems



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Energy Conservation and Production at Waste Cleanup Sites

- Groundwater Extraction Systems
 - Are the groundwater wells properly distributed to capture the plume most efficiently?
 - If natural attenuation is part of the remedy, are interim goals met whereby the pumping can be shut down?

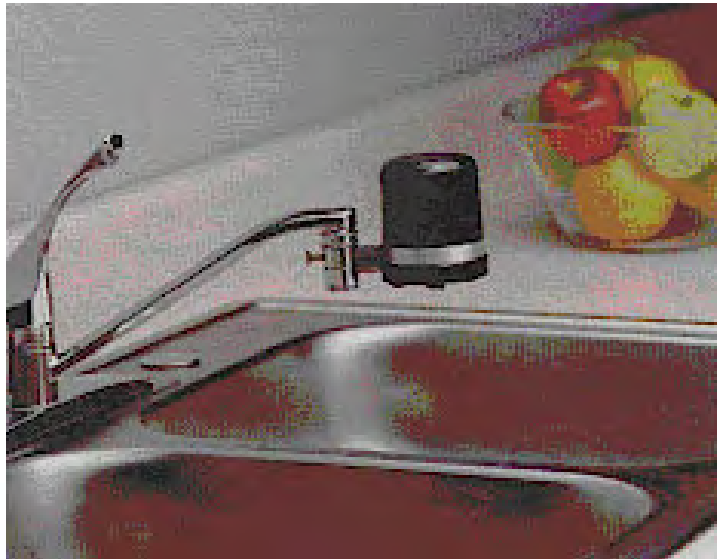


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Energy Conservation and Production at Waste Cleanup Sites

Activated Carbon Adsorption Units



(Courtesy JB Systems, Inc.)



(Courtesy - County of Maui, HI)



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Energy Conservation and Production at Waste Cleanup Sites

- Activated Carbon Adsorption Units
 - Are the carbon beds monitored for contaminant breakthrough to determine when changeout is necessary? (early changeout means more energy use)
 - If spent carbon is regenerated onsite, can energy be saved?
 - Are influent concentrations low enough to allow carbon units to be shut down?



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Energy Conservation and Production at Waste Cleanup Sites

- **Recommendations / Future Work**
 - Develop customized software tools for energy conservation and production (examples follow)
 - Develop model contracting terms implementing energy efficiency incentives, metrics and procurement guidelines
 - Recommend incorporating these items into existing EPA guidance and training




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Energy Conservation and Production at Waste Cleanup Sites

Energy Calculator Home Page

Address http://iris.fi.muni.cz/calculator-devel/v11/_index.html



waste site
energy
management

CALCULATOR

[about](#) [tutorial](#)

user name

password

[login](#) [registration](#)

[quest login](#)




have you lost your password?
click [here](#).

no data will be used,
stored, shared by
anybody else

WHAT CALCULATOR IS

This model has been prepared for the Danish National Railway Agency and the Danish state railways by: HOH Water Technology A/S NIRAS Consulting Engineers and Planners A/S Revisorsamvirket / Pannell Kerr Forster ScanRail Consult

The model is part of the EU LIFE Project no. 96ENV/DK/0016 and is supported by the EU LIFE programme and the Technology Development programme of the Danish Environmental Protection Agency's Programme for Development of Technology, Soil and Groundwater





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Energy Conservation and Production at Waste Cleanup Sites

Calculator - Demo Entry Screen

Address http://iris.fi.muni.cz/calculator-devel/v11/demo.html

CALCULATOR

[about](#)[tutorial](#)[logout](#)

demo

type of site

technology

outputs

BASIC SITE INFORMATION

name

unit system

contaminated media

contaminant group


LANDFILLING

distance to landfill (miles)

transportation method

THERMAL DESORPTION

temperature (° F)






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Energy Conservation and Production at Waste Cleanup Sites

Calculator - Selecting Site Parameters

Address <http://iris.fi.muni.cz/calculator-devel/v11/site.html>

 waste site
energy
management

CALCULATOR

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demo

type of site

technology

outputs

BASIC SITE INFORMATION

name

city/state

site size

type SuperFund

unit system US

contaminated media Air

contaminant group

clean up goal

Air

Debris

Groundwater

Sediment

Sludge


Soil

Subsurface Soil

Surface Soil

Surface Water

Other






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Energy Conservation and Production at Waste Cleanup Sites

Calculator - Thermal Desorption page

Address <http://iris.fi.muni.cz/calculator-devel/v11/td.html#>

 waste site
energy
management

CALCULATOR

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demo

type of site

technology
1. landfilling
2. thermal desorption

outputs

THERMAL DESORPTION

contaminants

contaminant concentration (ppm)

clean up goal (ppm)

soil characteristics

soil moisture (%)

soil organic content (%)


soil clasification

thermal desorption

temperature (° F)

feed

[previous](#) [outputs](#)





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Energy Conservation and Production at Waste Cleanup Sites

- Summary...
 - Waste cleanups at RCRA, Superfund and Brownfields sites are sometimes energy intensive for years
 - It makes sense to consider energy efficiency in their design and operation
 - Some sites may also offer energy production opportunities



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Energy Conservation and Production at Waste Cleanup Sites

- **...More Summary**
 - Tools exist; more are being developed
 - Important to consider energy issues during design and O&M together because operator is likely to be different than designer and may have no contractual interest in saving energy
 - Issue Paper just published: "Introduction to Energy Conservation and Production at Waste Cleanup Sites" (EPA 542-S-04-001)
 - <http://www.epa.gov/tio/tsp/issue.htm>
 - <http://www.clu-in.org>



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Energy Conservation and Production at Waste Cleanup Sites

- Acknowledgements

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Energy Conservation and Production at Waste Cleanup Sites

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Q&A????

